Men experience a disproportionate share of fatalities relative to their employment.

Since 1995, the number of fatal work injuries involving women has declined. In 2005, the 406 fatalities to women represented a series low for the fatality census.

Fatalities to men generally declined from 1995 to 2002, but have risen from a series low of 5,092 in 2002 to 5,328 in 2005.

Employment data come from the Current Population Survey (CPS) for nonmilitary workers and from the Department of Defense (DOD) for resident military personnel.



Employment and fatalities, by gender of worker, 2005

