Table 18. Standard errors for long-term disability plans: Method of benefit payment, civilian workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2008

(All workers with long-term disability insurance coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Fixed percent of earnings	Pecent varies by earnings	Flat dollar amounts	Other
All workers	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.2
Worker characteristics				
Management, professional, and related	0.9	0.8	0.2	0.2
Management, business, and financial	1.2	1.2	0.4	0.2
Professional and related	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.2
Teachers	1.8	1.7	_	0.6
Primary, secondary, and special education				
school teachers	1.4	0.9	_	0.9
Registered nurses	1.7	1.7	_	_
Service	1.9	1.8	0.3	_
Sales and office	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.1
Sales and related	1.3	1.2	_	_
Office and administrative support	0.8	0.7	0.2	0.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1.5	1.5	0.4	0.6
Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.0
forestry	3.7	_	0.7	0.7
Installation, maintenance, and repair	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	1.7	1.0	1.2	1.0
Production	2.6	1.4	1.7	0.9
Transportation and material moving	1.7	0.9	0.6	1.7
Transportation and material moving	1.7	0.5	0.0	1.7
Full time	0.7	0.6	0.2	0.2
Part time	1.8	1.6	_	_
Union	1.9	1.6	1.0	1.0
Nonunion	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.1
Average wage within the following percentiles:2				
Less than 10	2.4	_	_	_
10 to under 25	1.6	1.5	_	_
25 to under 50	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.3
50 to under 75	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.2
75 to under 90	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5
90 or greater	1.1	1.1	0.2	0.3
•			-	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 18. Standard errors for long-term disability plans: Method of benefit payment, civilian workers,¹ National Compensation Survey, March 2008—Continued

(All workers with long-term disability insurance coverage = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Fixed percent of earnings	Pecent varies by earnings	Flat dollar amounts	Other
Establishment characteristics				
Goods-producing industries	1.5	0.8	1.0	0.5
Service-providing industries Education and health services	0.7 1.7	0.7 1.6	0.1 0.2	0.2
Educational services	2.3	2.2	0.2	_
Elementary and secondary schools	1.2	0.8	_	_
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	5.4	_	_	_
Health care and social assistance	1.6	1.6	_	_
Hospitals	2.2	2.2	_	_
Public administration	2.2	2.1	_	0.3
1 to 99 workers	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2
1 to 49 workers	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.1
50 to 99 workers	1.4	1.1	_	_
100 workers or more	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.3
100 to 499 workers	1.2	1.1	0.3	0.4
500 workers or more	1.4	1.2	0.4	0.4
Geographic areas				
New England	1.6	1.4	_	_
Middle Atlantic	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.1
East North Central	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.5
West North Central	4.6	_	_	_
South Atlantic	1.2	0.9	_	0.4
East South Central	2.9	2.3	_	
West South Central	2.6		_	0.7
Mountain Pacific	1.6 1.8	1.4 1.6	0.3	- 0.8
racilic	1.0	0.1	0.3	0.8

¹ Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy except those in private households, and workers in the public sector, except the federal government. See "Technical note" for further explanation.

The percentile values are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2007." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria.

² The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold.