FOR FURTHER INFORMATION: Cheryl Abbot, Regional Economist (214) 767-6970<br>http://www.bls.gov/ro6/home.htm

For Release:
July 11, 2007

## OCCUPATIONAL EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES <br> DALLAS-FORT WORTH-ARLINGTON, TEXAS, MAY 2006

Workers in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington metropolitan area ${ }^{1}$ had an average (mean) hourly wage of $\$ 19.20$ during May 2006, compared with the nationwide average of $\$ 18.84$, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor. Regional Commissioner Stanley W. Suchman noted that, after testing for statistical significance, wages in the local area were higher than their respective national averages in 6 of the 22 major occupational groups and lower in 7 others. In addition, when compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 9 of the 22 occupational groups, while 11 groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation. (See table A and box note at end of release.)

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federalstate cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case the Texas Workforce Commission. The OES survey provides estimates of employment and hourly and annual wages for wage and salary workers in 22 major occupational groups and up to 801 nonmilitary detailed occupations for the nation, states, and 409 metropolitan areas, including DallasFort Worth-Arlington, Texas.

## Occupational wages in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington area

Management and legal occupations were the two highest-paid occupational groups in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington area in May 2006, with those in management averaging $\$ 45.99$ an hour and those in legal occupations, $\$ 41.86$. (See chart A and table A.) Nationwide, these were also the two highest-paying groups, with earnings of $\$ 44.20$ in management and $\$ 41.04$ in legal occupations. The average wage for workers in management in the Dallas area was significantly above that for the nation. Locally, hourly wages varied widely within the management group. Three occupations had hourly rates over $\$ 52.00$ (chief executives; engineering managers; and computer and information systems managers) and three had rates under $\$ 22.00$ (property, real estate and community association managers; funeral directors; and education administrators, preschool and child care center/program managers). In the legal occupational grouping, lawyers were among the highest paid at $\$ 58.57$ an hour, while law clerks were at the lower end of the wage scale and averaged $\$ 15.97$ an hour. (Detailed occupational data are presented in table 1.)

[^0]Three occupational groups in the Dallas-Fort Worth area had pay levels clustered between $\$ 30.00$ and $\$ 34.00$ per hour in May 2006; statistically, these wages were significantly above their respective national averages. Computer and mathematical occupations averaged $\$ 34.04$ an hour, and architecture and engineering, $\$ 33.42$. Healthcare practitioners and technical workers earned $\$ 30.89$. Within this healthcare grouping, wages varied widely. For example, family and general practitioners (\$78.77), and dentists, general (\$78.96), were among the highest-paid occupations, while pharmacy technicians (\$13.67) and veterinary technologists and technicians (\$11.47) were among the lowest paid.

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington metropolitan area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2006

| Major occupational group | Employment share (percent of total) |  |  | Average (mean) hourly wage |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States | DallasFort WorthArlington | Significant difference ${ }^{1}$ | United States | DallasFort WorthArlington | Significant difference ${ }^{1}$ |
| Management | 4.4\% | 5.1\% | Yes | \$44.20 | \$45.99 | Yes |
| Business and financial operations | 4.4 | 4.9 | Yes | 28.85 | 29.00 | No |
| Computer and mathematical | 2.3 | 3.4 | Yes | 33.29 | 34.04 | Yes |
| Architecture and engineering | 1.8 | 2.3 | Yes | 31.82 | 33.42 | Yes |
| Life, physical, and social science | 0.9 | 0.7 | Yes | 28.68 | 28.60 | No |
| Community and social services | 1.3 | 0.6 | Yes | 18.75 | 18.92 | No |
| Legal | 0.7 | 0.8 | Yes | 41.04 | 41.86 | No |
| Education, training, and library | 6.2 | 5.5 | Yes | 21.79 | 19.44 | Yes |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media | 1.3 | 1.3 | No | 22.17 | 21.71 | No |
| Healthcare practitioners and technical | 5.1 | 4.1 | Yes | 29.82 | 30.89 | Yes |
| Healthcare support | 2.6 | 1.8 | Yes | 11.83 | 11.73 | No |
| Protective service | 2.3 | 2.0 | Yes | 17.81 | 17.60 | No |
| Food preparation and serving related | 8.3 | 7.9 | Yes | 8.86 | 8.14 | Yes |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance | 3.3 | 2.7 | Yes | 10.86 | 9.68 | Yes |
| Personal care and service | 2.5 | 2.2 | Yes | 11.02 | 12.20 | No |
| Sales and related | 10.6 | 11.5 | Yes | 16.52 | 18.02 | Yes |
| Office and administrative support | 17.4 | 19.2 | Yes | 14.60 | 14.87 | Yes |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry | 0.3 | 0.1 | Yes | 10.49 | 9.30 | Yes |
| Construction and extraction | 5.0 | 4.3 | Yes | 18.89 | 14.80 | Yes |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair | 4.0 | 4.2 | Yes | 18.78 | 18.32 | Yes |
| Production | 7.7 | 7.5 | No | 14.65 | 13.58 | Yes |
| Transportation and material moving | 7.3 | 7.7 | Yes | 14.16 | 14.41 | No |

${ }^{1}$ Statistical significance testing at the 90-percent confidence level.
Sales and related workers, at $\$ 18.02$ per hour, registered significantly higher earnings than their nationwide counterparts who averaged $\$ 16.52$. Local pay levels within this group ranged from $\$ 47.37$ an hour for real estate brokers to $\$ 8.42$ an hour for cashiers.

Construction and extraction workers in the Dallas-Fort Worth area earned $\$ 14.80$ an hour, which was significantly below the U.S. average of $\$ 18.89$. In fact, the local wage was more than 20 percent below the national wage rate in this occupational group, giving construction and extraction workers the largest negative pay differential in Dallas-Fort Worth.

Food preparation and serving related workers were the lowest-paid group locally at $\$ 8.14$; this wage was significantly below the national average of $\$ 8.86$. Within this group in Dallas-Fort Worth, chefs and head cooks were among the highest paid workers, earning $\$ 18.98$ an hour, while fast food cooks, earning $\$ 7.10$, were at the lower end of the pay scale. Two other occupational groups earned less than $\$ 10$ an hour in Dallas-Fort Worth: building and grounds cleaning and maintenance (\$9.68); and farming, fishing, and forestry (\$9.30). Wage levels for these two groups fell below the respective U.S. averages of $\$ 10.86$ and $\$ 10.49$ an hour.


## Occupational employment in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington area

Office and administrative support workers were the largest major occupational group in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington metropolitan area, with 538,040 workers representing 19.2 percent of local employment. (See table A and chart B.) The local share for the office and administrative support occupational group was notably higher than their representation in the national workforce of 17.4 percent. Even so, this was the largest occupational group in the nation. In the Dallas-Fort Worth area, customer service representatives $(73,630)$; general office clerks $(53,310)$; executive secretaries and administrative assistants (42,080); and bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks $(39,350)$ accounted for the largest number of workers in office and administrative support.

Sales and related workers represented the second largest occupational group in the DallasFort Worth area with an 11.5-percent share of the local workforce, compared to a 10.6-percent national share. The relatively low-paid positions of retail salespersons (\$11.49) and cashiers (\$8.42) accounted for one-half of local employment in this group, with 94,910 and 66,180 workers, respectively. Wholesale and manufacturing sales representatives (except technical and scientific products), with 41,300 workers, was another large occupation in the sales field, averaging $\$ 29.10$ an hour.

Computer and mathematical occupations also had a local employment share above the national average, accounting for 3.4 percent of area employment versus 2.3 percent nationally. Locally, computer programmers $(16,080)$ and computer systems analysts $(15,840)$ made up onethird of this group's workers. Another highly technical group, architecture and engineering workers, also demonstrated a stronger local presence with 2.3 percent of local employment compared to 1.8 percent nationwide.

Among the occupational groups with lower-than-average employment shares in the DallasFort Worth area were the two healthcare-related groups. Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations represented 4.1 percent of local employment compared to 5.1 percent nationally. Healthcare support jobs accounted for 1.8 percent of the Dallas-Fort Worth workforce versus 2.6 percent nationwide. The most prevalent detailed occupations in these groups were registered nurses ( 38,740 ); nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants $(20,370)$; and licensed practical and vocational nurses $(13,860)$.

The education, training, and library occupational group also had a lower concentration of employment in Dallas-Fort Worth. Locally, the education, training, and library group made up 5.5 percent of the workforce compared to 6.2 percent nationally. Still, excluding special and vocational education teachers, there were more than 70,000 elementary, middle, and secondary school teachers employed in the Dallas-Fort Worth area in May 2006; an additional 18,100 were employed as teacher assistants.


The OES wage and employment data for the 22 major occupational groups in the Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington metropolitan area were compared to their respective national averages based on statistical significance testing. Only those occupations with wages or employment shares above or below the national wage or share after testing for significance at the 90 percent confidence level meet the criteria. NOTE: A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

## Technical Note

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands also are surveyed, but their data are not included in this release. OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Forms are mailed to approximately 200,000 establishments in May and November of each year for a 3-year period. The nationwide response rate for the May 2006 survey was 78.1 percent based on establishments and 73.4 percent based on employment. The survey included establishments sampled in the May 2006, November 2005, May 2005, November 2004, May 2004, and November 2003 semiannual panels. The sample in the DallasFort Worth-Arlington metropolitan area included 14,189 establishments with a response rate of 70 percent.

## The occupational coding system

The OES survey uses the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) occupational classification system, the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The SOC system is the first OMB-required occupational classification system for federal agencies. The OES survey categorizes workers in 1 of 801 detailed occupations. Together, these detailed occupations make up 23 major occupational groups, 22 of which are covered in this release. The one exception is military specific occupations which are not included in the OES survey.

For more information about the SOC system, please see the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) Web site at http://www.bls.gov/soc/.

## The industry coding system

The OES survey uses the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information about NAICS, see the BLS Web site at http://www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm.

## Survey sample

BLS funds the survey and provides the procedures and technical support, while the State Workforce Agencies (SWAs) collect most of the data. BLS produces cross-industry and industryspecific estimates for the nation, states, and metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs). Industryspecific estimates are produced at the NAICS sector, 3-digit, 4-digit, and selected 5-digit industry levels. BLS releases all cross-industry and national estimates; the SWAs release industry-specific estimates at the state and MSA levels.

State Unemployment Insurance (UI) files provide the universe from which the OES survey draws its sample. Employment benchmarks are obtained from reports submitted by employers to the UI program. The OES survey sample is stratified by metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas and industry. Samples selected in panels prior to May 2005 were stratified using MSA definitions based on the 1990 Metropolitan Statistical Area standards. Beginning with the May 2005 panel, the sample was stratified using new MSA definitions based on the 2000 Metropolitan Statistical Area standards.

## Concepts

Occupational employment is the estimate of total wage and salary employment in an occupation across the industries surveyed. The OES survey defines employment as the number of workers who can be classified as full- or part-time employees, including workers on paid vacations or other types of paid leave; workers on unpaid short-term absences; salaried officers, executives, and staff members of incorporated firms; employees temporarily assigned to other units; and employees for whom the reporting unit is their permanent duty station regardless of whether that unit prepares their paycheck.

Wages for the OES survey are straight-time, gross pay, exclusive of premium pay. Base rate, cost-of-living allowances, guaranteed pay, hazardous-duty pay, incentive pay including commissions and production bonuses, tips, and on-call pay are included. Excluded are: back pay, jury duty pay, overtime pay, severance pay, shift differentials, non-production bonuses, employer cost for supplementary benefits, and tuition reimbursements.

Mean hourly wage. The mean hourly wage rate for an occupation is the total wages that all workers in the occupation earn in an hour divided by the total employment of the occupation. To calculate the mean hourly wage of each occupation, total weighted hourly wages are summed across all intervals and divided by the occupation's weighted survey employment. The mean wage for each interval is based on occupational wage data collected by the BLS Office of Compensation and Working Conditions for the National Compensation Survey (NCS).

Annual Wage. Many employees are paid at an hourly rate by their employers and may work more than or less than 40 hours per week. Annual wage estimates for most occupations in this release are calculated by multiplying the mean hourly wage by a "year-round, full-time" figure of 2,080 hours ( 52 weeks by 40 hours). Thus, annual wage estimates may not represent the actual annual pay received by the employee if they work more or less than 2,080 hours per year. Some workers typically work less than fulltime, year round. For these occupations, the OES survey collects and reports either the annual salary or the hourly wage rate, depending on how the occupation is typically paid, but not both. For example, teachers, flight attendants, and pilots may be paid an annual salary, but do not work the usual 2,080 hours per year. In this case, an annual salary is reported. Other workers, such as entertainment workers, are paid hourly rates, but generally do not work full time, year round. For these workers, only an hourly wage is reported.

Hourly versus Annual Wage Reporting. For each occupation, respondents are asked to report the number of employees paid within specific wage intervals. The intervals are defined both as hourly rates and the corresponding annual rates, where the annual rate for an occupation is calculated by multiplying the hourly wage rate by a typical work year of 2,080 hours. The responding establishment can reference either the hourly or the annual rate for full-time workers, but they are instructed to report the hourly rate for part-time workers.

## Estimation methodology

Each OES panel includes approximately 200,000 establishments. The OES survey is designed to produce estimates using six panels (3 years) of data. The full six-panel sample of 1.2 million establishments allows the production of estimates at detailed levels of geography, industry, and occupation.

Wage Updating. Significant reductions in sampling errors are obtained by combining six panels of data, particularly for small geographic areas and occupations. Wages for the current panel need no adjustment. However, wages in the five previous panels need to be updated to the current panel's reference period.

The OES program uses the BLS Employment Cost Index (ECI) to adjust survey data from prior panels before combining them with the current panel's data. The wage updating procedure adjusts each detailed occupation's wage rate, as measured in the earlier panel, according to the average movement of its broader occupational division. The procedure assumes that there are no major differences by geography, industry, or detailed occupation within the occupational division.

May 2006 OES survey estimates. The May 2006 OES survey estimates are based on all data collected from establishments in the May 2006, November 2005, May 2005, November 2004, May 2004, November 2003 semiannual samples.

Reliability of the estimates. Estimates calculated from a sample survey are subject to two types of error: sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs when estimates are calculated from a subset (that is, a sample) of the population instead of the full population. When a sample of the population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimate of the characteristic of interest may differ from the population value of that characteristic. Differences between the sample estimate and the population value will vary depending on the sample selected. This variability can be estimated by calculating the standard error (SE) of the sample estimate. If we were to repeat the sampling and estimation process countless times using the same survey design, approximately 90 percent of the intervals created by adding and subtracting 1.645 SEs from the sample estimate would include the population value. These intervals are called 90 -percent confidence intervals. The OES survey, however, usually uses the relative standard error (RSE) of a sample estimate instead of its SE to measure sampling error. RSE is defined as the SE of a sample estimate divided by the sample estimate itself. This statistic provides the user with a measure of the relative precision of the sample estimate. RSEs are calculated for both occupational employment and mean wage rate estimates. Occupational employment RSEs are calculated using a subsample, random group replication technique called the jackknife. Mean wage rate RSEs are calculated using a variance components model that accounts for both the observed and unobserved components of the wage data. The variances of the unobserved components are estimated using wage data from the BLS National Compensation Survey. In general, estimates based on many establishments have lower RSEs than estimates based on few establishments. If the distributional assumptions of the models are violated, the resulting confidence intervals may not reflect the prescribed level of confidence.

Nonsampling error occurs for a variety of reasons, none of which are directly connected to sampling. Examples of nonsampling error include: nonresponse, data incorrectly reported by the respondent, mistakes made in entering collected data into the database, and mistakes made in editing and processing the collected data.

## Additional information

The May 2006 OES national data by occupation, comparable to data in table 1, are available on the BLS Web site at http://www.bls.gov/oes. Users also may access each occupation's definition and percentile wages. The May 2006 cross-industry data for states and metropolitan areas are also available on the BLS Web site, as are the industry staffing patterns at the sector, 3-, 4-, and selected 5-digit NAICS levels. These data include industry-specific occupational employment and wage data. A more detailed technical note for OES is available at http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

OES data are available on our regional web page at http://www.bls.gov/ro6/home.htm. If you have additional questions, contact the BLS Southwest Economic Analysis and Information Unit at 214-767-6970. Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006

|  | Employment | Mean wages |  | Median <br> hourly <br> wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) |  |
| All Occupations | 2,808,880 | \$19.20 | \$39,930 | \$14.54 |
| Management occupations | 142,910 | 45.99 | 95,660 | 40.06 |
| Chief executives | 4,670 | 78.93 | 164,170 | (2) |
| General and operations managers | 50,660 | 51.36 | 106,830 | 43.97 |
| Legislators | 140 | (3) | 21,100 | (3) |
| Advertising and promotions managers | 770 | 48.30 | 100,470 | 41.15 |
| Marketing managers | 3,840 | 51.73 | 107,600 | 48.03 |
| Sales managers | 8,580 | 50.27 | 104,570 | 45.69 |
| Public relations managers | 680 | 45.33 | 94,280 | 42.33 |
| Administrative services managers | 7,580 | 37.53 | 78,070 | 35.29 |
| Computer and information systems managers | 6,190 | 52.60 | 109,400 | 50.94 |
| Financial managers | 9,730 | 50.26 | 104,530 | 45.83 |
| Compensation and benefits managers | 1,210 | 45.99 | 95,650 | 43.34 |
| Training and development managers | 550 | 44.19 | 91,920 | 41.33 |
| Human resources managers, all other | 650 | 51.85 | 107,860 | 49.14 |
| Industrial production managers | 3,790 | 46.51 | 96,740 | 42.66 |
| Purchasing managers | 1,470 | 47.14 | 98,050 | 44.49 |
| Transportation, storage, and distribution managers | 2,660 | 36.37 | 75,660 | 33.53 |
| Construction managers | 6,980 | 30.37 | 63,170 | 29.29 |
| Education administrators, preschool and child care center/program | 980 | 17.43 | 36,260 | 16.09 |
| Education administrators, elementary and secondary school | 4,230 | (3) | 68,190 | (3) |
| Education administrators, postsecondary | 690 | 45.40 | 94,440 | 38.02 |
| Education administrators, all other | 450 | 24.89 | 51,780 | 22.47 |
| Engineering managers | 4,500 | 57.24 | 119,050 | 55.15 |
| Food service managers | 4,840 | 26.90 | 55,940 | 24.04 |
| Funeral directors | 280 | 21.28 | 44,260 | 19.95 |
| Lodging managers | 590 | 26.45 | 55,020 | 23.36 |
| Medical and health services managers | 4,910 | 36.84 | 76,620 | 32.41 |
| Natural sciences managers | 400 | 51.57 | 107,270 | 50.57 |
| Postmasters and mail superintendents | 130 | 31.83 | 66,200 | 32.16 |
| Property, real estate, and community association managers | 5,920 | 21.44 | 44,590 | 18.48 |
| Social and community service managers | 1,060 | 26.86 | 55,870 | 24.52 |
| Managers, all other | 3,730 | 44.36 | 92,260 | 42.24 |
| Business and financial operations occupations | 138,230 | 29.00 | 60,330 | 26.19 |
| Agents and business managers of artists, performers, and athletes | 90 | 19.04 | 39,600 | 13.75 |
| Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products | 110 | 30.98 | 64,440 | 30.31 |
| Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products | 3,780 | 27.85 | 57,920 | 24.60 |
| Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products | 5,800 | 25.82 | 53,710 | 24.04 |
| Claims adjusters, examiners, and investigators | 7,120 | 25.66 | 53,380 | 24.65 |
| Insurance appraisers, auto damage | (4) | 22.57 | 46,940 | 22.45 |
| Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction, health and safety, and transportation | 4,700 | 23.93 | 49,770 | 22.11 |
| Cost estimators | 5,180 | 26.69 | 55,510 | 25.48 |
| Emergency management specialists | 50 | 27.40 | 56,990 | 27.69 |
| Employment, recruitment, and placement specialists | 5,970 | 22.51 | 46,830 | 19.80 |
| Compensation, benefits, and job analysis specialists | 2,630 | 25.94 | 53,960 | 24.70 |
| Training and development specialists | 5,170 | 25.20 | 52,410 | 23.63 |
| Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists, all other | 5,930 | 27.46 | 57,110 | 25.58 |
| Logisticians | 1,890 | 28.68 | 59,660 | 26.67 |
| Management analysts | 9,640 | 35.39 | 73,610 | 31.93 |
| Meeting and convention planners | 1,230 | 23.93 | 49,770 | 21.40 |
| Business operations specialists, all other | 20,650 | 29.81 | 62,000 | 28.05 |
| Accountants and auditors | 26,830 | 29.32 | 60,980 | 26.80 |
| Appraisers and assessors of real estate | 1,390 | 33.91 | 70,530 | 32.72 |
| Budget analysts | 1,030 | 29.16 | 60,650 | 28.48 |
| Credit analysts | 2,080 | 29.18 | 60,690 | 25.72 |
| Financial analysts | 6,480 | 38.07 | 79,180 | 31.10 |
| Personal financial advisors | 2,680 | 39.83 | 82,840 | 33.48 |
| Insurance underwriters | 2,380 | 26.09 | 54,260 | 24.70 |
| Financial examiners | 730 | 39.52 | 82,200 | 38.54 |
| Loan counselors | 1,370 | 20.00 | 41,600 | 16.10 |
| Loan officers | 7,710 | 33.69 | 70,080 | 28.34 |
| Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents | 850 | 29.14 | 60,620 | 28.99 |
| Tax preparers | 2,640 | 14.26 | 29,660 | 12.01 |
| Financial specialists, all other | (4) | 29.16 | 60,640 | 25.01 |

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

## Computer and mathematical occupations

Computer and information scientists, research
Computer programmers
Computer software engineers, applications
Computer software engineers, systems software
Computer support specialists
Computer systems analysts
Database administrators
Network and computer systems administrators
Network systems and data communications analysts
Computer specialists, all other
Actuaries
Operations research analysts
Statisticians
Architecture and engineering occupations
Architects, except landscape and naval
Cartographers and photogrammetrists
Surveyors
Aerospace engineers
Biomedical engineers
Chemical engineers
Civil engineers
Computer hardware engineers
Electrical engineers
Electronics engineers, except computer
Environmental engineers
Health and safety engineers, except mining safety engineers and
inspectors
Industrial engineers
Materials engineers
Mechanical engineers
Mining and geological engineers, including mining safety engineers
Petroleum engineers
Engineers, all other
Architectural and civil drafters
Electrical and electronics drafters
Mechanical drafters
Drafters, all other
Aerospace engineering and operations technicians
Civil engineering technicians
Electrical and electronic engineering technicians
Electro-mechanical technicians
Environmental engineering technicians
Industrial engineering technicians
Mechanical engineering technicians
Engineering technicians, except drafters, all other
Surveying and mapping technicians
Life, physical, and social science occupations
Animal scientists
Food scientists and technologists
Biochemists and biophysicists
Microbiologists
Zoologists and wildlife biologists
Biological scientists, all other
Conservation scientists
Epidemiologists
Life scientists, all other
Physicists
Atmospheric and space scientists
Chemists
Materials scientists
Environmental scientists and specialists, including health
Geoscientists, except hydrologists and geographers
Hydrologists
Physical scientists, all other
Economists
Market research analysts

Employment

| 95 |
| :---: |
| 16 |
| 12 |
| 14 |
| 14 |
| 15 |


| 95,880 |
| ---: |
| 250 |

16,080
12,540
14,570
14,480

| 15,840 |
| ---: |
| 4,000 |

4,000
5,050
2,
2,250
520
(4)
$\begin{array}{r}150 \\ 63,870 \\ \hline 3,330\end{array}$
3,330
90 1,130
3,260

260
(4) 540 4,710 1,560
5,280
5,790
(4) $\begin{array}{r}320 \\ \hline 4,250\end{array}$
(4)
4

390
1
$+$
$\square$
2,
$+$
$+$
$\square$

$+$
$+$

-
,
,


See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean wages |  | Median hourly wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) |  |
| Survey researchers | (4) | 22.04 | 45,840 | 18.29 |
| Clinical, counseling, and school psychologists | 820 | 25.19 | 52,390 | 25.09 |
| Psychologists, all other | 70 | 36.03 | 74,940 | 41.02 |
| Urban and regional planners | 380 | 26.63 | 55,400 | 24.80 |
| Social scientists and related workers, all other | 330 | 33.96 | 70,640 | 33.57 |
| Agricultural and food science technicians | (4) | 15.03 | 31,260 | 15.02 |
| Biological technicians | 190 | 23.84 | 49,580 | 19.89 |
| Chemical technicians | 800 | 19.64 | 40,860 | 18.71 |
| Geological and petroleum technicians | 460 | 20.75 | 43,160 | 19.56 |
| Social science research assistants | 200 | 18.94 | 39,390 | 18.35 |
| Environmental science and protection technicians, including health | 480 | 24.34 | 50,620 | 22.19 |
| Forensic science technicians | 370 | 20.97 | 43,630 | 20.55 |
| Community and social services occupations | 17,760 | 18.92 | 39,360 | 17.95 |
| Substance abuse and behavioral disorder counselors | 430 | 16.50 | 34,320 | 16.09 |
| Educational, vocational, and school counselors | 3,810 | 24.38 | 50,710 | 25.00 |
| Mental health counselors | 430 | 18.58 | 38,640 | 17.37 |
| Rehabilitation counselors | 790 | 15.86 | 32,990 | 15.95 |
| Counselors, all other | 1,030 | 26.52 | 55,170 | 26.40 |
| Child, family, and school social workers | 2,680 | 17.98 | 37,400 | 16.97 |
| Medical and public health social workers | 1,840 | 22.12 | 46,010 | 20.34 |
| Mental health and substance abuse social workers | (4) | 14.59 | 30,340 | 14.13 |
| Social workers, all other | 410 | 17.66 | 36,730 | 14.53 |
| Health educators | 660 | 21.12 | 43,930 | 20.03 |
| Probation officers and correctional treatment specialists | 1,460 | 15.85 | 32,980 | 16.02 |
| Social and human service assistants | 2,350 | 9.29 | 19,330 | 7.50 |
| Community and social service specialists, all other | 600 | 20.29 | 42,210 | 20.23 |
| Clergy | (4) | 19.81 | 41,210 | 18.77 |
| Directors, religious activities and education | 90 | 16.35 | 34,010 | 13.17 |
| Legal occupations | 22,870 | 41.86 | 87,070 | 30.54 |
| Lawyers | 12,380 | 58.57 | 121,820 | 55.89 |
| Administrative law judges, adjudicators, and hearing officers | 140 | 46.39 | 96,490 | 45.91 |
| Arbitrators, mediators, and conciliators | 80 | 25.06 | 52,130 | 20.65 |
| Judges, magistrate judges, and magistrates | 440 | 39.77 | 82,720 | 43.38 |
| Paralegals and legal assistants | 5,220 | 22.10 | 45,970 | 21.19 |
| Court reporters | (4) | 26.58 | 55,300 | 28.04 |
| Law clerks | 570 | 15.97 | 33,230 | 14.83 |
| Title examiners, abstractors, and searchers | 2,830 | 19.68 | 40,930 | 18.42 |
| Legal support workers, all other | (4) | 19.70 | 40,970 | 18.14 |
| Education, training, and library occupations | 154,820 | 19.44 | 40,430 | 19.55 |
| Business teachers, postsecondary | 1,030 | (3) | 67,070 | (3) |
| Computer science teachers, postsecondary | 700 | (3) | 60,880 | (3) |
| Mathematical science teachers, postsecondary | 850 | (3) | 45,130 | (3) |
| Engineering teachers, postsecondary | 390 | (3) | 89,630 | (3) |
| Biological science teachers, postsecondary | 860 | (3) | 91,770 | (3) |
| Atmospheric, earth, marine, and space sciences teachers, postsecondary | 350 | (3) | 81,160 | (3) |
| Chemistry teachers, postsecondary | 240 | (3) | 84,830 | (3) |
| Physics teachers, postsecondary | 170 | (3) | 69,380 | (3) |
| Economics teachers, postsecondary | 180 | (3) | 77,050 | (3) |
| Political science teachers, postsecondary | 210 | (3) | 55,000 | (3) |
| Psychology teachers, postsecondary | 510 | (3) | 68,410 | (3) |
| Sociology teachers, postsecondary | 350 | (3) | 48,990 | (3) |
| Nursing instructors and teachers, postsecondary | 500 | (3) | 48,120 | (3) |
| Education teachers, postsecondary | 720 | (3) | 52,520 | (3) |
| Criminal justice and law enforcement teachers, postsecondary | 180 | (3) | 53,520 | (3) |
| Social work teachers, postsecondary | (4) | (3) | 51,710 | (3) |
| Art, drama, and music teachers, postsecondary | 1,170 | (3) | 51,800 | (3) |
| Communications teachers, postsecondary | 800 | (3) | 47,240 | (3) |
| English language and literature teachers, postsecondary | 780 | (3) | 43,180 | (3) |
| Foreign language and literature teachers, postsecondary | 330 | (3) | 58,540 | (3) |
| History teachers, postsecondary | 370 | (3) | 49,700 | (3) |
| Philosophy and religion teachers, postsecondary | 420 | (3) | 63,050 | (3) |
| Graduate teaching assistants | (4) | (3) | 26,430 | (3) |
| Home economics teachers, postsecondary | 230 | (3) | 62,800 | (3) |
| Recreation and fitness studies teachers, postsecondary | 510 | (3) | 45,260 | (3) |
| Vocational education teachers, postsecondary | 3,030 | 16.64 | 34,600 | 15.39 |
| Preschool teachers, except special education | 9,310 | 10.08 | 20,960 | 8.92 |
| Kindergarten teachers, except special education | 2,810 | (3) | 43,130 | (3) |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)


See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean wages |  | Median hourly wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) |  |
| Internists, general | 280 | 87.18 | 181,340 | (2) |
| Obstetricians and gynecologists | 890 | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Pediatricians, general | 900 | 85.85 | 178,560 | (2) |
| Psychiatrists | (4) | 86.84 | 180,620 | (2) |
| Surgeons | 1,110 | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Physicians and surgeons, all other | 2,750 | 87.60 | 182,210 | (2) |
| Physician assistants | 1,160 | 42.18 | 87,740 | 40.75 |
| Podiatrists | (4) | 64.57 | 134,310 | 69.85 |
| Registered nurses | 38,740 | 28.37 | 59,010 | 27.46 |
| Audiologists | 100 | 28.49 | 59,270 | 27.93 |
| Occupational therapists | 1,820 | 33.02 | 68,690 | 31.98 |
| Physical therapists | 2,520 | 36.88 | 76,720 | 35.09 |
| Radiation therapists | 160 | 32.96 | 68,550 | 33.63 |
| Recreational therapists | 130 | 18.83 | 39,160 | 18.86 |
| Respiratory therapists | 1,530 | 22.79 | 47,400 | 22.26 |
| Speech-language pathologists | 2,420 | 27.49 | 57,180 | 25.35 |
| Therapists, all other | 80 | 24.10 | 50,130 | 23.09 |
| Veterinarians | 870 | 37.92 | 78,860 | 34.73 |
| Medical and clinical laboratory technologists | 3,210 | 22.97 | 47,780 | 22.59 |
| Medical and clinical laboratory technicians | 3,280 | 14.60 | 30,370 | 14.00 |
| Dental hygienists | 2,590 | 32.85 | 68,330 | 34.41 |
| Cardiovascular technologists and technicians | 810 | 20.52 | 42,670 | 20.35 |
| Diagnostic medical sonographers | 810 | 29.97 | 62,330 | 29.77 |
| Nuclear medicine technologists | 350 | 30.47 | 63,370 | 30.37 |
| Radiologic technologists and technicians | 3,510 | 23.44 | 48,760 | 23.83 |
| Emergency medical technicians and paramedics | 2,010 | 14.05 | 29,210 | 13.78 |
| Dietetic technicians | 340 | 10.80 | 22,450 | 10.07 |
| Pharmacy technicians | 5,660 | 13.67 | 28,420 | 13.58 |
| Psychiatric technicians | 190 | 12.40 | 25,800 | 12.57 |
| Respiratory therapy technicians | 540 | 19.27 | 40,070 | 19.35 |
| Surgical technologists | 1,440 | 17.64 | 36,690 | 17.75 |
| Veterinary technologists and technicians | 1,760 | 11.83 | 24,600 | 11.73 |
| Licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses | 13,860 | 18.81 | 39,120 | 18.79 |
| Medical records and health information technicians | 2,370 | 14.00 | 29,120 | 12.90 |
| Opticians, dispensing | 1,430 | 14.48 | 30,110 | 13.31 |
| Orthotists and prosthetists | (4) | 32.60 | 67,810 | 33.12 |
| Health technologists and technicians, all other | 1,600 | 15.76 | 32,780 | 14.53 |
| Occupational health and safety specialists | 650 | 27.92 | 58,060 | 27.20 |
| Occupational health and safety technicians | 200 | 18.57 | 38,630 | 19.10 |
| Athletic trainers | 880 | (3) | 39,660 | (3) |
| Healthcare support occupations | 51,450 | 11.73 | 24,390 | 10.94 |
| Home health aides | 7,650 | 9.55 | 19,860 | 9.34 |
| Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants | 20,370 | 10.39 | 21,610 | 10.23 |
| Psychiatric aides | 630 | 10.19 | 21,200 | 10.04 |
| Occupational therapist assistants | 490 | 23.14 | 48,120 | 23.33 |
| Physical therapist assistants | 770 | 23.51 | 48,910 | 22.77 |
| Physical therapist aides | 930 | 10.26 | 21,330 | 10.33 |
| Massage therapists | 810 | 13.96 | 29,030 | 13.71 |
| Dental assistants | 5,380 | 14.23 | 29,600 | 13.92 |
| Medical assistants | 9,200 | 12.87 | 26,770 | 12.62 |
| Medical equipment preparers | 860 | 12.94 | 26,920 | 12.23 |
| Medical transcriptionists | 790 | 16.74 | 34,820 | 16.74 |
| Pharmacy aides | 520 | 11.01 | 22,900 | 10.88 |
| Veterinary assistants and laboratory animal caretakers | 1,200 | 10.05 | 20,890 | 10.06 |
| Healthcare support workers, all other | 1,830 | 13.45 | 27,980 | 12.99 |
| Protective service occupations | 57,080 | 17.60 | 36,600 | 15.54 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of correctional officers | 100 | 26.04 | 54,160 | 26.77 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of police and detectives | (4) | 36.16 | 75,220 | 36.15 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of fire fighting \& prevention workers | 260 | 35.48 | 73,800 | 35.71 |
| First-line supervisors/managers, protective service workers, all other | 840 | 22.38 | 46,540 | 18.63 |
| Fire fighters | 6,960 | 23.33 | 48,520 | 23.39 |
| Fire inspectors and investigators | 270 | 27.73 | 57,670 | 27.67 |
| Bailiffs | (4) | 16.60 | 34,520 | 17.22 |
| Correctional officers and jailers | 4,470 | 14.95 | 31,090 | 14.16 |
| Detectives and criminal investigators | 1,460 | 28.20 | 58,660 | 25.82 |
| Parking enforcement workers | 140 | 12.52 | 26,050 | 12.74 |
| Police and sheriff's patrol officers | 13,340 | 24.00 | 49,910 | 23.71 |

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean | wages | Median hourly |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) | S |
| Animal control workers | 350 | 15.19 | 31,600 | 14.65 |
| Private detectives and investigators | 1,490 | 18.70 | 38,890 | 17.38 |
| Security guards | 23,030 | 12.19 | 25,360 | 10.54 |
| Crossing guards | 710 | 8.74 | 18,170 | 8.91 |
| Lifeguards, ski patrol, \& other recreational protective service workers | 2,210 | 7.87 | 16,370 | 7.79 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations | 223,240 | 8.14 | 16,920 | 7.11 |
| Chefs and head cooks | 1,390 | 18.98 | 39,480 | 17.12 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of food preparation \& serving workers | 20,960 | 12.81 | 26,650 | 11.71 |
| Cooks, fast food | 7,260 | 7.10 | 14,770 | 6.87 |
| Cooks, institution and cafeteria | 5,190 | 8.80 | 18,300 | 8.51 |
| Cooks, restaurant | 17,490 | 9.20 | 19,130 | 8.76 |
| Cooks, short order | 3,180 | 9.22 | 19,180 | 8.69 |
| Cooks, all other | (4) | 8.87 | 18,450 | 8.48 |
| Food preparation workers | 7,700 | 8.44 | 17,560 | 8.21 |
| Bartenders | 6,040 | 8.02 | 16,680 | 6.77 |
| Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food | 67,070 | 7.20 | 14,970 | 6.78 |
| Counter attendants, cafeteria, food concession, and coffee shop | 9,280 | 8.14 | 16,930 | 7.21 |
| Waiters and waitresses | 48,430 | 7.20 | 14,970 | 6.54 |
| Food servers, nonrestaurant | 2,420 | 7.82 | 16,270 | 7.63 |
| Dining room and cafeteria attendants and bartender helpers | 8,660 | 6.89 | 14,330 | 6.66 |
| Dishwashers | 7,570 | 7.07 | 14,700 | 6.95 |
| Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop | 8,250 | 7.12 | 14,810 | 6.75 |
| Food preparation and serving related workers, all other | (4) | 9.80 | 20,390 | 9.50 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 77,100 | 9.68 | 20,140 | 8.68 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping and janitorial workers | 3,900 | 15.10 | 31,420 | 14.35 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers | 2,480 | 16.64 | 34,610 | 15.63 |
| Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners | 34,220 | 8.84 | 18,380 | 8.26 |
| Maids and housekeeping cleaners | 17,120 | 8.06 | 16,760 | 7.96 |
| Building cleaning workers, all other | 130 | 11.66 | 24,260 | 10.69 |
| Pest control workers | 1,020 | 17.59 | 36,590 | 17.06 |
| Landscaping and groundskeeping workers | 17,350 | 9.99 | 20,780 | 9.23 |
| Pesticide handlers, sprayers, and applicators, vegetation | (4) | 15.48 | 32,200 | 15.31 |
| Tree trimmers and pruners | (4) | 11.42 | 23,760 | 10.47 |
| Grounds maintenance workers, all other | 200 | (5) | (5) | (5) |
| Personal care and service occupations | 61,280 | 12.20 | 25,380 | 8.41 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers | 2,300 | 16.18 | 33,650 | 15.10 |
| Animal trainers | 120 | 15.05 | 31,300 | 15.34 |
| Nonfarm animal caretakers | 2,440 | 9.35 | 19,440 | 8.47 |
| Motion picture projectionists | 140 | 7.45 | 15,490 | 6.91 |
| Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers | 3,110 | 7.97 | 16,570 | 7.06 |
| Amusement and recreation attendants | 5,070 | 8.37 | 17,410 | 7.35 |
| Locker room, coatroom, and dressing room attendants | 340 | 9.07 | 18,870 | 8.56 |
| Entertainment attendants and related workers, all other | 1,810 | 9.00 | 18,720 | 8.36 |
| Embalmers | (4) | 15.34 | 31,900 | 14.86 |
| Funeral attendants | 580 | 9.69 | 20,160 | 8.80 |
| Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists | 6,570 | 11.05 | 22,990 | 9.49 |
| Makeup artists, theatrical and performance | 90 | 13.88 | 28,870 | 10.79 |
| Manicurists and pedicurists | 290 | 10.48 | 21,800 | 9.35 |
| Shampooers | 200 | 7.33 | 15,240 | 6.91 |
| Skin care specialists | 260 | 16.03 | 33,330 | 15.87 |
| Baggage porters and bellhops | 600 | 8.67 | 18,030 | 7.59 |
| Concierges | 690 | 12.03 | 25,020 | 11.69 |
| Tour guides and escorts | 310 | 11.91 | 24,770 | 10.80 |
| Transportation attendants, except flight attendants \& baggage porters | 610 | 11.74 | 24,410 | 10.72 |
| Child care workers | 7,540 | 7.86 | 16,350 | 7.33 |
| Personal and home care aides | 14,590 | 7.22 | 15,020 | 6.70 |
| Fitness trainers and aerobics instructors | 3,390 | 21.06 | 43,800 | 16.43 |
| Recreation workers | 2,970 | 11.08 | 23,040 | 9.63 |
| Residential advisors | 390 | 10.45 | 21,730 | 9.85 |
| Personal care and service workers, all other | 650 | 10.62 | 22,080 | 8.78 |
| Sales and related occupations | 323,110 | 18.02 | 37,480 | 11.95 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers | 25,750 | 18.63 | 38,760 | 16.48 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers | 8,820 | 36.71 | 76,350 | 32.96 |
| Cashiers | 66,180 | 8.42 | 17,510 | 8.19 |
| Gaming change persons and booth cashiers | 110 | (5) | (5) | (5) |
| Counter and rental clerks | 9,670 | 12.62 | 26,260 | 9.28 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean wages |  | Median hourly wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) |  |
| Parts salespersons | 5,390 | 13.59 | 28,260 | 11.66 |
| Retail salespersons | 94,910 | 11.49 | 23,910 | 9.52 |
| Advertising sales agents | 2,480 | 21.70 | 45,140 | 18.83 |
| Insurance sales agents | (4) | 27.75 | 57,710 | 20.71 |
| Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents | 6,110 | 41.51 | 86,350 | 31.77 |
| Travel agents | 2,170 | (5) | (5) | (5) |
| Sales representatives, services, all other | 13,150 | 28.67 | 59,630 | 25.08 |
| Sales representatives, wholesale \& mfg, technical \& scientific products | 11,680 | 34.94 | 72,670 | 32.26 |
| Sales reps, wholesale \& mfg, except technical \& scientific products | 41,300 | 29.10 | 60,530 | 24.64 |
| Demonstrators and product promoters | 4,490 | 11.15 | 23,190 | 10.44 |
| Real estate brokers | 1,770 | 47.37 | 98,540 | 46.91 |
| Real estate sales agents | (4) | 29.64 | 61,650 | 15.43 |
| Sales engineers | 3,600 | 44.48 | 92,510 | 42.65 |
| Telemarketers | 9,140 | 12.23 | 25,440 | 11.34 |
| Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, \& related workers | 50 | 13.92 | 28,950 | 14.29 |
| Sales and related workers, all other | 2,440 | 20.25 | 42,110 | 16.33 |
| Office and administrative support occupations | 538,040 | 14.87 | 30,940 | 13.87 |
| First-line supervisors/mgrs of office \& administrative support workers | 35,390 | 22.66 | 47,130 | 21.35 |
| Switchboard operators, including answering service | 3,270 | 11.11 | 23,100 | 10.83 |
| Bill and account collectors | 14,790 | 15.11 | 31,430 | 14.84 |
| Billing and posting clerks and machine operators | 11,230 | 14.63 | 30,440 | 14.41 |
| Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks | 39,350 | 15.43 | 32,090 | 15.02 |
| Payroll and timekeeping clerks | 3,740 | 15.77 | 32,810 | 15.71 |
| Procurement clerks | 1,880 | 17.05 | 35,450 | 16.37 |
| Tellers | 11,200 | 11.27 | 23,440 | 11.04 |
| Brokerage clerks | 1,190 | 18.66 | 38,820 | 18.58 |
| Correspondence clerks | 560 | 15.14 | 31,480 | 14.76 |
| Court, municipal, and license clerks | 940 | 14.58 | 30,320 | 14.29 |
| Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks | 2,550 | 16.51 | 34,350 | 15.90 |
| Customer service representatives | 73,630 | 14.70 | 30,570 | 13.95 |
| Eligibility interviewers, government programs | 920 | 19.74 | 41,050 | 20.75 |
| File clerks | 5,600 | 12.51 | 26,030 | 11.68 |
| Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks | 3,450 | 8.92 | 18,540 | 8.82 |
| Interviewers, except eligibility and loan | 5,200 | 13.28 | 27,620 | 13.23 |
| Library assistants, clerical | 1,150 | 10.28 | 21,390 | 10.34 |
| Loan interviewers and clerks | 7,240 | 17.45 | 36,300 | 16.93 |
| New accounts clerks | 1,850 | 15.17 | 31,550 | 15.14 |
| Order clerks | 5,480 | 13.24 | 27,530 | 11.99 |
| Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping | 3,040 | 16.78 | 34,910 | 16.26 |
| Receptionists and information clerks | 25,880 | 11.69 | 24,310 | 11.66 |
| All other information and record clerks | 4,110 | 16.76 | 34,860 | 15.32 |
| Cargo and freight agents | 3,090 | 16.29 | 33,890 | 15.39 |
| Couriers and messengers | 2,330 | 11.95 | 24,860 | 11.84 |
| Police, fire, and ambulance dispatchers | 1,820 | 16.09 | 33,480 | 16.18 |
| Dispatchers, except police, fire, and ambulance | 4,450 | 16.25 | 33,810 | 15.46 |
| Meter readers, utilities | 820 | 13.61 | 28,300 | 13.40 |
| Postal service clerks | 1,400 | 21.46 | 44,630 | 21.76 |
| Postal service mail carriers | 6,310 | 21.19 | 44,080 | 21.44 |
| Postal service mail sorters, processors, \& processing machine operators | 5,870 | 20.48 | 42,590 | 21.44 |
| Production, planning, and expediting clerks | 8,210 | 19.04 | 39,610 | 18.12 |
| Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks | 19,000 | 12.32 | 25,620 | 11.67 |
| Stock clerks and order fillers | 35,760 | 10.87 | 22,600 | 10.20 |
| Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping | 2,170 | 13.71 | 28,520 | 13.33 |
| Executive secretaries and administrative assistants | 42,080 | 18.65 | 38,790 | 17.86 |
| Legal secretaries | 4,510 | 21.70 | 45,140 | 22.51 |
| Medical secretaries | 3,660 | 13.36 | 27,790 | 13.12 |
| Secretaries, except legal, medical, and executive | 39,970 | 12.90 | 26,830 | 12.70 |
| Computer operators | 2,760 | 17.20 | 35,770 | 16.43 |
| Data entry keyers | 7,830 | 12.57 | 26,140 | 12.08 |
| Word processors and typists | 1,730 | 16.32 | 33,950 | 16.22 |
| Desktop publishers | 1,110 | 16.59 | 34,510 | 16.26 |
| Insurance claims and policy processing clerks | 5,790 | 14.62 | 30,420 | 14.08 |
| Mail clerks and mail machine operators, except postal service | 4,200 | 11.76 | 24,460 | 11.51 |
| Office clerks, general | 53,310 | 11.65 | 24,240 | 11.08 |
| Office machine operators, except computer | (4) | 12.97 | 26,980 | 12.76 |
| Proofreaders and copy markers | 340 | 14.80 | 30,770 | 14.72 |
| Office and administrative support workers, all other | 2,960 | 16.73 | 34,800 | 16.20 |

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

## Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations

First-line supervisors/mgrs of farming, fishing, \& forestry workers
Agricultural inspectors
Graders and sorters, agricultural products
Agricultural equipment operators
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse
Farmworkers, farm and ranch animals
Construction and extraction occupations
First-line supervisors/mgrs of construction trades \& extraction workers Boilermakers
Brickmasons and blockmasons
Stonemasons
Carpenters
Carpet installers
Tile and marble setters
Cement masons and concrete finishers
Terrazzo workers and finishers
Construction laborers
Paving, surfacing, and tamping equipment operators
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators
Drywall and ceiling tile installers
Tapers
Electricians
Glaziers
Insulation workers, floor, ceiling, and wall
Insulation workers, mechanical
Painters, construction and maintenance
Paperhangers
Pipelayers
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters
Plasterers and stucco masons
Reinforcing iron and rebar workers
Roofers
Sheet metal workers
Structural iron and steel workers
Helpers--brickmasons, blockmasons, stonemasons, \& tile \& marble setters Helpers--carpenters
Helpers--electricians
Helpers--painters, paperhangers, plasterers, and stucco masons
Helpers--pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters
Helpers--roofers
Helpers, construction trades, all other
Construction and building inspectors
Elevator installers and repairers
Fence erectors
Hazardous materials removal workers
Highway maintenance workers
Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe cleaners
Construction and related workers, all other
Derrick operators, oil and gas
Rotary drill operators, oil and gas
Earth drillers, except oil and gas
Roustabouts, oil and gas
Helpers--extraction workers
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, \& repairers Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers
Telecommunications equip. installers \& repairers, except line installers Avionics technicians
Electric motor, power tool, and related repairers
Electrical \& electronics installers \& repairers, transportation equip. Electrical \& electronics repairers, commercial \& industrial equipment Electrical and electronics repairers, powerhouse, substation, \& relay Electronic equipment installers and repairers, motor vehicles
Electronic home entertainment equipment installers and repairers
Security and fire alarm systems installers
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians

Employment

Median
hourly
wages

| 2,000 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | 70 |
|  | 60 |
|  | 7,090 |

2,000
70
60
60
220

1,09
3
11

1
.


$+$

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean wages |  | Median hourly wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) |  |
| Automotive body and related repairers | 3,800 | 16.56 | 34,450 | 14.12 |
| Automotive glass installers and repairers | 280 | 12.94 | 26,910 | 12.52 |
| Automotive service technicians and mechanics | 12,540 | 16.72 | 34,780 | 15.49 |
| Bus and truck mechanics and diesel engine specialists | 4,950 | 18.02 | 37,490 | 18.35 |
| Farm equipment mechanics | 100 | 13.94 | 29,000 | 14.12 |
| Mobile heavy equipment mechanics, except engines | 1,800 | 17.22 | 35,820 | 17.08 |
| Rail car repairers | 180 | 18.04 | 37,520 | 16.73 |
| Motorboat mechanics | 160 | 14.81 | 30,800 | 14.17 |
| Motorcycle mechanics | 200 | 20.58 | 42,810 | 17.99 |
| Outdoor power equipment and other small engine mechanics | 490 | 13.04 | 27,130 | 12.11 |
| Recreational vehicle service technicians | (4) | 17.53 | 36,460 | 17.85 |
| Tire repairers and changers | 2,060 | 11.44 | 23,790 | 10.85 |
| Mechanical door repairers | (4) | 16.35 | 34,010 | 14.56 |
| Control and valve installers and repairers, except mechanical door | 690 | 18.05 | 37,550 | 17.81 |
| Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers | 6,360 | 18.85 | 39,210 | 18.40 |
| Home appliance repairers | 830 | 17.18 | 35,730 | 14.27 |
| Industrial machinery mechanics | 4,780 | 19.81 | 41,200 | 19.48 |
| Maintenance and repair workers, general | 25,580 | 15.00 | 31,190 | 14.23 |
| Maintenance workers, machinery | 770 | 17.02 | 35,390 | 15.27 |
| Millwrights | 470 | 20.25 | 42,110 | 19.17 |
| Electrical power-line installers and repairers | (4) | 19.45 | 40,450 | 18.16 |
| Telecommunications line installers and repairers | 4,430 | 19.46 | 40,470 | 20.89 |
| Medical equipment repairers | 680 | 21.11 | 43,910 | 20.99 |
| Musical instrument repairers and tuners | (4) | 13.45 | 27,970 | 12.47 |
| Precision instrument and equipment repairers, all other | 70 | 20.79 | 43,250 | 21.15 |
| Coin, vending, and amusement machine servicers and repairers | 690 | 13.43 | 27,930 | 12.91 |
| Locksmiths and safe repairers | 280 | 17.26 | 35,910 | 16.78 |
| Manufactured building and mobile home installers | (4) | 13.15 | 27,350 | 13.25 |
| Riggers | (4) | 18.59 | 38,670 | 18.60 |
| Helpers--installation, maintenance, and repair workers | 4,080 | 10.87 | 22,600 | 10.33 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair workers, all other | 1,270 | 15.61 | 32,470 | 14.82 |
| Production occupations | 211,920 | 13.58 | 28,240 | 11.88 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of production and operating workers | 15,140 | 23.57 | 49,030 | 22.51 |
| Coil winders, tapers, and finishers | (4) | 13.33 | 27,730 | 14.48 |
| Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers | 6,360 | 14.79 | 30,770 | 13.89 |
| Electromechanical equipment assemblers | 2,020 | 12.25 | 25,480 | 11.42 |
| Engine and other machine assemblers | (4) | 20.51 | 42,660 | 21.42 |
| Structural metal fabricators and fitters | 2,630 | 12.87 | 26,760 | 12.28 |
| Fiberglass laminators and fabricators | (4) | 16.31 | 33,910 | 15.72 |
| Team assemblers | 22,920 | 10.76 | 22,380 | 10.00 |
| Assemblers and fabricators, all other | 7,130 | 15.58 | 32,410 | 10.87 |
| Bakers | 1,790 | 10.54 | 21,920 | 10.40 |
| Butchers and meat cutters | 2,010 | 12.51 | 26,010 | 12.54 |
| Slaughterers and meat packers | 850 | 8.24 | 17,140 | 8.23 |
| Food and tobacco roasting, baking, and drying machine operators and tenders | 170 | 12.43 | 25,850 | 11.55 |
| Food batchmakers | 2,760 | 9.44 | 19,640 | 8.62 |
| Food cooking machine operators and tenders | 820 | 11.08 | 23,050 | 10.51 |
| Computer-controlled machine tool operators, metal and plastic | 1,840 | 13.99 | 29,090 | 13.47 |
| Numerical tool and process control programmers | 380 | 18.41 | 38,300 | 14.60 |
| Extruding \& drawing machine setters, operators, \& tenders, metal/plastic | 2,590 | 13.09 | 27,220 | 13.02 |
| Forging machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic | 610 | 13.55 | 28,190 | 13.43 |
| Rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic | 930 | 12.26 | 25,500 | 12.15 |
| plastic | 5,950 | 11.08 | 23,050 | 10.35 |
| Drilling \& boring machine tool setters, operators, \& tenders, metal/plastic | 800 | 11.77 | 24,480 | 11.29 |
| tenders, metal \& plastic | 2,020 | 12.00 | 24,960 | 11.12 |
| Lathe \& turning machine tool setters, operators, \& tenders, metal \& plastic | 1,490 | 13.71 | 28,510 | 13.29 |
| Milling \& planing machine setters, operators, \& tenders, metal \& plastic | 410 | 13.18 | 27,400 | 12.93 |
| Machinists | 6,960 | 15.44 | 32,120 | 15.11 |
| Metal-refining furnace operators and tenders | 160 | 12.27 | 25,520 | 11.99 |
| Pourers and casters, metal | 130 | 12.91 | 26,840 | 13.13 |
| Patternmakers, metal and plastic | 80 | 14.23 | 29,590 | 14.67 |
| Foundry mold and coremakers | 250 | 10.54 | 21,920 | 9.81 |
| metal and plastic | 2,190 | 11.60 | 24,130 | 11.16 |
| Multiple machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal \& plastic | 1,780 | 12.26 | 25,500 | 11.17 |
| Tool and die makers | 1,100 | 18.57 | 38,630 | 18.26 |
| Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers | 9,180 | 14.45 | 30,060 | 13.59 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean | wages | Median hourly |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) | wages |
| Welding, soldering, and brazing machine setters, operators, \& tenders | 720 | 13.39 | 27,840 | 12.57 |
| Heat treating equipment setters, operators, \& tenders, metal \& plastic | (4) | 11.47 | 23,850 | 10.87 |
| Lay-out workers, metal and plastic | 270 | 14.08 | 29,290 | 12.92 |
| Plating \& coating machine setters, operators, \& tenders, metal \& plastic | 1,010 | 11.07 | 23,030 | 10.49 |
| Tool grinders, filers, and sharpeners | 100 | 13.23 | 27,520 | 12.42 |
| Bindery workers | 1,600 | 11.96 | 24,880 | 10.95 |
| Bookbinders | 200 | 19.15 | 39,830 | 16.08 |
| Job printers | 810 | 14.30 | 29,750 | 14.35 |
| Prepress technicians and workers | 2,530 | 15.23 | 31,670 | 14.22 |
| Printing machine operators | 4,200 | 17.12 | 35,600 | 15.66 |
| Laundry and dry-cleaning workers | 4,450 | 8.24 | 17,140 | 8.02 |
| Pressers, textile, garment, and related materials | 2,270 | 7.81 | 16,240 | 7.59 |
| Sewing machine operators | 3,110 | 9.56 | 19,890 | 9.27 |
| Shoe and leather workers and repairers | 190 | 9.66 | 20,100 | 8.94 |
| Tailors, dressmakers, and custom sewers | 630 | 12.36 | 25,700 | 11.10 |
| Textile bleaching and dyeing machine operators and tenders | (4) | 11.21 | 23,320 | 11.25 |
| Textile cutting machine setters, operators, and tenders | 370 | 11.54 | 24,000 | 11.88 |
| Textile knitting and weaving machine setters, operators, and tenders | 60 | 11.05 | 22,980 | 11.91 |
| Textile winding, twisting, and drawing out machine setters, operators, and tenders | (4) | 14.63 | 30,420 | 13.79 |
| Extruding and forming machine setters, operators, and tenders, synthetic and glass fibers | 240 | 12.43 | 25,860 | 11.24 |
| Fabric and apparel patternmakers | 100 | 12.93 | 26,900 | 11.98 |
| Upholsterers | 880 | 12.06 | 25,090 | 11.20 |
| Cabinetmakers and bench carpenters | 3,720 | 11.69 | 24,310 | 11.41 |
| Furniture finishers | 550 | 11.07 | 23,020 | 10.21 |
| Model makers, wood | 130 | 11.49 | 23,900 | 10.43 |
| Patternmakers, wood | 70 | 9.70 | 20,170 | 9.64 |
| Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood | 1,180 | 9.64 | 20,040 | 8.82 |
| Woodworking machine setters, operators, and tenders, except sawing | 2,060 | 9.96 | 20,720 | 9.82 |
| Power plant operators | 330 | 24.55 | 51,060 | 24.31 |
| Stationary engineers and boiler operators | 670 | 19.70 | 40,980 | 19.26 |
| Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators | 1,920 | 16.61 | 34,540 | 16.04 |
| Chemical plant and system operators | 600 | 23.71 | 49,320 | 24.12 |
| Gas plant operators | 120 | 25.02 | 52,040 | 25.59 |
| Petroleum pump system operators, refinery operators, and gaugers | 220 | 22.46 | 46,720 | 21.87 |
| Plant and system operators, all other | (4) | 23.33 | 48,520 | 24.94 |
| Chemical equipment operators and tenders | 620 | 21.36 | 44,440 | 20.91 |
| Separating, filtering, clarifying, precipitating, and still machine setters, operators, and tenders | 900 | 16.29 | 33,890 | 15.76 |
| Crushing, grinding, \& polishing machine setters, operators, \& tenders | 1,610 | 11.21 | 23,320 | 10.49 |
| Grinding and polishing workers, hand | 950 | 10.16 | 21,140 | 9.47 |
| Mixing and blending machine setters, operators, and tenders | 5,060 | 12.39 | 25,770 | 11.90 |
| Cutters and trimmers, hand | 480 | 10.89 | 22,650 | 10.35 |
| Cutting and slicing machine setters, operators, and tenders | 2,710 | 11.38 | 23,680 | 10.69 |
| Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders | 1,830 | 11.88 | 24,710 | 11.26 |
| Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders | 530 | 11.85 | 24,650 | 11.14 |
| Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers | 10,230 | 14.62 | 30,410 | 13.19 |
| Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers | 280 | 17.13 | 35,640 | 15.54 |
| Dental laboratory technicians | 690 | 15.89 | 33,040 | 13.85 |
| Medical appliance technicians | (4) | 15.95 | 33,170 | 11.97 |
| Ophthalmic laboratory technicians | (4) | 11.31 | 23,510 | 10.58 |
| Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders | 10,030 | 10.94 | 22,750 | 9.95 |
| Coating, painting, and spraying machine setters, operators, \& tenders | 2,190 | 11.58 | 24,080 | 10.95 |
| Painters, transportation equipment | 1,530 | 19.53 | 40,620 | 18.22 |
| Painting, coating, and decorating workers | 540 | 11.27 | 23,450 | 10.76 |
| Photographic process workers | (4) | 10.41 | 21,650 | 8.49 |
| Photographic processing machine operators | 1,190 | 10.64 | 22,130 | 10.19 |
| Semiconductor processors | 3,170 | 14.32 | 29,780 | 14.10 |
| Cementing and gluing machine operators and tenders | 970 | 10.36 | 21,540 | 9.77 |
| Cleaning, washing, and metal pickling equipment operators and tenders | 610 | 9.90 | 20,580 | 8.88 |
| Cooling and freezing equipment operators and tenders | (4) | 9.97 | 20,730 | 8.68 |
| Etchers and engravers | (4) | 15.79 | 32,840 | 15.51 |
| Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic | 760 | 11.13 | 23,140 | 10.11 |
| Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders | 2,260 | 13.50 | 28,080 | 13.47 |
| Helpers--production workers | 9,400 | 8.77 | 18,240 | 8.29 |
| Production workers, all other | 3,290 | 14.85 | 30,890 | 13.27 |

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX, Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2006 (continued)

|  | Employment | Mean | vages | Median hourly |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hourly | Annual (1) | wages |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 216,640 | 14.41 | 29,970 | 11.67 |
| Aircraft cargo handling supervisors | 90 | 23.85 | 49,600 | 23.18 |
| First-line supervisors/mgrs of helpers,laborers \& material movers, hand | 4,630 | 19.45 | 40,460 | 18.83 |
| operators | 4,310 | 24.84 | 51,670 | 23.41 |
| Commercial pilots | 700 | (3) | 84,220 | (3) |
| Air traffic controllers | 1,120 | 53.86 | 112,020 | 59.12 |
| Airfield operations specialists | 130 | 25.64 | 53,330 | 23.49 |
| Ambulance drivers and attendants, except emergency medical technicians | 80 | 14.15 | 29,430 | 13.44 |
| Bus drivers, school | 7,470 | 11.09 | 23,070 | 11.06 |
| Driver/sales workers | 11,250 | 8.70 | 18,100 | 6.89 |
| Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer | 39,820 | 18.31 | 38,070 | 17.06 |
| Truck drivers, light or delivery services | 24,330 | 12.78 | 26,580 | 12.28 |
| Taxi drivers and chauffeurs | 2,530 | 9.67 | 20,120 | 9.16 |
| Motor vehicle operators, all other | ( 4 ) | 9.61 | 19,990 | 7.48 |
| Rail yard engineers, dinkey operators, and hostlers | 190 | 17.79 | 36,990 | 15.98 |
| Subway and streetcar operators | 230 | 19.96 | 41,520 | 18.81 |
| Parking lot attendants | 3,830 | 8.63 | 17,940 | 8.13 |
| Service station attendants | 2,360 | 9.03 | 18,780 | 8.65 |
| Traffic technicians | 180 | 18.97 | 39,450 | 18.41 |
| Transportation inspectors | 850 | 25.33 | 52,690 | 19.26 |
| Transportation workers, all other | 640 | 13.28 | 27,620 | 11.98 |
| Conveyor operators and tenders | 1,290 | 12.70 | 26,420 | 12.92 |
| Crane and tower operators | 1,020 | 16.05 | 33,380 | 15.12 |
| Excavating and loading machine and dragline operators | 1,000 | 14.38 | 29,920 | 13.87 |
| Industrial truck and tractor operators | 15,640 | 12.36 | 25,710 | 11.81 |
| Cleaners of vehicles and equipment | 8,090 | 9.83 | 20,450 | 8.64 |
| Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand | 57,720 | 10.51 | 21,860 | 10.02 |
| Machine feeders and offbearers | 1,600 | 11.17 | 23,230 | 10.86 |
| Packers and packagers, hand | 15,650 | 9.18 | 19,100 | 8.19 |
| Pump operators, except wellhead pumpers | 80 | (5) | (5) | (5) |
| Refuse and recyclable material collectors | 1,480 | 15.91 | 33,100 | 14.55 |
| Tank car, truck, and ship loaders | ( 4 ) | 14.32 | 29,790 | 14.22 |
| Material moving workers, all other | 130 | 17.15 | 35,680 | 18.27 |

(1) Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a 'year-round, full-time' hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.
(2) Represents a wage above $\$ 70.00$ per hour.
(3) Hourly wage rates for occupations where workers typically work fewer than 2,080 hours per year are not available.
(4) Indicates that an employment estimate is not available.
(5) Indicates that a wage estimate is not available.
(6) There is a wide variation in the number of hours worked by those employed as actors, dancers, singers, and musicians. Many jobs are for the duration of 1 day or 1 week, and it is extremely rare for a performer to have guaranteed employment for a period that exceeds 3 to 6 months. Therefore only hourly wages are available for for these occupations.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) consists of Collin, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Parker, Rockwall, Tarrant, and Wise Counties, Texas. Dallas-Fort Worth, the DallasFort Worth metropolitan area, and other such abbreviations, are used interchangeably to refer to the officially designated MSA.

