Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

North Carolina

		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es		Inju	ries	
Industry ²	SIC		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
	code ³	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁶		4.8	2.2	1.2	2.6	4.5	2.1	1.2	2.4
Private Industry ⁶		4.8	2.2	1.2	2.5	4.4	2.1	1.1	2.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		7.3	2.2	1.6	5.1	6.4	2.2	1.6	4.2
Agricultural production ⁶ Agricultural services	01-02 07	3.7 9.3	1.8 2.6	1.2 1.9	1.9 6.7				1.8 5.3
Mining ⁷		2.8	1.5	0.9	1.2	2.7	1.5	0.8	1.2
Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁸	14	2.8	1.6	0.9	1.2	2.7	1.6	0.9	1.2
Construction		6.2	3.1	2.4	3.2	6.1	3.0	2.4	3.1
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	4.1 8.4 5.0 5.9 4.5 6.7 9.0 2.3 7.4 5.6 6.9 6.9	2.4 3.6 2.8 3.9 2.3 3.1 3.9 1.7 2.4 3.5 3.6 3.3 2.2	2.2 2.0 2.1 2.0 2.0 2.6 3.4 1.7 2.1 2.7 2.2 2.9 1.5 2.6	2.9 1.7 4.8 2.1 1.9 2.2 3.6 5.1 0.6 5.0 2.1 3.2 3.6 1.4 2.6	4.1 8.2 4.9 5.9 4.4 6.6 8.7 2.3 7.3 5.1 6.9 3.6	2.8 3.9 2.3 3.1 3.9 1.7 2.3 3.6 3.3 2.2	2.0 2.0 1.9 2.6 3.4 1.7 2.0 2.7 2.2 2.9 1.5	4.8 0.6 5.0 1.8 3.2 3.6
Manufacturing		6.4	3.1	1.1	3.2	5.4	2.7	1.0	2.7
Durable goods		7.2	3.3	1.4	3.9	6.3	3.0	1.3	3.3
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills, general Millwork, plywood and structural members Hardwood veneer and plywood Wood containers Wood buildings and mobile homes Mobile homes Miscellaneous wood products Furniture and fixtures Household furniture Wood household furniture Upholstered household furniture Office furniture Wood office furniture Stone, clay, and glass products	24 241 2421 2431 2435 2435 2444 2451 249 25 251 2511 2512 2522 2521	4.2 14.6 14.3 4.9 8.3 8.3 9.4 6.9 9.0 8.7	3.4 2.7 3.5 2.2 2.4 7.4 7.7 1.9 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.3 3.6 2.7	0.7	3.2 3.6 5.9 4.7 1.8 7.2 6.6 3.0 4.8 4.6 5.7 3.6 5.4 6.0	6.3 6.4 6.3 8.6 5.2 3.8 14.3 13.9 7.2 7.0 5.8 8.7 8.4	3.3 2.7 3.2 1.3 2.4 7.4 7.7 1.9 3.2 3.3 2.9 3.5 2.6	1.6 1.9 0.7 1.2 2.1 2.0 1.0 1.2 1.3 1.1 1.6 0.6 0.5	3.2 3.6 5.4 3.9 1.4 6.9 6.2 2.9 4.0 3.8 4.5 2.9 5.2

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

North Carolina

		Ir	njuries an	ıd Ilinesse	es		Injuries			
Industry ²	SIC			Lost workday cases Cases				orkday ses	Cases	
	code ³	e ³ Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Primary metal industries Nonferrous rolling and drawing Nonferrous wiredrawing and insulating Fabricated metal products Cutlery, handtools, and hardware Hardware, n.e.c. Fabricated structural metal products Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Engines and turbines Construction and related machinery Metalworking machinery Special industry machinery Textile machinery General industrial machinery Computer and office equipment Refrigeration and service machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electric distribution equipment Electric lighting and wiring equipment Current-carrying wiring devices Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Motor vehicle parts and accessories Instruments and related products Measuring and controlling devices Medical instruments and supplies Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Miscellaneous manufacturing	327 33 335 3357 344 3429 344 353 351 353 354 355 3552 356 357 358 359 361 362 3621 3643 3643 367 371 3711 3711 3714 382 382 384 399	12.5 9.8 5.4 9.2 8.9 6.3 6.17 1.0 5.8 6.0 4.5 4.7 4.3 13.5 12.2 19.8 10.7 3.6 6.1	4.2 2.7 5.2 5.2 5.2 6.5 5.3 2.2 3.0 4.8 3.7 1.7 2.8 2.3 3.1 3.3 3.4 2.2 2.4 4.6 5.1 10.4 4.0 1.6 0.8 3.1 4.5	1.2 1.0 1.1 1.8 1.3 2.6 1.0 2.6 1.0 0.8 1.4 1.5 1.8 1.4 0.9 2.0 2.1 3.2 2.4 2.4	2.7 1.6 1.1 5.0 4.2 6.5 2.4 4.4 5.1 4.6 3.2 3.4 0.5 3.7 3.7 2.4 3.0 1.6 2.9 1.7 7.6 8.1 9.4 6.7 2.9 1.2	5.4	4.0 2.5 5.0 4.8 4.6 6.3 5.0 1.7 2.8 2.3 0.4 3.2 1.9 3.0 2.7 2.4 3.1 1.3 0.7 2.4 3.1 1.3 0.7 2.4 4.4	1.1 1.0 1.1 1.8 1.2 2.2 2.6 2.0 1.0 0.8 1.4 1.5 	2.5 1.5 1.0 4.7 4.6 3.7 6.0 4.0 2.5 2.4 4.1 3.7 4.4 3.2 3.1 0.4 2.6 3.6 3.6 3.6 1.9 2.5 1.2 2.7 1.1 1.6 6.0 6.2 6.7 5.6 6.0 6.0 7.0 6.0 6.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7	
Food and kindred products Meat products Meat products Meat packing plants Sausages and other prepared meats Poultry slaughtering and processing Bakery products Bread, cake, and related products Beverages Miscellaneous food and kindred products Tobacco products Cigarettes Textile mill products Broadwoven fabric mills, cotton	20 2011 2011 2013 2015 2051 208 209 21 211 22	12.4 8.5 3.8 14.7 7.2 8.8 8.1	8.1 5.0 3.4 9.7 4.4 5.4 6.2 3.2	 0.9 1.2 1.5 3.6 2.3 1.0 1.1	4.3 3.5 5.0 2.8 3.5 0.6 2.1 2.2 2.2	3.8 3.1 3.4	3.6 4.0 2.4 3.6 4.3 5.4 6.1 3.2 1.2 1.1	 0.9 1.1 1.5 3.6 2.3 1.0 0.4	2.8 2.8 3.0 2.8 3.5 0.6 2.0 2.1 1.7	

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

North Carolina

		Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ²	CIC		Lost workday cases Cases			Lost workday cases		Cases	
	SIC code ³	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Broadwoven fabric mills, manmade Narrow fabric mills Knitting mills Women's hosiery, except socks Hosiery, n.e.c. Weft knit fabric mills Lace and warp knit fabric mills Textile finishing, except wool Finishing plants, cotton Finishing plants, manmade Yarn spinning mills Throwing and winding mills Miscellaneous textile goods Miscellaneous fabricated textile products Housefurnishings, n.e.c. Paper and allied products Paper mills Paperboard containers and boxes Corrugated and solid fiber boxes Miscellaneous converted paper products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Chemicals and allied products Plastics materials and synthetics Organic fibers, noncellulosic Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Tires and inner tubes Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c. Mechanical rubber goods Fabricated rubber products, n.e.c. Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Plastics products, n.e.c. Transportation and public utilities Railroad transportation Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation services	222 224 225 2251 2252 2257 2258 2261 2262 2281 2282 239 2392 26 265 2653 267 27 271 275 2752 28 282 2824 283 2834 284 30 301 306 3061 3069 308 3089	3.4 4.5 3.2 4.1 4.4 6.0 7.1 7.5 1 8.2 4.3 5.7 7.1 3.6 4.3 4.0 5.0 0 5.0 0 7.0 3.8 4.7 7.6 7.9 8.2 8.5 7.4 8.5 7.4 8.5 7.4 8.5 7.5 8.5 7.5 8.5 7.6 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5	0.9 1.9 0.8 2.2 2.3 2.0 1.8 2.16 1.2 2.4 3.2 2.3 3.2 2.5 2.6 2.0 2.8 3.1 2.5 3.8 4.3 6.1 6.1 3.1 2.8 3.4 6.2 1.6 2.1 6.1 3.1 2.8 3.4 6.2 1.6		1.7 4.5 2.1 1.5 2.5 2.7 1.5 2.2 3.6 3.9 2.1 2.1 2.3 2.1 2.1 2.3 3.6 2.1 3.6 2.1 3.6 2.1 3.6 2.1 3.6 2.1 3.6 3.6 2.1 4.3 3.6 3.7 4.3 3.6 4.3 3.6 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	3.3 1.6 3.7 4.4 4.5 2.3 3.7 5.9 3.0 6.9 5.4 4.1 5.2 4.3 5.3 6.3 6.5 6.3 5.4 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3	0.9 1.6 0.6 1.8 2.0 1.7 2.1 2.4 2.8 2.6 2.2 3.1 2.5 2.8 1.6 2.0 2.4 2.1 2.3 3.3 4.1 4.9 4.5 2.6 2.1 2.9 2.1 5.8 4.6 1.6	0.5 0.4 0.6 0.6 0.3 0.4 0.8 1.3 0.9 1.0 0.8 1.2 0.7 1.0 1.6 0.9 1.2 0.9 0.7 0.7 0.6 1.0 0.8 1.3 0.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	3.9 1.7 1.0 1.9 2.4 2.4 1.5 2.0 1.7 3.5 3.6 2.7 4.6 2.1 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.4 1.7 2.4 1.2 1.0 2.9 2.0 1.1 3.6 4.2 2.3 0.4 3.6 2.1 2.0 4.6 1.4
Communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services Wholesale and retail trade	48 49 491		1.4 1.1	0.5 1.1 1.0	1.4 1.6 1.5 2.7	2.9 2.4	1.4 1.1	1.1 1.0	1.5 1.4

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

North Carolina

		Injuries and Illnesses Injuries								
Industry ²	SIC code ³		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
		Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Wholesale trade		4.6	2.4	1.6	2.2	4.5	2.4	1.5	2.1	
Wholesale tradedurable goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 508			1.3 1.4	2.1 3.2	3.9 5.0			2.0 3.1	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	5.6 5.1	3.2 3.4	1.9 1.9	2.4 1.7	5.4 5.0		1.8 1.8		
Retail trade		4.5	1.7	1.0	2.9	4.5	1.7	1.0	2.8	
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 53 531 54 541 55 551 56 57 58	5.1 3.3 3.5 4.7	3.6 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.6 1.8 1.6	1.0 1.2 1.4 0.6 1.1 0.8	3.2 2.6 3.5 1.5 1.9 3.5	6.4 6.8 4.8 4.9 4.1 5.1 3.2 3.4	3.2 3.6 1.7 1.7 1.5 1.6 1.8 1.5	1.5 1.7 1.0 1.0 1.2 1.4 0.6 1.1	3.3 3.0 3.2 2.6 3.5 1.5 1.8 3.5	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		1.0	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.5	
Depository institutions Real estate	60 65			0.1 1.4	0.4 1.4			0.1 1.4	0.3 1.4	
Services		3.4	1.6	0.9	1.9	3.2	1.5	0.9	1.7	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Personnel supply services Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	70 72 73 736 75 753 76 78 79 80 805 805 82 83	2.2 4.0 2.6 2.7 2.8 4.8 5.1 5.0 8.2 6.7 2.7	1.6 0.6 1.0 1.1 1.4 2.3 1.7 2.6 5.7 3.3 1.0 2.0	1.4 0.7 0.4 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.1 2.3 1.1 1.3 2.6 0.6 1.3 0.3	3.0 1.5 1.4 2.5 3.4 2.4 2.5 3.4 1.7	2.7 2.0 3.9 2.6 2.7 2.8 5.1 4.6 8.2 6.5 2.4 3.8	1.5 0.6 1.0 1.1 1.4 2.3 1.7 2.5 5.7 3.3 1.0	0.7 0.4 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.1 2.3 1.1 1.2 2.6 0.6 1.3	1.4 2.9 1.5 1.5 1.4 2.4 3.4 2.1 2.5 3.2 1.4	
State and local government		5.3	2.3	1.3	3.0	5.1	2.3	1.3	2.8	
State government		4.2	1.9	1.2	2.3	4.0	1.9	1.1	2.1	
Services		4.1	2.2	1.1	1.9				1.7	
Health services	80	10.6	6.8	3.6	3.8	10.1	6.7	3.5	3.4	

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

North Carolina

Industry ²		lr	ijuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries				
	SIC code ³		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
		Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Educational services Colleges and universities	82 822	2.2 2.2	0.8 0.8			2.0 2.0		-	1.2 1.2	
Public administration		4.2	1.5	1.3	2.7	4.1	1.5	1.2	2.6	
Justice, public order, and safety Administration of human resources Environmental quality and housing Administration of economic programs	92 94 95 96	5.4 1.7 3.9 4.7	2.1 0.5 0.5 1.9	0.3	1.2 3.4	5.3 1.6 3.7 4.3	0.5 0.5	0.4 0.3	1.1 3.2	
Local government		5.8	2.5	1.4	3.3	5.6	2.5	1.4	3.1	
Services		5.0	2.0	1.2	3.0	4.8	1.9	1.2	2.9	
Amusement and recreation services Miscellaneous amusement, recreation services Health services Hospitals Educational services	79 799 80 806 82	8.8 8.8 7.9 7.9 4.3	5.4 5.4 3.7 3.7 1.4	1.9 1.9 1.8 1.8	3.5 4.1 4.1	8.1 8.1 7.1 7.1 4.3	5.3 5.3 3.6 3.6 1.4	1.9 1.7 1.7	2.8 3.5 3.5	
Public administration		6.6	3.1	1.8	3.4	6.3	3.1	1.7	3.2	
Executive, legislative, and general Police protection Finance, taxation, and monetary policy	91 9221 93	5.7 9.4 2.4	2.8 4.4 1.1	1.7 2.4 0.7	2.8 5.1 1.2	5.5 9.1 2.1	2.8 4.3 1.0	2.4	2.7 4.7 1.0	

 $^{^1}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁵ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

⁹ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

¹⁰ Incidence rate less than 0.05.