Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

Louisiana

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			1				1			
Industry <sup>1</sup>		2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>		Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		1,515.0	59.8	29.5	19.8	30.4	58.1	28.9	19.5	29.2
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		17.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.4
Agricultural services	07	9.7	0.4	0.1	0.1		0.4	0.1	0.1	
Mining <sup>7</sup>		48.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.4
Oil and gas extraction Crude petroleum and natural gas Oil and gas field services	13 131 138	46.0 10.5 35.3	1.6 0.2 1.5	1.3 0.1 1.2	0.9 (*) 0.8	0.4 0.1 0.3	0.1	1.3 0.1 1.2	0.9 (*) 0.8	0.1
Construction		127.6	4.9	2.8	2.1	2.1	4.8	2.8	2.1	2.0
General building contractors  Nonresidential building construction  Special trade contractors  Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning  Painting and paper hanging  Electrical work  Masonry, stonework, and plastering  Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 154 17 171 172 173 174 179	19.0 11.1 63.4 11.9 4.7 16.0 7.6 15.0	0.9 0.4 2.9 0.8 0.1 0.3 0.4 0.9	0.1 0.2 0.2	0.4 0.2 1.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.4 0.2 1.2 0.4 (*) 0.1 0.1	2.9 0.8 0.1 0.3 0.4	1.7 0.4 0.1	0.2 1.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2	0.4 0.2 1.1 0.4 (*) 0.1 0.1
Manufacturing		183.1	13.0	5.5	3.1	7.4	11.7	5.1	2.8	6.6
Durable goods			8.4	3.2	1.9	5.1	7.6	3.0	1.8	4.5
Lumber and wood products Logging Millwork, plywood and structural members Softwood veneer and plywood Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Construction and related machinery Oil and gas field machinery Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and car bodies Ship and boat building and repairing Ship building and repairing Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 241 2436 33 34 35 353 3533 371 3711 373 3731	13.8 3.4 5.6 3.4 2.7 13.9 16.6 6.9 24.2  16.5 14.6 3.3	0.5 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 1.2 0.9 0.4 0.3 3.9 0.2 0.2 3.4 3.2 0.1	0.2 1.3 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.7 0.1 (*)	0.2 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.7 0.5 0.1 2.6 0.1 2.3 2.2 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.2 1.1 0.9 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.2 2.9 2.7	( * ) 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.2 1.2 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.6 0.1 (*)	0.2 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.6 0.5 0.1 0.1 2.1 0.1 1.8 1.7 (*)
Nondurable goods			4.6	2.3	1.2	2.3	4.1	2.0	1.0	2.0
Food and kindred products Meat products Sugar and confectionery products Miscellaneous food and kindred products Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Petroleum and coal products	20 201 206 209 27 271 275 29		2.2 0.8 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.5 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*)	0.5 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*) 0.1	1.0 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.3 0.1 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1 (*)	0.9 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Louisiana

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Petroleum refining	291	9.2	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.1	0.2	0.1	(8)	0.1
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		111.1	6.2	3.9	3.0	2.3	6.1	3.9	3.0	2.3
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Radio and television broadcasting Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services Sanitary services	40 42 421 45 47 48 481 483 49 491 495	26.0 22.5 9.2 4.9 20.1 13.4 3.9 17.5 3.9	0.2 2.1 1.9 0.7 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.8	0.1	0.1 0.9 0.9 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.3 0.1	(*)  0.2 (*) 0.2 0.1 (*) 0.4 0.1	0.2 2.1 1.9 0.7 0.1 0.5 0.2 0.1 0.8 0.2	1.3 1.2 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.1 (*) 0.4 0.1	0.9 0.8 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.1 (*)	0.2 (*) 0.2 0.7 (*)
Wholesale and retail trade		451.9	17.0	8.1	5.9	8.9	16.9	8.1	5.9	8.8
Wholesale trade		95.8	3.7	2.1	1.5	1.6	3.7	2.1	1.4	1.6
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Lumber and construction materials Professional and commercial equipment Electrical goods Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 501 503 504 506 507 508	4.8 7.7 5.3 4.4	1.7 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.5	0.1 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.6 0.1 0.1 (*) (*) 0.1 0.2	0.8 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	1.7 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.5	0.1 0.1 (*) (*) 0.1	0.1 0.1 (*) (*) 0.1	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and petroleum products Beer, wine, and distilled beverages Miscellaneous nondurable goods	51 514 516 517 518 519	4.0 4.9 3.5	2.0 0.7 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.2	0.5 0.1 0.1	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.7 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	2.0 0.7 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.2	0.5 0.1 0.1 0.3	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.2 ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )
Retail trade		356.1	13.3	6.0	4.5	7.3	13.3	6.0	4.5	7.3
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail	522 5211 533 531 541 554 554 56 577 571 58	49.6 44.4 56.5 51.7 39.0 11.4 16.4 13.3 7.9	0.9 0.7 2.3 2.1 1.6 1.5 2.4 0.3 0.1 0.4 0.3 4.9 0.7	1.3 0.6 0.6 1.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 2.0	0.8 0.6 0.5 0.9 0.1 (*) 0.1 0.1	0.3	0.9 0.7 2.3 2.1 1.6 1.5 2.3 0.3 0.1 0.4 0.3 4.99 0.7	0.4 1.4 1.3 0.6 0.6 1.0 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 2.0	0.3 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.9 0.1 (*) 0.1 1.4	0.3 1.0 0.9 1.0 1.3 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

## Louisiana

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>			Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Finance, insurance, and real estate										
Depository institutions Commercial banks Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	60 602 61 62 63 64 65	27.8 22.8 9.0 3.5 11.1 13.7 14.8	0.1 (*) (*) (*) (*) 0.1 0.3	(*) (*) (*) (*)	0.1 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) 0.1	0.1 0.1 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	0.1 (°) (°) (°) (°) 0.1 0.3	(8) (8) (8) (8) (8)	( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> ) ( <sup>8</sup> )	` '
Services		490.3	15.9	7.3	4.4	8.6	15.7	7.3	4.3	8.4
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Commercial sports Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Social services Child day care services Residential care Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 75 76 78 79 794 80 805 806 81 83 835 836 86	25.3 19.9 17.8 7.5 4.6 42.4 3.1 155.4 32.9 60.0 18.5 34.8 9.8 9.9 6.5	1.4 0.4 0.3 (*) 1.5 0.1 7.0 3.2 2.8 0.1 1.2 (*) 0.6 0.4 0.3	0.2 0.2 (*) 0.8 0.1 3.3 1.5 1.4 (*) 0.6 (*) 0.4 0.1	0.1 2.1 1.1 0.7 ( <sup>8</sup> )	0.2 0.2 0.1 (*)  (*) 3.7 1.7 1.4 (*) 0.6 (*)	0.3 (*)  0.1 6.8 3.1 2.6 0.1 1.2 (*)	0.2 0.2 (*) 0.8 0.1 3.2 1.5 1.3 (*) 0.6 (*) 0.4 0.1	0.2 (*)  0.1 2.1 1.1 0.7 (*) 0.6 (*)	0.2 0.2 0.1 (*)  (*) 3.6 1.7 1.3 (*) 0.6 (*)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

<sup>--</sup> Indicates data not available.