Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			1							
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government <sup>6</sup>		5,839.8	300.7	139.2	84.7	161.5	284.1	131.8	80.7	152.3
Private Industry <sup>6</sup>		5,138.9	259.0	123.3	72.9	135.7	243.9	116.3	69.3	127.7
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>6</sup>		52.0	2.5	1.1	0.6	1.4	2.5	1.0	0.6	1.4
Agricultural production <sup>6</sup> Agricultural services Landscape and horticultural services	01-02 07 078	13.1 38.7 25.3	0.4 2.1 1.3	0.2 0.8 0.7	0.2 0.4 0.3	0.2 1.2 0.6	0.4 2.0 1.3	0.2 0.8 0.7	0.2 0.4 0.3	1.2
Mining <sup>7</sup>		10.0	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.2
Construction		267.7	23.3	11.2	8.2	12.1	23.2	11.2	8.2	12.1
General building contractors Residential building construction Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 152 17 171 173 179	37.4 185.9 39.9	4.7 3.2 14.7 2.9 3.5 1.8	2.4 1.6 7.1 0.9 1.8 1.3	2.0 1.3 5.7 0.8 1.1 1.1	2.3 1.7 7.5 1.9 1.8 0.6	4.7 3.2 14.6 2.9 3.5 1.8	2.4 1.6 7.1 0.9 1.8 1.2		1.7 7.5 1.9 1.8
Manufacturing		942.2	81.3	39.8	18.6	41.5	72.4	35.4	16.9	37.1
Durable goods			53.6	24.8	12.7	28.8	48.3	22.5	11.6	25.8
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Blast furnace and basic steel products Fabricated metal products Metal forgings and stampings Miscellaneous fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Farm and garden machinery Construction and related machinery Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Communications equipment Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	24 25 32 33 331 346 349 352 353 359 36 366 367 371 38 39	29.5 26.7 112.0 34.1 24.5 47.0 36.0 31.3	4.7 2.1 13.7 2.8 1.9 13.6 1.0 3.5 2.1 6.8 1.2 1.1 5.6 4.9	0.5 1.2 0.7 3.4 0.8 0.5 2.8 2.5	0.4 0.4 0.5 1.4 0.8 2.7 0.5 0.4 3.7 0.3 0.5 1.5 0.2 0.4 1.6 1.4 0.2 0.3	2.3 1.4 3.3 0.4 0.6 2.8 2.4 0.8	1.5 1.6 2.3 4.5 2.1 12.9 2.4 1.8 12.7 0.9 5.6 0.9 1.0 4.1 3.5	1.1 0.7 2.8 0.6 0.5 2.3 2.0	1.3 0.8 2.5 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.8 0.5 1.3 0.2 0.3 1.4	0.9 0.8 1.8 0.8 8.4 1.2 7.3 0.5 2.0 1.3 2.8 0.3 0.5 1.8 1.5
Nondurable goods			27.8	15.0	5.9	12.8	24.1	12.9	5.3	11.2
Food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Newspapers	20 23 26 27 271	92.7 12.2 33.4 100.1 20.4	12.9 0.6 1.8 3.8 0.5	0.3 1.2 1.9	2.2 0.2 0.4 1.1 0.2	5.5 0.3 0.7 1.9 0.2	10.4 0.5 1.8 3.6 0.5	5.9 0.2 1.1 1.8 0.3	0.1 0.4 1.0	0.2 0.6 1.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)	Τ		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c.	275 28 30 308	34.0 60.2 63.5 47.0	2.3	0.8 1.2 2.9 1.4	0.4 0.6 1.4 0.8	1.1 1.1 3.2 2.7	1.8 2.2 5.3 3.6	1.2 2.5	1.2	1.0 2.8
Transportation and public utilities <sup>7</sup>		335.6	24.6	16.4	12.0	8.2	23.9	15.8	11.4	8.1
Railroad transportation <sup>7</sup> Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Transportation by air Air transportation, scheduled Transportation services Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services	40 41 42 421 45 451 47 48 481	24.7 92.2 80.9 81.3 76.0 33.1 60.4 41.9 38.9	9.7 9.2 1.3 1.7	0.6 0.6 4.3 3.6 6.7 6.3 1.0 1.1	3.6	0.2 1.0 1.9 1.6 3.0 2.9 0.3 0.5 0.4	0.7 1.6 6.3 5.2 9.3 8.9 1.3 1.4 1.1 2.8	4.3 3.6 6.4 6.0 1.0 0.9 0.7	3.6 3.1 4.9 4.5 0.4	1.0 1.9 1.6 2.9 2.9 0.3 0.5 0.3
Wholesale and retail trade		1,365.5	60.5	24.6	14.9	35.9	59.3	24.1	14.4	35.2
Wholesale trade		364.6	18.8	10.4	5.5	8.4	18.3	10.2	5.4	8.1
Wholesale tradedurable goods Professional and commercial equipment Electrical goods Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 504 506 508	230.3 52.0 32.1 49.8	1.0 1.3	5.4 0.7 0.5 1.7	2.6 0.6 0.2 0.9	4.4 0.3 0.8 1.4	9.7 1.0 1.2 3.0	0.5	2.5 0.5 0.2 0.9	0.3 0.7
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products Miscellaneous nondurable goods	51 514 519	134.3 42.7 28.9	3.2	5.0 2.0 1.0	2.9 0.9 0.5	4.0 1.2 0.9	8.6 3.1 1.7	4.9 1.9 1.0		1.1
Retail trade		1,000.9	41.8	14.2	9.4	27.6	41.0	13.9	9.1	27.1
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials General merchandise stores Food stores Automotive dealers and service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	52 521 53 54 55 56 57 58 59	44.2 19.0 129.2 135.9 95.5 51.0 50.3 353.4 141.4 45.9	3.4 7.7 6.9 1.0 2.0 13.6 4.3	1.9 3.2 2.9 0.4 0.9 1.8	1.2 2.0 2.1 0.2 0.6 1.7 1.0	1.6 1.0 1.6 4.4 4.0 0.6 1.2 11.8 2.3	2.7 1.9 3.4 7.3 6.7 1.0 2.0 13.6 4.2 1.4	1.8 3.0 2.8 0.4 0.8 1.8	1.2 1.8 2.1 0.2 0.6 1.7	1.0 1.6 4.3 3.8 0.6 1.2 11.8 2.3
Finance, insurance, and real estate		394.4	4.8	1.7	1.3	3.0	4.0	1.5	1.1	2.5
Depository institutions Commercial banks Nondepository institutions Security and commodity brokers Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service	60 602 61 62 63 64	109.0 74.8 34.8 46.1 93.9 38.7	0.6 0.7 0.3 1.5	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1 0.5	( <sup>8</sup> ) 0.1	0.6 0.3  0.2 1.0 0.2	0.8 0.6  0.2 1.1 0.2	0.2 (*) (*) 0.4	( <sup>8</sup> )	0.2

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

(In thousands)

(In thousands)			Injuries and Illnesses Injuries								
Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	"	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
			Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁴	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	
Real estate	65	60.0	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.5	
Services		1,763.1	61.2	28.0	16.8	33.2	58.0	26.9	16.1	31.2	
Hotels and other lodging places Hotels and motels Personal services Business services Mailing, reproduction, stenographic Services to buildings Personnel supply services Computer and data processing services Miscellaneous business services Auto repair, services, and parking Automotive repair shops Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Miscellaneous amusement, recreation Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Home health care services Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services Management and public relations	70 701 72 73 733 734 736 737 738 75 753 76 80 805 806 808 81 82 83 86 87	56.5 54.4 57.6 485.2 21.4 51.6 199.8 86.3 84.3 60.5 33.4 16.7 19.9 71.8 86.5 215.2 19.0 50.6 95.0 117.5 64.9 183.6 73.0	3.6 3.4 2.4 8.0 0.9 2.3 0.5 0.7 2.0 0.7 1.2 2.5 2.1 28.7 9.6 14.9 1.1 0.3 1.5 7.3 0.7 2.4 0.8	1.2 1.1 4.9 0.4 1.5 0.2 0.4 2.0 0.3 0.5 0.1 1.0 0.9 14.3 6.4 6.8 0.5 0.1 0.5 0.1	0.7 0.7 0.6 3.1 0.2 0.3 0.7 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 8.0 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.5 0.1 0.5 0.5	2.4 2.2 1.3 3.2 0.5 0.8 0.3 0.4 0.8 1.1 0.4 0.2 1.6 0.2 1.3 3.2 8.1 0.6 0.2 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.2	3.3 2.2 7.5 0.9 2.3 0.4 0.6 2.0 0.7 1.2 0.3 2.4 27.0 9.4 13.5 1.1 0.2 1.5 7.1 0.6 2.3	1.0 4.6 0.3 1.5 0.2 0.3 1.8 0.4 0.1 1.0 0.8 6.4 6.4 0.5 0.1 0.5 2.5	0.7 0.7 0.5 2.9 0.2 1.0 0.2 0.7 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.4 7.8 3.5 3.4 0.5 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.5	1.3 2.9 0.5 0.8 0.2 0.3 0.7 1.1 0.4 0.2 1.5 1.2 13.3 3.1 7.1 0.6 0.1 1.0 4.7 0.5	
State and local government		700.9	41.7	15.9	11.7	25.8	40.2	15.6	11.4	24.6	
State government		135.4	10.2	4.7	3.9	5.4	9.7	4.5	3.7	5.2	
Services											
Health services Educational services	80 82	11.3 50.0	3.0 3.4		1.2 0.6	1.2 2.7			1.2 0.6		
Public administration		71.9	3.6	2.1	2.0	1.5	3.3	2.0	1.9	1.4	
Executive, legislative, and general Administration of human resources Administration of economic programs	91 94 96	8.9 17.5 16.3	0.1 0.4 1.3	0.1	0.1 0.1 0.7	0.3 0.5			0.1 0.1 0.7		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

(In thousands)

Industry <sup>1</sup>	SIC code <sup>2</sup>	2000 Annual average employ- ment <sup>3</sup> (000's)	Injuries and Illnesses				Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total <sup>4</sup>	With days away from work <sup>5</sup>	without lost work- days
Local government		565.5	31.5	11.2	7.8	20.3	30.4	11.0	7.7	19.4
Public administration										
Justice, public order, and safety	92	6.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.