Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

Puerto Rico

Industry ²	SIC code ³		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
		2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
All Industries including State and local government ⁷		1,012.0	4.7	3.5	3.5	1.1	4.1	3.1	3.1	1.0
Private Industry ⁷		743.6	4.2	3.3	3.2	0.9	3.7	2.9	2.8	0.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		13.7	3.2	3.1	3.1		3.2	3.1	3.1	
Agricultural production ⁷ Agricultural production - livestock ⁷	01-02 02	12.1 3.4	2.5 7.2	2.3 7.2		(°)	 7.2	2.3 7.2	2.3 7.2	
Mining ⁸		1.4	4.8	4.7	4.7	0.1	4.7	4.6	4.6	0.1
Construction		71.6	4.0	3.4	2.9	0.6	3.9	3.4	2.9	0.6
General building contractors Residential building construction Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work	15 152 17 171 173	39.5 24.2 22.2 4.4 8.7	3.7 3.3 4.9 5.7 5.5	3.0 2.4 4.5 4.9 5.0	2.4 4.4 4.7	0.7 0.9 0.7	_	3.0 2.4 4.5 4.7 5.0	2.2 2.4 4.3 4.5 4.7	0.9
Manufacturing		142.9	4.9	3.8	3.8	1.1	3.9	3.2	3.1	0.7
Durable goods		57.1	5.4	4.2	4.2	1.2	4.2	3.5	3.5	0.7
Lumber and wood products Household furniture Stone, clay, and glass products Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products Ready-mixed concrete Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Computer and office equipment Transportation equipment Medical instruments and supplies	24 251 327 3273 34 35 357 37	1.3 1.8 5.2 3.6 1.9 3.5 1.3 10.2	10.2 11.5 13.5 9.0 8.3 2.2	5.4 9.6 7.6 8.5 8.7 7.6 7.1 1.3 4.5 2.4	9.6 7.5 8.4 8.6 7.6 7.1 1.3 4.5	0.1 (°) 2.6 3.0 4.8 1.5 1.2 1.0 3.3 1.6	9.3 9.7 11.5 13.5 7.9 6.0 1.8 4.4	8.7 6.5 5.2 1.0 3.5	5.1 9.3 7.4 8.4 8.6 6.5 5.2 1.0 3.5 1.6	(⁹) 2.3 3.0 4.8 1.4 0.8 0.9
Nondurable goods		85.8	4.5	3.5	3.5	1.0	3.7	2.9	2.9	0.8
Food and kindred products Meat products Preserved fruits and vegetables Grain mill products Textile mill products Knitting mills Men's and boys' suits and coats Paper and allied products Paperboard containers and boxes Printing and publishing Commercial printing Chemicals and allied products Drugs Pharmaceutical preparations Soap, cleaners, and toilet goods Toilet preparations	20 201 203 204 22 225 231 26 265 27 275 283 2834 2834	16.2 2.1 1.6 1.0 1.0 2.5 2.5 7.0 2.6 29.2 24.2 21.7 2.9 2.6	8.4 5.4 4.4 16.5 22.1 12.4 10.3 6.4 2.6 3.5 1.6 1.4 1.3 3.9	7.3 5.2 3.4 12.4 16.6 10.0 9.9 5.7 2.5 3.5 0.6 0.5 3.0	7.3 5.2 3.4 12.4 16.6 10.0 9.9 5.7 2.5 3.5 0.7 0.5 2.5	 (⁹) 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.9	7.4 5.0 3.7 15.0 20.1 8.0 8.3 5.5 2.4 3.2 1.4 1.2 1.2 3.7	6.3 4.9 2.6 11.0 14.8 7.1 8.0 5.0 2.3 3.2 0.7 0.5 0.4 2.9	6.3 4.9 2.6 11.0 14.8 7.1 8.0 5.0 2.3 3.2 0.6 0.4 0.4 2.4	1.1 1.1 4.0 5.3 (°) 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.9

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Puerto Rico

	SIC	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Ir	njuries an	ıd Illnesse	es	Injuries			
Industry ²			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
	code ³			Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Leather and leather products	30 308 31	4.6 3.5 3.7		7.4	7.4	(⁹) (⁹) 3.0	6.8 6.9 9.9	6.9	6.9	(9)
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		34.5	4.4	3.7	3.7		4.2	3.7	3.7	
Trucking and warehousing Trucking and courier services, except air Water transportation Water transportation services Transportation by air Transportation services	42 421 44 449 45 47	5.4 4.3 4.2 3.0 6.0 2.7	8.4 9.8	6.4 7.0 4.3	1.9 6.4 7.0 4.3		8.4 	1.9 1.6 6.3 7.0 4.2 0.1	1.9 1.6 6.3 7.0 4.2 0.1	(⁹)
Wholesale and retail trade		220.3	4.2	3.5	3.5	0.7	3.7	3.2	3.2	0.5
Wholesale trade		43.8	3.6	3.3	3.3		3.4	3.2	3.2	
Wholesale tradedurable goods Hardware, plumbing and heating equipment	50 507	19.7 1.8	4.3 2.7	3.8 2.4		0.4 0.3	_	3.8 2.4	3.8 2.3	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Groceries and related products	51 514	24.1 9.7	3.0 5.2				2.7 4.7	2.6 4.7	2.6 4.7	
Retail trade		176.6	4.4	3.6	3.6	0.8	3.8	3.2	3.2	0.6
Building materials and garden supplies Hardware stores General merchandise stores Department stores Variety stores Miscellaneous general merchandise stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations Auto and home supply stores Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Eating and drinking places	52 525 531 531 533 539 541 553 554 56 571 571 581	8.7 5.9 22.7 13.0 28.2 22.5 19.2 7.4 5.7 19.6 8.3 3.9 47.6 47.6	7.1 8.3 7.9 2.9 4.1 4.8 4.1 6.6 1.1 3.0 1.9 1.8 6.2	1.8 5.8 6.5 6.7 2.8 3.0 3.4 3.8 6.6 0.7 2.8 1.4 1.8	1.8 5.8 6.5 6.7 2.8 3.0 3.4 3.8 6.6 0.7 2.8 1.4 1.7	0.4 1.3 1.8 1.2 0.1 1.1 1.4 0.3 (°) 0.4 0.2 0.5 (°) 1.5	2.0 5.6 6.7 5.4 2.9 3.6 4.1 6.5 1.0 2.5 1.9 5.2	2.7 3.7 6.5 0.6 2.4 1.4 1.8 4.4	4.9 4.2 2.8 2.5 2.7 3.7 6.5 0.6 2.4 1.3 1.7	0.4 1.3 1.8 1.2 0.1 1.1 1.4 0.3 (°) 0.4 0.1 0.5 (°)
Finance, insurance, and real estate		49.8	2.5	2.0	2.0	0.5	1.7	1.3	1.3	0.4
Depository institutions Insurance carriers Real estate	60 63 65	17.4 8.0 12.1	2.0	1.5	1.5	0.6 0.5 			1.1	0.4
Services		206.6	4.2	2.8	2.8	1.4	3.7	2.4	2.4	1.3
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services	70 72	13.9 4.8				2.8 0.1			3.1 3.2	2.8 0.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Puerto Rico

	SIC		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries				
Industry ²		2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
	code ³		Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	
Business services Personnel supply services Miscellaneous repair services Amusement and recreation services Health services Hospitals Legal services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Colleges and universities Social services Engineering and management services State and local government State government	73 736 76 79 80 806 81 82 821 822 83 87	62.5 18.5 2.7 3.7 52.0 26.7 5.5 19.7 5.2 11.3 11.6 15.6 268.3	1.9 3.2	(°) 3.4 2.0 3.6 5.2 0.3 1.3 0.8 1.3 2.5 4.3	(°) 3.4 2.0 3.6 5.2 0.3 1.3 0.8 1.3 2.5	5.7 0.3 1.4 0.4 2.2 0.7	(°) 3.2 2.2 6.2 10.1 0.6 2.3 1.2 3.0 2.8	(°) 3.0 2.0 3.2 4.7 0.3 1.2 0.8 1.2 1.4 2.2	(°) 3.0 2.0 3.2 4.7 0.3 1.2 0.8 1.2 1.4 2.2	(°) 0.2 0.2 3.0 5.4 0.3 1.2 0.4 1.9 0.6	
Transportation and public utilities											
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	49	15.1	8.4	7.5	7.5	0.8	8.1	7.3	7.3	0.8	
Services		62.0	4.2	2.1	2.1		3.5	1.5	1.5		
Health services Hospitals Educational services	80 806 82	 58.5	4.5 4.5 4.1	2.7 2.7 2.0		1.8 1.8 			2.1 2.1 1.4	1.3	
Public administration		127.4	6.5	4.1	3.9	2.4	5.3	3.4	3.3	1.8	
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety Public order and safety Administration of human resources Environmental quality and housing Administration of economic programs	91 92 922 94 95 96	6.3 43.5 34.4 48.9 7.2 14.6	3.8	8.9 3.1 3.2 7.5 2.4 3.4	2.9 3.0 7.5 2.4	2.1 2.3	4.6 5.0 9.8	2.9 3.1 5.7 2.0	2.8 5.7 2.0	1.8 2.0 4.1 1.4	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Puerto Rico

Industry ²	SIC code ³	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	es	Injuries			
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days
Local government		59.2	8.1	7.2	7.2		7.7	6.9	6.9	
Public administration		56.8	8.1	7.2	7.2		7.7	6.9	6.9	
Executive, legislative, and general	91	56.8	8.1	7.2	7.2		7.7	6.9	6.9	

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.