

Highlights of Women's Earnings in 2005



U.S. Department of Labor U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics September 2006

Report 995

In 2005, women who were full-time wage and salary workers had median weekly earnings of \$585, or 81 percent of the \$722 median for their male counterparts. (See chart 1.) This ratio has grown since 1979, the first year comparable earnings data were available; that year, women earned about 63 percent as much as men did.

This report presents earnings data from the Current Population Survey (CPS). The CPS is a national monthly survey of approximately 60,000 households conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Information on earnings is collected from one-fourth of the CPS sample each month. Users should note that the comparisons of earnings in this report are on a broad level and do not control for many factors that can be significant in explaining earnings differences. For a detailed description of the source of the data and an explanation of the concepts and definitions used, see the Technical Note.

Highlights

Following are some highlights of women's and men's earnings in 2005.

Full-time workers

- Median weekly earnings were highest for women and men aged 45 to 64. Among women, 45- to 54-year-olds had median weekly earnings of \$644, little different than the \$639 median for 55- to 64-year-olds. Among men, median weekly earnings also were about the same for those aged 45 to 54 (\$853) as for those aged 55 to 64 (\$855). (See table 1.)
- The difference between women's and men's earnings was much larger among middle-aged and older workers than among younger workers. For instance, among workers aged 45 to 54, women earned 75 percent as much as men. By comparison, among workers 25 to 34 years old, women earned 89 percent as much as men, and among 16- to 24-year-olds, the earnings ratio rose to 93 percent. (See table 1.)
- Between 1979 and 2005, the earnings gap between women and men narrowed for most major age groups. The women's-to-men's earnings ratio among 35- to 44-

year-olds, for example, rose from 58 percent in 1979 to 76 percent in 2005, and the ratio for 45- to 54-year-olds rose from 57 percent in 1979 to 75 percent 26 years later. The earnings ratios for teenagers and for workers aged 65 and older, however, showed no consistent pattern over the period. (See table 12.)

- Asian workers of both sexes earned more than their white, black, and Hispanic counterparts did in 2005. Asian women's median weekly earnings (\$665) were 12 percent higher than white women's earnings (\$596), 33 percent greater than black women's earnings (\$499), and 55 percent higher than Hispanic women's earnings (\$429). In comparison, Asian men's earnings (\$825) were 11 percent higher than the earnings of white men (\$743), 48 percent greater than the earnings of black men (\$559), and 69 percent higher than those of Hispanic men (\$489). (See tables 1 and 13 and chart 2.)
- Earnings differences between women and men in 2005 were widest for whites and for Asians. Asian women earned about 81 percent as much as Asian men did, and white women earned 80 percent as much as white men did. Both black women (89 percent) and Hispanic women (88 percent) had earnings that were closer to those of their male counterparts. (See table 1.)
- Growth in earnings for white women has outpaced that of their black and Hispanic counterparts. Between 1979 and 2005, inflation-adjusted earnings for white women grew fairly steadily, rising by 30 percent. Earnings growth over the period among black and Hispanic women was 18 percent and 9 percent, respectively. In contrast, real earnings for white and for black men in 2005 were about the same as in 1979, while those for Hispanic men fell by 11 percent. (See table 13.)
- Median weekly earnings varied significantly by level of education. Among women, those with less than a high school diploma earned \$341 per week in 2005, compared with \$883 for those with a college degree. Among men, high school dropouts had earnings of \$455 a week, compared with \$1,167 for college graduates. (See tables 1 and 6.)

- At all levels of education, women have fared better than men with respect to earnings growth. Although both women and men with less than a high school diploma have experienced a decline in inflation-adjusted earnings since 1979, the drop for women was significantly less than that for men—10 percent versus 28 percent. Earnings for women with college degrees have increased by 34 percent since 1979 on an inflation-adjusted basis, while earnings of male college graduates have risen by 18 percent. (See table 14 and chart 3.)
- Women working full time in management, business, and financial operations occupations earned \$847 per week in 2005. This was more than women earned in any other major occupational category. The second highest paying job group was professional and related occupations, in which women earned \$792 per week. In management, business, and finance, the highest paying occupations for women were chief executives, computer and information systems managers, medical and health services managers, human resources managers, marketing and sales managers, management analysts, and education administrators. Among those with professional and related occupations, women working as pharmacists, lawyers, computer software engineers, physicians and surgeons, computer programmers, and physical therapists had the highest median weekly earnings. (See table 2.)
- Women and men tend to work in different managerial and professional occupations. In 2005, among professional and related occupations, for example, women were much less likely than men to be employed in some of the highest paying fields, such as engineering and computer and mathematical occupations. Instead, women were more likely to work in lower paying professional occupations, such as education, training, and library occupations. (See table 2.)
- The ratio of female-to-male earnings varied by place of residence, from a high of 90.1 percent in California to a low of 63.1 percent in Wyoming. The differences among the States reflect, in part, variation in the occupations and industries found in each State and in the age composition of each State's labor force. In addition, sampling error for the State estimates is considerably larger than it is for the national estimates; thus, comparisons of State estimates should be made with care. (See table 3.)
- Just 6 percent of women earned \$1,500 or more per week, compared with 14 percent of men. Not surprisingly, given their higher earnings overall, Asian women were

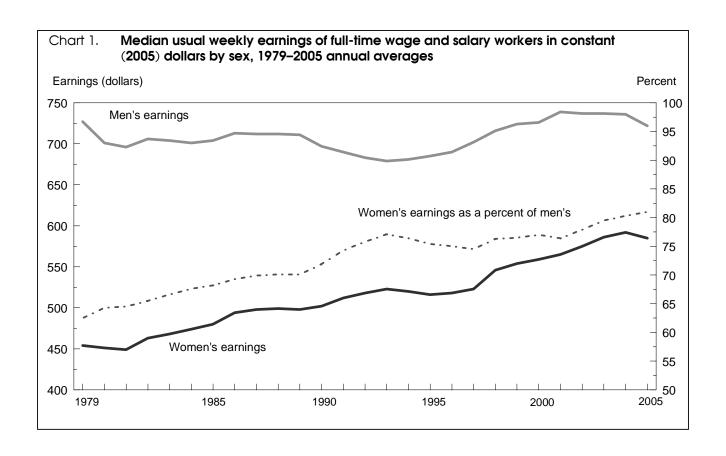
- more likely than other women to earn at least \$1,500 per week. (See table 7.)
- Median weekly earnings of married women with children under the age of 18 were 24 percent higher than the earnings of unmarried mothers. The difference was even greater for men: married fathers earned 33 percent more than unmarried fathers did. (See table 8.)

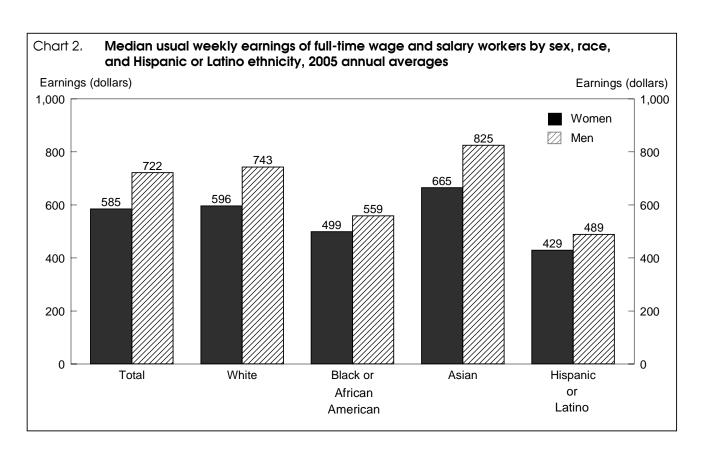
Part-time workers

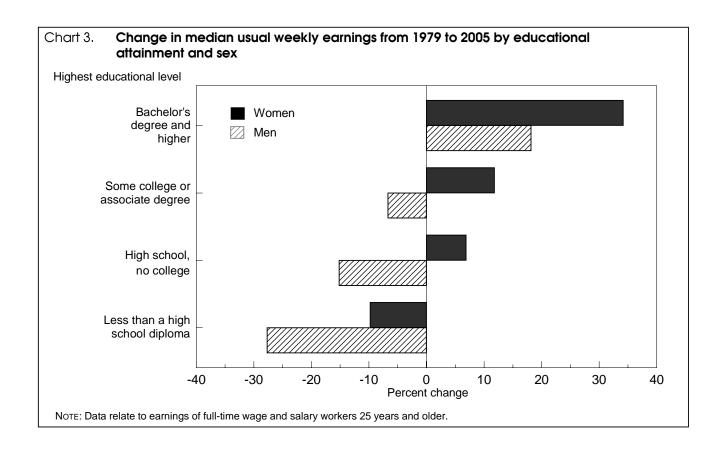
- Women are more likely than men to work part time—that is, fewer than 35 hours per week. Women who worked part time made up one-fourth of all female wage and salary workers in 2005. In contrast, just 11 percent of men in wage and salary jobs worked part time. These proportions have not changed much over time. (See tables 4 and 5.)
- Median weekly earnings of female part-time workers were \$206, compared with \$190 for male part-time workers. Male part-time workers are more highly concentrated in the youngest age groups, which typically have low earnings. Half of male part-time workers were 16 to 24 years old, compared with just less than a third of female part-timers. (See tables 4 and 5.)

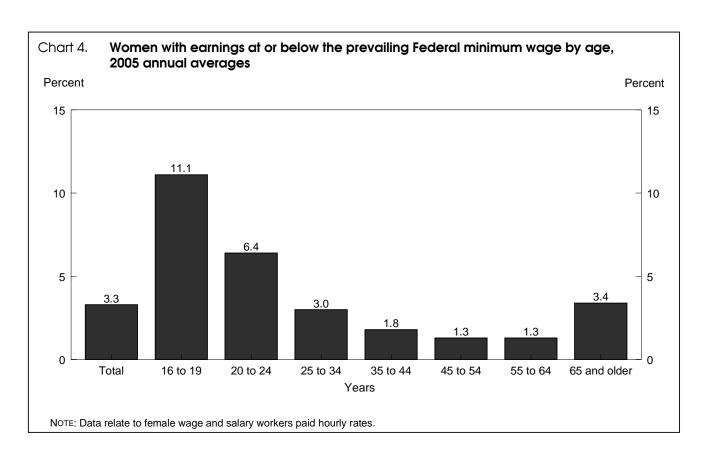
Workers paid by the hour

- About 63 percent of women and 58 percent of men employed in wage and salary jobs were paid by the hour in 2005. Women who were paid hourly rates had median hourly earnings of \$10.31. This was 85 percent of the median for men paid by the hour (\$12.16). (See tables 5, 9, 10, 15, and 16.)
- Among women who were paid hourly rates in 2005, about 3 percent had hourly earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage of \$5.15 an hour. This compares with 2 percent of men who were paid by the hour. (See tables 11 and 17. Also see the Technical Note for information about workers with earnings below the Federal minimum wage.)
- Workers paid hourly rates who were aged 16 to 19 were the most likely to have earnings at or below the minimum wage. About 9 percent of teenage workers paid by the hour earned the minimum wage or less, compared with less than 2 percent of their counterparts aged 25 and older. Among those aged 20 to 24, about 5 percent had earnings at or below the minimum wage. (See table 11 and chart 4.)









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Table 1. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

Roth coves							1			
		Both sexes	1		Women	1		Men	1	Women's
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
AGE										
Total, 16 years and older	103,560	\$651	\$2	45,154	\$585	\$2	58,406	\$722	\$2	81.0
16 to 24 years		397	2	4,711	381	3	6,396	409	2	93.2
16 to 19 years		318	3	694	304	4	1,005	330	6	92.1
20 to 24 years	9,409	411	2	4,018	396	3	5,391	422	3	94.0
25 years and older	,	696	2	40,443	612	2	52,010	771	3	79.4
25 to 34 years		610	2	10,400	573	4	14,612	644	4	89.1
35 to 44 years		731	3	11,563	621	4	15,540	822	6	75.6
45 to 54 years		748	3	11,814	644	5	13,836	853	6	75.4
55 to 64 years		742	4	5,854	639	7	6,920	855	9	74.7
65 years and older		569	13	812	492	12	1,102	644	28	76.4
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY										
White	84,110	672	2	35,538	596	2	48,572	743	3	80.2
Black or African American	12,388	520	3	6,472	499	4	5,916	559	8	89.2
Asian	4,651	753	8	2,054	665	12	2,597	825	14	80.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	14,673	471	3	5,241	429	5	9,433	489	3	87.7
MARITAL STATUS										
Never married	26,750	515	2	11,514	505	3	15,236	522	3	96.7
Married, spouse present	59,249	737	2	23,507	619	2	35,742	827	4	74.9
Other marital status	17,561	616	3	10,133	577	4	7,428	684	6	84.4
Divorced	11,823	652	4	6,901	605	4	4,923	729	8	83.1
Separated	4,135	519	5	2,019	493	7	2,116	573	14	86.1
Widowed	1,603	555	16	1,213	515	8	390	668	28	77.1
UNION AFFILIATION 2										
Members of unions ³	14,207	801	5	5,761	731	5	8,446	857	6	85.3
Represented by unions ⁴	15,551	795	5	6,442	726	5	9,109	855	6	84.9
Not represented by a union	88,010	622	2	38,712	559	3	49,297	692	3	80.7
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Total, 25 years and older	92,453	696	2	40,443	612	2	52,010	771	3	79.4
Less than a high school diploma	8,861	409	2	2,878	341	3	5,983	455	4	75.1
High school, no college 5	27,514	583	2	11,517	493	2	15,997	652	3	75.6
Some college or associate degree	25,471	670	3	12,103	587	3	13,368	766	4	76.6
Bachelor's degree and higher 6	30,607	1,013	4	13,944	883	5	16,662	1,167	6	75.7

¹ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

to a union, as well as to workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

² Differences in earnings levels between workers with and without union affiliation reflect a variety of factors in addition to coverage by a collective bargaining agreement, including the distribution of male and female employees by occupation, industry, firm size, or geographic region.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}\,$ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar

⁵ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

⁶ Includes persons with a bachelor's, master's, professional, or doctoral degree. NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages

	B	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
	,			in o dod nao,			inoucunacy			
Total, 16 years and older	103,560	\$651	\$2	45,154	\$585	\$2	58,406	\$722	\$2	81.0
Management, professional, and related										
occupations	36,908	937	3	18,597	813	5	18,311	1,113	7	73.0
Management, business, and financial operations occupations	14,977	997	6	6,782	847	6	8,195	1,167	9	72.6
Management occupations		1,083	11	4,122	902	11	6,219	1,107	14	73.4
Chief executives	1,043	1,834	79	253	1,413	39	790	1,903	12	74.3
General and operations managers	754	1,099	38	226	932	38	528	1,152	17	80.9
Advertising and promotions					(0)	(0)		(0)	(0)	(2)
managers		870	92	38	(2)	(2)	28	(2)	(2)	(3)
Marketing and sales managers Administrative services managers	. 728 73	1,235 978	39 79	283 22	990 (²)	50 (²)	445 51	1,440 1,104	51 80	68.7 (³)
Computer and information systems	1 '3	910	19	22	()	()	31	1,104	80	(')
managers	326	1,428	45	100	1,094	83	227	1,540	60	71.0
Financial managers		1,061	36	503	853	16	446	1,347	39	63.3
Human resources managers		1,083	60	188	998	42	75	1,357	63	73.6
Industrial production managers	295	1,123	48	48	(2)	(2)	247	1,147	30	(3)
Purchasing managers Transportation, storage, and	184	1,099	88	72	939	60	112	1,199	79	78.3
distribution managers	227	757	25	28	(2)	(2)	200	771	26	(3)
Farm, ranch, and other agricultural		,			` '	` '		'''		` '
managers	. 77	680	61	13	(2)	(2)	65	689	52	(3)
Construction managers		1,051	30	30	(2)	(2)	400	1,060	31	(3)
Education administrators		1,114	33	440	972	32	272	1,289	80	75.3
Engineering managers		1,788	129	9	(2)	(2)	80	1,852	104	(3)
Food service managers Lodging managers	594 100	651 647	19 40	249 52	549 525	26 116	345 48	740 (²)	21 (²)	74.2 (³)
Medical and health services	100	0-17	40	52	020	110	40	()	()	()
managers	432	1,089	36	308	1,026	40	123	1,327	161	77.3
Property, real estate, and community association managers.	341	724	25	193	662	43	149	803	41	82.4
Social and community service managers	258	838	29	176	784	71	82	990	188	79.1
Business and financial operations	250	030	23	170	704	''	02	330	100	73.1
occupations	4,637	871	8	2,660	778	10	1,976	1,037	17	75.0
Wholesale and retail buyers,										
except farm products	153	802	49	75	708	82	77	930	83	76.1
Purchasing agents, except										
wholesale, retail, and farm products	271	785	28	145	710	43	126	912	37	77.9
Claims adjusters, appraisers,	2,,	700	20	140	7.10	40	120	312	01	11.5
examiners, and investigators	276	789	42	174	706	25	102	971	45	72.6
Compliance officers, except										
agriculture, construction, health	400	000	45		000	07	74	077		405.0
and safety, and transportation Cost estimators		893 941	45 44	57 14	923 (²)	67 (²)	71 67	877 961	51 40	105.2 (³)
Human resources, training, and	00	341		14	(-)		07	901	40	(')
labor relations specialists	585	791	26	417	762	16	168	904	41	84.3
Management analysts	288	1,229	66	128	981	36	160	1,362	35	72.1
Accountants and auditors	1,383	887	16	855	784	17	529	1,072	40	73.1
Appraisers and assessors of	7.4	000		00	(2)	(2)	40	(2)	(2)	(3)
real estateBudget analysts		832 1,050	44 106	32 35	(2)	(2)	42 14	(2)	(2)	(3) (3)
Financial analysts		1,136	97	33	(2)	(2)	41	(2)	(2)	(3)
Personal financial advisors		1,134	27	83	888	85	188	1,239	88	71.7
Insurance underwriters	110	894	45	79	851	32	31	(2)	(2)	(3)
Loan counselors and officers	387	861	42	210	786	39	178	977	49	80.5
Tax examiners, collectors, and	70	764	FF	40	(2)	(2)	20	(2)	(2)	(3)
revenue agents Tax preparers		764 668	55 169	43 36	(2)	(2)	30 16	(2)	(2)	(3)
Professional and related occupations	21,931	902	4	11,815	792	5	10,116	1,058	7	74.9
Computer and mathematical		302		,			. 5,110	.,555		
occupations	2,924	1,132	13	760	1,007	21	2,164	1,174	19	85.7
Computer scientists and systems						l				0.5.5
analysts		1,091	37	198	983	54 50	449	1,140	25	86.3
Computer programmers	524	1,086	43	133	1,014	50	391	1,129	38	89.8

Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

	В	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earning as percen of men's
Computer software engineers	778	\$1,401	\$25	165	\$1,174	\$59	612	\$1,456	\$25	80.6
Computer support specialists	310	823	24	95	858	33	215	809	23	106.1
Database administrators	82	1,116	37	23	(2)	(2)	58	1,314	309	(3)
Network and computer	004	4.050	0.4	0.4	(2)	(2)	400	4.070	40	(2)
systems administrators	201	1,058	34	34	(2)	(2)	166	1,072	42	(3)
Network systems and data communications analysts	254	1,062	41	59	952	32	195	1,082	32	88.0
Operations research analysts	80	1,252	34	38	(2)	(2)	43	(2)	(2)	(3)
architecture and engineering		, -			. ,	\ /		\	\ /	()
occupations	2,509	1,105	17	322	945	21	2,187	1,133	12	83.4
Architects, except naval	176	1,146	32	42	(2)	(2)	134	1,147	58	(3)
Aerospace engineers	88	1,362	160	10	(2)	(2) (2)	78	1,449	91	(3)
Civil engineers Computer hardware engineers	277 72	1,138 1,405	22 283	37 5	(2)	(2)	239 66	1,166 1,524	22 81	(3)
Electrical and electronics engineers	330	1,350	25	22	(2)	(2)	309	1,354	28	(3)
Industrial engineers, including	330	1,000	20	22	()	()	303	1,004	20	()
health and safety	185	1,161	45	28	(2)	(2)	157	1,198	46	(3)
Mechanical engineers	306	1,262	25	18	(2)	(2)	288	1,265	26	(ì³)
Drafters	186	769	20	42	(2)	(2)	144	783	29	(3)
Engineering technicians, except	054	005		07	205		007	0.40		0.4.0
drafters	354	805 735	21 58	67	695	68	287	819	21	84.9
Surveying and mapping technicians Life, physical, and social science	98	735	50	2	(2)	(2)	96	742	58	(3)
occupations	1,164	965	18	452	837	27	712	1,073	40	78.0
Biological scientists	106	890	59	49	(2)	(2)	56	1,000	69	(3)
Medical scientists	125	935	82	55	938	`175	70	934	91	100.4
Chemists and materials scientists	109	1,128	85	36	(2)	(2)	72	1,241	107	(3)
Environmental scientists and					(0)	(0)				(0)
geoscientists	87	1,217	67	21	(2)	(2)	66	1,223	168	(3)
Market and survey researchers	106	997	34 33	54 50	898 909	84 144	52 32	1,138 (²)	55	78.9 (³)
Psychologists	83 85	966 699	39	25	(2)	(2)	60	701	(²) 47	(3)
Community and social services	00	000		25	()	()	00	701	71	()
occupations	1,797	725	10	1,054	683	12	742	797	22	85.8
Counselors	499	740	15	345	728	16	154	788	52	92.4
Social workers	602	700	18	473	682	19	129	780	52	87.5
Miscellaneous community and	007	000	0.4	4.40	000	47	00	754	404	00.0
social service specialists	237 385	662 785	34 27	146 49	608 (²)	17 (²)	90 335	751 813	131 31	80.9 (³)
Clergy egal occupations	1,162	1,052	25	638	846	19	524	1,531	85	55.3
Lawyers	598	1,609	54	203	1,354	46	395	1,748	34	77.5
Judges, magistrates, and other										
judicial workers	73	1,101	52	30	(2)	(2)	43	(2)	(2)	(3)
Paralegals and legal assistants	311	740	24	261	737	24	50	769	259	95.8
Miscellaneous legal support workers	181	715	25	144	702	29	37	(2)	(2)	(3)
Education, training, and library	101	713	23	144	702	29	37	()	()	(')
occupations	6,066	798	8	4,405	753	5	1,660	960	12	78.5
Postsecondary teachers	808	1,072	29	323	924	29	485	1,173	39	78.8
Preschool and kindergarten										
teachers	515	521	16	495	520	12	19	(2)	(2)	(3)
Elementary and middle school	2 204	006	10	1 001	012	_	402	000	22	00.4
teachers Secondary school teachers	2,204 1,037	826 878	10 15	1,801 577	813 841	9 16	403 460	909 942	22 21	89.4 89.3
Special education teachers	382	868	28	327	853	32	55	949	69	89.9
Other teachers and instructors	306	728	24	187	657	23	120	803	69	81.8
Librarians	163	829	44	137	826	81	25	(2)	(2)	(3)
Teacher assistants	546	398	8	496	398	9	50	`398	` 17	100.0
Arts, design, entertainment, sports,			l							
and media occupations	1,488	819	17	623	735	17	865	885	23	83.0
Artists and related workers	83 500	868 816	92 33	28 218	(²)	(²)	54 282	989 920	147 28	(³) 71.0
Designers Producers and directors	500 75	971	80	218 28	653 (²)	29 (²)	282 48	(2)	(²)	(3)
Athletes, coaches, umpires, and	13	311		20	' '	' /	70	\	' '	()
related workers	123	713	59	21	(2)	(2)	102	749	51	(3)
Musicians, singers, and related					, ,		-			
workers	51	893	58	13	(2)	(2)	38	(2)	(2)	(3)

 $\label{thm:table 2.} \textbf{Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, } \textbf{2005 annual averages} \textbf{_Continued}$

	В	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
News analysts, reporters and					(0)	(0)		(0)	(0)	(0)
correspondents	62	\$866	\$98	31	(2)	(2)	31	(2)	(2)	(3) (3)
Public relations specialists Editors	135 108	860 865	53 37	86 59	\$817 794	\$78 60	49 49	(2)	(2) (2)	(3)
Writers and authors	70	887	161	43	(2)	(2)	27	(2)	(2)	(3)
Broadcast and sound engineering					\ /			()	\ /	()
technicians and radio operators	64	813	34	6	(2)	(2)	59	\$823	\$38	(3)
Photographers	53	721	100	19	(2)	(2)	34	(2)	(2)	(3)
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations	4,821	878	8	3,560	834	9	1,262	1,043	30	79.9
Dietitians and nutritionists	51	666	154	3,300 47	(2)	(2)	3	(2)	(2)	(3)
Pharmacists	185	1,557	38	89	1,483	112	96	1,597	79	92.9
Physicians and surgeons	562	1,547	44	187	1,134	88	375	1,862	150	60.9
Physician assistants	52	1,155	89	26	(2)	(2)	26	(2)	(2)	(3)
Registered nurses		935	11	1,654	930	10	151	1,011	50	92.0 (³)
Occupational therapists Physical therapists	59 117	996 1,036	41 81	55 74	983 1,014	39 28	5 43	(2)	(2) (2)	(3)
Respiratory therapists	80	854	44	46	(2)	(2)	34	(2)	(2)	(3)
Speech-language pathologists	68	933	45	60	914	32	7	(2)	(2)	(̀³)́
Clinical laboratory technologists										
and technicians	279	750	22	197	725	27	82	836	47	86.7
Dental hygienists Diagnostic-related technologists	53	895	35	49	(2)	(2)	3	(2)	(2)	(3)
and technicians	212	873	40	145	789	57	67	973	30	81.1
Emergency medical technicians							•			
and paramedics	144	658	49	34	(2)	(2)	110	730	32	(3)
Health-diagnosing and -treating	000	504	40	007	500	4.0		504		00.5
practitioner support technicians Licensed practical and licensed	290	504	13	237	503	12	53	521	57	96.5
vocational nurses	401	625	13	369	621	12	31	(2)	(2)	(3)
Medical records and health		020		300	02.		0.	()	()	()
information technicians	104	543	33	88	522	17	15	(2)	(2)	(3)
Service occupations	14,123	413	2	7,099	379	2	7,024	478	4	79.4
Healthcare support occupations	2,085	410	4	1,842	408	4	243	422	11	96.8
Nursing, psychiatric, and home health aides	1,334	388	4	1,181	385	5	153	406	13	94.8
Dental assistants	150	474	18	142	479	15	8	(2)	(2)	(3)
Protective service occupations	2,549	678	12	525	514	12	2,025	729	` 13	70.4
First-line supervisors/managers of					(0)	(0)				(0)
police and detectives	121 228	1,009 944	68 31	15 9	(2)	(2)	105 219	1,010 952	63 37	(3) (3)
Fire fighters Bailiffs, correctional officers, and	220	944	31	9	(-)	(-)	219	952	31	(-)
jailers	401	605	14	115	531	35	286	632	34	84.0
Detectives and criminal										
investigators	119	1,054	59	31	(2)	(2)	88	1,188	98	(3)
Police and sheriff's patrol officers Private detectives and investigators	669 68	826 662	18 54	97 29	738 (²)	22 (²)	573 39	849 (²)	19 (²)	86.9 (³)
Security guards and gaming	00	002	J-7	23	` '	` '	00	\	` '	\ /
surveillance officers	667	481	12	159	405	16	507	508	14	79.9
Food preparation and serving related	4.00=	656		4 000	607	_	0.044	674] .	04.0
occupations Chefs and head cooks	4,007 275	356 486	3 15	1,966 46	337 (²)	5 (²)	2,041 229	371 494	4 19	91.0 (³)
First-line supervisors/managers	213	400	13	40	()	()	229	434	19	(')
of food preparation and serving										
workers	451	422	12	272	398	10	179	522	34	76.3
Cooks	1,198	336	5	433	314	5	766	350	6	89.7
Food preparation workers Bartenders	339 210	321 420	6 12	189 107	318 417	8 16	149 102	324 422	12 27	98.0 98.9
Combined food preparation and	210	720	12	107	717		102	722		50.5
serving workers, including										
fast food	132	310	11	98	308	14	34	(2)	(2)	(3)
Counter attendants, cafeteria, food	00	202	4.4	EG	200	17	24	(2)	(2)	(3)
concession, and coffee shop Waiters and waitresses	90 848	292 352	11 9	56 556	289 332	17 12	34 292	(²) 384	(²) 16	(³) 86.3
Food servers, nonrestaurant	82	409	19	42	(²)	(2)	40	(2)	(2)	(3)
Dining room and cafeteria								, ,		
attendants and bartender helpers	163	347	15	72	325	17	92	367	21	88.6
		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, $$2005$ annual averages—Continued $$$

	В	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
Dishwashers	141	\$296	\$9	29	(2)	(2)	112	\$293	\$10	(3)
Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop	77	332	15	65	\$322	\$13	12	(2)	(2)	(3)
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	3,425	394	3	1,249	344	5	2,176	428	7	80.4
housekeeping and janitorial workersFirst-line supervisors/managers of	177	537	50	57	433	27	120	613	26	70.6
landscaping, lawn service, and	404	500	20	0	(2)	(2)	00	500	20	(3)
groundskeeping workers Janitors and building cleaners	101 1,477	593 408	32 5	3 421	(²) 363	(²) 8	98 1,056	598 441	32 12	(³) 82.5
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	829	335	7	724	328	6	1,036	390	18	84.0
Pest control workers	55	508	26	1	(2)	(2)	54	511	25	(3)
Grounds maintenance workers	787	389	7	43	(2)	(2)	744	393	7	(3)
Personal care and service occupations First-line supervisors/managers of	2,057	409	5	1,517	390	5	540	491	12	`79.5
gaming workersFirst-line supervisors/managers of	81	628	37	41	(2)	(2)	40	(2)	(2)	(³)
personal service workers Nonfarm animal caretakers	58 57	577 379	47 31	31 43	(2)	(2)	27 14	(2)	(2)	(3)
Gaming services workers Hairdressers, hairstylists, and	77	579	25	38	(2)	(2)	39	(2)	(2)	(3)
cosmetologists Baggage porters, bellhops, and	285	416	12	258	409	12	27	(2)	(2)	(3)
_concierges	60	457	53	11	(2)	(2)	49	(2)	(2)	(3)
Transportation attendants	77	680	40	55	619	53	22	(2)	(2)	(3)
Childcare workers Personal and home care aides	444 402	332 390	9 10	414 328	330 381	9 10	30 75	442	(²) 27	(³) 86.1
Recreation and fitness workers	181	487	18	107	479	31	73	494	22	96.9
Sales and office occupations	25,193	575	3	15,654	520	2	9,539	690	6	75.3
Sales and related occupations	10,031	622	5	4,449	483	5	5,582	762	6	63.4
retail salesworkersFirst-line supervisors/managers of	2,365	631	9	979	525	11	1,386	723	14	72.6
non-retail salesworkers	922 1,428	881 336	27	250 1,064	753 322	22 3	673 363	944 389	24 14	79.7 82.6
Cashiers Counter and rental clerks	1,426	429	6 48	48	(2)	(2)	55	589	78	02.0 (3)
Parts salespersons	123	562	42	14	(2)	(2)	109	586	28	(3)
Retail salespersons	1,869	494	8	810	401	8	1,060	606	13	66.2
Advertising sales agents Insurance sales agents	194 341	870 742	93 18	99 178	730 624	32 20	95 162	1,017 908	80 54	71.8 68.7
Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents	288	1,007	133	93	733	57	195	1,239	53	59.2
Travel agents	56	593	33	46	(2)	(2)	11	(2)	(2)	(3)
all other	369	814	66	112	648	41	257	919	50	70.5
and manufacturingReal estate brokers and sales	1,140	920	24	289	737	25	851	960	18	76.8
agents Telemarketers Door-to-door salesworkers, news	489 98	773 367	34 18	275 70	716 360	42 21	213 28	989 (²)	38 (²)	72.5 (³)
and street vendors, and related workers	66	422	51	21	(2)	(2)	46	(2)	(2)	(3)
Office and administrative support occupationsFirst-line supervisors/managers	15,161	550	3	11,205	533	3	3,957	605	6	88.0
of office and administrative support workers Bill and account collectors	1,399 175	686 518	10 11	953 115	656 519	10 13	447 60	796 516	30 19	82.5 100.6
Billing and posting clerks and machine operators	355	572	17	313	566	18	42	(2)	(2)	(3)
Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks	964	555	12	861	551	12	102	580	27	94.9
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	136	613	17	123	611	16	12	(2)	(2)	(3)
Tellers	296	426	10	270	425	9	26	(2)	(2)	(ì³)

	В	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
Court, municipal, and license clerks Credit authorizers, checkers, and	95	\$575	\$40	81	\$571	\$54	14	(2)	(2)	(3)
clerks	64	607	30	49	(2)	(2)	15	(2)	(2)	(3)
Customer service representatives	1,490	524	9	1,010	505	5	480	\$624	\$17	80.9
File clerks Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks	255 107	507 376	11 17	201 66	505 367	11 14	54 41	513 (²)	26 (²)	98.5 (³)
Interviewers, except eligibility	100	500	10	00	E01	40	20	(2)	(2)	(3)
and loanLibrary assistants, clerical	128 58	502 517	12 38	99 54	501 496	12 35	29 5	(2)	(2)	(3)
Loan interviewers and clerks	179	623	24	134	614	18	45	(2)	(2)	(3)
Order clerks		519	19	77	509	23	42	(2)	(2)	(3)
Human resources assistants,								, ,	` '	()
except payroll and timekeeping Receptionists and information	60	601	33	55	580	30	5	(2)	(2)	(3)
clerks Reservation and transportation	923	466	7	846	463	7	76	504	32	91.9
ticket agents and travel clerks	134	626	42	90	586	61	44	(2)	(2)	(3)
Couriers and messengers		664	34	31	(2)	(2)	182	678	44	(3)
Dispatchers		584	16	168	556	20	105	613	18	90.7
Postal service clerks		791	31	58	750	35	89	830	23	90.3
Postal service mail carriers Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing	295	832	15	110	733	51	185	874	16	83.9
machine operators Production, planning, and	109	751	28	50	742	33	59	763	46	97.2
expediting clerks	275	694	20	152	650	18	123	767	24	84.8
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	472	488	10	138	450	17	334	504	11	89.4
Stock clerks and order fillers Weighers, measurers, checkers,	1,012	427	9	361	409	8	651	448	14	91.1
and samplers, recordkeeping Secretaries and administrative	60	467	54	35	(2)	(2)	26	(2)	(2)	(3)
assistants	2,684	562	6	2,611	559	6	73	654	45	85.6
Computer operators		599	53	89	541	25	76 70	674	47	80.2
Data entry keyers Word processors and typists	403 216	509 500	8 13	324 206	507 499	7 13	79 10	529 (²)	112 (²)	95.9 (³)
Insurance claims and policy								, ,		, ,
processing clerks Mail clerks and mail machine	238	560	25	204	565	23	35	(2)	(2)	(3)
operators, except postal service Office clerks, general	99 672	508 518	15 9	52 574	480 509	21 9	47 98	(²) 591	(²) 23	(³) 86.1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	12,086	623	4	517	486	16	11,569	628	4	77.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	755	372	7	154	327	12	601	388	9	84.2
Graders and sorters, agricultural	63	402	25	48	(2)	(2)	15	(2)	(2)	(3)
productsLogging workers		483	46	2	(2)	(2) (2)	62	485	45	(3) (3)
occupationsFirst-line supervisors/managers of	6,826	604	4	163	480	24	6,663	606	4	79.1
construction trades and extraction workers	645	830	23	20	(2)	(2)	626	839	26	(3)
Brickmasons, blockmasons, and stonemasons	166	598	27	_			166	598	27	
CarpentersCarpet, floor, and tile installers and	1,213	556	15	17	(2)	(2)	1,196	559	15	(3)
finishersCement masons, concrete finishers	178	482	16	2	(2)	(2)	176	484	16	(3)
and terrazzo workers		519 502	17 6	2 38	(²) (²)	(²) (²)	88 1,132	518 504	17 6	(3) (3)
Operating engineers and other										, ,
construction equipment operators. Drywall installers, ceiling tile	367	733	22	11	(2)	(2)	356	735	22	(3)
installers, and tapers		511	15	1	(2)	(2)	184	510	15	(3)
Electricians	747	713	14	13	(-)	(-)	734	712	14	(-)

Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

	E	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
	triododrido)			triousarius)			triousurius)			
Painters, construction and	384	\$466	\$17	17	(2)	(2)	367	\$469	\$18	(3)
maintenance Pipelayers, plumbers, pipefitters,	. 304	\$400	φ17	17	(-)	(-)	307	\$409	φιο	(-)
and steamfitters	550	703	19	2	(2)	(2)	547	704	19	(3)
Roofers		500	20	6	(2)	(2)	203	503	21	(³)
Sheet metal workers		653	30	4	(2)	(2)	123	655	31	(3)
Structural iron and steel workers		772 437	49 45	1 2	(2) (2)	(2)	57 100	768	48	(3)
Helpers, construction trades Construction and building inspectors		791	61	9	(2)	(2)	108 75	430 824	40 47	(3)
Highway maintenance workers	86	581	43	3	(2)	(2)	83	575	45	(3)
Installation, maintenance, and repair]	001	10	Ü	()	()	00	010	10	()
occupations	4,504	705	6	199	\$691	\$39	4,305	706	6	97.9
First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, and										
repairers	307	814	43	18	(2)	(2)	289	817	42	(3)
Computer, automated teller, and office machine repairers	336	753	28	45	(2)	(2)	291	749	27	(3)
Radio and telecommunications	. 330	733	20	45	()	()	291	743	21	(')
equipment installers and repairers	206	861	51	29	(2)	(2)	177	858	49	(3)
Security and fire alarm systems										, - ,
installers	56	705	104	3	(2)	(2)	53	730	33	(3)
Aircraft mechanics and service technicians	137	919	35	8	(2)	(2)	129	920	38	(3)
Automotive body and related	107	313	00	Ü	()	()	123	320		()
repairers	137	587	48	2	(2)	(2)	135	579	41	(3)
Automotive service technicians and		000	4.0	40	(2)	(2)	744	201	4.0	(2)
mechanics Bus and truck mechanics and	724	629	16	13	(2)	(2)	711	631	16	(3)
diesel engine specialists	326	694	23	1	(2)	(2)	325	693	23	(3)
Heavy vehicle and mobile equipment service technicians										,
and mechanics Heating, air conditioning, and	218	726	20	1	(2)	(2)	216	727	20	(3)
refrigeration mechanics and										
installers	314	693	21	3	(2)	(2)	311	694	21	(3)
Industrial and refractory machinery		704			(2)	(2)	400	704		(2)
mechanics Maintenance and repair workers,	444	724	20	14	(2)	(2)	430	724	20	(3)
general	305	631	28	11	(2)	(2)	294	635	31	(3)
Millwrights	. 58	824	245	3	(2)	(2)	55	891	100	(3)
Electrical power-line installers and										, - ,
repairers	105	868	55	4	(2)	(2)	102	875	49	(3)
Telecommunications line installers and repairers	145	788	42	9	(2)	(2)	136	780	60	(3)
Precision instrument and	110	100		Ü	()		100	700		
equipment repairers	54	819	234	4	(2)	(2)	50	877	221	(3)
Production, transportation, and material-										
moving occupations		540	4	3,288	420	3	11,963	591	3	71.1
Production occupations First-line supervisors/managers of	8,403	538	5	2,412	423	4	5,991	608	4	69.6
production and operating workers.	825	761	15	162	545	33	662	817	22	66.7
Electrical, electronics, and										
electromechanical assemblers	195	473	18	117	441	21	79 50	528	50	83.6
Bakers Butchers and other meat-, poultry-,	117	411	18	59	357	34	58	480	27	74.4
and fish-processing workers	262	444	19	56	400	17	206	471	22	85.0
Food batchmakers		465	25	26	(2)	(2)	44	(2)	(2)	(3)
Computer control programmers				_						
and operators Cutting, punching, and press	54	697	39	5	(2)	(2)	49	(2)	(2)	(3)
machine setters, operators, and	400	E00	20	20	(2)	(2)	00	E00	27	(3)
tenders, metal and plastic Grinding, lapping, polishing, and	120	502	20	30	(2)	(2)	90	533	37	(3)
buffing machine tool setters,										
operators, and tenders, metal			_		/ 2 :	(2)		(2)	(2)	(2)
and plastic	. 55	557	61	7	(2)	(2)	48	(2)	(2)	(3)

Table 2. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by detailed occupation and sex, 2005 annual averages—Continued

	В	oth sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Occupation	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earning as percer of men's
Machinists Molders and molding machine setters, operators, and tenders,	401	\$697	\$17	25	(2)	(2)	376	\$712	\$18	(3)
metal and plastic	60	529	51	13	(2)	(2)	46	(2)	(2)	(3)
Tool and die makers	91	821	55	1	(2)	(2)	91	824	55	(3)
Welding, soldering, and brazing					. ,	\				()
workers	550	599	11	32	(2)	(2)	518	608	12	(3)
Printing machine operators	201	585	22	30	(2)	(2)	170	617	21	(3)
Laundry and dry-cleaning workers	125	372	17	82	\$347	\$17	43	(2)	(2)	(3)
Sewing machine operators	236	360	13	171	355	15	64	372	26	95.3
Cabinetmakers and bench					(0)	(0)				(0)
carpenters	53	516	18	4	(2)	(2)	50	518	18	(3)
Sawing machine setters, operators, and tenders, wood	54	428	39	6	(2)	(2)	48	(2)	(2)	(3)
Stationary engineers and boiler operators	108	819	73	2	(2)	(2)	105	797	94	(3)
plant and system operators Chemical-processing machine	69	674	80	2	(2)	(2)	67	710	131	(3)
setters, operators, and tenders Crushing, grinding, polishing,	56	769	95	7	(2)	(2)	50	717	35	(3)
mixing, and blending workers	95	498	24	11	(2)	(2)	84	503	23	(3)
Cutting workers	94	496	29	22	(2)	(2)	72	525	36	(̀³)́
samplers, and weighers Medical, dental, and ophthalmic	618	596	18	237	486	11	380	679	24	71.0
laboratory technicians Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders	76 291	545 410	57 11	37 159	(²) 384	(²) 12	39 132	(²) 452	(²) 19	(³) 84.9
Painting workers	177	562	29	23	(2)	(2)	155	592	22	(3)
operators, and tendersransportation and material-moving	58	603	30	16	(2)	(2)	42	(2)	(2)	(3)
occupationsSupervisors, transportation and	6,848	543	6	876	412	7	5,972	574	6	71.7
material-moving workers	194	734	28	29	(2)	(2)	164	751	31	(3)
Aircraft pilots and flight engineers Busdrivers Driver/salesworkers and truck	98 353	1,366 517	102 14	6 141	(²) 456	38	92 213	1,368 576	121 31	79.
drivers	2,758	624	7	101	473	31	2,657	631	9	75.0
Taxi drivers and chauffeurs Locomotive engineers and	179	483	23	24	(2)	(2)	155	500	23	(3)
operatorsRailroad conductors and	53	998	199	1	(2)	(2)	52	1,013	195	(3)
yardmasters	50	1,017	44	_	(2)	(2)	50	1,017	44	(3)
Service station attendants	68 69	323 727	10 47	9 2	(2)	(2) (2)	59 66	333 727	27 57	(3)
Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators	67	616	40	_	_	_	67	616	40	_
operatorsCleaners of vehicles and	514	499	9	31	(2)	(2)	483	494	9	(3)
equipmentLaborers and freight, stock, and	224	385	13	27	(2)	(2)	197	390	13	(3)
material movers, hand	1,384	456	10	210	406	11	1,173	469	10	86.
Packers and packagers, hand Refuse and recyclable material	377	372	10	240	358	10	137	406	19	88.
collectors	66	491	28	4	(2)	(2)	62	501	31	(3)

[—] Data not available.

¹ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

² Data not shown where base is less than 50,000.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Data not shown where base for either the numerator or the denominator is less than 50,000.

Table 3. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by State and sex, 2005 annual averages

		Both sexes			Women			Men		14/
State	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Women's earnings as percent of men's ¹
UNITED STATES	103,560	\$651	\$2	45,154	\$585	\$2	58,406	\$722	\$2	81.0
Alabama	1,647	612	9	740	518	11	907	684	22	75.8
Alaska	223	784	13	98	679	17	124	866	20	78.4
Arizona	2,025	624	10	842	582	12	1,183	670	17	86.9
ArkansasCalifornia	967 12,067	542 703	16 6	448 4,941	479 662	12 10	520 7,126	617 734	11 8	77.7 90.1
Colorado	1,690	721 706	12 26	693	639	17 23	997	790 905	28	80.9 75.1
Connecticut	1,241 332	796 683	13	543 152	679 613	14	698 180	750	21 19	81.7
Delaware District of Columbia	228	804	18	116	770	18	112	858	35	89.8
Florida	6,360	604	4	2,907	544	13	3,452	655	10	83.1
	3,290	620	8	1,479	584	9		668	16	87.4
Georgia Hawaii	3,290 446	660	16	206	504 598	14	1,811 240	718	19	83.3
Idaho	474	585	12	199	501	9	276	678	16	73.8
Illinois	4,439	691	9	1,902	610	9	2,537	787	15	77.5
Indiana	2,292	632	12	980	557	13	1,313	714	16	78.1
lowa	1,067	626	11	483	568	19	585	699	17	81.2
Kansas	973	626	11	417	558	17	556	700	17	79.8
Kentucky	1,404	601	10	629	530	17	775	656	19	80.7
Louisiana	1,501	586	9	718	488	11	783	651	16	75.0
Maine	441	616	11	200	545	21	241	688	20	79.3
Maryland	2,154	762	14	985	705	24	1,169	832	26	84.8
Massachusetts	2,215	755	10	989	661	12	1,225	844	20	78.3
Michigan	3,314	718	11	1,397	609	10	1,917	803	16	75.8
Minnesota	1,891	736	14	818	653	15	1,074	818	21	79.9
Mississippi	926	545	17	426	471	14	500	620	15	76.0
Missouri	2,084	622	11	931	551	19	1,153	713	20	77.3
Montana	305	547	13	136	477	11	169	617	11	77.2
Nebraska	663	615	11	294	536	17	369	675	16	79.4
Nevada New Hampshire	923 499	600 727	7 15	384 211	558 624	18 15	539 289	632 839	14 32	88.4 74.4
•										
New Jersey	3,213	772	11	1,390	671	15	1,823	860	15	78.0
New Mexico New York	636 6,566	599 679	10 7	268 2,917	544 611	22 7	368 3,649	644 748	24 8	84.4 81.7
North Carolina	3,034	589	8	1,351	523	10	1,683	644	15	81.3
North Dakota	225	586	10	101	508	9	124	649	14	78.2
Ohio	3,970	653	8	1,778	571	12	2,191	730	11	78.3
Oklahoma	1,214	586	9	533	490	12	681	656	17	74.7
Oregon	1,174	634	17	499	554	20	675	731	21	75.8
Pennsylvania	4,445	650	8	1,960	576	8	2,485	739	11	78.0
Rhode Island	379	682	18	170	597	14	209	767	25	77.9
South Carolina	1,449	586	10	682	504	11	768	660	16	76.3
South Dakota	274	569	12	127	493	9	147	624	13	79.0
Tennessee	1,993	572	14	906	508	11	1,087	621	14	81.7
Texas	8,103	590 508	5	3,439	524 406	9	4,664	631 686	10	83.0
Utah	792	598	12	301	496	10	491	686	19	72.2
Vermont	222	650 686	15 14	99 1 302	590 615	15 13	123	709 758	17 17	83.1 81.1
Virginia Washington	2,893 2,177	743	14	1,302 897	626	21	1,591 1,280	835	23	75.0
West Virginia	2,177 562	590	12	249	499	12	313	668	23 20	75.0 74.8
Wisconsin	1,974	671	14	850	558	15	1,123	789	16	70.7
Wyoming	186	628	13	74	481	11	112	762	20	63.1

¹ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table. NOTE: Data refer to persons 16 years and older.

Table 4. Median usual weekly earnings of part-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

	Е	Both sexes			Women			Women's		
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
AGE										
Total, 16 years and older	22,052	\$201	\$1	15,152	\$206	\$1	6,900	\$190	\$2	108.6
16 to 24 years		149	1	4,687	147	2	3,443	151	2	97.3
16 to 19 years	4,167	121	1	2,323	119	2	1,844	124	2	95.9
20 to 24 years		183	2	2,364	179	3	1,599	189	3	94.9
25 years and older		246	2	10,466	245	2	3,457	250	4	98.0
25 to 34 years	3,387	242	3	2,476	239	4	911	253	7	94.5
35 to 44 years	3,484	265	4	2,865	263	4	619	275	10	95.4
45 to 54 years		269	4	2,454	266	4	539	284	11	93.8
55 to 64 years		239	5	1,680	238	5	670	242	9	98.0
65 years and older	1,708	188	4	990	173	5	717	209	7	82.9
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY										
White	18,618	202	1	12,868	208	2	5,751	190	2	109.6
Black or African American	2,046	197	3	1,373	198	4	673	195	5	101.7
Asian	822	204	7	541	210	8	281	190	12	110.6
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	2,500	198	3	1,620	194	3	880	206	5	94.1
MARITAL STATUS										
Never married	9,936	160	1	5,603	158	2	4,333	163	2	96.8
Married, spouse present	9,333	256	2	7,349	255	3	1,984	261	5	97.7
Other marital status	2,783	220	3	2,200	216	3	583	241	9	89.4
Divorced	1,505	235	5	1,172	232	6	333	250	16	92.7
Separated	619	215	5	464	208	6	155	243	12	85.5
Widowed	659	196	7	564	194	7	95	214	22	90.5

¹ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African

American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 5. Median usual weekly earnings of wage and salary workers by hours usually worked and sex, 2005 annual averages

	E	Both sexes			Women			Women's		
Hours of work	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
Total, 16 years and older	125,889	\$577	\$2	60,423	\$486	\$2	65,466	\$663	\$3	73.2
1 to 34 hours	19,283	206	1	13,382	212	2	5,901	195	2	108.7
1 to 4 hours	467	54	3	334	54	4	133	55	7	97.6
5 to 9 hours	1,045	65	1	745	66	2	301	64	3	103.5
10 to 14 hours	1,725	102	2	1,229	106	2	495	93	3	114.0
15 to 19 hours	2,418	137	2	1,663	143	3	755	126	4	112.9
20 to 24 hours	5,860	193	2	4,009	200	2	1,851	179	3	112.0
25 to 29 hours	2,595	233	3	1,772	239	4	824	222	4	107.6
30 to 34 hours	5,173	309	3	3,630	318	3	1,542	290	5	109.8
35 hours or more	97,242	654	2	42,794	589	2	54,448	724	2	81.3
35 to 39 hours	7,617	435	5	5,210	438	6	2,407	428	9	102.4
40 hours	68,599	605	1	31,235	567	3	37,364	643	3	88.1
41 hours or more	21,026	976	5	6,348	878	8	14,678	1,020	6	86.1
41 to 44 hours	1,310	722	13	525	669	19	784	751	5	89.2
45 to 48 hours	5,971	870	8	2,091	806	13	3,880	915	2	88.1
49 to 59 hours	9,359	1,047	9	2,726	967	12	6,633	1,086	3	89.1
60 hours or more	4,386	1,112	17	1,006	955	16	3,380	1,155	4	82.7
Hours vary	9,364	408	5	4,247	286	5	5,117	567	3	50.4
Usually less than 35 hours		164	3	1,770	165	4	999	161	5	102.9
Usually 35 hours or more	6,319	602	6	2,361	463	14	3,958	688	3	67.3

¹ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: Data refer to the sole or principal job of full- and part-time

workers. Estimates for the above "hours vary" groups do not sum to totals because data are not presented for a small number of multiple jobholders whose usual number of hours on the principal job is not identifiable.

Table 6. Quartiles and selected deciles of usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

	Number			Upper limit of	:	
Characteristic	of workers (in thousands)	First decile	First quartile	Second quartile (median)	Third quartile	Ninth decile
SEX, RACE, AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY						
Total, 16 years and older Women Men	103,560 45,154 58,406	\$310 292 331	\$429 395 476	\$651 585 722	\$997 862 1,119	\$1,506 1,250 1,689
White	. 84,110 35,538 48,572	317 296 340	445 404 488	672 596 743	1,021 875 1,145	1,541 1,267 1,739
Black or African American Women Men	12,388 6,472 5,916	284 279 292	367 351 387	520 499 559	768 733 821	1,122 1,053 1,166
Asian	. 4,651 2,054 2,597	330 308 359	483 427 518	753 665 825	1,170 1,035 1,341	1,806 1,514 1,917
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	. 14,673 5,241 9,433	276 253 285	335 313 352	471 429 489	695 637 726	1,041 936 1,106
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Total, 25 years and older Less than a high school diploma High school, no college ¹ Some college or associate degree Bachelor's degree and higher ²	8,861 27,514 25,471	331 256 311 351 494	470 311 411 481 705	696 409 583 670 1,013	1,048 576 809 952 1,524	1,559 796 1,111 1,309 2,115
Women, 25 years and older	2,878 11,517 12,103	306 226 286 322 463	417 279 366 425 634	612 341 493 587 883	900 441 667 801 1,242	1,297 595 887 1,088 1,735
Men, 25 years and older Less than a high school diploma High school, no college ¹ Some college or associate degree Bachelor's degree and higher ²	5,983 15,997	365 282 349 395 538	511 339 476 547 781	771 455 652 766 1,167	1,168 625 912 1,074 1,756	1,760 879 1,217 1,453 2,414

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

NOTE: Ten percent of all full-time wage and salary workers earn less than the upper limit of the first decile; 25 percent earn less than the upper limit of the first quartile; 50 percent earn less than the upper limit of the second quartile, or median; 75 percent earn less than the upper limit of the

third quartile; and 90 percent earn less than the upper limit of the ninth decile. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Includes persons with a bachelor's, master's, professional, or doctoral degree.

Table 7. Distribution of full-time wage and salary workers by usual weekly earnings and selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

				Number o	of workers by	y usual wee	kly earnings	5	
Characteristic	Total employed	Under \$150.00	\$150.00 to \$249.99	\$250.00 to \$349.99	\$350.00 to \$499.99	\$500.00 to \$749.99	\$750.00 to \$999.99	\$1,000.00 to \$1,499.99	\$1,500.00 or more
AGE AND SEX									
Total, 16 years and older	103,560	967	2,972	10,368	19,900	25,711	17,046	15,888	10,710
16 to 24 years	11,108	266	961	2,838	3,591	2,410	682	287	73
16 to 19 years		92	293	610	473	181	37	9	3
20 to 24 years	9,409	174	668	2,228	3,118	2,229	645	277	70
25 years and older	92,453	700	2,012	7,529	16,309	23,301	16,364	15,601	10,636
25 to 34 years	25,013	198	640	2,513	5,476	7,156	4,277	3,236	1,517
35 to 44 years	27,103	169	549	2,001	4,413	6,599	4,878	4,941	3,552
45 to 54 years	25,650	173	455	1,850	3,964	6,133	4,699	4,818	3,558
55 to 64 years	12,774	98	271	892	2,055	3,031	2,282	2,367	1,778
65 years and older	1,913	63	96	274	400	383	227	239	231
Women, 16 years and older	45,154	558	1,756	5,579	10,085	11,893	7,001	5,546	2,737
16 to 24 years	4,711	144	502	1,284	1,527	915	243	83	14
16 to 19 years	694	47	144	265	185	41	6	4	1
20 to 24 years		96	358	1,019	1,342	873	237	80	13
25 years and older		414	1,254	4,295	8,558	10,978	6,758	5,463	2,723
25 to 34 years		103	376	1,180	2,522	3,082	1,662	1,042	433
35 to 44 years	11,563	104	362	1,220	2,368	3,049	1,950	1,634	876
45 to 54 years	11,814	108	285	1,203	2,268	3,139	2,048	1,824	939
55 to 64 years	5,854	62	187	558	1,196	1,531	1,001	886	433
65 years and older		39	45	133	203	177	97	76	41
Men, 16 years and older	58,406	409	1,216	4,789	9,815	13,818	10,045	10,342	7,973
16 to 24 years		123	459	1,554	2,064	1,495	439	204	59
16 to 19 years		45	149	344	288	139	31	6	3
20 to 24 years		78	310	1,209	1,776	1,356	408	198	57
25 years and older		286	757	3,235	7,752	12,323	9,606	10,138	7,913
25 to 34 years	14,612	95	265	1,334	2,954	4,074	2,615	2,193	1,084
35 to 44 years	15,540	65	188	781	2,045	3,550	2,928	3,307	2,676
45 to 54 years	13,836	65	170	646	1,696	2,994	2,652	2,994	2,619
55 to 64 years	6,920	36	85	334	860	1,500	1,281	1,481	1,345
65 years and older	1,102	24	51	140	197	206	131	163	190
RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX									
White, 16 years and older	84,110	748	2,242	7,744	15,501	20,889	14,253	13,451	9,282
Women	35,538 48,572	442 306	1,323 919	4,082 3,663	7,720 7,781	9,476 11,413	5,721 8,532	4,520 8,931	2,255 7,026
Black or African American, 16 years and older	12,388	145	534	1,939	3,110	3,219	1,617	1,298	525
Women	6,472	75	317	1,129	1,728	1,636	784	569	234
Men	5,916	70	217	810	1,382	1,584	833	730	291
Asian, 16 years and older		42	116	366	725	1,006	811	833	751
Women	2,054	24	67	206	366	490	346	344	210
Men	2,597	19	49	160	359	515	465	489	541
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 16 years and older	14,673	157	734	2,897	4,249	3,393	1,545	1,159	540
Women	5,241	79	382	1,190	1,494	1,127	511	354	103
Men	9,433	77	352	1,706	2,755	2,265	1,034	805	437

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 8. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, marital status, and presence and age of own children under 18 years old, 2005 annual averages

, 1	,	,	
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median weekly earnings	Standard error of median
WOMEN			
Total, all marital statuses With children under 18 years old With children 6 to 17 years, none younger With children under 6 years old With no children under 18 years old Total, married, spouse present With children under 18 years old With children 6 to 17 years, none younger With children under 18 years old With no children under 18 years old Total, other marital statuses 1. With children under 18 years old With children under 18 years old With children under 6 years old With no children under 18 years old	16,724 10,549 6,175 28,430 23,507 11,161 6,858 4,304 12,346 21,647 5,563 3,692	\$585 574 587 539 591 619 611 611 611 628 531 494 531 421 556	\$2 4 7 2 2 3 4 5 4 7 6 4
MEN			
Total, all marital statuses With children under 18 years old With children 6 to 17 years, none younger With children under 6 years old With no children under 18 years old	22,157 11,937	722 811 853 765 667	2 4 7 6 3
Total, married, spouse present With children under 18 years old With children 6 to 17 years, none younger With children under 6 years old With no children under 18 years old	20,491 10,939 9,552	827 830 870 787 822	4 5 7 7 6
Total, other marital statuses ¹ With children under 18 years old With children 6 to 17 years, none younger With children under 6 years old With no children under 18 years old	1,667 998	581 623 704 527 578	3 10 14 15 3

¹ Includes never-married, divorced, separated, and widowed persons.

NOTE: Children refer to "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children.

Excluded are other related children such as grandchildren, nieces, nephews, and cousins, as well as unrelated children.

Table 9. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates, by selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

							Mari			
		Both sexes			Women			Men		Women's
Characteristic	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median hourly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median hourly earnings	Standard error of median	Number of workers (in thousands)	Median hourly earnings	Standard error of median	earnings as percent of men's ¹
AGE										
Total, 16 years and older	75,609	\$11.19	\$0.03	37,957	\$10.31	\$0.04	37,652	\$12.16	\$0.03	84.8
16 to 24 years	,	8.07	.02	8,086	7.80	.03	8,288	8.42	.06	92.6
16 to 19 years	,	7.05	.02	2,874	6.92	.02	2,654	7.21	.03	96.0
20 to 24 years		8.91	.03	5,212	8.50	.07	5,634	9.20	.05	92.3
25 years and older		12.48	.05	29,871	11.58	.06	29,364	13.91	.04	83.3
25 to 34 years	16,779	11.76	.07	7,716	10.86	.06	9,063	12.17	.04	89.2
35 to 44 years	. 16,761	13.11	.05	8,387	11.84	.05	8,374	14.88	.05	79.6
45 to 54 years		13.48	.11	8,197	12.13	.05	7,222	15.13	.06	80.1
55 to 64 years	. 8,015	12.95	.08	4,319	11.86	.07	3,695	14.79	.14	80.2
65 years and older	. 2,261	9.93	.05	1,252	9.82	.08	1,009	10.04	.07	97.7
RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY										
White		11.48	.06	30,078	10.50	.06	30,901	12.47	.08	84.2
Black or African American		10.17	.03	5,372	9.93	.04	4,421	10.90	.07	91.1
Asian	,	12.01	.09	1,437	11.64	.41	1,283	12.75	.41	91.3
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	12,527	9.95	.03	5,060	9.18	.06	7,467	10.19	.03	90.0
MARITAL STATUS										
Never married	26,288	9.14	.02	12,307	8.72	.05	13,980	9.79	.03	89.1
Married, spouse present	,	13.01	.04	17,645	11.82	.04	18,695	14.75	.09	80.1
Other marital status	12,982	11.79	.06	8,005	10.98	.06	4,977	13.01	.11	84.4
Divorced	8,229	12.30	.10	5,026	11.61	.14	3,203	14.24	.20	81.6
Separated	3,212	10.20	.05	1,738	9.96	.07	1,475	10.93	.16	91.2
Widowed	. 1,541	10.69	.18	1,241	10.44	.21	299	12.03	.51	86.8
UNION AFFILIATION ²										
Members of unions 3	9,755	16.16	.11	3,635	13.98	.12	6,120	17.81	.15	78.5
Represented by a union ⁴	10,586	16.02	.08	4,051	13.90	.12	6,535	17.62	.20	78.9
Not represented by a union	65,023	10.69	.04	33,906	10.10	.02	31,117	11.45	.08	88.2
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Total, 25 years and older	59,235	12.48	.05	29,871	11.58	.06	29,364	13.91	.04	83.3
Less than a high school diploma		9.57	.11	3,245	8.21	.04	5,022	10.20	.03	80.6
High school, no college 5	22,698	12.03	.03	10,856	10.55	.07	11,842	13.90	.05	75.9
Some college or associate degree	18,516	13.51	.10	10,179	12.23	.06	8,337	15.13	.05	80.8
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁶	. 9,754	16.75	.20	5,591	16.71	.24	4,163	16.78	.33	99.6

¹ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

a union, as well as to workers who report no union affiliation but whose jobs are covered by a union or an employee association contract.

² Differences in earnings levels between workers with and without union affiliation reflect a variety of factors in addition to coverage by a collective bargaining agreement, including the distribution of male and female employees by occupation, industry, firm size, or geographic region.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to a union.

⁴ Data refer to members of a labor union or an employee association similar to

⁵ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

⁶ Includes persons with a bachelor's, master's, professional, or doctoral degree. NOTE: Workers paid by the hour account for approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 10. Distribution of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates, by hourly earnings and selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

(In thousands)

					Number o	f workers b	y hourly ear	nings		
Characteristic	Total employed	Under \$4.00	\$4.00 to \$4.99	\$5.00 to \$5.99	\$6.00 to \$7.99	\$8.00 to \$9.99	\$10.00 to \$11.99	\$12.00 to \$14.99	\$15.00 to \$19.99	\$20.00 or more
AGE AND SEX										
Total, 16 years and older	75,609	941	143	2,013	11,433	13,366	11,956	12,245	11,832	11,680
16 to 24 years	16,374	482	62	1,194	5,435	4,154	2,434	1,612	749	252
16 to 19 years	5,528	169	27	791	2,695	1,173	427	160	61	25
20 to 24 years	10,846	313	34	403	2,740	2,981	2,007	1,452	689	227
25 years and older	59,235	459	82	819	5,998	9,212	9,522	10,633	11,083	11,428
25 to 34 years	16,779	223	39	286	1,985	2,968	2,979	3,242	2,928	2,127
35 to 44 years	16,761	117	17	196	1,499	2,425	2,498	3,033	3,269	3,707
45 to 54 years	15,419	75	19	149	1,302	2,094	2,337	2,711	3,101	3,631
55 to 64 years	8,015	29	3	110	755	1,209	1,279	1,361	1,548	1,721
65 years and older	2,261	15	3	77	456	517	430	286	237	241
Women, 16 years and older	37,957	660	90	1,243	6,794	7,391	6,267	6,027	4,845	4,640
16 to 24 years	8,086	350	36	712	2,961	1,955	1,080	663	229	100
16 to 19 years	2,874	131	20	470	1,464	547	175	51	13	4
20 to 24 years	5,212	219	16	242	1,497	1,408	905	613	216	96
25 years and older	29,871	309	54	532	3,833	5,436	5,188	5,363	4,616	4,540
25 to 34 years	7,716	138	23	174	1,159	1,489	1,417	1,412	1,056	849
35 to 44 years	8,387	84	13	135	1,023	1,495	1,409	1,511	1,309	1,407
45 to 54 years	8,197	58	14	88	917	1,356	1,367	1,508	1,424	1,465
55 to 64 years	4,319	18	3	83	488	787	750	772	711	707
65 years and older	1,252	12	1	51	246	309	245	160	116	113
Men, 16 years and older	37,652	281	53	770	4,639	5,975	5,689	6,218	6,987	7,040
16 to 24 years	8,288	131	26	483	2,475	2,198	1,355	949	520	152
16 to 19 years	2,654	37	7	321	1,231	626	253	109	48	22
20 to 24 years	5,634	94	18	161	1,243	1,573	1,102	840	472	130
25 years and older	29,364	149	28	287	2,165	3,777	4,334	5,270	6,467	6,888
25 to 34 years	9,063	85	17	112	827	1,479	1,563	1,830	1,872	1,278
35 to 44 years	8,374	33	3	61	476	930	1,089	1,522	1,960	2,300
45 to 54 years	7,222	17	5	61	385	738	970	1,203	1,676	2,167
55 to 64 years	3,695	11	_	27	267	421	529	589	838	1,014
65 years and older	1,009	3	2	26	210	208	185	126	121	128
RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX										
White, 16 years and older	60,978	809	125	1,565	9,073	10,241	9,529	9,911	9,890	9,836
WomenMen	30,078 30,901	590 219	81 44	984 581	5,340 3,732	5,577 4,665	4,957 4,572	4,851 5,059	3,951 5,939	3,746 6,090
Black or African American, 16 years and older	9,793	67	12	335	1,613	2,267	1,717	1,557	1,223	1,002
Women	5,372	36	4	193	1,016	1,333	943	766	568	513
Men	4,421	32	8	141	597	934	774	791	654	490
Asian, 16 years and older	2,720	33	4	51	374	457	380	438	425	558
Women	1,437	17	3	29	219	262	199	242	197	270
Men	1,283	16	1	22	156	195	181	196	228	288
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 16 years and older	12,527	122	24	345	2,595	2,752	2,235	1,897	1,502	1,056
Women	5,060	76	14	194	1,351	1,147	855	654	470	300
Men	7,467	46	9	151	1,244	1,605	1,380	1,243	1,033	756
	.,		ŭ		.,	.,000	.,000	.,	.,000	

[—] Data not available.

NOTE: Workers paid hourly rates represent approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not

presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

Table 11. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by selected characteristics, 2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

	Workers paid hourly rates ¹							
Characteristic		Below prevailing	At prevailing		elow prevailing nimum wage			
	Total	Federal minimum wage	Federal minimum wage	Number	Percent of workers paid hourly rates			
AGE AND SEX								
Total, 16 years and older	75,609	1,403	479	1,882	2.5			
16 to 24 years	16,374	720	283	1,002	6.1			
16 to 19 years	5,528	312	179	491	8.9			
20 to 24 years	10,846	408	104	511	4.7			
25 years and older	59,235	683	196	880	1.5			
25 to 34 years	16,779	306	67	373	2.2			
35 to 44 years	16,761	169	39	208	1.2			
45 to 54 years	15,419	134	30	164	1.1			
55 to 64 years	8,015	42	37	79	1.0			
65 years and older	2,261	32	24	56	2.5			
Women, 16 years and older	37,957	944	290	1,234	3.3			
16 to 24 years	8,086	496	153	650	8.0			
16 to 19 years	2,874	225	93	318	11.1			
20 to 24 years	5,212	271	60	331	6.4			
25 years and older	29,871	447	137	584	2.0			
25 to 34 years	7,716	185	45	229	3.0			
35 to 44 years	8,387	122	25	148	1.8			
45 to 54 years	8,197	93	17	109	1.3			
55 to 64 years	4,319 1,252	26 22	30 20	56 42	1.3 3.4			
•								
Men, 16 years and older	37,652	459	189	648	1.7			
16 to 24 years	8,288	223	130	353	4.3			
16 to 19 years	2,654	86	86	173	6.5			
20 to 24 years	5,634 29,364	137 236	43 60	180 296	3.2 1.0			
25 years and older	9,063	122	22	144	1.6			
25 to 34 years	8,374	46	14	60	0.7			
45 to 54 years	7,222	42	13	55	0.7			
55 to 64 years	3,695	16	7	23	0.6			
65 years and older	1,009	10	4	14	1.4			
RACE, HISPANIC OR LATINO ETHNICITY, AND SEX								
White, 16 years and older	60,978	1,188	349	1,537	2.5			
Women	30,078	836	216	1,053	3.5			
Men	30,901	352	133	485	1.6			
Black or African American, 16 years and older	9,793	119	96	215	2.2			
Women	5,372	57	54	111	2.1			
Men	4,421	63	42	105	2.4			
Asian, 16 years and older	2,720	51	14	65	2.4			
Women	1,437	26	9	35	2.4			
Men	1,283	25	5	30	2.3			
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 16 years and older	12,527	210	71	282	2.2			
Women	5,060	125	42	167	3.3			
Men	7,467	85	29	114	1.5			
FULL- AND PART-TIME STATUS AND SEX 2								
Full-time workers	57,385	608	143	752	1.3			
Women	25,474	356	74	430	1.7			
Men	31,911	252	69	321	1.0			
Part-time workers	18,084	790	336	1,126	6.2			
	12,415	583	216	799	6.4			
Women	12,710	303	210	100	0.7			

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Percents are based on unrounded data.

² The distinction between full- and part-time workers is based on hours usually worked. These data do not sum to totals because full or part-time status on the principal job is not identifiable for a small number of multiple jobholders.

Table 12. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (2005) dollars by sex and age, 1979-2005 annual averages

	Total,		16 to 24 year	S T		25 years and older					
Year and sex	16 years and older	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and older	
BOTH SEXES											
1979	\$601	\$429	\$359	\$464	\$661	\$637	\$699	\$689	\$652	\$494	
1980	587	420	346	449	642	618	677	667	639	456	
981	581	411	331	437	632	607	667	656	633	455	
982	586	404	318	427	634	603	686	669	631	490	
983	582	392	304	414	638	597	687	682	643	484	
984	583	388	302	413	647	600	696	689	654	486	
985 986 ¹	595	387	301	415	655	604	702 712	693	659	513	
987	610 614	394 398	303 305	422 425	665 662	612 613	712	707 704	674 666	507 509	
988	611	395	310	421	657	607	713	718	664	512	
989	606	394	310	420	650	599	718	718	655	507	
1990 ¹	597	390	303	413	650	590	705	708	662	498	
1991	595	388	298	407	653	581	696	709	656	533	
992	601	377	290	395	653	575	686	713	659	516	
993	610	375	284	395	653	580	688	720	654	522	
1994 ¹	609	373	288	390	651	573	700	738	653	501	
1995	609	372	293	389	649	574	700	740	654	495	
1996 1997 ¹	608 611	369 372	297 306	386 390	645 655	574 584	692 702	736 737	663 677	476 477	
1998 ¹	625	382	320	405	684	600	714	742	709	484	
1999 ¹	643	400	330	425	693	606	715	763	708	473	
2000 ¹	653	409	337	434	690	622	708	758	702	525	
2001	657	414	336	435	695	636	724	765	702	538	
2002	660	413	331	433	702	641	726	766	732	545	
2003 ¹	658	411	330	426	703	630	730	767	751	547	
2004 1	659	403	319	419	706	624	737	767	748	579	
2005 ¹	651	397	318	411	696	610	731	748	742	569	
WOMEN											
1979	454	384	329	402	486	496	488	479	471	425	
1980	451	375	325	392	477	489	481	468	459	392	
1981	449	370	316	392	478	490	487	461	455	387	
1982 1983	463 468	372 367	306 294	390 385	493 498	500 505	501 505	488 491	474 478	409 394	
1984	474	364	289	382	506	509	522	499	483	394	
1985	480	364	287	382	512	512	531	505	492	419	
1986 ¹	494	372	289	394	525	520	543	525	503	435	
1987	498	372	282	397	527	519	553	532	506	429	
1988	499	373	292	399	531	518	561	538	503	443	
1989	498	374	299	396	533	517	562	542	506	444	
1990 ¹	502	368	287	389	535	516	566	547	504	435	
1991	512	372	286	392	541	518	570	556	507	446	
1992	518	364	279	382	545	521	570	569	513	448	
1993 1994 ¹	523 520	363 359	273 276	385 378	552 549	525 518	579 584	585 587	525 519	445 439	
995	516	350	273	370	544	513	577	590	513	449	
1996	518	352	276	370	550	515	574	596	521	414	
997 ¹	523	354	291	372	560	518	585	600	525	422	
1998 ¹	546	365	298	382	580	540	595	617	570	419	
1999 ¹	554	379	312	402	582	551	589	626	576	433	
2000 ¹	559	391	320	415	585	559	590	640	576	445	
2001	565	389	318	414	598	565	603	648	591	431	
2002	575	398	320	418	617	575	620	653	623	467	
2003 ¹	586	394	318	411	620	580	627	646	638	462	
2004 ¹ 2005 ¹	592 585	387 381	303 304	404 396	619 612	580 573	628 621	646 644	635 639	494	
٠٠٠٠٠	ათა	301	304	390	012	5/3	021	044	639	492	

Table 12. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (2005) dollars by sex and age, 1979-2005 annual averages—Continued

	Total,		16 to 24 year	S		25 years and older					
Year and sex	16 years and older	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and older	
MEN											
1979	\$727	\$489	\$386	\$526	\$783	\$737	\$837	\$842	\$779	\$546	
1980	701	467	363	502	761	705	823	822	773	513	
1981	696	448	344	486	761	696	814	812	773	546	
1982 1983	706 704	436 415	329 312	473 449	762 756	693 689	818 822	811 825	773 774	582 573	
1984	704	414	312	448	755	684	843	840	786	586	
1985	704	416	316	447	766	681	842	846	809	635	
1986 ¹	713	418	316	449	787	683	848	860	824	609	
1987 1988	712 712	422 414	322 325	451 442	784 773	676 667	838 820	854 870	813 806	624 626	
1989	711	412	318	441	760	659	824	864	792	598	
1990 ¹	697	408	316	432	742	651	812	857	791	583	
1991	690	399	306	419	732	641	805	857	788	653	
1992 1993	. 683 679	387 383	298 293	406 403	731 738	636 633	793 792	864 869	790 779	574 600	
1994 ¹	681	383	297	400	750 751	625	805	874	786	575	
1995	685	386	311	401	748	623	794	871	792	561	
1996 1997 ¹	. 690 702	381 385	311 318	398 410	743 746	618 625	784 790	865 865	796 811	592 548	
1998 ¹	716	399	337	427	764	651	810	875	836	577	
1999 ¹	724	417	341	444	782	676	822	893	849	551	
2000 ¹	726	425	347	447	786	678	825	874	833	592	
2001	739	431	352	450	794	680	831	881	838	623	
2002 2003 ¹	. 737 737	425 423	339 341	445 438	795 790	681 667	825 823	876 885	871 878	633 649	
2004 1	736	413	328	430	787	660	830	885	870	662	
2005 ¹	722	409	330	422	771	644	822	853	855	644	
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S ²											
1979	62.5	78.5	85.2	76.5	62.1	67.4	58.3	56.9	60.5	77.8	
1980	64.3	80.1	89.5	78.0	62.7	69.4	58.4	56.9	59.4	76.5	
1981	64.5	82.6	91.8	80.7	62.7	70.4	59.9	56.8	58.9	70.9	
1982 1983	65.5 66.6	85.3 88.6	92.8 94.1	82.5 85.9	64.7 65.8	72.1 73.3	61.2 61.5	60.1 59.5	61.3 61.8	70.4 68.7	
1984	67.6	87.9	92.7	85.3	67.0	74.5	61.9	59.4	61.4	66.8	
1985	68.2	87.5	90.8	85.5	66.9	75.1	63.1	59.7	60.9	66.0	
1986 ¹	69.3 69.9	88.9 88.1	91.5 87.8	87.7 88.0	66.7 67.3	76.2 76.8	64.0 66.1	61.0 62.3	61.0 62.2	71.4 68.7	
1988	70.1	90.0	89.8	90.1	68.7	77.7	68.4	61.8	62.4	70.8	
1989	70.1	90.7	94.0	89.8	70.2	78.4	68.1	62.7	63.9	74.2	
1990 ¹	71.9	90.1	91.0	90.2	72.1	79.2	69.7	63.8	63.7	74.5	
1991 1992	74.3 75.8	93.3 94.0	93.5 93.8	93.5 94.2	74.0 74.6	80.9 82.0	70.8 71.9	64.9 65.8	64.4 64.9	68.4 78.1	
1993	77.1	94.0	93.0	95.6	74.0	82.9	73.0	67.3	67.4	74.1	
1994 1	76.4	93.7	92.7	94.5	73.1	82.9	72.5	67.1	66.1	76.3	
1995	75.4	90.8	87.9	92.2	72.7	82.4	72.7	67.8	64.8	79.9	
1996 1997 ¹	. 75.0 74.5	92.4 92.1	88.9 91.4	92.8 90.6	74.1 75.1	83.2 82.9	73.2 74.0	68.9 69.4	65.4 64.7	70.0 77.1	
1998 1	76.3	91.3	88.5	89.4	75.9	83.0	73.5	70.5	68.2	72.6	
1999 1	76.5	91.0	91.3	90.5	74.4	81.5	71.7	70.1	67.8	78.7	
2000 1	77.0	92.0	92.3	92.8	74.5	82.5	71.5	73.2	69.2	75.1	
2001	. 76.4 77.0	90.2	90.3	91.9	75.3 77.6	83.0	72.6 75.2	73.5	70.5	69.1	
2002 2003 ¹	. 77.9 79.5	93.7 93.3	94.5 93.2	93.9 94.0	77.6 78.5	84.4 87.0	75.2 76.2	74.5 73.0	71.5 72.6	73.8 71.2	
2004 1	80.3	93.7	92.2	93.8	78.7	87.9	75.6	73.0	73.0	74.6	
2005 ¹	81.0	93.2	92.1	94.0	79.4	89.1	75.6	75.4	74.7	76.4	

¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 2006 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.

slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index research series using current methods (CPI-U-RS) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars. See Technical Note.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ

Table 13. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (2005) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2005 annual averages

Year and sex	Total, 16 years and older	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino
BOTH SEXES					
1979	\$601	\$617	\$496	_	\$483
1980	587	602	476		469
1981	581	595	481		457
1982	586	600	475		465
1983	582	595	486	_	464
1984	583	602	481	_	464
1985	595	615	480	_	467
1986 ¹	610	630	495	_	471
1987	614	631	494	_	468
1988	611	626	498	_	460
1989	606	622	485	_	453
1990 ¹	597	614	477		440
1991	595	619	487		437
1992	601	625	486	_	439
1993	610	632	491	_	440
1994 ¹	609	630	484	_	423
1995	609	629	487	_	418
1996	608	626	480	_	420
1997 ¹	611	630	485	_	426
1998 ¹	625	652	509	_	443
1999 ¹	643	671	521	_	451
2000 1	653	669	538	\$697	452
2001	657	673	541	705	460
2002	660	677	540	715	460
2002 1	658	676	546	736	467
2004 1	659	679	542	732	471
2005 ¹	651	672	520	753	471
WOMEN					
1979	454	459	422	_	392
1980	451	455	415	_	387
1981	449	452	422	_	389
1982	463	469	421	_	394
1983	468	473	431	_	399
1984	474	480	431	_	399
1985	480	487	437	_	397
1986 ¹	494	501	449	_	411
1987	498	505	453	_	413
1988	499	505	457	_	413
1989	498	507	458	_	409
1990 ¹	502	512	447	_	403
1991	512	521	451	_	409
1992	518	527	457	_	412
1993	523	533	462	_	416
1994 ¹	520	532	451	_	397
1995	516	527	451	_	388
1996	518	530	449	_	392
1997 ¹	523	539	455	_	386
1998 1	546	560	478	_	403
1999 1	554	566	479	_	407
2000 1	559	569	487	620	416
2001	565	575	501	621	428
2002	575	594	514	615	431
2003 1	586	602	521	635	435
2004 ¹	592	603	522	633	432
	585	596	499	665	429

Table 13. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers in constant (2005) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2005 annual averages—Continued

Year and sex	Total, 16 years and older	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino
MEN					
1979	\$727	\$744	\$567	_	\$547
	•		-		
1980	701	717	548	_	525
1981	696	717	550	_	515
1982	706	728	539	_	520
1983	704	720	546	_	510
1984	701	717	542	_	513
1985	704	722	527	_	511
1986 1	713	737	542	_	509
1987	712	740	537	_	503
1988	712	737	551	_	488
1989	711	732	529	_	478
1990 ¹	697	716	522	_	461
1991	690	707	524	_	452
1992	683	701	519	_	462
993	679	697	521	_	460
1994 ¹	681	713	522	_	447
995	685	721	523	_	445
996	690	719	510	_	441
1997 ¹	702	722	524	_	451
1998 ¹	716	735	559	_	466
1999 ¹	724	748	572	_	475
2000 1	726	750	578	\$776	472
2001	739	760	584	808	485
2002	737	762	568	821	490
2003 ¹	737	759	589	819	493
2004 ¹	736	756	587	828	496
2005 1	722	743	559	825	489
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S 2 1979	62.5	61.7	74.3	_	71.7
1980	64.3	63.5	75.8	_	73.6
1981	64.5	63.1	76.7	_	75.6
1982	65.5	64.4	78.0	_	75.7
1983	66.6	65.7	78.9	_	78.3
1984	67.6	67.0	79.6	_	77.8
1985	68.2	67.4	82.8	_	77.7
1986 1	69.3	67.9	82.7	_	80.7
1987	69.9	68.2	84.4	_	82.1
1988	70.1	68.5	83.0	_	84.6
1989	70.1	69.2	86.5	_	85.6
1990 ¹	71.9	71.5	85.5	_	87.6
1991	74.3	73.7	86.1	_	90.5
1992	75.8	75.2	88.1	_	89.1
993	77.1	76.5	88.8	_	90.4
994 1	76.4	74.5	86.5	_	88.8
995	75.4	73.2	86.3	_	87.3
996	75.0	73.8	88.1	_	89.0
997 ¹ 998 ¹	74.5	74.6	86.8	_	85.6
998 '	76.3	76.1	85.4	_	86.5
1999 1	76.5	75.7	83.7	_	85.7
2000 1	77.0	75.8	84.2	79.9	88.0
2001	76.4	75.6	85.8	76.9	88.2
2002	77.9	78.0	90.4	74.9	88.1
2003 1	79.5	79.4	88.4	77.5	88.3
	90.2	79.8	88.9	76.4	87.1
2004 ¹	80.3	19.0	00.3	70.4	07.1

- Data not available.
- ¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 2006 and subsequent issues of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.
- ² These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: As of 2003, estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) include persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are

not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Estimates for race groups do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data for 2000-2002 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. As of 2003, Asians constitute a separate category. For more information, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of Employment and Earnings. Data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000. The Consumer Price Index research series using current methods (CPI-U-RS) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars. See Technical Note.

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers 25 years and older in constant (2005) dollars by sex and educational attainment, 1979-2005 annual averages

Year and sex	Total, 25 years and older	Less than a high school diploma	High school, no college ¹	Some college or associate degree	Bachelor's degree and higher ²
BOTH SEXES					
1979	\$661	\$524	\$620	\$703	\$858
1980	642	498	597	681	844
1981	632	496 491	597 587	664	833
1982	634	480	585	680	848
1983	638	476	579	674	857
1984	647	471	579 577	683	869
1985	655	467	577	689	875
1986 ³	665	473	584	696	892
1987	662	466	585	691	925
1988.	657	457	583	682	928
1989	650	452	570	688	926
_					
1990 ³	650	439	559	690	924
1991	653	430	555 550	685	931
1992	653	424	550	661	949
1993	653	418	552 540	657 650	950 056
1995	651 649	401 393	549 549	650 646	956 950
1996	645	393	549 549	641	940
1997 ³	655	389	559	649	946
1997	684	403	573	667	982
1999 ³	693	405	574	679	1,007
			-		
2000 3	690	410	573	676	1,010
2001	695	422	574	680	1,015
2002	702	422	581	683	1,021
2003 3	703	421	588	678	1,023
2004 ³	706	414	593	682	1,019
2005 3	696	409	583	670	1,013
WOMEN	400	070	404	505	050
1979	486	378	461	525	658
1980	477	367	450	518	650
1981	478	358	445	523	652
1982	493	357	457	532	672
1983	498	362	458	535	686
1984	506 512	357 350	463 463	545 549	698 717
1986 ³	525	353	403 471	561	741
1987	525 527	352	471	570	741 765
1988	531	350	472	570 570	765 769
1989.	533	352	463	576	703 771
1990 ³	535	348	456	572	776
1991	541	349	459	571	786
1992	545	349	459	556	810
1993	552 540	350	461	561	812
1995	549	335	458 452	551 543	827 819
	544 550	333	453 453		
1996 1997 ³	550 560	332 334	452 459	547 557	814 816
1998 ³	580	338	459 474	570	846
1998 ³	582	339	474	570 572	866
2000 3	585	345	477	573	857
2001	598	348	488	573	867
2002	617	353	497	590	878
2003 3	620	349	504	595	883
	619	345	504	596	888
2004 ³	612	341	493	587	883

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers 25 years and older in constant (2005) dollars by sex and educational attainment, 1979-2005 annual averages—Continued

Year and sex	Total, 25 years and older	Less than a high school diploma	High school, no college ¹	Some college or associate degree	Bachelor's degree and higher ²
MEN					
1979	\$783	\$629	\$769	\$821	\$987
	·				
1980	761	600	734	803	958
1981	761	586	730	797	974
1982	762	569	725	797	975
1983	756	560	721	785 707	964
1984	755 766	551	713	797	1,005
1985	766	543	705	816	1,021
1986 ³	787	546	707	826	1,051
1987	784	532	694	816	1,072
1988	773 760	527 526	692 684	797 786	1,076 1,072
1990 ³	742	506	665	786	1,074
1991	732	488	658	787	1,069
1992	731	479	653	757	1,079
1993	738	474	647	761	1,072
1994 ³	751	446	647	765	1,077
1995	748	441	645	758	1,075
1996	743	442	640	749	1,083
1997 3	746	443	649	754	1,087
1998 ³	764	458	668	770	1,123
1999 ³	782	462	679	778	1,144
2000 3	786	461	670	783	1,157
2001	794	462	671	797	1,177
2002	795	457	670	794	1,184
2003 ³	790	456	667	785	1,201
2004 ³	787	461	666	787	1,181
2005 ³	771	455	652	766	1,167
WOMEN'S EARNINGS					
AS PERCENT OF MEN'S 4					
1979	62.1	60.2	60.0	64.0	66.6
1980	62.7	61.3	61.3	64.5	67.8
1981	62.7	61.1	61.0	65.6	66.9
1982	64.7	62.8	63.1	66.7	68.9
1983	65.8	64.6	63.5	68.1	71.1
1984	67.0	64.8	64.9	68.4	69.5
1985	66.9	64.4	65.7	67.2	70.2
1986 ³	66.7	64.7	66.6	67.9	70.6
1987	67.3	66.1	68.0	69.9	71.3
1988	68.7	66.4	68.3	71.5	71.4
1989	70.2	66.8	67.6	73.3	71.9
1990 3	72.1	68.8	68.6	72.8	72.2
1991	74.0	71.5	69.9	72.6	73.5
1992	74.6	72.8	70.3	73.4	75.0
1993	74.7	73.8	71.3	73.7	75.8
1994 ³	73.1	74.9	70.8	72.0	76.7
1995	72.7	75.4	70.2	71.6	76.2
1996	74.1	75.2	70.7	73.1	75.2
1997 ³	75.1	75.2	70.8	73.8	75.0
1998 ³	75.9	73.7	70.9	74.0	75.3
1999 ³	74.4	73.5	69.8	73.5	75.7
2000 ³	74.5	74.9	71.2	73.1	74.1
2001	75.3	75.4	72.7	71.9	73.7
2002	77.6	77.1	74.3	74.3	74.2
2003 3	78.5	76.7	75.6	75.7	73.6
2004 ³	78.7	74.9	75.6	75.8	75.2
	79.4	75.1	75.6	76.6	75.7

¹ Includes persons with a high school diploma or equivalent.

issues of Employment and Earnings, a monthly BLS periodical.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index research series using current methods (CPI-U-RS) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars. See Technical Note.

 $^{^{2}}$ Includes persons with a bachelor's, master's, professional, or doctoral degree.

³ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 2006 and subsequent

⁴ These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

Table 15. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (2005) dollars by sex and age, 1979-2005 annual averages

Year and sex	Total,		16 to 24 year	S	25 years and older					
	16 years and older	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and older
BOTH SEXES										
979	\$11.09	\$8.72	\$7.77	\$10.06	\$12.77	\$13.00	\$13.23	\$12.89	\$12.41	\$8.08
980	10.84	8.35	7.25	9.64	12.46	12.71	12.93	12.70	12.11	8.01
981	10.57	8.15	7.35	9.46	12.30	12.50	12.73	12.34	11.92	8.05
982	10.48	7.87	7.00	9.06	12.19	12.32	12.84	12.46	11.86	8.00
983	10.42	7.60	6.73	8.73	12.19	12.09	12.86	12.53	11.93	8.19
984	10.45	7.49	6.55	8.64	12.25	12.12	12.85	12.68	11.86	8.30
985	10.45	7.39	6.37	8.57	12.21	11.99	12.98	12.78	11.97	8.21
986 ¹	10.57	7.52	6.32	8.63	12.31	11.94	13.26	13.17	12.20	8.46
987	10.63	7.55	6.27	8.57	12.26	11.83	13.05	12.93	12.19	8.36
988 989	10.67 10.64	7.60 7.54	6.39 6.43	8.54 8.61	12.28 12.09	11.80 11.62	12.97 13.03	12.95 12.81	11.87 11.90	8.31 8.25
1990 ¹	10.50	7.49	6.53	8.58	11.85	11.47	12.79	12.76	11.64	8.35
1991 1992	10.51 10.54	7.38 7.34	6.57 6.46	8.41 8.25	11.88 11.93	11.26 11.16	12.83 12.81	12.75 13.00	11.46 11.59	8.32 8.39
1993	10.54	7.34	6.39	8.19	11.93	11.16	12.79	13.13	11.85	8.51
1994 ¹	10.47	7.34	6.41	8.13	11.91	10.94	12.75	13.08	11.78	8.34
995	10.41	7.39	6.42	8.18	11.92	11.09	12.76	12.90	11.71	8.48
1996	10.42	7.37	6.41	8.31	11.93	10.94	12.58	12.70	11.64	8.40
997	10.63	7.47	6.69	8.39	11.99	10.99	12.58	12.88	11.82	8.38
998 1	10.90	7.88	7.04	8.67	12.13	11.55	13.00	13.12	12.07	8.87
1999 ¹	11.17	8.06	7.13	9.08	12.28	11.69	12.92	13.28	12.16	9.03
2000 ¹	11.23	8.21	7.27	9.15	12.33	11.54	12.87	13.40	12.27	9.12
2001	11.23	8.48	7.45	9.24	12.57	11.76	13.20	13.42	12.54	9.41
2002	11.37	8.48	7.50	9.20	12.84	11.92	13.23	13.53	12.87	9.85
2003 ¹	11.52	8.39	7.35	9.19	12.80	11.94	13.22	13.77	12.94	9.76
2004 ¹ 2005 ¹	11.36 11.19	8.25 8.07	7.23 7.05	9.07 8.91	12.63 12.48	11.75 11.76	13.32 13.11	13.66 13.48	13.00 12.95	9.94 9.93
WOMEN	11.19	0.01	7.05	0.51	12.40	11.70	15.11	10.40	12.33	3.33
979	9.04	7.97	7.57	8.79	9.74	10.10	9.92	9.60	9.38	7.81
980	8.89	7.75	7.06	8.53	9.53	9.98	9.63	9.50	9.17	7.61
1981	8.78	7.73	7.23	8.41	9.63	10.04	9.80	9.43	9.09	7.63
982	8.95	7.35	6.90	8.14	9.76	10.08	9.86	9.62	9.32	7.64
983	8.95	7.11	6.62	7.93	9.74	10.13	9.88	9.67	9.44	7.76
984	8.90	7.04	6.44	7.82	9.83	10.04	10.05	9.88	9.45	7.84
1985	8.90	6.95	6.26	7.91	9.94	10.03	10.24	9.98	9.46	7.69
986 ¹	9.09	7.00	6.22	8.03	10.13	10.13	10.44	10.20	9.80	8.07
987	9.21	6.94	6.10	8.05	10.14	10.10	10.44	10.32	9.92	7.98
988 989	9.27 9.30	7.12 7.15	6.21 6.24	8.02 7.96	10.22 10.32	10.10 10.17	10.73 10.80	10.45 10.51	9.65 9.70	8.13 7.82
1990 ¹	9.35	7.19 7.13	6.32	8.09	10.26	10.17	10.69	10.39	9.76	7.91
991 992	9.45 9.50	7.13 7.06	6.50 6.41	7.99 7.89	10.28 10.46	10.07 10.18	10.83 10.91	10.65 10.84	9.74 9.84	8.06 8.16
993	9.30	7.00	6.30	7.89	10.48	10.16	10.91	10.89	10.07	8.23
994 ¹	9.46	6.95	6.31	7.81	10.50	10.14	11.02	11.04	10.07	8.15
995	9.50	6.99	6.30	7.76	10.41	10.09	10.99	11.11	10.11	8.22
996	9.59	7.05	6.32	7.77	10.46	10.00	11.03	11.09	10.01	8.01
997 1	9.65	7.23	6.59	7.96	10.64	9.96	11.11	11.25	10.09	8.30
998 1	9.86	7.47	6.92	8.30	10.94	10.54	11.57	11.71	10.59	8.63
999 ¹	10.13	7.74	7.01	8.46	11.17	10.67	11.52	11.67	10.94	8.80
2000 1	10.28	7.94	7.07	8.84	11.22	10.99	11.37	11.54	11.16	8.92
2001	10.62	7.99	7.29	8.82	11.25	10.96	11.51	11.97	11.45	8.98
2002	10.74	8.09	7.38	8.81	11.63	10.99	11.92	12.13	11.74	9.48
2003 ¹	10.70	8.06	7.27	8.70	11.69	11.16	11.86	12.51	11.73	9.39
2004 1	10.50 10.31	7.97 7.80	7.09 6.92	8.59 8.50	11.60 11.58	10.97 10.86	11.83 11.84	12.35 12.13	11.95 11.86	9.46 9.82
<u>-</u> 000	10.31	1.00	0.92	0.50	11.56	10.00	11.04	12.13	11.00	9.02

Table 15. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (2005) dollars by sex and age, 1979-2005 annual averages—Continued

Year and sex	Total,		16 to 24 year	S	25 years and older					
	16 years and older	Total	16 to 19 years	20 to 24 years	Total	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 54 years	55 to 64 years	65 years and older
MEN										
1979	\$14.12	\$9.76	\$7.98	\$11.60	\$16.71	\$15.93	\$17.78	\$17.73	\$16.45	\$8.91
1980	13.69	9.22	7.59	11.05	16.21	15.55	17.53	17.47	16.25	8.52
1981	13.47	8.86	7.48	10.49	15.97	15.05	17.02	17.43	16.17	8.66
1982	13.30	8.50	7.11	9.95	15.68	14.88	17.24	17.24	15.80	8.67
1983	. 12.88	8.16	6.84	9.40	15.47	14.41	17.15	17.05	16.27	8.85
1984	12.76	8.19	6.67	9.26	15.40	14.12	17.03	17.35	15.88	8.80
1985 1986 ¹	. 12.70 12.92	8.12 8.17	6.51 6.51	9.07 9.25	15.33 15.35	13.85 13.68	16.98 17.01	17.27 17.27	15.66 16.24	8.64 8.83
1987	12.78	8.07	6.51	9.34	15.07	13.58	16.59	16.83	15.97	8.75
1988	12.56	7.99	6.58	9.20	14.88	13.34	16.22	16.96	15.46	8.77
1989	12.32	7.87	6.68	9.16	14.77	13.03	16.12	16.55	15.21	8.98
1990 ¹	12.00	7.90	6.74	8.97	14.28	12.82	15.57	16.15	14.76	8.83
1991	12.03	7.81	6.65	8.73	13.97	12.52	15.38	16.39	14.11	8.71
1992	11.84	7.72	6.56	8.53	13.74	12.32	14.93	16.41	14.18	8.82
1993 1994 ¹	11.80 11.75	7.66 7.67	6.49 6.51	8.44 8.57	13.55 13.43	12.11 11.88	14.86 15.01	16.17 15.79	14.59 14.43	8.93 8.67
1995	11.75	7.70	6.56	8.69	13.43	12.05	15.14	15.79	14.43	8.73
1996	11.81	7.66	6.52	8.68	13.37	12.03	14.77	15.38	13.83	8.73
1997 ¹	11.94	7.83	6.82	8.72	13.49	12.05	14.66	15.55	14.33	8.46
1998 ¹	12.04	8.28	7.16	9.31	14.03	12.24	14.94	15.61	14.63	9.27
1999 ¹	12.09	8.35	7.25	9.42	14.07	12.70	14.98	16.03	14.31	9.22
2000 1	12.25	8.65	7.53	9.52	13.88	12.44	14.90	15.76	14.52	9.42
2001	12.48	8.83	7.61	9.84	14.20	12.76	15.35	15.71	14.28	9.93
2002 2003 ¹	. 12.64 12.62	8.74 8.64	7.63 7.45	9.64 9.55	14.17 14.06	12.91 12.75	15.16 15.00	15.64 15.85	14.53 14.96	10.62 10.39
2004 ¹	12.02	8.48	7.43	9.37	14.00	12.73	15.00	15.61	15.02	10.33
2005 ¹	12.16	8.42	7.21	9.20	13.91	12.17	14.88	15.13	14.79	10.04
WOMEN'S EARNINGS AS PERCENT OF MEN'S ²										
1979	64.0	81.7	94.9	75.8	58.3	63.4	55.8	54.1	57.0	87.7
1980	64.9	84.1	93.1	77.2	58.8	64.2	54.9	54.4	56.4	89.3
1981	65.2	86.0	96.6	80.2	60.3	66.7	57.6	54.1	56.2	88.1
1982	67.3	86.5	97.1	81.8	62.2	67.8	57.2	55.8	59.0	88.1
1983	69.5	87.1	96.9	84.4	63.0	70.3	57.6	56.7	58.0	87.6
1984 1985	69.8	86.0	96.6	84.5	63.8	71.1	59.0	56.9	59.5	89.1
1986 ¹	70.1 70.3	85.7 85.8	96.1 95.5	87.2 86.9	64.8 66.0	72.4 74.1	60.3 61.4	57.8 59.1	60.4 60.3	88.9 91.3
1987	70.3	86.0	93.7	86.2	67.3	74.1	62.9	61.4	62.1	91.3
1988	73.9	89.1	94.4	87.3	68.7	75.7	66.2	61.6	62.5	92.6
1989	75.5	90.8	93.4	86.9	69.9	78.1	67.0	63.5	63.8	87.2
1990 ¹	77.9	91.0	93.8	90.2	71.9	79.4	68.7	64.3	66.2	89.6
1991	78.6	91.2	97.8	91.6	73.6	80.4	70.4	65.0	69.0	92.6
1992	80.2	91.4	97.7	92.5	76.1	82.6	73.1	66.0	69.4	92.5
1993	80.4	91.6	97.2	94.1	77.3	83.7	73.1	67.3	69.0	92.2
1994 ¹	80.6	90.6	97.0	91.1	78.2	85.5	73.4	69.9	70.7	94.0
1995 1996	80.8	90.9	96.0	89.4	76.2	83.7	72.6 74.7	70.9	71.4	94.1
1997 ¹	. 81.2 80.8	92.0 92.3	96.9 96.6	89.5 91.3	78.3 78.9	83.1 82.7	74.7 75.8	72.1 72.4	72.4 70.5	91.7 98.1
1998 ¹	81.8	92.3	96.7	89.1	77.9	86.1	77.4	75.0	70.5	93.1
1999 ¹	83.8	92.7	96.7	89.8	79.4	84.0	76.9	72.8	76.4	95.4
2000 ¹	83.9	91.8	93.8	92.9	80.8	88.3	76.3	73.2	76.8	94.6
2001	. 85.1	90.5	95.8	89.6	79.2	85.9	75.0	76.2	80.2	90.4
2002	85.0	92.5	96.8	91.4	82.1	85.1	78.6	77.6	80.8	89.2
2003 ¹	84.8	93.2	97.6	91.1	83.1	87.6	79.0	79.0	78.4	90.4
2004 ¹	84.6	93.9	95.9	91.7	81.7	88.3	78.4	79.1	79.6	92.5
2005 ¹	84.8	92.6	96.0	92.3	83.3	89.2	79.6	80.1	80.2	97.7

¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 2006 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.

slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: The Consumer Price Index research series using current methods (CPI-U-RS) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars. See Technical Note.

² These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ

Table 16. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (2005) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2005 annual averages

Year and sex	Total, 16 years and older	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino
BOTH SEXES					
1979	\$11.09	\$11.26	\$10.27	_	\$10.19
1980	10.84	10.96	9.99		9.97
1981	10.57	10.64	10.07	_	9.87
1982	10.48	10.62	9.83	_	9.73
1983	10.42	10.55	9.58	_	9.48
1984	10.45	10.57	9.61	_	9.45
1985	10.45	10.57	9.53	_	9.48
1986 ¹	10.57	10.69	9.89	_	9.63
1987	10.63	10.79	9.85	_	9.58
1988	10.67	10.81	9.76	_	9.45
1989	10.64	10.78	9.78	_	9.25
1990 ¹	10.50	10.64	9.88	_	9.11
1991	10.51	10.66	9.80	_	9.05
1992	10.54	10.68	9.64	_	9.08
1993	10.47	10.61	9.56	_	9.09
1994 ¹	10.46	10.58	9.52	_	9.04
1995	10.41	10.59	9.76	_	8.92
1996	10.42	10.63	9.63	_	8.90
1997 ¹	10.63	10.79	9.73	_	8.98
1998 ¹ 1999 ¹	10.90 11.17	11.04 11.41	10.05 10.37	_	9.49 9.47
2000 ¹	11.23	11.30	10.59	\$11.41	9.68
2001	11.23	11.31	10.78	11.85	9.99
2002	11.37	11.63	10.78	11.25	10.01
2003 ¹ 2004 ¹	11.52 11.36	11.64 11.50	10.78 10.53	11.80 11.47	10.36 10.13
2004 2005 ¹	11.19	11.48	10.33	12.01	9.95
WOMEN					
1979	9.04	9.05	8.87	_	8.60
1980					
1981	8.89 8.78	8.90 8.80	8.72 8.61	_	8.49 8.42
1982	8.95	8.96	8.73		8.42
1983	8.95	8.95	8.79	_	8.24
1984	8.90	8.92	8.74	_	8.34
1985	8.90	8.91	8.74	_	8.36
1986 ¹	9.09	9.12	8.81	_	8.52
1987	9.21	9.24	8.89	_	8.40
1988	9.27	9.31	8.91	_	8.38
1989	9.30	9.34	8.95	_	8.42
1990 ¹	9.35	9.38	9.04	_	8.42
1991	9.45	9.47	9.17	_	8.38
1992	9.50	9.55	9.07	_	8.44
1993	9.48	9.53	9.15	_	8.41
1994 ¹	9.46	9.58	9.05	_	8.36
1995	9.50	9.61	9.07	_	8.41
1996	9.59	9.67	8.93	_	8.40
1997 ¹	9.65	9.72	9.22	_	8.28
1009 1	9.86	9.98 10.23	9.46 9.54	_	8.64 8.75
1998 ¹	1013	10.20	3.07		
1999 ¹	10.13 10.28	10 31	10 04	11 12	8 95
1999 ¹ 2000 ¹	10.28	10.31 10.73	10.04 10.09	11.08 11.10	8.95 9.13
1999 ¹ 2000 ¹ 2001	10.28 10.62	10.73	10.09	11.10	9.13
1999 ¹	10.28 10.62 10.74	10.73 10.79	10.09 10.26		9.13 9.27
1999 ¹ 2000 ¹ 2001	10.28 10.62	10.73	10.09	11.10 10.97	9.13

Table 16. Median hourly earnings of wage and salary workers paid hourly rates in constant (2005) dollars by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2005 annual averages—Continued

Year and sex	Total, 16 years and older	White	Black or African American	Asian	Hispanic or Latino
MEN					
1979	\$14.12	\$14.47	\$12.21	_	\$11.97
1980	13.69	13.98	11.63	_	11.29
1981	13.47	13.77	11.92	_	11.02
1982	13.30	13.55	11.60	_	11.13
1983	12.88	13.16	11.09	_	10.82
1984	12.76	13.00	11.03	_	10.81
1985	12.70	13.14	10.65	_	10.52
1986 1	12.92	13.26	11.19	_	10.55
1987	12.78	13.04	11.08	_	10.47
1988	12.56	12.79	11.01	_	10.33
1989	12.32	12.60	10.77	_	10.13
1990 ¹	12.00	12.41	10.70	_	9.79
1991	12.03	12.35	10.60	_	9.64
1992 1993	11.84 11.80	12.14 12.08	10.41 10.21	_	9.55 9.48
1993	11.80	12.08	10.21		9.48
1995.	11.75	12.26	10.39	_	9.25
1996	11.81	12.14	10.15	_	9.45
1997 ¹	11.94	12.10	10.54	_	9.60
1998 ¹	12.04	12.18	10.88	_	9.87
1999 ¹	12.09	12.44	11.46	_	10.10
2000 ¹	12.25	12.41	11.32	\$12.24	10.25
2001	12.48	12.80	11.22	13.06	10.66
2002	12.64	12.88	11.12	11.97	10.77
2003 1	12.62	12.77	11.47	12.62	10.65
2004 ¹	12.41 12.16	12.56 12.47	11.24 10.90	12.30 12.75	10.35 10.19
WOMEN'S EARNINGS	12.10	12.47	10.90	12.73	10.19
AS PERCENT OF MEN'S 2					
1979	64.0	62.6	72.6	_	71.8
1980	64.9	63.6	75.0	_	75.2
1981	65.2	63.9	72.2	_	76.4
1982	67.3	66.1	75.3	_	75.7
1983	69.5	68.1	79.3	_	76.1
1984 1985.	69.8	68.6	79.2	_	77.1
1985 ¹	70.1 70.3	67.8 68.8	82.0 78.8		79.5 80.8
1987	70.3 72.0	70.8	80.2		80.3
1988	73.9	72.8	80.9	_	81.2
1989	75.5	74.1	83.2	_	83.1
1990 ¹	77.9	75.6	84.5	_	86.1
1991	78.6	76.7	86.6	_	86.9
1992	80.2	78.7	87.2	_	88.4
1993	80.4	78.9	89.6	_	88.7
1994 ¹	80.6	79.7	87.5	_	89.3
1995	80.8	78.4	87.3	_	90.9
1996 1997 ¹	81.2	79.6	88.0	_	88.9
1997 ¹	80.8 81.8	80.3 81.9	87.5 86.9		86.3 87.5
1999 ¹	83.8	82.3	83.2	_	86.7
2000 ¹	83.9	83.0	88.7	90.6	87.4
2001	85.1	83.9	89.9	85.0	85.7
2002	85.0	83.8	92.3	91.7	86.1
2003 ¹	84.8	84.1	91.6	89.8	88.5
2004 ¹	84.6	84.0 84.2	91.3	88.8	90.2
2000	84.8	04.2	91.1	91.3	90.0

- Data not available.
- ¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 2006 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.
- ² These figures are computed using unrounded medians and may differ slightly from percents computed using the rounded medians displayed in this table.

NOTE: As of 2003, estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) include persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not

included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race. Estimates for race groups do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data for 2000-2002 are for the category Asians and Pacific Islanders. As of 2003, Asians constitute a separate category. For more information, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of *Employment and Earnings*. Data for Asians were not tabulated prior to 2000. The Consumer Price Index research series using current methods (CPI-U-RS) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars. See Technical Note.

Table 17. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by sex, 1979-2005 annual averages

(Numbers in thousands)

		Workers paid hourly rates							
Year and sex	Total wage and salary workers	Total	Percent of total wage and salary workers	Below prevailing Federal minimum wage	At prevailing Federal minimum wage	Total at or below preva Federal minimum wad Percen Number worke			
							paid hourly rates		
BOTH SEXES									
979	87,529	51,721	59.1	2,916	3,997	6,912	13.4		
980	87,644	51,335	58.6	3,087	4,686	7,773	15.1		
981	88,516	51,869	58.6	3,513	4,311	7,824	15.1		
82	87,368	50,846	58.2	2,348	4,148	6,496	12.8		
83	88,290	51,820	58.7	2,077	4,261	6,338	12.2		
984	92,194	54,143	58.7	1,838	4,125	5,963	11.0		
85	94,521	55,762	59.0	1,639	3,899	5,538	9.9		
86 ¹	96,903	57,529	59.4	1,599	3,461	5,060	8.8		
87	99,303	59,552	60.0	1,468	3,229	4,698	7.9		
88	101,407	60,878	60.0	1,319	2,608	3,927	6.5		
89	103,480	62,389	60.3	1,372	1,790	3,162	5.1		
901	104,876	63,172	60.2	² 2,132	² 1,096	² 3,228	² 5.1		
91	103,723	62,627	60.4	² 2,377	² 2,906	² 5,283	² 8.4		
92	104,668	63,610	60.8	1,939	2,982	4,921	7.7		
93	106,101	64,274	60.6	1,707	2,625	4,332	6.7		
94 ¹	107,989	66,549	61.6	1,995	2,132	4,128	6.2		
95	110,038	68,354	62.1	1,699	1,956	3,656	5.3 2 5.4		
96,	111,960	69,255	61.9	² 1,863	² 1,861	² 3,724	² 5.4		
971	114,533	70,735	61.8	² 2,990	² 1,764	² 4,754	² 6.7		
98 ¹	116,730	71,440	61.2	2,834	1,593	4,427	6.2		
99 ¹	118,963	72,306	60.8	2,194	1,146	3,340	4.6		
00 ¹	122,089	73,496	60.2	1,752	898	2,650	3.6		
01	122,229	73,392	60.0	1,518	656	2,174	3.0		
02	121,826	72,508	59.5	1,579	567	2,146	3.0		
031	122,358	72,946	59.6	1,555	545	2,100	2.9		
04 ¹	123,554	73,939	59.8	1,483	520	2,003	2.7		
05 ¹	125,889	75,609	60.1	1,403	479	1,882	2.5		
WOMEN									
979	38,129	23,329	61.2	2,070	2,644	4,714	20.2		
980	38,944	23,626	60.7	2,104	2,990	5,095	21.6		
981	39,672	24,294	61.2	2,394	2,778	5,172	21.3		
82	39,777	24,365	61.3	1,651	2,561	4,212	17.3		
83	40,433	24,989	61.8	1,492	2,603	4,095	16.4		
84	42,172	26,003	61.7	1,348	2,499	3,847	14.8		
85	43,506	26,869	61.8	1,198	2,356	3,554	13.2		
86 ¹	44,961	27,863	62.0	1,192	2,125	3,317	11.9		
87	46,365	29,078	62.7	1,105	1,946	3,051	10.5		
88	47,495	29,820	62.8	1,008	1,542	2,550	8.6		
89	48,691	30,702	63.1	994	1,056	2,050	6.7		
90 ¹	49,323	31,069	63.0	² 1,420	² 711	² 2,131	² 6.9		
91	49,105	30,988	63.1	² 1,582	² 1,792	² 3,374	² 10.9		
92	49,842	31,454	63.1	1,286	1,751	3,036	9.7		
93	50,626	31,937	63.1	1,133	1,534	2,667	8.4		
4	51,419	33,021	64.2	1,322	1,241	2,563	7.8		
	52,369	33,934	64.8	1,157	1,161	2,318	6.8		
95		34,418	64.3	² 1,244	² 1,106	² 2,350	² 6.8		
95 96	53,488	54,410	C 4 4	² 1,843	² 1,092	² 2,935	² 8.3		
95 96 97 ¹	53,488 54,708	35,214	64.4			2.760	7.7		
959697 ¹ 98 ¹	53,488 54,708 55,757	35,214 35,680	64.0	1,794	965 700	2,760			
95	53,488 54,708 55,757 57,050	35,214 35,680 36,233	64.0 63.5	1,794 1,426	700	2,126	5.9		
95	53,488 54,708 55,757 57,050 58,427	35,214 35,680 36,233 36,777	64.0 63.5 62.9	1,794 1,426 1,170	700 579	2,126 1,749	5.9 4.8		
95	53,488 54,708 55,757 57,050 58,427 58,582	35,214 35,680 36,233 36,777 36,848	64.0 63.5 62.9 62.9	1,794 1,426 1,170 1,021	700 579 409	2,126 1,749 1,430	5.9 4.8 3.9		
95	53,488 54,708 55,757 57,050 58,427 58,582 58,555	35,214 35,680 36,233 36,777 36,848 36,508	64.0 63.5 62.9 62.9 62.3	1,794 1,426 1,170 1,021 997	700 579 409 350	2,126 1,749 1,430 1,347	5.9 4.8 3.9 3.7		
95	53,488 54,708 55,757 57,050 58,427 58,582 58,555 59,122	35,214 35,680 36,233 36,777 36,848 36,508 37,093	64.0 63.5 62.9 62.9 62.3 62.7	1,794 1,426 1,170 1,021 997 1,062	700 579 409 350 332	2,126 1,749 1,430 1,347 1,394	5.9 4.8 3.9 3.7 3.8		
94 ¹	53,488 54,708 55,757 57,050 58,427 58,582 58,555	35,214 35,680 36,233 36,777 36,848 36,508	64.0 63.5 62.9 62.9 62.3	1,794 1,426 1,170 1,021 997	700 579 409 350	2,126 1,749 1,430 1,347	5.9 4.8 3.9 3.7		

Table 17. Wage and salary workers paid hourly rates with earnings at or below the prevailing Federal minimum wage by sex, 1979-2005 annual averages—Continued

(Numbers in thousands)

		Workers paid hourly rates							
Year and sex	Total wage and salary workers	Total	Percent of total wage and salary workers	Below prevailing Federal minimum wage	At prevailing Federal minimum wage	Total at or below prevailing Federal minimum wage			
						Number	Percent of workers paid hourly rates		
MEN									
1979	49,400	28,392	57.5	846	1,353	2,199	7.7		
1980	48,700	27,709	56.9	983	1,696	2,678	9.7		
1981	48,844	27,576	56.5	1,119	1,533	2,652	9.6		
1982	47,591	26,481	55.6	697	1,587	2,284	8.6		
1983	47,856	26,831	56.1	585	1,658	2,243	8.4		
1984	,	28,140	56.3	490	1,626	2,116	7.5		
1985	51,015	28,893	56.6	440	1,544	1,984	6.9		
1986 ¹	51,942	29,666	57.1	408	1,336	1,743	5.9		
1987	52,938	30,474	57.6	364	1,283	1,647	5.4		
1988	53,912	31,058	57.6	311	1,066	1,377	4.4		
1989	54,789	31,687	57.8	379	733	1,112	3.5		
1990 ¹	55,553	32,104	57.8	² 712	² 385	² 1.097	² 3.4		
1991	54,618	31,639	57.9	² 795	² 1,114	² 1,909	² 6.0		
1992	54,826	32,155	58.6	653	1,231	1,885	5.9		
1993	55,475	32,337	58.3	573	1,091	1.664	5.1		
1994 ¹	56,570	33,528	59.3	674	891	1,565	4.7		
1995	57,669	34,420	59.7	542	796	1,338	3.9		
1996	58,473	34,838	59.6	² 619	² 755	² 1,374	² 3.9		
1997 ¹	59,825	35,521	59.4	² 1,147	² 673	² 1,820	² 5.1		
1998 ¹	60,973	35,761	58.7	1,039	628	1,667	4.7		
1999 ¹	61,914	36,073	58.3	768	446	1,214	3.4		
20001	63,662	36,720	57.7	582	319	901	2.5		
2001	63,647	36,544	57.4	497	247	744	2.0		
2002	63,272	36,000	56.9	582	217	799	2.2		
20031	63,236	35,853	56.7	493	213	706	2.0		
2004 ¹	64,145	36,806	57.4	470	210	680	1.8		
2005 ¹	65,466	37,652	57.5	459	189	648	1.7		

¹ The comparability of historical labor force data has been affected at various times by methodological and conceptual changes in the Current Population Survey (CPS). For an explanation, see the Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error section of the February 2006 and subsequent issues of *Employment and Earnings*, a monthly BLS periodical.

that took place in those years.

NOTE: The prevailing Federal minimum wage was \$2.90 in 1979, \$3.10 in 1980, and \$3.35 in 1981-89. The minimum wage rose to \$3.80 in April 1990, to \$4.25 in April 1991, to \$4.75 in October 1996, and to \$5.15 in September 1997. See Technical Note for more information about minimum wage workers.

² Data for 1990-91 and 1996-97 reflect changes in the minimum wage

Technical Note

The estimates in this report were obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), which provides a wide range of information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. The survey is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau using a national sample of about 60,000 households, with coverage in all 50 States and the District of Columbia. The earnings data are collected from one-fourth of the CPS monthly sample.

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Concepts and definitions

The principal concepts and definitions used in connection with the earnings data in this report are described below.

Usual weekly earnings. Data are collected on wages and salaries before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the principal job in the case of multiple jobholders). Selfemployed workers are excluded, regardless of whether their businesses are incorporated. Prior to 1994, respondents were asked how much they usually earned per week. Since January 1994, respondents have been asked to identify the easiest way for them to report earnings (hourly, weekly, biweekly, twice monthly, monthly, annually, other) and how much they usually earn in the reported period. Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly are converted to a weekly equivalent. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months.

Medians (and quantiles) of weekly earnings. Most of the earnings estimates shown in this report are medians. The median (or upper limit of the second quartile) is the amount that divides a given earnings distribution into two equal groups, one having earnings above the median, and the other having earnings below the median. Ten percent of workers in a given distribution have earnings below the upper limit of the first decile (90 percent have higher earnings); 25 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the first quartile (75 percent have higher earnings); 75 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the third quartile (25 percent have higher earnings); and 90 percent have earnings below the upper limit of the ninth decile (10 percent have higher earnings).

The BLS estimating procedure for determining the median of an earnings distribution places each reported or calculated weekly earnings value into a \$50-wide interval that is centered on a multiple of \$50. The actual value of the median is estimated through the linear interpolation of the interval in which the median lies.

Over-the-year changes in the medians (and quantile boundaries) for specific groups may not necessarily be consistent with the movements estimated for the overall quantile boundary. The most common reasons for this possible anomaly are:

- There could be a change in the relative weights of the subgroups. For example, the medians of both 16- to 24-year-olds and those 25 years and older may rise, but if the lower earning 16-to-24 age group accounts for a greatly increased share of the total, the overall median could actually fall.
- There could be a large change in the shape of the distribution of reported earnings, particularly near a quantile boundary. This could be caused by survey observations that are clustered at rounded values, for example, \$250, \$300, or \$400. An estimate lying in a \$50-wide centered interval containing such a cluster, or "spike," tends to change more slowly than one in other intervals. For example, medians measure the central tendency of a multipeaked distribution that shifts over time. As the distribution shifts, the median does not necessarily move at the same rate. Specifically, the median takes relatively more time to move through a frequently reported interval but, once above the upper limit of such an interval, it can move relatively quickly to the next frequently reported earnings interval. BLS procedures for estimating medians (and other quantile boundaries) mitigate such irregular movements of the measures; however, users should be cautious of these effects when evaluating shortterm changes in the medians and in ratios of the medians.

Constant dollars. The Consumer Price Index research series using current methods (CPI-U-RS) is used to convert current dollars to constant dollars. BLS has made numerous improvements to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) over the past quarter-century. While these improvements make the present and future CPI more accurate, historical price index series are not adjusted to reflect the improvements. Because many researchers need a historical series that measures price change consistently over the entire period, the CPI-U-RS provides an estimate of the CPI that incorporates most of the methodological improvements made since 1978 into the entire series. For further information, see "CPI research series using current methods, 1978-98" by Kenneth J. Stewart and Stephen B. Reed, Monthly Labor Review, June 1999, pp. 29-38; and "Questions and Answers: Consumer Price Index Research Series Using Current Methods" on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi/cpirsdc.htm.

This report uses the most recent version of the CPI-U-RS available at the time of production. Users should note, however, that the CPI-U-RS is subject to periodic revision. As a result, the rate of inflation incorporated into the constant-dollar earnings estimates in this report may differ from that in previous reports in this series or in other publications.

Wage and salary workers. These are workers who receive wages, salaries, commissions, tips, payment in kind, or piece rates. The group includes employees in both the private and public sectors but, for purposes of the earnings series, excludes all self-employed persons, whether or not their businesses are incorporated.

Full-time workers. Workers who usually work 35 hours or more per week at their sole or principal job are defined as working full time for estimates of earnings.

Part-time workers. Workers who usually work fewer than 35 hours per week at their sole or principal job are defined as working part time for estimates of earnings.

Workers paid by the hour. Workers who are paid an hourly wage make up approximately three-fifths of all wage and salary workers. Workers paid by the hour are, therefore, included in the full- and part-time worker tables in this report, along with salaried workers and other workers not paid by the hour. (Data for workers paid at hourly rates are presented separately in tables 9 to 11 and 15 to 17.)

Workers paid at or below the Federal minimum wage. The estimates of the numbers of workers with reported earnings at or below the Federal minimum wage in tables 11 and 17 pertain only to workers who are paid hourly rates. Salaried workers and other workers who are not paid by the hour are not included, even though some have earnings that, when converted to hourly rates, are at or below the minimum wage. Consequently, the estimates presented in this report likely understate the actual number of workers with hourly earnings at or below the minimum wage. Research has shown, however, that the degree of understatement is small. BLS does not routinely estimate hourly earnings for workers not paid by the hour because of data quality concerns associated with such an estimation process.

The prevailing Federal minimum wage was: \$2.90 effective

January 1979; \$3.10 effective January 1980; \$3.35 effective January 1981; \$3.80 effective April 1990; \$4.25 effective April 1991; \$4.75 effective October 1996; and \$5.15 effective September 1997. Data for 1990-91 and 1996-97 in table 17 reflect changes in the minimum wage that took place during those years.

The presence of workers with hourly earnings below the minimum wage does not necessarily indicate violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as there are exemptions to the minimum wage provisions of the law. In addition, some workers might have rounded their hourly earnings to the nearest dollar in response to survey questions. As a result, some might have been reported with hourly earnings below the minimum wage when, in fact, they earned the minimum wage or higher. This may be more likely to occur in years during which the minimum wage level is just above a whole dollar value, as has been the case since September 1997 (\$5.15).

Reliability

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than an entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or sampling error, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses generally are conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence. Estimates of earnings and their standard errors can be used to construct approximate confidence intervals, or ranges of values that include the true population value with known probabilities.

The CPS data also are affected by nonsampling error. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in data collection or processing.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" section of Employment and Earnings, on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/eetech_methods.pdf.