Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

Montana

(In thousands)

(In thousands)										
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Private Industry ⁶		306.1	19.9	7.5	6.2	12.4	18.8	7.2	6.0	11.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		4.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Agricultural production ⁶	01-02	2.6	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)	0.1	0.1	(8)	(8)
Mining ⁷		5.0	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2
Metal mining ⁷ Coal mining ⁷ Oil and gas extraction Oil and gas field services Nonmetallic minerals, except fuels ⁷	10 12 13 138 14	1.9 0.9 1.4 0.9 0.8	0.2 (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	(*) (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	(⁸) 0.1	(⁸) 0.1	(*) (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)
Construction		19.7	1.9	0.6	0.6	1.3	1.9	0.6	0.5	1.3
General building contractors Residential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning	15 152 16 161 162 17 171	5.8 3.7 3.7 1.6 2.1 10.2 2.4	0.8 0.5 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.9 0.3	0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.5 0.4 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.6 0.2	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.9	0.2 0.1 (⁸) 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.2 0.1	
Manufacturing		24.6	3.2	1.2	1.0	2.0	2.8	1.1	0.9	1.7
Durable goods			2.6	1.0	0.9	1.6	2.4	1.0	0.8	1.4
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 241 242 32 33 39	7.2 1.3 3.1 1.0 1.0	1.2 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.1	0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*)	0.7 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1	1.0 0.2 0.4 0.1 0.1	0.1	0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*)	0.6 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 (*)
Nondurable goods			0.6	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.3
Printing and publishing Newspapers	27 271	3.1 1.8	0.1 0.1	0.1 (⁸)	(⁸)	0.1 (⁸)	0.1 0.1		(8) (8)	0.1 (⁸)
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		19.1	1.4	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.3	0.6	0.6	0.7
Railroad transportation ⁷ Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Communications	40 42 421 48	5.7 5.6 4.2	0.1 0.3 0.3 0.1		0.1 0.1 0.1 (*)	(*) 0.2 0.2 0.1	0.3	0.1	(*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	
Wholesale and retail trade		101.8	6.4	2.1	1.8	4.3	6.2	2.1	1.7	4.1
Wholesale trade		18.3	1.6	0.6	0.5	0.9	1.5	0.6	0.5	0.9
Wholesale tradedurable goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 508	10.0 2.7	0.7 0.3	0.2 0.1	0.2 0.1	0.5 0.2			0.2 0.1	0.5 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Montana

(In thousands)

(III tilousalius)			Injuries and Illnesses Injuries							
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514		0.8 0.3	0.2	0.3 0.1	0.5 0.1	0.3		0.3 0.1	0.5 0.1
Retail trade		83.5	4.8	1.5	1.3	3.3	4.7	1.5	1.3	3.2
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials Hardware stores General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	52 521 525 53 531 54 55 551 554 57 58	4.7 2.3 1.3 8.9 7.7 11.2 12.1 3.7 5.3 3.6 31.7 8.9	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.6 1.0 0.3 0.4 0.2 1.8 0.4	0.1 (*) 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 (*) 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.1	0.2 (*) 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.1 1.4 0.2	0.1 0.5 0.4 0.6 1.0 0.3 0.4 0.2 1.8	0.1 (*) 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 (*) (*) 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.1	0.2 0.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate		17.6	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
Real estate	65	3.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Services		112.9	6.0	2.4	1.9	3.6	5.7	2.3	1.8	3.4
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Miscellaneous amusement, recreation Health services	70 701 72 75 76 79 799	9.8 9.0 2.8 4.2 1.3 7.3 6.1 34.5	0.6 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 2.9	0.3 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.1 (*)	0.2 0.2 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	0.4 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.6 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.1 (*) (*) (*)	0.2 0.2 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Montana

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Engineering and management services	805 806 81 82 87	17.5 2.5 3.5	1.5 (*) 0.1					0.5 (*) (*)		

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted

work activity, or both. 5 Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.