

# Highlights of Women's Earnings in 1998



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## Introduction

In 1998, women earned about 76 percent as much as men did. The median weekly earnings of female full-time wage and salary workers were \$456 in 1998 compared to \$598 for men. In 1979, when comparable earnings data were first available, the female-to-male earnings ratio was about 63 percent.

For some demographic groups, the gender differences in earnings were quite small in 1998; for others they were relatively larger. Among blacks and Hispanics, for example, the earnings ratio was about 85 percent; for whites, the ratio was about 76 percent. Young women and men (those under age 25) had fairly similar earnings (young women's earnings were about 91 percent of men's); however, women's earnings were much lower than men's in older age groups.

This report presents earnings data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is a national monthly survey of approximately 50,000 households conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The earnings data are collected from one-fourth of the CPS monthly sample. For a detailed description of the source of the data and an explanation of the concepts and definitions used, please see the Technical Note included at the end of this report.

## **Highlights**

Following are some highlights about women's earnings.

## **Full-time workers**

- Median weekly earnings of female full-time wage and salary workers were \$456 in 1998. This was 76.3 percent of the \$598 median for men. The proportion was 62.5 percent in 1979, the first year for which comparable estimates are available. (See tables 1 and 13.)
- Among women, 45- to 54-year-olds had the highest earnings (\$516), followed by 35- to 44-year-olds (\$498). Men's earnings also peaked among 45- to 54-year-olds (\$732). The difference between women's and men's earnings is relatively large among older workers. For workers ages 45 to 54, women's earnings were 70.5 percent of men's; for 55- to 64-year-olds, the earnings ratio was 68.2 percent.

In contrast, among workers 20 to 24 years old, women's earnings were 89.4 percent those of men. The earnings ratio for teenagers (16 to 19 years) was 88.5 percent. (See table 1.)

- Between 1979 and 1998, the women's-to-men's earnings ratio rose for workers ages 20 to 64. Ratio increases among workers in the broad 20- to 54-year age group were larger than for those ages 55 to 64. For example, the earnings ratio among 35- to 44-year-olds increased from 58.3 percent in 1979 to 73.5 percent in 1998, while that for 55-to 64-year-olds went from 60.5 percent to 68.2 percent. In contrast, the earnings ratios for teenagers and workers age 65 and over showed no definitive trend over the period. (See table 13.)
- White workers of either gender earned more than their black or Hispanic counterparts. The differences among women, however, were much smaller than among men. White women's earnings (\$468) were 17.0 percent higher than black women's (\$400), and 38.9 percent higher than those for Hispanic women (\$337). In contrast, white men's earnings (\$615) were 31.4 percent higher than the earnings of their black counterparts (\$468) and 57.7 percent greater than those of Hispanic men (\$390). (See table 1.)
- The earnings difference between women and men was widest for whites, with white women earning 76.1 percent of what white men did. Among blacks, women earned 85.4 percent of what men earned, and Hispanic women made 86.5 percent of Hispanic men's earnings. (See table 1.)
- Since 1979, inflation-adjusted earnings for white women have increased 15.6 percent, while black women's real earnings increased about half as much, 7.5 percent. (See table 14.)
- Median weekly earnings for women age 25 and over without a high school diploma have fallen since 1979 on an inflation-adjusted basis, while the earnings for female college graduates have grown. In 1979, inflation-adjusted weekly earnings of women without a high school diploma

were \$334, about 57.5 percent of those of female college graduates (\$581). In 1998, women without high school diplomas had earnings (\$283) that were 40.0 percent of those of female college graduates (\$707). Among men, the disparity in earnings by education widened even more. (See table 15.)

- Female college graduates have fared better with regard to earnings growth than their male counterparts. Earnings for women with college degrees increased 21.7 percent since 1979 on an inflation-adjusted basis. Real earnings of male college graduates increased 7.7 percent over the same time period. (See table 15.)
- Women employed full-time in professional specialty occupations earned \$682 in 1998, more than women employed in any other major occupation category. Within this occupation group, women working as physicians, pharmacists, and lawyers had the highest median earnings. (See tables 2 and 3.)
- Women's share of employment in occupations typified by high earnings has grown. In 1998, 46.4 percent of full-time wage and salary workers in executive, administrative, and managerial occupations were women, up from 34.2 percent in 1983, the first year for which comparable data are available. Over the same period, women as a proportion of professional specialty workers rose from 46.8 percent to 51.6 percent. (See table 2.)
- In contrast, there was relatively little change in women's share of full-time wage and salary employment in the remaining major occupation groups. In 1983, women held 77.7 percent of administrative support occupations; in 1998, they still held 76.3 percent of these jobs. Women represented 7.9 percent of precision production, craft, and repair workers in 1983, about the same proportion as in 1998. Men were about nine times as likely as women to be employed in precision production, craft, and repair occupations (where earnings are somewhat above the median), while women were four times as likely to work in administrative support occupations (where pay is typically low). (See tables 2 and 3.)
- Within each broad occupational category, women and men tend to work in different specific occupations. In the professional specialty occupations, where women earned the most, they were less likely than men to be employed in some higher-paying occupations such as engineers, computer systems analysts, and architects, and more likely to work in those with lower earnings, for example, teachers (except college and university) and social workers. (See table 3.)

• The ratio of female-to-male earnings varied widely by State. The differences among the States reflect, in part, variations in the occupation, industry, and age composition of State labor forces. In addition, sampling error in the State estimates is considerably larger than it is for the national data. (See table 4.)

#### Part-time workers

- Women who worked part-time—that is, less than 35 hours per week—represented 25.8 percent of all female wage and salary workers in 1998. In contrast, 10.7 percent of men in wage and salary jobs worked part-time. (See tables 5 and 6.)
- Female part-time workers' median earnings were \$161, 35.3 percent of the median for women who worked full-time. At \$146, earnings for male part-time workers were 9.3 percent lower than female part-timers' earnings. Female part-time workers tend to be older than their male counterparts. About two-thirds were over 25 years old compared to less than half of male part-timers. (See table 5.)
- Unlike full-time workers, whose earnings increased for each successive 10-year age group within the 25-to-54-year category, earnings for female part-timers were essentially the same regardless of age. Female part-time workers younger than 25 and age 55 and over earned less than those in the central age groups. (See table 5.)
- In contrast to full-time workers, earnings for both female and male part-timers varied little by race or Hispanic origin. (See table 5.)

## Workers paid by the hour

- Women who worked at jobs in which they were paid by the hour had median hourly earnings of \$8.24 in 1998. Sixty-four percent of women employed in wage and salary jobs were paid on an hourly basis. (See table 10.)
- In 1998, about 8 percent of women who were paid hourly rates had hourly earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage of \$5.15. This compares to approximately 5 percent of men in hourly-paid jobs. (See table 12. See Technical Note for information about workers with earnings below the Federal minimum wage.)
- Among women paid hourly rates, the proportion earning the minimum wage or less varies considerably by age. Those ages 16 to 19 years were the most likely to have earnings at or below the minimum, while women 45 to 54 years old were the least likely. (See table 12.)

Table 1. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages

•										
		Both sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
AGE										
Total, 16 years and over	95,595	\$523	\$1	41,282	\$456	\$2	54,313	\$598	\$2	76.3
16 to 24 years	11,046	319	1	4,721	305	2	6,325	334	3	91.3
16 to 19 years	2,211	268	2	922	249	3	1,288	281	3	88.5
20 to 24 years	8,836	339	2	3,799	319	2	5,037	357	3	89.4
25 years and over	84,549	572	1	36,561	485	1	47,988	639	2	75.9
25 to 34 years	25,555	502	2	10,800	451	2	14,756	544	4	83.0
35 to 44 years	28,156	597	2	11,971	498	2	16,185	677	4	73.5
45 to 54 years	21,023	620	3	9,579	516	3	11,444	732	4	70.5
55 to 64 years	8,666	592	4	3,753	476	5	4,914	699	7	68.2
65 years and over	1,149	405	9	459	350	10	689	482	23	72.6
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN										
White	79,403	545	2	33,316	468	2	46,087	615	2	76.1
Black	11,776	426	3	6,025	400	3	5,751	468	5	85.4
Hispanic origin	10,532	370	3	3,816	337	4	6,716	390	3	86.5
MARITAL STATUS										
Never married	23,948	416	2	10,203	400	2	13,745	428	3	93.6
Married, spouse present	55,660	596	1	21,863	485	2	33,797	679	3	71.3
Other marital status	15,987	494	2	9,216	450	3	6,772	571	5	78.7
Divorced	10,799	518	3	6,159	480	3	4,640	598	5	80.3
Separated	3,740	424	5	1,907	390	5	1,833	490	8	79.6
Widowed	1,448	424	9	1,150	402	7	298	543	42	74.1
UNION AFFILIATION <sup>2</sup>										
Members of unions <sup>3</sup>	14,825	659	3	5,389	596	3	9,436	699	3	85.2
Represented by unions <sup>4</sup>	16,323	653	3	6,154	593	3	10,169	696	3	85.2
Not represented by a union	79,272	499	1	35,128	430	2	44,144	573	2	75.1
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Total, 25 years and over	84,549	572	1	36,561	485	1	47,988	639	2	75.9
Less than a high school diploma	8,576	337	3	2,874	283	2	5,702	383	3	73.7
High school graduates, no college	27,131	479	2	11,787	396	2	15,344	559	3	70.9
Some college or associate degree	23,210	558	3	10.744	476	2	12,466	643	4	74.0
College graduates, total	25,632	821	4	11,156	707	4	14,476	939	4	75.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.
<sup>2</sup> Differences in earnings levels between men and women with union affiliation reflect a variety of factors in addition to coverage by a collective bargaining agreement, including the distribution of male and female employees by occupation, industry, firm size, or geographic region.

<sup>3</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar

to a union.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.
NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation and sex, 1983 and 1998 annual averages

			1983					1998		
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Percent women	Women's median weekly earnings	Men's median weekly earnings	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>	Number of workers (in thousands)	Percent women	Women's median weekly earnings	Men's median weekly earnings	Women's earnings as percent of men's1
Total, 16 years and over	70,976	40.4	\$252	\$379	66.6	95,595	43.2	\$456	\$598	76.3
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial	17,451 8,117	40.9 34.2	358 340	516 530	69.2 64.0	29,304 14,451	49.0 46.4	655 626	905 915	72.4 68.4
Professional specialty	9,334	46.8	368	506	72.6	14,853	51.6	682	895	76.2
Technical, sales, and administrative support  Technicians and related support	21,641 2,574	62.5 44.5	247 299	386 424	64.0 70.6	27,372 3,507	61.9 49.4	419 511	606 701	69.2 72.9
Sales occupations Administrative support, including clerical	6,313 12,755	39.0 77.7	205 249	389 362	52.7 68.7	9,636 14,229	45.0 76.3	372 418	622 518	59.8 80.7
Service occupations	7,321 278	49.2 96.0	173 116	256 ( <sup>2</sup> )	67.8 ( <sup>3</sup> )	10,592 381	50.0 95.0	296 220	389 ( <sup>2</sup> )	76.1 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Protective service  Service, except private household and protective	1,453 5,590	9.5 57.1	251 176	356 218	70.4 81.0	2,140 8,070	15.1 57.2	481 295	613 325	78.4 90.8
Precision production, craft, and repair	9,963	7.9	256	387	66.1	11,691	8.1	408	587	69.5
Operators, fabricators, and laborers	13,319 6,990 3,358 2,970	26.2 40.8 4.7 16.0	205 202 253 211	308 320 335 252	66.5 63.3 75.5 83.9	15,082 6,987 4,322 3,773	23.3 35.8 8.0 17.7	327 328 373 311	456 472 519 362	71.6 69.4 71.9 85.8
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,280	11.2	169	201	84.2	1,555	14.0	272	307	88.6

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.  $^3$  Data not shown where base for either the numerator or denominator is less than 50,000.

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 1998 annual averages

	E	oth sexes	i		Women			Men		
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
Total, 16 years and over	95,595	\$523	\$1	41,282	\$456	\$2	54,313	\$598	\$2	76.3
·										
Managerial and professional specialty  Executive, administrative, and managerial	29,304 14,451	759 755	2 3	14,363 6,705	655 626	3 3	14,941 7,746	905 915	5 7	72.4 68.4
Administrators and officials, public administration	588	823	20	286	663	21	302	957	22	69.3
Administrators, protective services	54	883	49	13	(2)	(2)	42	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Financial managers	652	852	16	336	703	24	316	1,017	48	69.1
Personnel and labor relations managers  Purchasing managers	152 136	823 817	44 47	97 56	747 724	59 17	55 80	947 965	35 42	78.8 75.1
Managers, marketing, advertising, and public	130	017	41	30	724	17	00	903	42	73.1
relations	741	960	15	283	759	20	458	1,128	31	67.3
Administrators, education and related fields	637	877	21	378	730	22	259	1,111	72	65.7
Managers, medicine and health	626	716	19	492	679	19	134	869	43	78.1
Managers, food serving and lodging establishments	962	509	7	424	434	13	538	591	11	73.5
Managers, properties and real estate	301	585	12	168	518	17	133	638	46	81.2
Management-related occupations	3,818	660	5	2,238	602	4	1,580	790	14	76.2
Accountants and auditors	1,303 107	674 658	11 31	780 76	618 625	7 34	523 31	821 ( <sup>2</sup> )	23 ( <sup>2</sup> )	75.3
Other financial officers	642	703	19	347	591	11	295	901	27	65.7
Management analysts	216	841	22	95	752	16	121	964	40	78.0
Personnel, training, and labor relations specialists	431	630	14	295	601	10	135	755	38	79.6
Buyers, wholesale and retail trade, except	400	040	40		500	40	0.5	0.47		04.0
farm products  Construction inspectors	162 63	612 742	13 29	77 6	590 ( <sup>2</sup> )	13 ( <sup>2</sup> )	85 57	647 760	28 27	91.2
Inspectors and compliance officers,	03	742	29	"	( )	( )	37	700	21	( )
except construction	220	741	23	74	714	43	145	756	29	94.5
Professional specialty	14,853	763	3	7,658	682	4	7,195	895	6	76.2
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	2,043	988	11	215	827	27	1,828	1,007	11	82.1
Architects	102	872	40	15	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	87	893	59	(3)
Engineers	1,930	992	11 23	200	831 ( <sup>2</sup> )	29 ( <sup>2</sup> )	1,730	1,011	11	82.1 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Aerospace engineers Chemical engineers	75 68	1,139 1,023	52 52	6 12	(2)	(2)	68 56	1,150 1,041	22 46	(3)
Civil engineers	259	965	32	30	(2)	(2)	229	1,001	33	(3)
Electrical and electronic engineers	605	1,059	19	51	931	`44	554	1,067	19	87.2
Industrial engineers	248	889	25	41	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	208	912	26	(3)
Mechanical and computer scientists	313 1,544	998 938	27 10	18 438	859	( <sup>2</sup> ) 26	296 1,105	1,007 986	26 17	( <sup>3</sup> ) 87.1
Mathematical and computer scientists  Computer systems analysts and scientists	1,344	952	12	341	890	14	941	996	17	89.4
Operations and systems researchers and analysts	208	874	24	81	750	24	127	937	19	80.0
Natural scientists	470	828	26	152	732	17	318	908	34	80.6
Chemists, except biochemists	129	884	56	45	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	84	982	37	(3)
Biological and life scientists  Medical scientists	91 80	739 755	28 28	34 38	(2)	(2)	56 41	781 ( <sup>2</sup> )	51 ( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Health diagnosing occupations	549	1,134	50	181	948	37	367	1,227	77	77.3
Physicians		1,156	33	153	966	40	321	1,255	48	77.0
Health assessment and treating occupations	2,102	738	6	1,739	730	6	363	791	33	92.4
Registered nurses	1,490	739 1,063	6 20	1,351 59	734 985	6 67	139 80	774 1,146	28 25	94.8 85.9
Pharmacists  Dietitians	139 58	582	64	47	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	11	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Therapists	362	710	14	258	709	17	104	713	20	99.4
Respiratory therapists	83	618	23	46	(2)	(2)	37	(2)	(2)	(3)
Physical therapists	87	906	34	61	887	29	26	(2)	(2)	(3)
Speech therapists Physicians' assistants	75 53	725 611	30 30	71 24	729 ( <sup>2</sup> )	29 ( <sup>2</sup> )	5 30	(2)	(2)	(3)
Teachers, college and university	578	907	23	211	769	15	366	998	48	77.1
Teachers, except college and university	3,974	671	6	2,952	644	6	1,022	746	9	86.4
Teachers, prekindergarten and kindergarten	412	397	18	404	398	16	8	(2)	(2)	(3)
Teachers, elementary school	1,706	691	8	1,433	677	8	274	749	13	90.5
Teachers, secondary school  Teachers, special education	1,121 318	736 701	9 14	631 259	698 693	15 14	490 58	773 733	15 46	90.3 94.6
Counselors, educational and vocational	192	695	47	131	689	43	61	725	218	94.9
		656	35	146	640	33	31	(2)	(2)	(3)

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 1998 annual averages-Continued

	E	oth sexes			Women			Men		Womer
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earning as percer of men'
Librarians	159	665	34	136	653	32	22	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Social scientists and urban planners	286	758	19	141	661	17	145	878	34	75.
Economists	99	900	29	42	(2)	(2)	57	991	43	(3)
Psychologists		679	32	78	621	21	65	740	32	83.
Social, recreation, and religious workers	1,113	557	10	571	531	11	542	593	17	89.
Social workers	654	579	10	427	568	11	227	609	21	93
Recreation workers	105	353	19	74 25	351 ( <sup>2</sup> )	20 ( <sup>2</sup> )	31	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>3</sup> )
Clergy Lawyers and judges	275 562	593 1,218	21 76	25 193	956	40	250 370	603 1,348	25 40	70
Lawyers		1,210	76	181	951	39	346	1,350	39	70
Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes	1,264	647	9	587	591	8	677	713	18	83
Technical writers	63	810	26	36	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	27	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Designers	407	635	15	199	562	22	208	720	`31	\ \ 78.
Actors and directors	88	733	26	35	(2)	(2)	53	801	59	(3)
Painters, sculptors, craft artists, and										
artist printmakers		562	55	47	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	52	680	42	(3) (3)
Photographers	51	526	77 34	15			36	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	
Editors and reporters  Public relations specialists	215 127	723 707	66	95 77	616 680	17 87	120 49	812 ( <sup>2</sup> )	95 ( <sup>2</sup> )	75 ( <sup>3</sup> )
rubiic relations specialists	127	707	00	,,,	660	07	49	( )		( ' )
echnical, sales, and administrative support	27,372	477	2	16,933	419	1	10,439	606	3	69
Technicians and related support	3,507	599	4	1,734	511	4	1,773	701	9	72
Health technologists and technicians	1,296	502	6	1,017	486	5	279	588	15	82
Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians	281	566	25	216	549	37	65	585	26	93
Radiologic technicians	135	631	28	90	595	16	45	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3
Licensed practical nurses	289	473	9	276	470	7	14	(2)	(2)	(3)
Engineering and related technologists and	888	638	10	170	529	23	718	668	12	79
technicians  Electrical and electronic technicians	421	642	12	68	551	32	354	665	14	82
Drafting occupations		642	21	38	(2)	(2)	162	675	22	/31
Surveying and mapping technicians	66	668	63	8	(2)	(2)	58	682	40	(3)
Science technicians	241	557	18	92	463	16	149	623	24	74
Biological technicians	86	482	23	59	449	22	27	(2)	(2)	(3)
Chemical technicians	76	614	28	14	(2)	(2)	61	688	44	(3)
Technicians, except health, engineering, and	4 000	700	40	455	000	40	007	070	4-7	
Science		738 1,383	12 168	455	609	10	627 81	870 1,381	17 175	69
Airplane pilots and navigators  Computer programmers	554	843	16	_ 157	715	30	397	884	173	80
Legal assistants	308	578	14	249	581	13	58	561	69	103
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Sales occupations	9,636 3,205	502 570	4 8	4,338 1,345	372 449	4 7	5,299 1,860	622 649	5 9	59 69
Supervisors and proprietors	3,203	370	°	1,340	449	'	1,000	049	9	69
services	1,774	659	11	792	566	15	982	772	17	73
Insurance sales	374	629	20	179	534	36	195	760	35	70
Real estate sales		663	22	196	575	40	157	763	18	75
Securities and financial services sales	377	758	25	115	598	13	262	930	52	64
Advertising and related sales	150	631	43	90	594	21	60	760	102	78
Sales occupations, other business services		626	18	212	516	28	308	715	34	72
Sales representatives, commodities, except retail	1,287	728	11	317	603	16	970	765	12	78
Sales workers, retail and personal services	3,347 285	312 587	3 18	1,865 30	272 ( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	1,483 256	412 609	7 20	(3)
Sales workers, motor venicles and boats Sales workers, apparel	285 153	296	11	116	283	11	37	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3
Sales workers, furniture and home furnishings	110	458	29	47	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	63	509	22	(3
Sales workers, radio, television, hi-fi, and					(2)					(3)
appliances	189 211	410 434	12 19	45 42	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	144 169	431 461	22 25	(3
Sales workers, hardware and building supplies Sales workers, parts	144	390	15	42 15	(2)	(2)	130	403	16	(3
Sales workers, other commodities	670	311	5	411	287	5	258	388	17	74
Sales counter clerks	86	296	17	59	266	10	27	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3
Cashiers	1,350	267	2	1,015	259	2	335	302	6	85
04311013				53	355		34	(2)	(2)	(3

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 1998 annual averages-Continued

	E	oth sexes			Women			Men		Momor
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women earning as percen of men's
Administrative support, including clerical	14,229	438	2	10,862	418	1	3,368	518	4	80.7
Supervisors	689	599	9	413	556	13	276	679	20	81.9
General office	384	586	11	267	547	14	117	698	28	78.
Financial records processing	87	616	20	72	590	18	15	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Distribution, scheduling, and										
adjusting clerks	199	620	23	66	551	66	133	640	26	86.
Computer equipment operators	346	511	11	192	477	12	153	591	18	80.
Computer operators	343	513	11	192	478	12	151	595	18	80.
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	2,717	437	4	2,658	436	4	59	484	30	90.
Secretaries	2,234	431	5	2,199	430	4	35	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(3)
Stenographers	64	456	21	61	456	20	3	$\binom{2}{2}$	(2)	(3)
Typists	419	467	11	397	469	10	22	(2)	(2)	(3)
Information clerks	1,328	367	4	1,186	363	3	142	453	32	80.
Interviewers	113	399	12	97	393	12	15	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(3)
Hotel clerks	84	311	8	64	312	8	20		(2)	(3)
Transportation ticket and reservation agents	215	463	29	160	433	31	55	563	51	77.
Receptionists	664	352	5	645	351	4	19	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Records processing, except financial	742	417	7	592	416	7	150	419	12	99.
Order clerks	217	451	16	160	450	15	57	455	47	99.
Personnel clerks, except payroll and timekeeping	65	491	18	54	487	15	11	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Library clerks	64	358	24	51	349	28	13	(2)	(2)	(3)
File clerks	209	368	11	169	367	10	40			(3)
Records clerks	174	440	17	147	436	16	27	(2)	(2)	\ /
Financial records processing	1,485	429	5	1,351	426	4	134	466	19	91.
Bookkeepers, accounting, and auditing clerks	1,078	428	6	987	426	5	91	455 ( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	93.
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	130	476	13	117	474	13	13	(2)	(2)	(3)
Billing clerks	153	413	10	131	409	10	22	(2)	(2)	(3)
Billing, posting, and calculating machine operators Duplicating, mail and other office machine	84	415	21	81	409	18	3	(2)	(2)	(3)
operators	66	346	20	36	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	29	(2)	(2)	(3)
Communications equipment operators	144 128	397 399	17 16	114 109	368 372	13 14	29 19	(2)	(2)	(3)
Telephone operators		603	9	309		18	549	633	\ /	\ /
Mail and message distributing	858	640		140	542 617	17	1	668	14 22	85.0 92.3
Postal clerks, except mail carriers	308		14 9	87	613	17	168 230	699	10	87.
Mail carriers, postal service	316 138	681 372	13	63	332	14	75	443	35	75.
Mail clerks, except postal service	95	392	23	19	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	76	408	23	(3)
Messengers Material recording, scheduling, and distributing	93	392	23	19	( )	( )	'0	400	23	( )
clerks	1,717	446	7	738	414	6	980	476	8	86.
Dispatchers	218	446	11	105	403	15	113	516	13	78.0
Production coordinators	249	581	15	141	518	16	108	724	36	71.
Traffic, shipping, and receiving clerks	562	408	7	164	385	14	398	416	8	92.
Stock and inventory clerks	405	432	13	169	406	16	235	452	17	89.
Expediters	192	403	14	126	373	15	66	477	39	78.
Adjusters and investigators	1,572	470	6	1,161	445	6	411	567	18	78.
Insurance adjusters, examiners, and investigators	420	522	12	297	487	10	124	671	23	72.
Investigators and adjusters, except insurance	881	455	8	661	431	9	220	522	20	82.
Eligibility clerks, social welfare	87	459	18	74	449	15	13	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Bill and account collectors	183	433	12	129	411	12	53	494	40	83.
Miscellaneous administrative support occupations	2,568	401	4	2,111	389	3	457	482	10	80.
General office clerks	526	400	8	422	392	7	104	453	32	86.
Bank tellers	291	330	7	265	329	7	25	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Data-entry keyers	572	418	7	467	409	7	106	470	24	87.
Statistical clerks	87	409	25	72	386	24	15	(2)	(2)	(3)
Teachers' aides	353	307	6	326	304	6	27	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(3)
ervice occupations	10,592	327	2	5,301	296	1	5,291	389	4	76.
Private household	381	223	6	362	220	5	19	(2)	(2)	(3)
Child care workers	136	204	11	132	208	11	4	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(3)
Cleaners and servants	236	235	12	225	227	10	11	(2)	(2)	(3)
Protective service	2,140	598	6	323	481	15	1,817	`613	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	`78.
Supervisors	215	771	29	18	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	198	786	42	(3)
Police and detectives	117	853	55	11	(2)	1 /2:	105	864	51	(3)

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 1998 annual averages-Continued

	E	oth sexes			Women			Men		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's
Guards	54	506	32	6	(2)	(2)	47	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(3)
Firefighting and fire prevention	230	732	28	6	(2)	(2)	224	731	27	(3)
Firefighting	210	734	27	5	(2)	(2)	205	731	27	(3)
Police and detectives	1,050	646	10	168	583	17	882	662	11	88.1
Police and detectives, public service	602	723	13	72	633	23	530	738	13	85.7
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers	164	594	14	27	(2)	(2)	137	595	16	(3)
Correctional institution officers	284	557	24	69	509	23	215	571	22	89.3
Guards	645	369	10	132	330	20	513	378	12	87.3
Guards and police, except public services	611	375	11	116	347	20	495	382	12	90.8
Service occupations, except private household and			_							
protective	8,070	307	1	4,616	295	2 3	3,455	325	3	90.8
Food preparation and service occupations Supervisors	3,032 233	288 352	2 18	1,451 131	271 304	8	1,581 103	303 427	31	89.4 71.3
Bartenders	178	336	12	96	293	22	83	379	20	77.4
Waiters and waitresses	575	300	6	416	282	6	159	343	12	82.1
Cooks, except short order	1,250	289	3	419	259	4	831	305	4	85.1
Food counter, fountain and related occupations	100	242	7	59	241	9	40	(2)	(2)	(3)
Kitchen workers, food preparation	135	274	8	93	275	9	42	(2)	(2)	(3)
Waiters' and waitresses' assistants	233	267	6	115	265	8	119	268	8	99.0
Miscellaneous food preparation occupations  Health service occupations	327 1,718	265 318	5 3	124 1,500	269 315	8 3	204 218	263 342	6 10	102.5 92.2
Dental assistants	1,718	369	13	1,300	369	11	3	(2)	(2)	(3)
Health aides, except nursing	234	346	10	189	335	11	45	(2)	(2)	(3)
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	1,330	311	3	1,160	308	3	170	330	`1Ź	93.4
Cleaning and building service occupations	2,234	319	2	856	288	3	1,378	358	6	80.4
Supervisors	157	401	11	62	348	15	95	457	29	76.3
Maids and housemen  Janitors and cleaners	453 1,567	277 327	5 5	357 435	272 292	4 5	96 1,132	305 355	13 7	89.0 82.4
Pest control	54	358	22	2	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	52	356	23	(3)
Personal service occupations	1.086	311	4	809	301	4	278	368	14	81.8
Supervisors	65	503	39	33	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	32	(2)	(2)	(3)
Hairdressers and cosmetologists	289	313	7	259	313	_6	31	(2)	(2)	(3)
Attendants, amusement and recreation facilities	111	321	13	48	(2)	(2)	63	382	34	(3)
Public transportation attendants Early childhood teachers' assistants	76 239	524 265	72 8	60 231	575 264	48 7	16 8	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)
Precision production, craft, and repair	11,691	572	4	949	408	5	10,741	587	3	69.5
Mechanics and repairers	4,081	597	4	155	519	20	3,926	599	4	86.8
Supervisors	247	743	18	15	(2)	(2)	232	748	18	(3)
Mechanics and repairers, except supervisors Vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics and	3,834	590	4	140	516	(2)	3,694	592	4	87.1
repairers Automobile mechanics	1,494 653	552 493	11 9	12 2		(2)	1,482 652	552 494	11 9	(3)
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	312	563	17	3	(2)	(2)	309	561	17	(3)
Aircraft engine mechanics	140	780	20	4	(2)	(2)	136	782	22	(3)
Automobile body and related repairers	134	510	17		`-′	\ `-'	134	510	17	`-′
Heavy equipment mechanics	159	636	20	_			159	636	20	
Industrial machinery repairers	532	608	15	12	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	520	611	15	(3)
Electrical and electronic equipment repairers	764	665	16	82	550	38	682	677	13	81.2
Electronic repairers, communications and industrial equipment	160	579	32	11	(2)	(2)	148	590	33	(3)
Data processing equipment repairers	224	641	19	36	(2)	(2)	189	657	20	(3)
Telephone installers and repairers	225	750	18	30	(2)	(2)	194	762	19	(3)
Miscellaneous electrical and electronic										',
equipment repairers	81	644	69	3	(2)	(2)	77	629	55	(3)
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration	0.46	F04	4.5	4	(2)	(2)	244	E04	4.4	(3)
mechanics Miscellaneous mechanics and repairers	246 786	594 584	15 9	1 32	(2)	(2)	244 753	594 588	14	(3)
Office machine repairers	59	594	20	1	(2)	(2)	57	598	20	(3)
Millwrights	84	712	19	i	(2)	(2)	83	714	19	(3)
Construction trades	4,054	543	7	64	408	18	3,989	545	7	74.8
Supervisors	481	708	13	4	(2)	(2)	477	709	13	(3)

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 1998 annual averages-Continued

	E	oth sexes			Women			Men		   Women
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earning as percent of men's
Construction trades, except supervisors	3,573	520	4	61	403	18	3,512	522	5	77.2
Brickmasons and stonemasons	125	573	33	2	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	123	573	33	(3)
Carpet installers	68	476	32		- 2	- 2	68	476	32	
Carpenters		490	7	10	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	909	491	7	( <sup>3</sup> )
Drywall installers Electricians	136 717	493 643	12 15	3 16	(2)	(2)	134 701	496 642	12 15	(3)
Electrical power installers and repairers	135	789	84	10	(2)	(2)	134	795	85	(3)
Painters, construction and maintenance Plumbers, pipefitters, steamfitters, and	336	402	9	15	(2)	(2)	321	406	9	(3)
apprentices	428	593	14	5	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	422	595	14	(3)
Concrete and terrazzo finishers	72	483	18	- ,	(2)	- (2)	72	483	18	- 3
Roofers	172 54	441 583	29 58	1	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	171 54	443 583	29 58	(3)
Structural metalworkers  Extractive occupations	120	633	63	1	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	119	631	60	(3)
Precision production occupations	3,436	558	7	729	392	5	2,707	611	5	64.
Supervisors	1,136	645	11	193	478	11	943	686	10	69.7
Precision metalworking occupations	873	610	9	57	444	24	816	621	10	71.4
Tool and die makers		784	22	1	( <sup>2</sup> )	$\binom{2}{2}$	129	786	22	(3)
Machinists	508 116	594 584	10 24	33 4	(2)	(2)	475 112	601 591	10 25	(3)
Precision woodworking occupations	88	475	62	11	(2)	(2)	77	507	35	(3)
Cabinet makers and bench carpenters	60	531	61	4	(2)	(2)	55	552	65	(3)
Precision textile, apparel, and furnishings			-		. ,					`_′
machine workers	122	387	11	42	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	80	394	12	(3)
Precision workers, assorted materials	489	402	8	285	361	9	203	501	14	72.
Optical goods workers	65 319	412 381	20 10	39 218	( <sup>2</sup> ) 357	( <sup>2</sup> ) 10	26 101	( <sup>2</sup> ) 472	( <sup>2</sup> ) 28	( <sup>3</sup> ) 75.5
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers  Precision food production occupations	333	401	8	95	344	14	238	422	9	81.
Butchers and meat cutters	199	416	8	35	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	164	456	32	(3)
Bakers	97	352	17	37	(2)	(2)	60	375	29	(3)
Precision inspectors, testers, and related workers	139	623	32	37	(2)	(2)	103	676	31	(3)
Inspectors, testers, and graders	134	630	38	36	(2)	(2) (2)	98	680	27	(3)
Plant and system operators	256 57	694 586	19 27	8 4	(2)	(2)	248 54	703 600	19 26	(3)
Stationary engineers	125	714	23	2	(2)	(2)	123	718	24	(3)
perators, fabricators, and laborers	15,082	415	2	3,518	327	2	11,564	456	3	71.6
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors  Machine operators and tenders, except precision	6,987 4,452	406 399	3 3	2,505 1,586	328 320	3 3	4,482 2,866	472 461	4 5	69.4 69.4
Metalworking and plastic working machine	4,432	399	3	1,500	320	3	2,000	401		09.2
operators	389	475	12	66	387	17	323	496	12	78.0
Punching and stamping press machine					_	_				
operators	108	406	22	32	(2)	(2)	77	440	23	(3)
Grinding, abrading, buffing, and polishing machine operators	120	441	36	12	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	108	453	34	(3)
Metal and plastic processing machine operators	160	446	14	33	(2)	(2)	127	468	14	(3)
Molding and casting machine operators	102	430	14	25	(2) (2) (2)	(2)	77	448	15	(3)
Woodworking machine operators	127	379	15	21	(2)	(2)	106	394	17	(3)
Sawing machine operators	81	366	16	11	(2)	(2)	70	375	20	(3)
Printing machine operators	357	495	10	83	384	19	273	533	21	72.
Printing press operators  Textile, apparel, and furnishings machine	279	490	12	46	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	233	514	13	(3)
operators	784	293	4	569	285	4	215	318	7	89.6
Textile sewing machine operators	435	280	5	361	278	4	74	300	17	92.4
Pressing machine operators		276	10	47	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	17	(2)	(2)	(3)
Laundering and dry cleaning machine operators	136	287	7	76	270	9	61	301	8	89.7
Machine operators, assorted materials	2,616	416	4	807	347	5	1,809	465	7	74.6
Packaging and filling machine operators	363 119	327 455	9 31	208 7	316 ( <sup>2</sup> )	6 ( <sup>2</sup> )	155 112	358 459	19 30	88.2 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Painting and paint spraying machine operators	189	413	14	24	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	166	422	20	(3)
Furnace, kiln, and oven operators, except										`.′
food	77	554	34	2	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	75	558	34	(3)
Slicing and cutting machine operators	164	389	20	43	$\binom{2}{2}$	(2) (2)	121	445	28	(3)
Photographic process machine operators	77	321	12	43	( 2 )	( - )	33	(2)	(2)	(3)

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 1998 annual averages-Continued

	Е	oth sexes			Women			Men		
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
Fabricators, assemblers, and hand working	4 045	421	5	589	247	5	4.056	482	8	72.0
occupations Welders and cutters	1,845 550	518	11	30	347 ( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	1,256 519	527	13	(3)
Assemblers	1,199	392	6	516	347	6	683	445	12	77.9
Production inspectors, testers, samplers, and	1,199	392	0	310	347	0	003	443	12	11.5
weighers	690	412	8	330	336	7	360	517	11	65.0
Production inspectors, checkers, and examiners	487	448	15	233	358	8	254	544	23	65.8
Graders and sorters, except agricultural	150	306	9	85	289	8	65	351	22	82.2
Transportation and material moving occupations	4,322	510	4	345	373	13	3,977	519	4	71.9
Motor vehicle operators	3,144	503	4	273	362	15	2,870	514	5	70.4
Supervisors	79	595	33	18	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	61	625	62	(3)
Truck drivers	2,458	516	5	114	371	26	2,345	520	6	71.3
Driverssales workers	143	526	32	14	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	129	554	42	(3)
Bus drivers	273	428	19	112	352	17	160	476	19	74.0
Taxicab drivers and chauffeurs	162	379	21	12	(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	150	386	21	(3)
Transportation occupations, except motor vehicles	150	834	40	10	(2)	(2)	141	862	39	(3)
Rail transportation	101	849	54	8	(2)	(2)	93	888	48	(3)
Material moving equipment operators	1,028	505	6	62	397	23	966	510	6	77.9
Operating engineers	223	570	20	6	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	217	568	19	$\binom{3}{2}$
Crane and tower operators	65	576	33	4	(2)	(2)	61	572	36	(3)
Excavating and loading machine operators	80	557	25		(2)	( <sup>2</sup> )	79	558	25	(3)
Grader, dozer, and scraper operators	59	572	39	2	(2)	(2)	58	578	22	(3)
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	501	452	13	39		` '	463	455	14	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3,773	351 341	3 18	669 1	311 ( <sup>2</sup> )	4 ( <sup>2</sup> )	3,105	362 340	3 19	85.8 ( <sup>3</sup> )
Helpers, construction and extractive occupations	112 108	335	17		(2)	(2)	110 106	334	19	(3)
Helpers, construction trades  Construction laborers	729	390	7	23	(2)	(2)	706	393	7	(3)
Freight, stock, and material handlers	1,192	339	6	236	312	7	956	350	7	89.1
Stock handlers and baggers	563	300	5	157	291	7	406	304	6	95.8
Machine feeders and offbearers	66	363	14	20	(2)	(2)	46	(2)	(2)	(3)
Garage and service station related occupations	127	293	9	9	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	118	297	\ \ <u></u>	(3)
Vehicle washers and equipment cleaners	213	317	9	23	(2)	(2)	190	322	10	(3)
Hand packers and packagers	255	304	6	164	301	` <u>′</u> 8	92	307	9	98.3
Laborers, except construction	1,055	373	6	202	331	12	853	384	7	86.1
Farming, forestry, and fishing	1,555	302	3	218	272	5	1,337	307	3	88.6
Farm operators and managers	69	424	43	10	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	59	475	59	(3)
Farm managers	63	459	67	9			53	486	24	(3)
Other agricultural and related occupations	1,425	298	3	204	270	5	1,221	303	3	89.3
Farm occupations, except managerial	650	285	5	88	264	7	563	288	5	91.7
Farm workers	602	281	5	77	262	8	525	285	5	91.9
Related agricultural occupations	775	308	4	117	274	8	658	314	4	87.5
Supervisors, related agricultural	63	469	24	4	( <sup>2</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	59	479	28	(3)
Groundskeepers and gardeners, except farm	598	306	4	29	(2)	(2)	569	306	(2)	(3)
Animal caretakers, except farm	51	300	21	38	(2)	(2)	13	( <sup>2</sup> )	(2)	(3)
Graders and sorters, agricultural products	61	259	6	45	( 2 )	( - )	15	( 2 )	( - )	(3)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

 $<sup>^2\,</sup>$  Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.  $^3\,$  Data not shown where base for either the numerator or denominator is less than 50,000.

Table 4. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex and State, 1998 annual averages

	Women	Men		
workers	Median standard error of earnings earnings	Number of Median workers weekly (in earnings thousands)	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
41,282	2 \$456 \$2	54,313 \$598	\$2	76.3
674 89 649 378	9 543 14 9 416 9 3 345 8	857 543 114 766 907 523 455 452	22 27 15 11	74.1 71.0 79.6 76.2
4,453 675 516	5 493 9	6,323 606 881 637 672 766	5 15 21	85.7 77.4 69.5
125 96 2,312	5 582 10	156 609 101 632 2,793 516	11 17 5	77.6 92.1 80.6
1,342 187 164 1,879 930	7 468 9 4 396 10 9 487 5	1,624 583 206 611 261 556 2,470 641 1,248 624	9 18 16 12 12	72.2 76.5 71.3 76.0 68.7
465 387 608 667 171	7 416 8 3 392 7 7 381 8	593 553 541 562 788 551 797 544 231 517	11 12 17 14 10	73.7 74.0 71.3 70.0 79.1
925 954 1,398 715	5 535 22 4 526 10 3 482 7	1,091 685 1,272 665 2,091 686 1,003 646	17 14 11 14	78.1 79.1 70.2 80.2
924 112	380 8 4 454 10 2 382 8	506 515 1,095 562 149 504	8 16 10	73.8 80.8 75.7
263 291 181	423 8	324 549 386 556 260 638	15 19 18	74.4 76.1 75.9
1,313 228 2,631 1,289 99	3 410 9 508 5 409 5	1,655 713 314 557 3,478 617 1,577 521 115 513	10 18 6 7 8	74.7 73.7 82.3 78.4 69.8
1,679 495 448 1,738 153	388     8       3 432     15       3 464     8	2,265 627 633 532 690 598 2,273 614 186 638	8 16 11 7 16	71.2 72.9 72.2 75.6 71.2
681 111 918 3,120 280	377 7 394 7 418 4	766 554 140 479 1,059 525 4,235 525 414 604	15 10 13 8 11	73.0 78.7 75.1 79.7 67.3
88 1,117 805 225 841	3 421 8 7 488 8 5 509 10 5 370 9 1 460 8	112 550 1,466 636 1,211 663 316 523 1,117 614	21 19 17 13	76.5 76.7 76.7 70.7 74.9
1,11 80 22 84	38 17 25 11	88 421 8 17 488 8 05 509 10 25 370 9	38     421     8     112     550       17     488     8     1,466     636       05     509     10     1,211     663       25     370     9     316     523       11     460     8     1,117     614	38     421     8     112     550     21       17     488     8     1,466     636     19       05     509     10     1,211     663     17       25     370     9     316     523     13       11     460     8     1,117     614     10

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: Data refer to persons 16 years and over.

Table 5. Median usual weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages

		Both sexes			Women			Men		10/
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
AGE										
Total, 16 years and over 16 to 24 years	20,862 8,082	\$156 118	\$1 1	14,361 4,500	\$161 118	\$1 1	6,501 3,582	\$146 119	\$1 1	110.3 98.6
16 to 19 years	4,712	105 148	1 1	2,524 1,976	103 145	1 2	2,187 1.395	107 151	1 2	96.9 96.5
25 years and over	12,780	192 204	1 2	9,861 2.643	191 199	1 2	2,919 857	197 218	2 4	96.8 91.4
35 to 44 years	3,640	205 208	2	3,099 2,096	204 205	2 3	541 398	212 223	5 8	96.2 91.6
55 to 64 years	1,727	168 140	2 3	1,254 769	164 133	3	473 649	182 150	7	90.0 88.6
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN	1,410	140	3	703	133		043	130	7	00.0
WhiteBlackHispanic origin	2,096	157 149 154	1 2 3	12,416 1,408 1,196	163 151 150	1 2 3	5,470 688 632	146 145 162	1 4 5	111.7 104.6 92.5
MARITAL STATUS	1,020			1,100	.00		002	.02		02.0
Never married	8,880 2,548 1,323	125 197 169 183 173 142	1 1 2 3 4 4	5,166 7,148 2,048 1,024 456 568	124 197 165 178 170 141	1 2 2 4 4 4	4,269 1,733 500 299 122 79	126 196 188 201 184 151	1 3 5 7 7 12	97.7 100.6 87.8 88.8 92.1 93.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 6. Median usual weekly earnings of (full- and part-time) employed wage and salary workers by hours usually worked and sex, 1998 annual averages

		Both sexes			Women			Men		
Hours of work	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
Total, 16 years and over	116.730	\$458	\$1	55,757	\$376	\$1	60.973	\$548	\$2	68.6
34 hours or less		160	1	12,783	165	1 1	5,564	148	1	111.3
4 hours or less	443	35	3	314	32	4	129	44	8	73.4
5 to 9 hours	1,023	60	1	718	61	1	305	57	2	106.2
10 to 14 hours	1,626	72	1	1,092	74	2	534	69	2	106.6
15 to 19 hours	2,508	112	1	1,747	113	1	761	108	1	105.1
20 to 24 hours	5,712	153	1	3,886	159	1	1,826	141	2	112.3
25 to 29 hours	2,426	186	2	1,704	194	2	722	171	2	113.5
30 to 34 hours	4,610	245	2	3,323	250	2	1,287	232	4	107.4
35 hours or more	90,368	524	1	39,374	460	2	50,993	600	2	76.6
35 to 39 hours	7,087	367	3	4,923	364	3	2,164	373	7	97.7
40 hours	60,925	484	1	27,857	433	2	33,068	523	2	82.8
41 hours or more		758	3	6,595	662	4	15,762	804	5	82.3
41 to 44 hours	1,561	585	8	654	512	8	907	648	15	79.1
45 to 48 hours		680	6	2,376	624	6	4,379	716	7	87.1
49 to 59 hours	9,545	819	6	2,601	737	7	6,944	853	7	86.4
60 hours	4,495	875	10	963	727	14	3,532	919	10	79.1
Hours vary		322	4	3,600	223	3	4,416	442	9	50.4
Usually less than 35 hours		128	2	1,579	128	3	937	129	4	98.9
Usually 35 hours or more	5,228	485	5	1,908	368	8	3,320	558	11	66.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time workers.

Detail for the above "hours vary" groups will not sum to totals because data are not presented for a small number of multiple jobholders whose usual number of hours on the principal job is not identifiable.

Table 7. Quartiles and selected deciles of usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages

	Number		ı	Jpper limit of	:	
Characteristic	of workers (in thousands)	First decile	First quartile	Second quartile (median)	Third quartile	Ninth decile
SEX, RACE, AND HISPANIC ORIGIN						
Total, 16 years and over	95,595	\$256	\$347	\$523	\$789	\$1,155
	41,282	236	312	456	662	943
	54,313	279	388	598	895	1,289
White	79,403	262	359	545	818	1,180
Women	33,316	240	318	468	675	959
Men	46,087	284	401	615	921	1,338
Black	11,776	231	301	426	626	886
Women	6,025	222	288	400	589	808
Men	5,751	245	317	468	681	950
Hispanic origin	10,532	216	272	370	563	818
	3,816	199	253	337	507	717
	6,716	228	284	390	594	887
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Total, 25 years and over  Less than a high school diploma  High school graduates, no college  Some college or associate degree  College graduates, total		275 204 259 291 410	379 257 338 391 586	572 337 479 558 821	836 486 667 774 1,173	1,198 679 899 1,040 1,657
Women, 25 years and over Less than a high school diploma High school graduates, no college Some college or associate degree College graduates, total	36,561	249	331	485	695	974
	2,874	184	228	283	370	493
	11,787	232	297	396	532	698
	10,744	271	345	476	642	857
	11,156	383	522	707	967	1,322
Men, 25 years and over	47,988	299	425	639	940	1,353
	5,702	225	283	383	535	740
	15,344	293	394	559	761	1,000
	12,466	324	457	643	888	1,162
	14,476	452	643	939	1,353	1,895

NOTE: Ten percent of all full-time wage and salary workers earn less than the upper limit of the first decile; 25 percent earn less than the upper limit of the first quartile; 50 percent earn less than the upper limit of the second quartile, or median; 75 percent earn less than the upper limit of the third quartile; and 90 percent

earn less than the upper limit of the ninth decile. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 8. Usual weekly earnings distribution of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages (In thousands)

				Usu	al weekly ear	rnings distrib	ution		
Characteristic	Total employed	Under \$150.00	\$150.00 to \$249.99	\$250.00 to \$349.99	\$350.00 to \$499.99	\$500.00 to \$749.99	\$750.00 to \$999.99	\$1,000.00 to \$1,499.99	\$1,500.00 or more
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and over	95,595	1,191	7,590	14,883	20,410	24,036	13,093	9,860	4,533
16 to 24 years	11,046	327	2,369	3,643	2,807	1,455	301	120	25
16 to 19 years	2,211	137	813	788	364	85	17	6	1
20 to 24 years	8,836	190	1,556	2,854	2,444	1,370	284	113	24
25 years and over	84,549	864	5,221	11,240	17,603	22,581	12,792	9,740	4,509
25 to 34 years	25,555	218	1,788	4,119	6,417	7,355	3,123	1,859	676
35 to 44 years	28,156	248	1,629	3,381	5,536	7,430	4,597	3,649	1,686
45 to 54 years	21,023	201	1,122	2,367	3,802	5,429	3,634	3,002	1,467
55 to 64 years	8,666	130	506	1,137	1,649	2,181	1,325	1,129	610
65 years and over	1,149	67	176	237	198	186	113	101	70
Women, 16 years and over	41,282	692	4,395	8,011	10,067	10,176	4,375	2,682	883
16 to 24 years	4,721	181	1,201	1,626	1,094	517	73	23	6
16 to 19 years	922	69	393	317	119	20	4	_	_
20 to 24 years	3.799	112	807	1,310	975	497	69	23	6
25 years and over	36,561	511	3,194	6,385	8,974	9,658	4,303	2,659	877
25 to 34 years	10.800	141	1.001	2.090	2,989	2.930	974	518	157
35 to 44 years	11,971	140	1,044	1,984	2,827	3,117	1,515	1,008	336
45 to 54 years	9,579	122	743	1,483	2,161	2,595	1,346	844	285
55 to 64 years	3,753	77	325	709	906	942	439	263	93
65 years and over	459	31	82	120	90	74	30	26	6
Men, 16 years and over	54,313	499	3,195	6,871	10,343	13,860	8,718	7,178	3,650
16 to 24 years	6,325	146	1,168	2,016	1,714	937	229	97	19
16 to 19 years	1,288	68	420	472	245	64	13	6	1
20 to 24 years	5,037	78	748	1,545	1,469	873	215	91	18
25 years and over	47,988	353	2,027	4,855	8,630	12,923	8,489	7,081	3,631
25 to 34 years	14,756	77	788	2,029	3,428	4,425	2,149	1,341	519
35 to 44 years	16,185	108	585	1,397	2,709	4,312	3,082	2.641	1,351
45 to 54 years	11,444	79	378	884	1,641	2,834	2,288	2,158	1.182
55 to 64 years	4,914	52	181	428	743	1,239	887	866	517
65 years and over	689	37	95	117	108	112	83	75	63
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX									
White, 16 years and over	79,403	947	5,786	11,655	16,578	20,189	11,390	8,737	4,122
Women	33.316	535	3,310	6,249	8.102	8,402	3.674	2.284	760
Men	46,087	411	2,476	5,406	8,475	11,787	7,716	6,454	3,362
Black, 16 years and over	11,776	180	1,414	2,508	2,948	2,788	1,099	663	175
Women	6.025	117	857	1.397	1.541	1.325	463	268	56
Men	5,751	63	557	1,111	1,407	1,463	636	395	119
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over	10,532	185	1,864	2,719	2,447	1,940	748	472	157
Women	3,816	99	857	1,042	830	651	207	104	28
Men	6,716	86	1,007	1,677	1,618	1,289	541	369	129
	-, -,		,	,-	,. ,	,			

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and

Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 9. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, marital status, and presence and age of own children under 18 years old, 1998 annual averages

Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median
WOMEN			
Total, all marital statuses	41,282	\$456	\$2
	16,374	440	2
	10,138	458	3
	6,236	414	3
	24,909	467	2
Total, married, spouse present  With children under 18 years old  With children 6 to 17, none younger  With children under 6 years old  With no children under 18 years old	21,863	485	2
	11,171	474	3
	6,744	478	3
	4,428	466	4
	10,692	496	2
Total, other marital statuses <sup>1</sup> With children under 18 years old  With children 6 to 17, none younger  With children under 6 years old  With no children under 18 years old	19,419	421	2
	5,202	384	3
	3,394	419	3
	1,808	326	4
	14,217	442	3
MEN			
Total, all marital statuses	54,313	598	2
	21,770	663	3
	11,485	699	4
	10,285	621	4
	32,543	552	3
Total, married, spouse present  With children under 18 years old  With children 6 to 17, none younger  With children under 6 years old  With no children under 18 years old	33,797	679	3
	20,250	675	3
	10,624	708	4
	9,626	635	5
	13,547	687	4
Total, other marital statuses <sup>1</sup> With children under 18 years old  With children 6 to 17, none younger  With children under 6 years old  With no children under 18 years old	1,520	477 522 597 451 473	2 9 12 15 3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes never-married, divorced, separated,

and widowed persons.

NOTE: Children refer to "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted

children. Excluded are other related children such as grandchildren, nieces, nephews, and cousins, and unrelated children.

Table 10. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages

		Both sexes			Women			Men		10/
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median hourly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median hourly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median hourly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's <sup>1</sup>
AGE										
Total, 16 years and over	71,440	\$9.11	\$0.03	35,680	\$8.24	\$0.04	35,761	\$10.07	\$0.04	81.8
	16,361	6.59	0.05	7,949	6.25	0.04	8,411	6.92	0.05	90.3
	6,482	5.89	0.03	3,263	5.79	0.03	3,219	5.99	0.04	96.7
	9,879	7.25	0.06	4,686	6.94	0.05	5,192	7.79	0.06	89.1
	55,080	10.14	0.03	27,730	9.14	0.04	27,349	11.73	0.10	77.9
	17,298	9.66	0.09	8,185	8.81	0.07	9,114	10.23	0.10	86.1
	18,070	10.87	0.08	9,127	9.67	0.13	8,943	12.49	0.22	77.4
	12,445	10.97	0.10	6,606	9.79	0.09	5,839	13.05	0.19	75.0
	5,660	10.09	0.10	2,972	8.86	0.15	2,688	12.23	0.35	72.4
	1,606	7.41	0.27	841	7.22	0.17	765	7.75	0.34	93.1
WhiteBlackHispanic origin	58,512	9.23	0.05	28,812	8.34	0.06	29,700	10.19	0.05	81.9
	9,773	8.40	0.14	5,281	7.91	0.08	4,492	9.10	0.10	86.9
	9,065	7.93	0.09	3,651	7.23	0.11	5,414	8.25	0.16	87.5
MARITAL STATUS  Never married	24,174	7.29	0.05	11,141	6.93	0.04	13,033	7.81	0.05	88.7
	35,319	10.41	0.09	17,216	9.20	0.06	18,103	12.09	0.07	76.1
	11,947	9.45	0.15	7,323	8.71	0.11	4,624	10.83	0.18	80.5
	7,608	10.01	0.08	4,526	9.16	0.10	3,082	11.53	0.42	79.4
	2,949	8.64	0.22	1,634	7.98	0.13	1,316	9.71	0.35	82.2
	1,390	8.02	0.16	1,163	7.88	0.15	226	9.36	0.84	84.2
UNION AFFILIATION <sup>2</sup>										
Members of unions <sup>3</sup>	10,885	13.77	0.17	3,593	11.23	0.17	7,293	14.94	0.09	75.2
	11,794	13.53	0.21	4,051	11.19	0.15	7,743	14.87	0.09	75.2
	59,646	8.52	0.05	31,628	8.02	0.03	28,018	9.17	0.05	87.4
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Total, 25 years and over  Less than a high school diploma  High school graduates, no college  Some college or associate degree  College graduates, total	55,080	10.14	0.03	27,730	9.14	0.04	27,349	11.73	0.10	77.9
	8,082	7.76	0.08	3,271	6.68	0.09	4,812	8.77	0.13	76.2
	22,462	9.93	0.04	11,048	8.59	0.08	11,414	11.81	0.09	72.7
	16,738	11.02	0.08	9,005	9.95	0.05	7,733	12.86	0.16	77.4
	7,798	13.98	0.21	4,407	13.35	0.35	3,391	14.78	0.31	90.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this

will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

affiliation reflect a variety of factors in addition to coverage by a collective bargaining agreement, including the distribution of male and female employees by occupation, industry, firm size, or geographic region.

<sup>3</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar

to a union.

<sup>4</sup> Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union as well as workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

NOTE: Hourly-paid workers account for approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not some to take because data for the "other races" group are not presented.

Table 11. Hourly earnings distribution of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages (In thousands)

					Hourly	earnings dis	tribution			
Characteristic	Total employed	Under \$4.00	\$4.00 to \$4.99	\$5.00 to \$5.99	\$6.00 to \$7.99	\$8.00 to \$9.99	\$10.00 to \$11.99	\$12.00 to \$15.99	\$16.00 to \$19.99	\$20.00 or more
AGE AND SEX										
Total, 16 years and over	71,440	919	490	8,671	16,321	12,796	9,718	11,232	5,552	5,742
16 to 24 years	16,361	412	250	4,619	6,000	2,838	1,270	734	153	83
16 to 19 years	6,482	176	151	2,922	2,394	570	191	66	6	7
20 to 24 years	9,879	236	99	1,697	3,607	2,268	1,078	669	148	77
25 years and over	55,080	506	240	4,052	10,321	9,958	8,448	10,497	5,398	5,659
25 to 34 years	17,298	249	76	1,394	3,570	3,657	2.888	3.166	1,256	1,043
35 to 44 years	18,070	130	70	1,144	2,981	3,059	2,693	3,750	2,043	2,200
45 to 54 years	12.445	76	38	735	2.084	2.025	1.882	2.459	1,480	1.664
55 to 64 years	5,660	35	19	454	1,196	921	826	992	574	643
65 years and over	1,606	16	37	325	490	295	159	131	45	108
Women, 16 years and over	35,680	669	288	5,284	9,508	6,788	4,780	4,471	1,948	1,944
16 to 24 years	7.949	308	140	2,531	3.005	1,175	492	224	46	28
16 to 19 years	3,263	124	88	1,573	1,166	217	73	17	_	4
20 to 24 years	4,686	184	52	958	1,839	957	419	208	46	24
25 years and over	27,730	361	148	2,753	6,503	5,613	4,288	4.247	1,902	1.916
25 to 34 years	8.185	169	52	908	1,974	1,883	1,254	1.125	454	365
35 to 44 years	9.127	99	47	821	2.007	1.737	1,409	1,499	717	791
45 to 54 years	6,606	51	26	531	1,445	1,279	1,055	1,140	538	539
55 to 64 years	2,972	30	14	305	807	553	486	417	177	182
65 years and over	841	13	9	187	269	161	83	65	15	38
Men, 16 years and over	35,761	249	202	3,387	6,813	6,008	4,938	6,760	3,604	3,798
16 to 24 years	8,411	104	109	2,088	2,996	1,663	778	510	107	56
16 to 19 years	3,219	51	63	1,350	1,227	353	118	49	6	2
20 to 24 years	5,192	53	47	739	1,768	1,311	660	461	102	53
25 years and over	27,349	145	93	1,299	3,818	4,345	4,160	6,250	3,497	3.743
25 to 34 years	9,114	79	25	486	1,596	1,774	1,634	2,040	802	678
35 to 44 years	8,943	31	23	323	974	1,322	1,284	2,251	1,326	1,409
	5,839	25	12	204	639	746	827	1,319	941	1,125
45 to 54 years	2,688	6	5	148	388	368	341	574	397	461
55 to 64 years		4	28	_	221		_	-		
65 years and over	765	4	20	138	221	134	76	65	30	70
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX										
White, 16 years and over	58,512	829	368	6,960	12,945	10,290	8,003	9,426	4,703	4,989
Women	28,812	607	222	4,194	7,462	5,517	3,901	3,674	1,607	1,629
Men	29,700	221	147	2,766	5,483	4,773	4,102	5,752	3,096	3,360
Black, 16 years and over	9,773	58	101	1,341	2,623	1,949	1,295	1,314	618	474
Women	5,281	42	57	861	1,608	998	678	586	249	203
Men	4,492	16	44	480	1,015	951	618	728	369	271
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over	9,065	74	72	1,562	2,664	1,752	1,078	1,076	426	361
Women	3,651	42	34	813	1,179	654	375	350	115	90
Men	5,414	32	38	749	1,485	1,098	704	726	311	271
MOII	0,717	52	55	'=3	',=00	1,000	'04	'20	511	

NOTE: Hourly-paid workers account for approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to

totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 12. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage (\$5.15), by selected characteristics, 1998 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

		\	Norkers paid hourl	ly rates	
-				Total at o	or below \$5.15
Characteristic	Total	Below \$5.15	At \$5.15	Number	Percent of hourly-paid workers
AGE AND SEX					
Total, 16 years and over	71,440	2,834	1,593	4,427	6.2
16 to 24 years	16,361	1,377	883	2,260	13.8
16 to 19 years	6,482	790	558	1,348	20.8
20 to 24 years	9,879	587	325	912	9.2
25 years and over	55,080	1,456	710	2,166	3.9
25 to 34 years	17,298	532	245	776	4.5
35 to 44 years	18,070	416	191	606	3.4
45 to 54 years	12,445	253	138	390	3.1
55 to 64 years	5,660	143	70	213	3.8
65 years and over	1,606	113	67	180	11.2
Women, 16 years and over	35,680	1,794	965	2,760	7.7
16 to 24 years	7,949	841	483	1,324	16.7
16 to 19 years	3,263	462	301	763	23.4
20 to 24 years	4,686	379	183	562	12.0
25 years and over	27,730	953	482	1,435	5.2
25 to 34 years	8,185	349 276	146	495 419	6.0 4.6
35 to 44 years	9,127 6,606	169	143 103	272	4.0
45 to 54 years	2,972	106	51	157	5.3
55 to 64 years	841	53	39	92	10.9
Men, 16 years and over	35,761	1,039	628	1,667	4.7
16 to 24 years	8,411	536	400	936	11.1
16 to 19 years	3,219	328	257	585	18.2
20 to 24 years	5,192	208	142	351	6.8
25 years and over	27,349	503	228	731	2.7
25 to 34 years	9,114	182	99	281	3.1
35 to 44 years	8,943	140	48	188	2.1
45 to 54 years	5,839	84	34	118	2.0
55 to 64 years	2,688	37	19	56	2.1
65 years and over	765	60	28	88	11.6
RACE, HISPANIC ORIGIN, AND SEX					
White, 16 years and over	58,512	2,290	1,269	3,559	6.1
Women	28,812	1,463	770	2,233	7.8
Men	29,700	827	498	1,325	4.5
Black, 16 years and over	9,773	431	274	705	7.2
Women	5,281	264	167	432	8.2
Men	4,492	167	106	273	6.1
Hispanic origin, 16 years and over	9,065	393	276	669	7.4
Women	3,651	194	150	345	9.4
Men	5,414	199	126	325	6.0
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS AND SEX <sup>1</sup>					
Full-time workers	54,093	1,197	596	1,793	3.3
Women	23,778	683	347	1,029	4.3
Men	30,315	515	249	764	2.5
Part-time workers	17,198	1,628	993	2,621	15.2
Women	11,831	1,108	617	1,725	14.6
Men	5,367	520	376	896	16.7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data will not sum to totals because full- or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders.

NOTE: Detail for the above race and Hispanic-origin groups will not sum to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in both the white and black population groups.

Table 13. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (1998) dollars by sex and age, 1979-98 annual averages

	Total, 16		16 to 24 years	3			25 years	and over		
Year and sex	years and over	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over
BOTH SEXES										
1979	\$531	\$379	\$317	\$410	\$584	\$563	\$617	\$609	\$576	\$436
1980	519	371	305	397	567	546	598	589	564	403
1981	513	362	292	385	558	536	589	579	558	402
1982	515	355	280	375	557	530	603	588	554	431
1983	513	345	268	364	562	526	605	600	567	426
1984	512	341	265	362	568	526	611	604	574	427
1985	521	339	264	364	574	529	615	607	577	450
1986 <sup>1</sup>	534	345	265	369	582	536	623	618	590	444
1987	537	348	266	371	578	536	624	616	582	445
1988	531	343	270	366	571	528	620	624	577	445
1989	524	341	268	363	562	518	621	620	566	439
1990 <sup>1</sup>	514	335	261	356	559	507	607	609	570	428
1991	509	331 321	254 247	348	558	496	595	606	561	456 439
1992	512 517		247	337 335	556	490	584	607	561	439
1993 1994 <sup>1</sup>	517	318 315	241	329	554 550	492 483	583 591	611 623	555 551	443
1995	512	313	247	329	546	482	588	622	550	416
1996	509	309	249	324	540	481	580	617	555	399
1997 <sup>1</sup>	511	311	256	326	548	489	587	616	567	399
19981	523	319	268	339	572	502	597	620	592	405
WOMEN										
1979	401	339	290	355	429	438	431	423	416	375
1980	398	331	287	346	421	432	425	413	405	346
1981	396	326	279	346	421	432	430	407	402	342
1982	407	327	269	343	434	439	440	429	417	360
1983	412	324	259	339	438	444	445	432	421	347
1984	416	319	254	335	444	447	458	438	424	343
1985	420	319	251	335	449	448	465	442	431	367
1986 <sup>1</sup>	433	325	253	344	459	455	475	459	440	381
1987	435	325	247	347	461	454	483	465	442	374
1988	434	324	254	346	461	450	487	467	437	385
1989	431	323	259	342	461	447	486	469	437	384
19901	432	316	247	335	460	444	487	470	434	374
1991	438	318	245	335	463	443	487	476	434	382
1992	441 444	310 308	238 231	325 326	464 468	444	486 491	484 496	436 445	381 377
1993 1994 <sup>1</sup>	444	308	231	326	468 464	445 437	491	496 495	445	377
1995	439	303 294	233	319	454 458	437	493 485	495 496	436	370
1996	434	294	232	310	461	431	481	499	437	347
1997 <sup>1</sup>	438	297	244	310	469	434	489	502	439	353
19981	456	305	249	319	485	451	498	516	476	350
		505	2-75	0.0	1 700	-51	-50	0.0	7,0	

Table 13. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (1998) dollars by sex and age, 1979-98 annual averages-Continued

	Total, 16		16 to 24 years	3			25 years	and over		
Year and sex	years and over	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over
MEN										
1979	642	432	341	465	692	651	739	744	688	483
1980	620	413	321	443	672	623	727	726	682	453
1981	614	395	304	429	672	614	718	717	682	482
1982	621	383	290	416	670	609	719	713	679	511
1983	620	365	275	395	666	607	724	726	682	504
1984	615	363	274	393	663	600	740	737	690	514
1985	616	365	277	392	671	597	738	741	708	557
1986 <sup>1</sup>	624	366	276	393	688	598	742	753	721	533
1987	622	369	281	394	685	591	732	746	711	545
1988	619	360	282	384	671	580	712	756	700	544
1989	615	357	275	381	657	570	713	747	684	517
1990 <sup>1</sup>	600	351	271	372	639	560	699	737	680	502
1991	590	341	262	359	626	548	689	733	674	558
1992	582 575	329 325	253 249	345 341	622 626	542 536	675 672	736 737	672 661	489 509
1994 <sup>1</sup>	575 574	325 324	249	337	634	527	679	737	663	485
1995	574 575	324	261	337	629	527 524	667	730	666	472
1996	579	319	260	334	622	518	657	725	667	496
1997 <sup>1</sup>	587	322	266	343	624	523	661	724	679	459
1998 <sup>1</sup>	598	334	281	357	639	544	677	732	699	482
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>										
1979	62.5	78.5	85.2	76.5	62.1	67.4	58.3	56.9	60.5	77.8
1980	64.3	80.1	89.5	78.0	62.7	69.4	58.4	56.9	59.4	76.5
1981	64.5	82.6	91.8	80.7	62.7	70.4	59.9	56.8	58.9	70.9
1982	65.5	85.3	92.8	82.5	64.7	72.1	61.2	60.1	61.3	70.4
1983	66.6	88.6	94.1	85.9	65.8	73.3	61.5	59.5	61.8	68.7
1984	67.6	87.9	92.7	85.3	67.0	74.5	61.9	59.4	61.4	66.8
1985	68.2	87.5	90.8	85.5	66.9	75.1	63.1	59.7	60.9	66.0
1986 <sup>1</sup>	69.3	88.9	91.5	87.7	66.7	76.2	64.0	61.0	61.0	71.4
1987	69.9	88.1	87.8	88.0	67.3	76.8	66.1	62.3	62.2	68.7
1988	70.1	90.0	89.8	90.1	68.7	77.7	68.4	61.8	62.4	70.8
1989	70.1	90.7	94.0	89.8	70.2	78.4	68.1	62.7	63.9	74.2
1990 <sup>1</sup>	71.9	90.1	91.0	90.2	72.1	79.2	69.7	63.8	63.7	74.5
1991	74.3	93.3	93.5	93.5	74.0	80.9	70.8	64.9	64.4	68.4
1992	75.8	94.0	93.8	94.2	74.6	82.0	71.9	65.8	64.9	78.1
1993	77.1	94.8	93.0	95.6	74.7	82.9	73.0	67.3	67.4	74.1
1994 <sup>1</sup> 1995	76.4 75.4	93.7 90.8	92.7 87.9	94.5 92.2	73.1 72.7	82.9 82.4	72.5 72.7	67.1 67.8	66.1 64.8	76.3 79.9
1996	75.4 75.0	90.8	88.9	92.2	72.7 74.1	83.2	73.2	68.9	65.4	79.9
1996	75.0 74.5	92.4 92.1	91.4	92.8	74.1 75.1	82.9	73.2	69.4	64.7	70.0
19981	76.3	91.3	88.5	89.4	75.1 75.9	83.0	73.5	70.5	68.2	72.6
	,0.5	31.3	30.5	55.4	70.9	33.0	, 5.5	,0.5	00.2	'2.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.
<sup>2</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ

slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Experimental Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U, X-1) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1979-82; the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used for the years 1983-98. See Technical Note.

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (1998) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1979-98 annual averages

Versional	Total, 16 years	Ra	ce and Hispanic or	igin
Year and sex	and over	White	Black	Hispanic origin
BOTH SEXES				
979	\$531	\$545	\$438	\$426
980	519	532	421	414
981	513	525	425	403
982	515	528	418	409
983	513	524	428	409
984	513 512	528	422	407
985	521	539	420	409
9861	534	551	433	412
987	537	551	432	409
988	531	544	433	400
989	524	538	420	392
9901	514	528	411	379
991	509	529	416	374
992	512	532	414	373
993	517	536	416	373
994 <sup>1</sup>	514	532	409	357
995	512	529	409	351
996	509	525	402	352
997 <sup>1</sup>	509 511	527	406	357
9981	523	545	426	370
WOMEN				
979	401	405	372	346
980	398	402	367	341
	396	399		344
981			372	347
982	407	412	370	
983	412	417	379	351
984	416	421	378	350
985	420	426	382	348
9861	433	438	392	359
987	435	441	396	360
988	434	439	397	359
989	431	438	396	354
9901	432	441	384	347
991	438	446	386	350
992	441	449	389	351
993	444	452	392	352
994 <sup>1</sup>	439	449	381	335
995	434	443	379	326
996	434	444	379 376	329
9971	434	444 451	381	323
		451	.301	1 3/3
9981	456	468	400	337

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (1998) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1979-98 annual averages—Continued

	Total, 16 years	Rad	ce and Hispanic o	rigin
Year and sex	and over	White	Black	Hispanic origin
MEN				
1979	642	657	501	483
1980	620	633	484	464
1981	614	632	485	455
1982	621	640	474	457
1983	620	634	481	449
1984	615	629	475	450
1985	616	633	462	448
1986 <sup>1</sup>	624	645	474	445
1987	622	646	469	439
1988	619	641	479	424
1989	615	633	457	413
1990 <sup>1</sup>	600	616	450	396
1991	590	605	448	386
1992	582	597	442	394
1993	575	591	442	390
1994 <sup>1</sup>	574	602	440	377
1995	575	606	439	374
1996	579	602	427	369
1997 <sup>1</sup>	587	604	438	377
1998 <sup>1</sup>	598	615	468	390
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>				
1979	62.5	61.7	74.3	71.7
	62.5 64.3	61.7 63.5	74.3 75.8	71.7 73.6
1980		-		
1979 1980 1981 1982	64.3	63.5	75.8	73.6
1980	64.3 64.5	63.5 63.1	75.8 76.7	73.6 75.6
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5	63.5 63.1 64.4	75.8 76.7 78.0	73.6 75.6 75.7
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1 70.1 71.9 74.3	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0 86.5 85.5 86.1	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6 85.6 87.6 90.5
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1 70.1 71.9 74.3 75.8	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5 69.2 71.5 73.7 75.2	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0 86.5 85.5 86.1 88.1	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6 85.6 87.6 90.5 89.1
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1 70.1 71.9 74.3 75.8 77.1	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5 69.2 71.5 73.7 75.2 76.5	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0 86.5 85.5 86.1 88.1 88.8	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6 85.6 87.6 90.5 89.1
1980 1981	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1 71.9 74.3 75.8 77.1 76.4	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5 69.2 71.5 73.7 75.2 76.5 74.5	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0 86.5 86.1 88.1 88.8 86.5	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6 85.6 87.6 90.5 89.1 90.4 88.8
1980	64.3 64.5 65.5 66.6 67.6 68.2 69.3 69.9 70.1 70.1 71.9 74.3 75.8 77.1 76.4 75.4	63.5 63.1 64.4 65.7 67.0 67.4 67.9 68.2 68.5 69.2 71.5 73.7 75.2 76.5 74.5 73.2	75.8 76.7 78.0 78.9 79.6 82.8 82.7 84.4 83.0 86.5 85.5 86.1 88.1 88.8 86.5 86.3	73.6 75.6 75.7 78.3 77.8 77.7 80.7 82.1 84.6 85.6 87.6 90.5 89.1 90.4 88.8 87.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.

<sup>2</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians

and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Experimental Consumer Price Index for All

Urban Consumers (CPI-U, X-1) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1979-82; the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used for the years 1983-98. See Technical Note.

Table 15. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers 25 years and over in constant (1998) dollars by sex and educational attainment, 1979-98 annual averages

Year and sex	Total, 25 years and over	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college	Some college or associate degree	College graduates, total
BOTH SEXES					
1979	\$584	\$462	\$548	\$621	\$758
1980	567	440	527	601	745
1981	558	433	518	586	735
1982	557	422	514	598	745
1983	562	419	509	594	755
1984	568	413	507	600	762
1985	574	409	505	604	766
1986 <sup>1</sup>	582	414	511	609	781
1987	578	407	511	603	808
1988	571	397	507	593	806
1989	562	391	493	595	801
1990 <sup>1</sup>	559	378	481	593	795
1991	558	368	475	585	796
1992	556	361	468	563	808
1993	554	354	468	557	806
1994 <sup>1</sup>	550	338	463	548	807
1995	546	331	462	543	799
1996	540	329	460	537	788
1997 <sup>1</sup>	548	326	468	543	791
1998 <sup>1</sup>	572	337	479	558	821
WOMEN					
1979	429	334	407	464	581
1980	421	324	397	457	574
1981	421	316	393	461	575
1982	434	314	402	468	590
1983	438	319	403	471	604
1984	444	313	406	478	612
1985	449	306	406	481	628
1986 <sup>1</sup>	459	309	412	490	649
1987	461	307	413	498	668
1988	461	304	411	496	668
1989	461	304	400	498	667
1990 <sup>1</sup>	460	300	392	492	667
1991	463	299	393	489	672
1992	464	297	391	473	690
1993 <sub>.</sub>	468	297	391	476	688
1994 <sup>1</sup>	464	282	386	465	697
1995	458	280	381	456	689
1006	461	279	379	459	682
1996					
1997 <sup>1</sup>	469 485	279 283	384 396	466 476	683 707

Table 15. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers 25 years and over in constant (1998) dollars by sex and educational attainment, 1979-98 annual averages—Continued

Year and sex	Total, 25 years and over	Less than a high school diploma	High school graduates, no college	Some college or associate degree	College graduates, total
MEN					
1979	692	555	679	725	872
1980	672	530	648	709	846
1981	672	517	644	703	860
1982	670	500	637	701	857
1983	666	493	635	691	849
1984	663	484	626	700	882
1985	671	476	617	715	894
			-		
1986 <sup>1</sup>	688	477	619	722	919
1987	685	465	607	713	937
1988	671	458	601	693	936
1989	657	455	592	679	927
1990 <sup>1</sup>	639	436	572	676	924
1991	626	418	562	673	914
1992	622	408	556	644	919
1993	626	402	549	645	908
1994 <sup>1</sup>	634	377	546	645	909
1995	629	371	542	638	904
1996	622	370	536	627	907
1997 <sup>1</sup>	624	371	543	631	910
19981	639	383	559	643	939
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>					
1979	62.1	60.2	60.0	64.0	66.6
1980	62.7	61.3	61.3	64.5	67.8
1981	62.7	61.1	61.0	65.6	66.9
1982	64.7	62.8	63.1	66.7	68.9
1983	65.8	64.6	63.5	68.1	71.1
1984	67.0	64.8	64.9	68.4	69.5
1985	66.9	64.4	65.7	67.2	70.2
1986 <sup>1</sup>	66.7	64.7	66.6	67.9	70.6
1987	67.3	66.1	68.0	69.9	71.3
1988	68.7	66.4	68.3	71.5	71.4
1989	70.2	66.8	67.6	73.3	71.9
		68.8	68.6	73.3	71.9
	79.1				72.2 73.5
1990 <sup>1</sup>	72.1 74.0		60.0		
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0	71.5	69.9	72.6	
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0 74.6	71.5 72.8	70.3	73.4	75.0
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0 74.6 74.7	71.5 72.8 73.8	70.3 71.3	73.4 73.7	75.0 75.8
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0 74.6 74.7 73.1	71.5 72.8 73.8 74.9	70.3 71.3 70.8	73.4 73.7 72.0	75.0 75.8 76.7
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0 74.6 74.7 73.1 72.7	71.5 72.8 73.8 74.9 75.4	70.3 71.3 70.8 70.2	73.4 73.7 72.0 71.6	75.0 75.8 76.7 76.2
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0 74.6 74.7 73.1 72.7 74.1	71.5 72.8 73.8 74.9 75.4 75.2	70.3 71.3 70.8 70.2 70.7	73.4 73.7 72.0 71.6 73.1	75.0 75.8 76.7 76.2 75.2
1990 <sup>1</sup>	74.0 74.6 74.7 73.1 72.7	71.5 72.8 73.8 74.9 75.4	70.3 71.3 70.8 70.2	73.4 73.7 72.0 71.6	75.0 75.8 76.7 76.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of Employment and Eamings, a monthly BLS periodical.

<sup>2</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and

may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Experimental Consumer Price Index for All Urban

Consumers (CPI-U, X-1) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1979-82; the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used for the years 1983-98. See Technical Note.

Table 16. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (1998) dollars by sex and age, 1979-98 annual averages

	Total, 16		16 to 24 years	3			25 years	and over		
Year and sex	years and over	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years
BOTH SEXES										
979	\$9.80	\$7.70	\$6.86	\$8.88	\$11.28	\$11.48	\$11.68	\$11.39	\$10.96	\$7.13
980	9.57	7.37	6.40	8.51	11.01	11.22	11.42	11.21	10.70	7.08
981	9.33	7.20	6.49	8.35	10.85	11.03	11.23	10.89	10.52	7.10
982	9.22	6.91	6.16	7.96	10.72	10.83	11.28	10.95	10.43	7.04
983	9.17	6.69	5.92	7.69	10.73	10.65	11.32	11.03	10.50	7.21
984	9.17	6.58	5.75	7.58	10.75	10.64	11.28	11.13	10.41	7.28
985 986 <sup>1</sup>	9.15 9.25	6.47 6.58	5.58 5.53	7.50 7.55	10.70 10.77	10.50 10.45	11.37 11.60	11.19 11.52	10.48 10.68	7.19 7.40
987	9.29	6.60	5.48	7.33	10.77	10.43	11.40	11.32	10.65	7.40
988	9.29	6.61	5.56	7.49	10.72	10.33	11.40	11.30	10.03	7.22
700	9.20	0.01	3.30	7.42	10.00	10.23	11.27	11.23	10.32	1.22
989	9.20	6.52	5.56	7.44	10.45	10.05	11.26	11.08	10.29	7.13
990 <sup>1</sup>	9.03	6.44	5.61	7.39	10.19	9.87	11.01	10.98	10.01	7.19
991	8.99	6.31	5.62	7.19	10.16	9.63	10.98	10.91	9.80	7.11
992	8.98	6.25	5.50	7.02	10.15	9.50	10.91	11.06	9.87	7.14
993	8.88	6.22	5.42	6.95	10.10	9.34	10.85	11.13	10.05	7.22
994 <sup>1</sup>	8.83	6.19	5.41	6.86	10.05	9.23	10.93	11.03	9.94	7.04
995	8.75 8.73	6.21	5.40 5.38	6.88	10.02	9.33 9.17	10.73	10.85	9.85	7.12 7.04
997 <sup>1</sup>	8.90	6.17 6.25	5.60	6.96 7.02	10.00 10.03	9.17	10.54 10.53	10.64 10.77	9.76 9.89	7.02
9981	9.11	6.59	5.89	7.02	10.03	9.19	10.55	10.77	10.09	7.41
WOMEN										
979	7.98	7.04	6.69	7.76	8.60	8.92	8.76	8.48	8.29	6.90
980	7.85	6.85	6.24	7.53	8.42	8.82	8.51	8.39	8.10	6.72
981	7.75	6.72	6.38	7.42	8.50	8.86	8.65	8.32	8.02	6.73
982	7.86	6.46	6.07	7.16	8.58	8.87	8.67	8.45	8.20	6.71
983	7.88	6.26	5.83	6.98	8.58	8.92	8.70	8.51	8.31	6.83
984	7.81	6.18	5.65	6.86	8.62	8.81	8.82	8.67	8.29	6.88
985	7.79	6.09	5.48	6.93	8.70	8.78	8.97	8.74	8.28	6.73
986 <sup>1</sup>	7.95	6.13	5.44	7.03	8.86	8.87	9.14	8.93	8.57	7.06
987	8.04	6.07	5.33	7.03	8.86	8.83	9.13	9.02	8.66	6.97
988	8.06	6.18	5.40	6.97	8.88	8.78	9.32	9.08	8.39	7.06
989	8.04	6.18	5.40	6.88	8.92	8.80	9.34	9.09	8.39	6.77
9901	8.04	6.18	5.44	6.96	8.83	8.75	9.20	8.94	8.40	6.80
991	8.09	6.09	5.56	6.84	8.80	8.61	9.26	9.11	8.33	6.90
992	8.09 8.04	6.01	5.45	6.72	8.90	8.66	9.29	9.23	8.38	6.94
9941	7.99	5.95 5.87	5.34 5.33	6.73 6.59	8.88 8.86	8.60 8.57	9.21 9.29	9.23 9.31	8.53 8.61	6.98 6.87
995	7.99	5.88	5.33	6.53	8.75	8.48	9.29	9.31	8.50	6.91
996	7.98 8.04	5.88 5.91	5.29	6.51	8.75 8.77	8.38	9.24	9.34	8.39	6.71
	8.07	6.05	5.50	6.66	8.90	8.33	9.24	9.29	8.44	6.94
97 <sup>1</sup>										

Table 16. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (1998) dollars by sex and age, 1979-98 annual averages-Continued

	Total, 16	16 to 24 years			25 years and over					
	years and	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and over
MEN										
1979	12.47	8.62	7.05	10.24	14.76	14.07	15.71	15.66	14.53	7.87
1980	12.09	8.14	6.70	9.76	14.31	13.73	15.48	15.43	14.35	7.53
1981	11.89	7.82	6.60	9.26	14.09	13.28	15.02	15.38	14.27	7.64
1982	11.69	7.47	6.25	8.75	13.78	13.08	15.16	15.15	13.89	7.62
1983	11.34	7.19	6.02	8.28	13.62	12.69	15.10	15.01	14.32	7.79
1984	11.20	7.19	5.85	8.12	13.52	12.39	14.94	15.23	13.93	7.72
1985	11.13	7.11	5.70	7.95	13.42	12.13	14.87	15.13	13.72	7.57
1986 <sup>1</sup>	11.31	7.15	5.70	8.09	13.43	11.97	14.89	15.11	14.21	7.73
1987	11.17	7.05	5.69	8.16	13.16	11.86	14.50	14.70	13.95	7.65
1988	10.91	6.94	5.72	7.99	12.93	11.59	14.09	14.74	13.43	7.62
1989	10.65	6.81	5.78	7.92	12.77	11.27	13.93	14.31	13.15	7.76
1990 <sup>1</sup>	10.32	6.79	5.80	7.72	12.29	11.03	13.39	13.89	12.70	7.60
1991	10.29	6.68	5.68	7.47	11.94	10.71	13.15	14.02	12.07	7.45
1992	10.08	6.57	5.58	7.26	11.69	10.49	12.71	13.97	12.07	7.51
1993	10.00	6.49	5.50	7.15	11.49	10.27	12.60	13.71	12.37	7.57
1994 <sup>1</sup>	9.91	6.47	5.49	7.23	11.33	10.03	12.66	13.32	12.17	7.31
1995	9.88	6.47	5.51	7.30	11.48	10.13	12.72	13.18	11.89	7.34
1996	9.90 9.99	6.42	5.47	7.27	11.20	10.08	12.37	12.89	11.59	7.32
1997 <sup>1</sup>	10.07	6.55 6.92	5.71 5.99	7.30 7.79	11.28 11.73	10.08 10.23	12.27 12.49	13.00 13.05	11.98 12.23	7.08 7.75
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>										
1979	64.0	81.7	94.9	75.8	58.3	63.4	55.8	54.1	57.0	87.7
1980	64.9	84.1	93.1	77.2	58.8	64.2	54.9	54.4	56.4	89.3
1981	65.2	86.0	96.6	80.2	60.3	66.7	57.6	54.1	56.2	88.1
1982	67.3	86.5	97.1	81.8	62.2	67.8	57.2	55.8	59.0	88.1
1983	69.5	87.1	96.9	84.4	63.0	70.3	57.6	56.7	58.0	87.6
1984	69.8	86.0	96.6	84.5	63.8	71.1	59.0	56.9	59.5	89.1
1985	70.1	85.7	96.1	87.2	64.8	72.4	60.3	57.8	60.4	88.9
1986 <sup>1</sup>	70.3	85.8	95.5	86.9	66.0	74.1	61.4	59.1	60.3	91.3
1987	72.0	86.0	93.7	86.2	67.3	74.4	62.9	61.4	62.1	91.2
1988	73.9	89.1	94.4	87.3	68.7	75.7	66.2	61.6	62.5	92.6
1989	75.5	90.8	93.4	86.9	69.9	78.1	67.0	63.5	63.8	87.2
1990 <sup>1</sup>	77.9	91.0	93.8	90.2	71.9	79.4	68.7	64.3	66.2	89.6
1991	78.6	91.2	97.8	91.6	73.6	80.4	70.4	65.0	69.0	92.6
1992	80.2	91.4	97.7	92.5	76.1	82.6	73.1	66.0	69.4	92.5
1993	80.4	91.6	97.2	94.1	77.3	83.7	73.1	67.3	69.0	92.2
1994 <sup>1</sup>	80.6	90.6	97.0	91.1	78.2	85.5	73.4	69.9	70.7	94.0
1995	80.8 81.2	90.9	96.0	89.4	76.2	83.7	72.6	70.9	71.4	94.1
1996 1997 <sup>1</sup>	81.2 80.8	92.0 92.3	96.9	89.5	78.3	83.1	74.7	72.1	72.4	91.7
1998 <sup>1</sup>	80.8 81.8	92.3 90.3	96.6 96.7	91.3 89.1	78.9 77.9	82.7 86.1	75.8 77.4	72.4 75.0	70.5 72.4	98.1 93.1
1990	01.0	90.3	90.7	09.1	11.9	00.1	11.4	/5.0	12.4	93.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.
<sup>2</sup> These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ

slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Experimental Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U, X-1) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1979-82; the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used for the years 1983-98. See Technical Note.

Table 17. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (1998) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1979-98 annual averages

Vana and an	Total, 16 years	Race and Hispanic origin				
Year and sex	and over	White	Black	Hispanic origin		
BOTH SEXES						
979	\$9.80	\$9.95	\$9.07	\$9.00		
980	9.57	9.68	8.82	8.81		
981	9.33	9.39	8.89	8.71		
982	9.22	9.33	8.64	8.55		
983	9.17	9.29	8.44	8.35		
984	9.17	9.28	8.44	8.29		
985	9.15	9.26	8.35	8.30		
986 <sup>1</sup>	9.25	9.36	8.65	8.43		
987	9.29	9.43	8.61	8.37		
988	9.29	9.43	8.49	8.21		
900	9.20	9.39	6.49	0.21		
989	9.20	9.32	8.46	7.99		
990 <sup>1</sup>	9.03	9.16	8.50	7.84		
991	8.99	9.11	8.38	7.74		
992	8.98	9.09	8.21	7.73		
993	8.88	9.00	8.10	7.71		
9941	8.83	8.93	8.03	7.63		
995	8.75	8.91	8.21	7.50		
996	8.73	8.91	8.07	7.45		
997 <sup>1</sup>	8.90	9.03	8.14	7.52		
9981	9.11	9.23	8.40	7.93		
WOMEN						
979	7.98	8.00	7.83	7.59		
980	7.85	7.86	7.70	7.50		
981	7.75	7.76	7.60	7.43		
982	7.75	7.76 7.88	7.60 7.67	7.43		
983			7.67			
	7.88 7.81	7.88	7.74 7.67	7.25		
984	-	7.83		7.32		
985	7.79	7.80	7.65	7.32		
9861	7.95	7.98	7.71	7.45		
987	8.04	8.07	7.77	7.34		
988	8.06	8.09	7.75	7.29		
989	8.04	8.07	7.74	7.28		
9901	8.04	8.07	7.78	7.25		
991	8.09	8.10	7.85	7.17		
992	8.09	8.13	7.72	7.18		
993	8.04	8.08	7.76	7.13		
9941	7.99	8.08	7.64	7.06		
995	7.98	8.08	7.62	7.07		
996	8.04	8.10	7.48	7.04		
997 <sup>1</sup>	8.07	8.13	7.71	6.93		
9981	8.24	8.34	7.71	7.23		
330 ·	0.24	0.34	7.91	1.23		

Table 17. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (1998) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic origin, 1979-98 annual averages-Continued

V	Total, 16 years	Race and Hispanic origin				
Year and sex	and over	White	Black	Hispanic origin		
MEN						
1979	12.47	12.78	10.78	10.58		
1980	12.09	12.35	10.27	9.97		
1981	11.89	12.15	10.52	9.73		
1982	11.69	11.91	10.19	9.78		
1983	11.34	11.58	9.76	9.53		
1984	11.20	11.41	9.68	9.49		
1985	11.13	11.51	9.33	9.21		
1986 <sup>1</sup>	11.31	11.60	9.79	9.23		
1987	11.17	11.39	9.68	9.15		
1988	10.91	11.11	9.57	8.98		
1989	10.65	10.90	9.31	8.76		
1990 <sup>1</sup>	10.32	10.67	9.20	8.42		
1991	10.29	10.56	9.07	8.24		
1992	10.08	10.34	8.86	8.13		
993	10.00	10.24	8.66	8.04		
994 <sup>1</sup>	9.91	10.14	8.72	7.90		
995	9.88	10.30	8.74	7.78		
1996	9.90	10.17	8.50	7.92		
1997 <sup>1</sup>	9.99	10.12	8.81	8.03		
1998 <sup>1</sup>	10.07	10.19	9.10	8.25		
WOMEN'S						
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>						
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>	64.0	62.6	72.6	71.8		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>	64.0 64.9	62.6 63.6	72.6 75.0	71.8 75.2		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 1979						
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 1979 1980 1981	64.9	63.6	75.0	75.2		
### EARNINGS ### AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2	63.6 63.9	75.0 72.2	75.2 76.4		
### EARNINGS ### AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2 67.3	63.6 63.9 66.1	75.0 72.2 75.3	75.2 76.4 75.7		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 1979	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1		
### EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 19861	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8		
### EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5		
### EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3		
### EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2		
### EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup>   979	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2		
## Company of the com	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9 75.5 77.9	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2 83.1 86.1		
## Company of the Image	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9 75.5 77.9 78.6	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8 74.1 75.6 76.7	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9 83.2 84.5 86.6	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2 83.1 86.1 86.9		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 <sup>1</sup> 1987 1988 1989 1990 <sup>1</sup> 1991 1991	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9 75.5 77.9 78.6 80.2	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8 74.1 75.6 76.7 78.7	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9 83.2 84.5 86.6 87.2	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2 83.1 86.1 86.9 88.4		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 979  980  981  982  983  984  985  986 <sup>1</sup> 987  988  989  990 <sup>1</sup> 991  991  992  993	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9 75.5 77.9 78.6 80.2 80.4	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8 74.1 75.6 76.7 78.7	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9 83.2 84.5 86.6 87.2 89.6	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2 83.1 86.1 86.9 88.4 88.7		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S <sup>2</sup> 979  980  981  982  983  984  985  986 <sup>1</sup> 987  988  989  990 <sup>1</sup> 991  992  993  994 <sup>1</sup> 995	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9 75.5 77.9 78.6 80.2 80.4 80.6	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8 74.1 75.6 76.7 78.7 78.9 79.7	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9 83.2 84.5 86.6 87.2 89.6 87.5	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2 83.1 86.1 86.9 88.4 88.7 89.3		
EARNINGS AS PERCENT	64.9 65.2 67.3 69.5 69.8 70.1 70.3 72.0 73.9 75.5 77.9 78.6 80.2 80.4 80.6 80.8	63.6 63.9 66.1 68.1 68.6 67.8 68.8 70.8 72.8 74.1 75.6 76.7 78.7 78.9 79.7	75.0 72.2 75.3 79.3 79.2 82.0 78.8 80.2 80.9 83.2 84.5 86.6 87.2 89.6 87.5 87.3	75.2 76.4 75.7 76.1 77.1 79.5 80.8 80.3 81.2 83.1 86.1 86.9 88.4 88.7 89.3 90.9		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.

These figures are computed using unrounded medians

and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Experimental Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U, X-1) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1979-82; the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used for the years 1983-98. See Technical Note.

Table 18. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by sex, 1979-98 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

Year and sex		Workers paid hourly rates						
	Total wage and salary workers		Percent of total wage and salary workers	Paid less than the prevailing Federal minimum wage	Paid the prevailing Federal minimum wage	Total paid the prevailing Federal minimum wage or less		
		Total				Number	Percent of hourly- paid workers	
BOTH SEXES								
1979	87,529	51,721	59.1	2,916	3,997	6,912	13.4	
1980	87,644	51,335	58.6	3,087	4,686	7,773	15.1	
981	88,516	51,869	58.6	3,513	4,311	7,824	15.1	
1982	87,368	50,846	58.2	2,348	4,148	6,496	12.8	
1983	88,290	51,820	58.7	2,077	4,261	6,338	12.2	
1984	92,194	54,143	58.7	1,838	4,125	5,963	11.0	
1985	94,521	55,762	59.0	1,639	3,899	5,538	9.9	
1986 <sup>1</sup>	96,903	57,529	59.4	1,599	3,461	5,060	8.8	
1987	99,303	59,552	60.0	1,468	3,229	4,698	7.9	
1988	101,407	60,878	60.0	1,319	2,608	3,927	6.5	
1989	103,480	62,389	60.3	1,372	1,790	3,162	5.1	
19901	104,876	63,172	60.2	<sup>2</sup> 2,132	<sup>2</sup> 1,096	<sup>2</sup> 3,228	<sup>2</sup> 5.1	
1991	103,723	62,627	60.4	<sup>2</sup> 2,377	<sup>2</sup> 2,906	<sup>2</sup> 5,283	<sup>2</sup> 8.4	
1992	104,668	63,610	60.8	1,939	2,982	4,921	7.7	
1993	106,101	64,274	60.6	1,707	2,625	4,332	6.7	
1994 <sup>1</sup>	107,989	66,549	61.6	1,995	2,132	4,128	6.2	
1995	110,038	68,354	62.1	1,699	1,956	3,656	5.3	
1996	111,960	69,255	61.9	<sup>2</sup> 1,863	<sup>2</sup> 1,861	<sup>2</sup> 3,724	<sup>2</sup> 5.4	
19971	114,533	70,735	61.8	<sup>2</sup> 2,990	<sup>2</sup> 1,764	<sup>2</sup> 4,754	<sup>2</sup> 6.7	
1998 <sup>1</sup>	116,730	71,440	61.2	2,834	1,593	4,427	6.2	
WOMEN								
1979	38,129	23,329	61.2	2,070	2,644	4,714	20.2	
1980	38,944	23,626	60.7	2,104	2,990	5,095	21.6	
1981	39,672	24,294	61.2	2,394	2,778	5,172	21.3	
1982	39,777	24,365	61.3	1,651	2,561	4,212	17.3	
1983	40,433	24,989	61.8	1,492	2,603	4,095	16.4	
1984	42,172	26,003	61.7	1,348	2,499	3,847	14.8	
1985	43,506	26,869	61.8	1,198	2,356	3,554	13.2	
1986 <sup>1</sup>	44,961	27,863	62.0	1,192	2,125	3,317	11.9	
1987	46,365	29,078	62.7	1,105	1,946	3,051	10.5	
1988	47,495	29,820	62.8	1,008	1,542	2,550	8.6	
1989	48,691	30,702	63.1	994	1,056	2,050	6.7	
1990 <sup>1</sup>	49,323	31,069	63.0	<sup>2</sup> 1,420	<sup>2</sup> 711	<sup>2</sup> 2,131	<sup>2</sup> 6.9	
1991	49,105	30,988	63.1	<sup>2</sup> 1,582	<sup>2</sup> 1,792	<sup>2</sup> 3,374	<sup>2</sup> 10.9	
1992	49,842	31,454	63.1	1,286	1,751	3,036	9.7	
1993	50,626	31,937	63.1	1,133	1,534	2,667	8.4	
1994 <sup>1</sup>	51,419	33,021	64.2	1,322	1,241	2,563	7.8	
1995	52,369	33,934	64.8	1,157	1,161	2,318	6.8	
1996	53,488	34,418	64.3	<sup>2</sup> 1,244	<sup>2</sup> 1,106	<sup>2</sup> 2,350	<sup>2</sup> 6.8	
1997 <sup>1</sup>	54,708	35,214	64.4	<sup>2</sup> 1,843	<sup>2</sup> 1,092	<sup>2</sup> 2,935	<sup>2</sup> 8.3	
1998 <sup>1</sup>	55,757	35,680	64.0	1.794	965	2,760	7.7	

Table 18. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by sex, 1979-98 annual averages-Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

Year and sex		Workers paid hourly rates						
	Total wage and	Total	Percent of total wage and salary workers	Paid less than the prevailing Federal minimum wage	Paid the prevailing Federal minimum wage	Total paid the prevailing Federal minimum wage or less		
	salary workers					Number	Percent of hourly- paid workers	
MEN								
1979	49,400 48,700 48,844 47,591 47,856 50,022 51,015 51,942 52,938 53,912	28,392 27,709 27,576 26,481 26,831 28,140 28,893 29,666 30,474 31,058	57.5 56.9 56.5 55.6 56.1 56.3 56.6 57.1 57.6	846 983 1,119 697 585 490 440 408 364 311	1,353 1,696 1,533 1,587 1,658 1,626 1,544 1,336 1,283 1,066	2,199 2,678 2,652 2,284 2,243 2,116 1,984 1,743 1,647 1,377	7.7 9.7 9.6 8.6 8.4 7.5 6.9 5.9 5.4 4.4	
1989	54,789 55,553 54,618 54,826 55,475 56,570 57,669 58,473 59,825 60,973	31,687 32,104 31,639 32,155 32,337 33,528 34,420 34,838 35,521 35,761	57.8 57.8 57.9 58.6 58.3 59.3 59.7 59.6 59.4 58.7	379 <sup>2</sup> 712 <sup>2</sup> 795 653 573 674 542 <sup>2</sup> 619 <sup>2</sup> 1,147 1,039	733 2385 21,114 1,231 1,091 891 796 2755 2673 628	1,112 21,097 21,909 1,885 1,664 1,565 1,338 21,374 21,820 1,667	3.5 <sup>2</sup> 3.4 <sup>2</sup> 6.0 5.9 5.1 4.7 3.9 <sup>2</sup> 3.9 <sup>2</sup> 5.1 4.7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.
<sup>2</sup> Data for 1990-91 and 1996-97 reflect changes in the minimum wage

that took place in those years.

NOTE: The prevailing Federal minimum wage was \$2.90 in 1979, \$3.10 in 1980, and \$3.35 in 1981-89. The minimum wage rose to \$3.80 in April 1990, to \$4.25 in April 1991, to \$4.75 in October 1996, and to \$5.15 in September 1997. See Technical Note.

## **Technical Note**

The estimates in this report were obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides a wide range of information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the Bureau of the Census from a scientifically selected national sample of about 50,000 households, with coverage in all 50 states and the District of Columbia. The earnings data are collected from one-fourth of the CPS monthly sample.

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## **Concepts and definitions**

The principal concepts and definitions used in connection with the earnings data in this report are described below.

Usual weekly earnings. Data are collected on wages and salaries before taxes and other deductions and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the principal job in the case of multiple jobholders). Self-employed workers are excluded, regardless of whether their businesses are incorporated. Prior to 1994, respondents were asked how much they usually earned per week. Since January 1994, respondents have been asked to identify the easiest way for them to report earnings (hourly, weekly, biweekly, twice monthly, monthly, annually, other) and how much they usually earn in the reported time period. Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months.

Medians (and quantiles) of weekly earnings. The median (or upper limit of the second quartile) is the amount which divides a given earnings distribution into two equal groups, one having earnings above the median and the other having earnings below the median. Ten percent of a given distribution have earnings below the upper limit of the first decile (90 percent have higher earnings); 25 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the first quartile (75 percent have higher earnings); 75 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the third quartile (25 percent have higher earnings); and 90 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the ninth decile (10 percent have higher earnings).

The BLS estimating procedure for determining the median of an earnings distribution places each reported or calculated weekly earnings value into \$50-wide intervals, centered around multiples of \$50. The actual value of the

median is estimated through the linear interpolation of the interval in which the median lies.

Over-the-year changes in the medians (and other quantile boundaries) for specific groups may not necessarily be consistent with the movements estimated for the overall quantile boundary. The most common reasons for this possible anomaly are: (1) There could be a change in the relative weights of the subgroups. For example, the medians of both 16- to 24-year-olds and those 25 years and over may rise but if the lower-earning 16-to-24 age group accounts for a greatly increased share of the total, the overall median could actually fall. (2) There could be a large change in the shape of the distribution of reported earnings, particularly near a quantile boundary. This could be caused by survey observations that are clustered at rounded values, for example, \$250, \$300, \$400. An estimate lying in a \$50-wide centered interval containing such a cluster or "spike" tends to change more slowly than one in other intervals. Medians, for example, measure the central tendency of a multipeaked distribution that shifts over time. As the distribution shifts, the median does not necessarily move at the same rate. Specifically, the median takes relatively more time to move through a frequently reported interval, but once above the upper limit of such an interval, it can move relatively quickly to the next frequently reported earnings interval. BLS procedures for estimating medians (and other quantile boundaries) mitigate such irregular movements of the measures; however, users should be cautious of these effects when evaluating short-term changes in the medians as well as in ratios of the medians.

Constant dollars. The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1983 forward. The Experimental Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U, X-1) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars for the years 1979-82. The CPI-U, X-1 prior to 1983 is identical to the CPI-U, except for the treatment of homeownership costs. In January 1983, BLS implemented important methodological improvements to the homeownership components of the CPI-U. In keeping with BLS practice, historical CPI-U series were not revised. BLS, however, has provided the CPI-U, X-1 with homeownership methodology comparable to the revised CPI-U for researchers who needed a consistent CPI series.

Wage and salary workers. These are workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors but, for the purposes of the earnings series, excludes all self-employed persons, regardless of whether their businesses are incorporated.

*Full-time workers*. Workers who usually work 35 hours or more per week at their sole or principal job are defined as working full-time.

*Part-time workers*. Workers who usually work less than 35 hours per week at their sole or principal job are defined as working part-time.

Hourly-paid workers. Workers who are paid an hourly wage are a subset of wage and salary workers, representing approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Hourly-paid workers are, therefore, included in the full-and part-time worker tables in this report along with salaried workers and other workers not paid by the hour. (Data for the hourly-paid workers are presented separately in tables 10 to 12 and 16 to 18).

Workers paid at or below the Federal minimum wage. The estimates of the numbers of workers with reported earnings at or below the Federal minimum wage in tables 12 and 18 pertain only to workers who are paid hourly rates. Salaried workers and other nonhourly workers are not included even though some have earnings that, when converted to hourly rates, are at or below the minimum wage. Consequently, the estimates presented in this report likely understate the actual number of workers with hourly earnings at or below the minimum wage. Research has shown, however, that the degree of understatement is small. BLS does not routinely estimate hourly earnings for workers not paid by the hour because of data quality concerns associated with such an estimation process.

The prevailing Federal minimum wage was:

\$2.90 effective January 1979 \$3.10 effective January 1980 \$3.35 effective January 1981 \$3.80 effective April 1990 \$4.75 effective October 1996 \$5.15 effective September 1997

Data for 1990-91 and 1996-97 in table 18 reflect changes in the minimum wage that took place during those years.

The presence of workers with hourly earnings below the minimum wage does not necessarily indicate violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as there are exemptions to the minimum wage provisions of the law. In addition, some workers might have rounded hourly earnings to the nearest dollar in response to survey questions. As a result, some might have been reported with hourly earnings below the minimum wage when in fact they earned the minimum wage or higher. This may be more likely to occur in years when the minimum wage level is just above a whole dollar value, for example, in 1998 (\$5.15).

## Reliability

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than an entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or sampling error, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence. The standard errors included in this report were rounded for presentation purposes, as were the earnings estimates. Consequently, a precise confidence interval cannot be constructed using these data.

The CPS data also are affected by nonsampling error. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" section of the February 1994 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*.