Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001

## Hawaii

Industry <sup>2</sup>	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government <sup>6</sup>		5.8	3.3	2.9	2.6	5.5	3.1	2.7	2.4
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		5.7	3.3	2.9	2.4	5.4	3.1	2.7	2.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		7.5	4.4	3.5	3.1	7.2	4.2	3.3	3.0
Agricultural production-crops <sup>6</sup> Agricultural services	01 07	5.6 10.7	3.9 5.3	2.8 4.5			3.8 5.1	2.6 4.3	
Construction		9.0	4.6	4.4	4.4	8.5	4.4	4.2	4.2
General building contractors Residential building construction Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 154 16 161 162 17 173 174	12.7 10.8 7.8 10.5 5.9 7.5 7.0 7.6	7.0 3.9 4.7 6.2 3.7 4.0 3.4	5.1 7.0 3.1 4.6 6.2 3.4 3.9 3.4 4.3 4.6	6.3 5.7 6.9 3.1 4.3 2.3 3.5 3.6 3.3 3.5	7.4 9.7 5.8 7.2 6.7 7.2	4.4 5.6 3.7 3.7 3.4 4.0		5.7 3.0 4.3 2.2 3.5 3.3 3.3
Manufacturing		7.7	4.1	3.3	3.6	7.5	4.0	3.3	3.6
Durable goods		12.9	4.6	4.3	8.3	12.7	4.4	4.1	8.3
Nondurable goods		6.0	3.9	3.0	2.0	5.8	3.8	3.0	1.9
Food and kindred products	20	8.3	5.3	3.9	3.0	8.1	5.3	3.9	2.8
Transportation and public utilities <sup>9</sup>		6.8	4.6	4.0	2.1	6.2	4.3	3.6	2.0
Local and interurban passenger transit Local and suburban transportation Trucking and warehousing Water transportation Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled Transportation services Communications Telephone communications	41 411 42 44 45 451 47 48 481		6.7 7.2 6.0 6.2 1.9 2.2	4.1 4.3 6.1 7.1 5.0 5.2 1.8 1.7	3.9 2.8 2.7 2.7 1.0 1.2	6.4 10.4 10.0 7.3 7.3 2.8 3.2	6.6 7.2 5.0 5.0 1.8 2.1	6.1 7.1 4.0 4.1	2.1 3.8 2.8 2.3  1.0 1.1
Wholesale and retail trade		5.1	2.8	2.6	2.3	4.9	2.7	2.5	2.2
Wholesale trade		6.5	4.1	3.6	2.4	6.1	3.7	3.2	2.4
Wholesale tradedurable goods	50	6.8	4.2	4.0	2.6	6.4	3.8	3.6	2.6
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	6.3 8.0		3.3 4.8				2.9 4.2	
Retail trade		4.8	2.5	2.4	2.3	4.6	2.4	2.3	2.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

Hawaii

	SIC code <sup>3</sup>	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries				
Industry <sup>2</sup>			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
		Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	
Building materials and garden supplies General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores	52 53 54 55 56 57	6.4 6.4 6.5 6.8 3.3	4.7 4.3 3.9 3.4 1.4	4.1 4.1 3.5 3.1 1.3	1.7  2.6 3.4 1.9	6.2 5.4 6.0 6.4 3.2	4.6 4.2 3.6 3.1 1.4	2.8 1.2	1.6 1.3 2.4 3.3 1.8	
Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	57 58 59	4.6 4.2 3.0	2.7 1.8 1.7	2.5 1.8 1.6	1.9 2.4 1.3	4.5 4.2 2.9	2.7 1.7 1.7	2.5 1.7 1.6	1.9 2.4 1.2	
Finance, insurance, and real estate  Real estate	65	2.7 4.6	1.6 3.1	1.5 2.8		2.5 4.4	1.5 3.0			
Services	63	5.7	3.3	2.9		5.3		2.7	2.2	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Amusement and recreation services Health services Hospitals Educational services Social services Engineering and management services	70 72 73 75 79 80 806 82 83	8.2 3.3 5.5 7.3 6.9 6.0 7.5 2.6 5.4 1.6	5.2 1.7 3.4 3.6 4.1 3.3 4.2 1.3 2.9 0.9	4.2 1.6 2.8 3.6 3.8 3.0 3.9 1.2 2.7 0.9	2.8 2.7 3.3 1.3 2.5	7.8 3.1 5.1 7.2 6.9 5.4 7.2 2.5 5.3	4.9 1.5 3.2 3.5 4.1 3.1 4.0 1.3 2.8 0.9	1.5 2.6 3.4 3.8 2.8 3.8 1.2 2.6	1.6 1.9 3.7 2.8 2.3 3.2 1.2 2.5	
State and local government		6.7	3.2	3.0	3.5	6.2	2.9	2.7	3.2	
State government		4.9	2.1	2.1	2.8	4.6	2.0	1.9	2.7	
Services		4.9	1.9	1.9	3.0	4.6	1.8	1.8	2.8	
Health services	80	5.2	3.2	3.2	2.0	4.6	2.8	2.8	1.7	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2001 -- Continued

## Hawaii

	SIC	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
Industry <sup>2</sup>	code <sup>3</sup>	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	workday ases  With days away from work <sup>5</sup> 6 1.6	without lost work- days
Educational services	82	4.9	1.7	1.7	3.2	4.7	1.6	1.6	3.1
Public administration		4.2	2.1	2.0	2.1	4.0	2.0	1.8	2.1
Local government		11.8	6.1	5.6	5.7	10.5	5.6	5.1	4.9

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Incidence rate less than 0.05.