Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

(In thousands)

(In thousands)	T		-			,	-			
Industry ¹			Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
	SIC code ²	2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁶		2,277.8	94.3	47.3	37.7	47.0	92.1	46.4	37.1	45.7
Private Industry ⁶		1,973.1	78.4	39.0	30.3	39.4	76.6	38.2	29.7	38.4
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁶		23.2	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.3
Agricultural production ⁶ Agricultural services Veterinary services Landscape and horticultural services	01-02 07 074 078	19.5 4.8	0.1 0.6 (⁸) 0.5	0.1 0.3 (*) 0.2	0.1 0.2 (*) 0.2	(8)	0.1 0.6 (*) 0.5	(8)	(8)	(8)
Construction		156.8	10.9	5.4	4.7	5.5	10.8	5.4	4.7	5.4
General building contractors Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Heavy construction, except highway Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Painting and paper hanging Electrical work Masonry, stonework, and plastering Carpentry and floor work Roofing, siding, and sheet metal work Concrete work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 154 16 161 162 17 171 172 173 174 175 176	13.1 14.1 5.0 9.1 105.9 25.8 5.4 24.3 6.3 6.3 8.3	1.8 1.0 1.1 0.5 8.0 2.2 0.1 2.4 1.2 0.2 0.4 0.4	0.8 0.3 0.6 0.3 4.0 1.1 0.1 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.7 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 3.6 1.0 0.1 1.0 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.5 0.3 0.2 4.0 1.2 0.1 1.3 0.5 0.1 0.2	1.7 1.0 1.1 0.5 8.0 2.2 0.1 2.4 1.2 0.2 0.4 0.4	0.8 0.3 0.6 0.3 4.0 1.1 0.1 1.1 0.6 0.1 0.2 0.2	0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 3.6 1.0 0.1 1.0 0.6 0.1 0.2	1.2 0.1 1.3
Manufacturing		180.2	11.4	6.2	3.6	5.2	10.8	5.8	3.4	4.9
Durable goods			5.5	3.0	1.7	2.5	5.2	2.8	1.6	2.4
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Blast furnaces and steel mills Fabricated metal products Fabricated structural metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 33 331 3312 34 344 35 359 37 38	7.1 9.7 3.9 16.3 2.4 11.6 13.4	0.4 0.4 0.8 0.6 0.6 1.0 0.4 0.9 0.2 1.1 0.2	0.4 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 (*)	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 (*) 0.3 (*)	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.5	0.4 0.8 0.6 0.6 0.9 0.4 0.8 0.2 1.0 0.2	0.4 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.4 (*)	0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 (*) 0.3 (*)	0.4 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.5
Nondurable goods			5.9	3.2	1.9	2.6	5.6	3.1	1.8	2.5
Food and kindred products Meat products Poultry slaughtering and processing Beverages Bottled and canned soft drinks	20 201 2015 208 2086	4.2 3.7 4.0	2.4 0.4 0.4 0.6 0.6	1.4 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.4	0.7 0.1 0.1 0.3 0.3		2.2 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.6	1.3 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.4	0.1 (*) 0.3	0.9 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)		2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ¹	SIC code ²		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Miscellaneous food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Sanitary food containers Printing and publishing Commercial printing Commercial printing, lithographic Commercial printing, n.e.c. Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	209 23 26 265 2656 27 2752 2752 2759 28 30 308	5.0 4.0 6.7 4.3 2.5 29.8 11.6 8.1 3.0 14.5 9.5 8.2	0.4 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.2 1.0 0.5 0.4 0.1 0.5 0.8	0.2 (*) 0.3		0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 (*) 0.5 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.4 0.3	0.4 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.2 1.0 0.5 0.4 0.1 0.4 0.5	(*) 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.2 (*) 0.3	(*) 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.2 (*) 0.1	0.3 0.2 0.1 0.2
Transportation and public utilities ⁷		111.7	6.1	3.9	3.4	2.3	6.0	3.8	3.3	2.2
Local and interurban passenger transit School buses Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Water transportation Transportation by air Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Gas production and distribution Combination utility services	41 415 42 421 44 45 47 48 481 49 492	9.0 3.4 29.0 24.7 4.3 18.3 5.7 32.4 21.1 12.9 0.8	0.4 (*) 2.9 2.6 0.2 1.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.1	0.2 (*) 1.9 1.7 0.2 0.9 (*) 0.2 0.1 0.3 (*) 0.1	0.2 (*) 1.7 1.5 0.2 0.9 (*) 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.2 (*) 1.0 0.9 (*) 0.7 (*) 0.1 (*) 0.2 (*) 0.1	0.4 (*) 2.9 2.6 0.2 1.6 0.1 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.1	(*) 1.9 1.7 0.2 0.9 (*) 0.2 0.1 0.3 (*)	0.2 (*) 1.7 1.5 0.2 0.8 (*) 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*)	
Wholesale and retail trade		556.9	23.4	11.1	9.1	12.3	23.2	11.1	9.1	12.2
Wholesale trade		114.7	5.2	3.3	2.3	1.9	5.0	3.2	2.2	1.8
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Lumber and construction materials Professional and commercial equipment	50 501 503 504	71.2 8.3 6.7 20.6	2.5 0.4 0.5 0.5			1.1 0.2 0.1 0.3	2.5 0.4 0.5 0.5	0.2 0.4	1.1 0.2 0.3 0.2	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages	51 514 518		2.7 1.2 0.2		1.1 0.5 0.1	0.8 0.2 0.1	2.5 1.1 0.2	0.9		0.7 0.2 0.1
Retail trade		442.2	18.3	7.9	6.9	10.4	18.2	7.9	6.8	10.4
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations	52 521 53 531 54 541 55 551	18.0 12.0 48.7 44.0 68.0 60.1 44.6 23.3 10.2	1.1 2.2 2.0 5.6 5.4 2.4 1.8	0.4 1.2 1.1 1.8 1.7 1.0 0.8	1.7 0.8	0.9 3.8 3.7 1.4	1.3 1.1 2.2 2.0 5.6 5.4 2.4 1.8 0.3	0.4 1.2 1.1 1.8 1.7 1.0 0.8	0.2 0.9 0.9 1.8 1.7 0.8 0.6	0.6 1.0 0.9 3.8 3.7 1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			lr	njuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries				
Industry ¹	SIC code ²	2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	
Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	56 57 58 59 594	24.1 23.4 147.3 68.1 24.9	0.5 0.6 4.0 1.6 0.9	0.4 1.8 0.9	0.1 0.3 1.8 0.8 0.4	0.3 0.2 2.2 0.8 0.5	0.5 0.6 4.0 1.6 0.9	0.2 0.4 1.8 0.9 0.4	0.3 1.8 0.8	2.2 0.8	
Finance, insurance, and real estate		138.4	2.2	0.8	0.7	1.4	2.1	0.8	0.6	1.4	
Depository institutions Commercial banks Insurance carriers Real estate Real estate agents and managers	60 602 63 65 653	32.6 21.4 24.0 36.3 20.0	0.5 0.5 0.3 1.2 0.6	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.3	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.4 0.2	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.7 0.3	0.4 0.4 0.3 1.2 0.6	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.3	0.1 0.1 0.4	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.7 0.3	
Services		793.8	23.6	11.1	8.4	12.5	22.8	10.9	8.2	12.0	
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services Laundry, cleaning, and garment services Business services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Hospitals Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 701 72 721 73 75 76 79 80 806 82 83 86	27.6 7.6 215.8 24.9 6.5 30.4 195.9 81.4 43.9 62.7	1.6 1.6 0.5 0.4 4.0 0.9 0.2 0.9 7.5 3.7 0.9 4.4 0.2 2.0	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1 1.6 0.4 0.1 0.4 4.4 1.9 0.3 2.3 0.1 0.9	0.1 0.2 0.1 1.2 0.4 0.1 0.3 3.2 1.2 0.2 1.9 0.1	1.3 1.3 0.3 0.2 2.4 0.5 0.1 0.5 3.1 1.9 0.5 2.1 0.2	1.6 1.6 0.5 0.4 3.9 0.9 0.2 0.8 7.1 3.5 0.9 4.3 0.2 2.0	0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1 1.5 0.4 0.1 0.4 4.3 1.8 0.3 2.3 0.1 0.8	0.1 0.2 0.1 1.1 0.4 0.1 0.3 3.1 1.2 0.2 1.9	0.1 0.5 2.7 1.7 0.5 2.1 0.2	
State and local government		304.7	15.9	8.4	7.4	7.5	15.5	8.2	7.3	7.3	
State government		94.1	3.4	1.8	1.6	1.6	3.2	1.7	1.6	1.5	
Transportation and public utilities			0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	
Public administration		50.5	1.8	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.0	0.7	
Executive, legislative, and general	91		0.5		0.3		0.5		0.3		
Services		40.4	0.9		0.4		0.9				
Justice, public order, and safety Administration of economic programs	92 96	16.6 10.0	0.9 0.2	0.5 0.1	0.5 0.1	0.4 0.1	0.9 0.1	0.5 0.1		0.3 0.1	
Local government		210.6	12.5	6.6	5.8	5.9	12.3	6.5	5.7	5.8	
Services		139.3	7.4	3.6	3.5	3.8	7.3	3.5	3.4	3.7	
Public administration		67.8	3.4	1.8	1.3	1.6	3.3	1.8	1.2	1.5	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	SIC code ²	2000 Annual average employ- ment ³ (000's)	Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
				Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
			Total cases	Total ⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work ⁵	without lost work- days
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety	91 92	51.7 6.4								

¹ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

³ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

⁴ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

⁸ Fewer than 50 cases.