Table 24. Quality of life benefits: Access, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008

(All workers = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Employer assistance for childcare								
	Total ¹	Employer- provided funds	On-site and off-site	Resource and referral services	Adoption assistance	Long-term care insurance	Flexible workplace	Employer- provided home PC	Subsidized commuting
All workers	19	4	9	10	8	26	4	2	10
Worker characteristics									
Management, professional, and related	21 20 17 13 34 16 15	4 4 2 1 - 4 3	11 11 9 6 22 7 6	11 11 9 8 20 7 8	9 8 5 3 16 7 7	29 28 26 22 30 23 25	4 3 2 (²) - 4 4	2 2 2 2 4 1 (²)	9 7 4 1 - 10 14
Sales and office	21 21 18 11	5 5 7 3	10 10 6 4	11 11 8 5	9 10 9 6	28 29 25 15	5 5 2 –	1 1 - -	14 14 12 13
Full time Part time	20 15	4 4	10 7	10 8	9 5	29 12	5 1	2 -	11 5
Union Nonunion	18 20	4 5	8 11	10 10	7 10	26 27	2 6	(²) 2	11 9
Average wage within the following percentiles:3 Less than 10	12 18 20 22 20 21	3 4 5 5 3 4	5 10 9 11 8 12	5 8 10 11 12 13	5 9 10 9 7 8	14 23 29 30 27 29	- 4 7 4 3 4	1 1 2 2 2	3 5 13 13 10

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 24. Quality of life benefits: Access, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008—Continued

(All workers = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Employer assistance for childcare								
	Total ¹	Employer- provided funds	On-site and off-site	Resource and referral services	Adoption assistance	Long-term care insurance	Flexible workplace	Employer- provided home PC	Subsidized commuting
Establishment characteristics									
Service-providing industries Education and health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Junior colleges, colleges, and universities Health care and social assistance Hospitals Public administration	19 21 20 13 40 31 33 18	4 4 3 2 - 14 - 4	9 12 11 7 27 17 - 6	10 10 10 8 - 16 - 10	8 8 7 4 15 16 15 9	26 29 29 21 53 30 30 25	4 4 - 1 - - - 6	2 2 2 2 - 2 3 1	10 6 5 2 - - 17
1 to 99 workers	10 10 8 21 12 24	3 4 - 4 3 5	4 3 - 10 6 12	5 4 6 11 6 12	7 - 2 9 6 9	15 15 15 28 15 33	4 6 2 4 2 5	2 - 4 1 2 1	4 6 2 11 5
State government Local government	33 15	9	18 6	14 8	19 5	43 21	2	1 2	19 7
Geographic areas									
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	- 10 15 - 22 - 16 25 32	- 9 - 3 - 3 - 4	- 8 6 - 16 - 7 8 10	2 4 6 - 8 8 8 20 24	2 1 11 2 14 - 5 -	- 15 15 - 45 - 18 23 39	- 1 - - - 2 - 3	- 1 1 - - - 1 -	5 4 9 - 8 3 4 20 25

 $^{^{}m 1}$ The total is less than the sum of individual childcare provisions because some employees have access to more than one of the benefits.

² Less than 0.5 percent.

³ The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation

values are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2007." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria.

surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile