Table 6. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000

Maine

	SIC code ³		Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries				
Industry ²		2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	
All Industries including State and local government ⁷		576.5	8.7	5.2	2.7	3.5	7.0	4.3	2.3	2.7	
Private Industry ⁷		496.0	9.0	5.4	2.7	3.6	7.3	4.5	2.4	2.8	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁷		7.3	9.5	5.6	3.6	3.8	9.0	5.4	3.4	3.7	
Agricultural production ⁷	01-02	2.3	17.2	11.1	7.0	6.1	16.6	10.7	6.6	5.9	
Mining ⁸		0.1	2.5	1.3	1.0	1.3	2.5	1.3	1.0	1.3	
Construction		29.6	8.8	5.2	3.2	3.7	7.9	4.5	2.6	3.4	
General building contractors Nonresidential building construction Heavy construction, except building Highway and street construction Special trade contractors Plumbing, heating, air-conditioning Electrical work Miscellaneous special trade contractors	15 154 16 161 17 171 173 179	7.3 2.2 4.4 1.5 17.9 3.4 2.8 5.6	10.3 11.3 9.9 8.5 8.0 8.2 6.3 9.5	5.9 6.2 5.3 5.9 4.8 3.0 3.1 6.9	1.3 3.1 4.4 3.0 1.8 1.4	4.4 5.1 4.6 2.8 3.1 5.2 3.2 2.6	9.7 8.1 6.7 7.5 5.8	6.0 5.3 5.9 3.8 2.8	1.2 3.0 4.4 2.0 1.8 1.4	3.8 5.1 4.4 2.3 2.9 4.7 2.8 2.5	
Manufacturing		84.9	12.5	7.1	2.8	5.4	9.7	5.6	2.3	4.1	
Durable goods		42.7	14.3	7.9	2.7	6.4	11.4	6.3	2.4	5.0	
Lumber and wood products Logging Sawmills and planing mills Miscellaneous wood products Fabricated metal products Industrial machinery and equipment Industrial machinery, n.e.c. Electronic and other electric equipment Electronic components and accessories Transportation equipment Ship and boat building and repairing	24 241 242 249 34 35 359 367 373	10.7 2.6 2.9 3.2 3.6 4.8 2.4 7.5 4.7 10.1 7.9	12.8 6.4 7.3 20.0 7.6 9.8 5.2 11.1 6.9 24.7 30.3	7.3 4.0 4.3 12.1 5.0 5.0 1.6 8.1 5.5 12.0 14.6	3.9 1.7 2.3 2.1 1.1 2.1 1.2 2.5		4.4 6.5 14.7 6.4 8.6 4.2 6.4 2.8 19.3	4.0 3.6 9.3 4.4 4.7 1.5 4.6 2.0 9.5	1.3 2.1 1.9 1.1 1.7 0.8 2.1	9.8	
Nondurable goods		42.2	10.6	6.3	2.9	4.3	8.0	4.9	2.2	3.1	
Food and kindred products Preserved fruits and vegetables Miscellaneous food and kindred products Apparel and other textile products Paper and allied products Paper mills Printing and publishing Newspapers Commercial printing Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products Miscellaneous plastics products, n.e.c. Leather and leather products Footwear, except rubber	20 203 209 23 26 262 27 271 275 30 308 31	7.1 1.7 1.4 2.4 13.1 10.5 6.2 2.7 2.3 2.8 2.5 5.4		11.5 21.5 6.5 4.6 4.1 3.4 1.5 6.1 4.0 1.7 5.0	6.7 5.8 2.1 1.7 1.9 0.9 3.8 1.6 0.6 2.1	6.5 8.8 3.9 4.6 5.2 2.5 4.8 1.6 2.6	15.3 23.0 6.4 6.8 6.9 4.1 2.4 7.2 5.0 3.2 6.4	9.5 15.6 3.8 3.3 2.9 2.9 1.1 5.7 2.9	4.8 3.3 1.1 1.8 0.7 3.6 1.2	5.8 7.4 2.6 3.6 4.0 1.2 1.3	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Maine

	SIC code ³	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	lr	ijuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries				
Industry ²			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	
Men's footwear, except athletic	3143	1.9	7.6	2.7	2.7	5.0	5.3	2.4	2.4	2.9	
Transportation and public utilities ⁸		23.6	8.1	5.0	3.7	3.1	7.3	4.7	3.5	2.6	
Railroad transportation ⁸ Local and interurban passenger transit Trucking and warehousing Communications Telephone communications Electric, gas, and sanitary services Electric services	40 41 42 48 481 49	2.1 8.2 5.0 2.7 3.5 2.9	6.6 5.0 9.8 4.6 3.1 12.7 11.6	5.1 2.8 6.3 2.7 2.1 6.6 4.8	2.2 2.0 2.9	1.5 2.3 3.5 1.8 1.0 6.1 6.8	6.4 5.0 9.8 3.9 2.4 8.5 6.8	5.0 2.8 6.3 2.3 1.6 5.4 3.5	1.8 1.5 2.0	2.3 3.5 1.6 0.8	
Wholesale and retail trade		150.2	9.2	6.2	3.2	3.0	7.7	5.2	2.8	2.5	
Wholesale trade		27.5	11.3	7.1	3.2	4.2	10.0	6.3	2.8	3.8	
Wholesale tradedurable goods Motor vehicles, parts, and supplies Professional and commercial equipment Machinery, equipment, and supplies	50 501 504 508	13.9 2.1 2.7 3.0	8.2 10.2 3.1 6.2	4.6 5.1 1.4 1.9	2.0 3.2 1.1 0.9	3.7 5.2 1.6 4.3	7.9 10.0 2.9 6.2	4.4 5.1 1.4 1.9	2.0 3.2 1.1 0.9	4.9 1.6	
Wholesale tradenondurable goods Miscellaneous nondurable goods	51 519	13.6 2.3	14.6 8.5	9.8 2.7	4.4 1.9	4.8 5.8	12.2 5.1	8.1 1.6	3.7 1.6		
Retail trade		122.7	8.5	6.0	3.1	2.6	6.9	4.9	2.8	2.1	
Building materials and garden supplies Lumber and other building materials Hardware stores General merchandise stores Department stores Food stores Grocery stores Automotive dealers and service stations New and used car dealers Gasoline service stations Apparel and accessory stores Furniture and homefurnishings stores Eating and drinking places Miscellaneous retail Drug stores and proprietary stores Miscellaneous shopping goods stores Finance, insurance, and real estate	52 521 525 53 531 541 55 551 554 56 57 58 59 591	2.8 6.1 30.7	12.7 13.8 17.0 18.4 7.2 7.8 5.6 3.1 6.5 4.0 8.1 1.8 3.9	1.1	3.8 5.0 6.8 7.3 2.1 2.1 2.8 0.8 3.0 2.0 2.8 (°) 1.3	2.8 1.8 2.6 2.6 3.1 3.3 4.3 1.8 2.6 1.7 2.9 1.6 1.7	1.8 6.4 3.5 5.4 1.8 2.7	4.2 4.2 9.6 11.2 10.1 10.9 3.7 3.2 3.5 1.2 3.9 2.3 3.6 0.3 1.5	0.5 2.9 2.0 2.1 (⁹) 1.1	1.8 2.5 2.6 2.4 2.5 3.1 3.9 1.5 0.6 2.6 1.2 1.8 1.6 1.2	
Depository institutions Insurance carriers Insurance agents, brokers, and service Real estate	60 63 64 65	9.5 7.5 3.6 4.0	3.2 5.8 1.2 3.1	1.4 0.6 0.4 2.4	0.2	1.8 5.3 0.7 0.7	1.2 0.4 0.2 2.3	0.2	0.5 0.2 0.2 1.5	0.2 (⁹)	
Services		169.2	8.0	4.6	2.4	3.4	6.5	3.9	2.2	2.6	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Maine

	SIC		Ir	njuries an	ıd Illnesse	es	Injuries				
Industry ²		2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)		Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
	code ³		Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	
Hotels and other lodging places Personal services Auto repair, services, and parking Miscellaneous repair services Motion pictures Amusement and recreation services Health services Nursing and personal care facilities Hospitals Legal services Educational services Social services Membership organizations Engineering and management services	70 72 75 76 78 79 80 805 806 81 82 83 86	10.8 4.1 5.0 1.4 1.9 6.6 57.9 11.9 23.9 3.8 8.3 25.0 4.6 11.8	7.5 5.4 3.9 3.9 (°) 6.1 11.9 21.8 14.4 1.5 5.2 9.6 5.9 4.5	3.6 3.3 2.5 2.2 (°) 4.3 7.0 14.4 7.9 0.2 2.8 6.0 3.2 1.6	1.3 1.5 1.0 (⁹) 0.6 3.4 6.4 4.0 0.1 1.6 3.4 2.0	1.4 1.8 (°) 1.8 5.0 7.4 6.4 1.3 2.4 3.6	4.5 2.9 3.5 (°) 5.8 10.1 21.6 11.5 0.2 4.6 8.2 5.4	1.7 2.0 (°) 4.1 6.1 14.2 6.4 (°) 2.7 5.3 2.9		2.0 1.2 1.6 (°) 1.8 4.1 7.4 5.0 0.2 2.0 2.9 2.5	
State and local government		80.6	6.4	3.6	2.5	2.8	5.0	2.9	2.0	2.1	
State government		23.2	6.2	3.5	2.6	2.7	4.0	2.4	1.9	1.5	
Construction		1.1	11.9	7.4	5.7	4.4	11.9	7.4	5.7	4.4	
Services		10.2	5.4	3.2	2.1	2.3	3.4	2.3	1.6	1.1	
Health services Educational services Social services	80 82 83	8.4	9.7 3.2 6.6	8.1 2.0 3.4		1.2	2.0	1.3	5.8 0.7 1.5	0.7	
Public administration		11.0	6.2	3.2	2.6	3.0	3.1	1.5	1.4	1.6	
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety Police protection Legal counsel and prosecution Correctional institutions Finance, taxation, and monetary policy Administration of human resources Environmental quality and housing Administration of economic programs	91 92 9221 9222 9223 93 94 95	3.9 1.4	3.1 6.7 5.7 (°) 8.8 2.7 7.9 7.2 6.2	0.9 3.6 3.1 (°) 4.8 1.7 6.5 2.4 1.1	3.6 3.1 (⁹) 4.6 1.3 4.4 2.2	2.6 (⁹) 4.1 1.0 1.4 4.8	(⁹) 8.4 1.0 0.6 2.4	3.4 3.1 (°) 4.4 1.0 0.3 1.4	0.3 1.4	3.0 2.6 (°) 4.1 (°) 0.3 1.1	
Local government		57.4	6.5	3.6	2.4	2.9	5.5	3.2	2.1	2.4	
Construction		1.7	18.0	10.4	5.9	7.6	16.8	10.0	5.4	6.8	
Heavy construction, except building	16		18.0	10.4	5.9	7.6	16.8	10.0	5.4	6.8	
Transportation and public utilities		2.2	13.5	9.2	6.0	4.2	11.5	8.0	5.3	3.5	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services Sanitary services	49 495		14.1 12.4	9.6 9.9					5.5 5.7		
Finance, insurance, and real estate		0.4	5.1	3.2	3.2	1.9	4.4	2.7	2.7	1.9	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Incidence rates' of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry and selected case types, 2000 -- Continued

Maine

Industry ²	SIC code ³	2000 Annual average employ- ment ⁴ (000's)	Ir	njuries an	d Illnesse	s	Injuries				
			Total cases	Lost workday cases		Cases		Lost workday cases		Cases	
				Total ⁵	With days away from work ⁶	without lost work- days	Total cases	Total ⁵	days lost away work	without lost work- days	
Services		41.6	5.0	2.7	1.8	2.3	4.3	2.2	1.4	2.0	
Amusement and recreation services Health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools	79 80 82 821	1.3	13.5 4.4	4.0 8.1 2.4 2.5	6.1 1.6	5.4 5.4 2.0 2.1	11.0 3.8	6.8 2.0	5.2	1.8	
Public administration		11.3	6.8	3.5	2.7	3.3	5.5	3.3	2.4	2.2	
Executive, legislative, and general Justice, public order, and safety Public order and safety Police protection Legal counsel and prosecution Fire protection Environmental quality and housing	91 92 922 9221 9222 9224 95	4.7 3.2 1.2		4.7 4.7 4.4 (⁹)	3.5 3.5 3.2 (⁹) 3.4	0.7 4.3 4.3 2.6 (°) 7.2 1.7	7.4 7.4 6.6 (°) 8.9	4.5 4.3 (⁹) 4.6	3.3 3.3 3.0 (°)	3.0 3.0 2.3 (⁹)	

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during

the calendar year

200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers

(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

⁷ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

-- Indicates data not available.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition.

⁴ Employment is expressed as an annual average and is derived primarily from the BLS-State Covered Employment and Wages program.

⁵ Total lost workday cases involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

⁶ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

⁸ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

⁹ Incidence rate less than 0.05.