## DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE 2005 REPORT OF ORGANIZATION, FORM NC-99007

## **Burden Estimate**

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 12 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to: Paperwork Project 0607-0444, U.S. Census Bureau, 4700 Silver Hill Road, Stop 1500, Washington, DC 20233-1500. You may e-mail comments to Paperwork@census.gov; use "Paperwork Project 0607-0444" as the subject. Response to this collection of information is not required unless it displays a valid approval number from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB). The OMB eight-digit number appears in the upper right corner of the form.

- Census File Number A Census File Number (CFN) has been assigned to your company and is printed above the mailing address following CFN and in the upper right margin on the second page of your report form. Always refer to the complete number in any correspondence with the U.S. Census Bureau.
- Employer Identification Number (EIN) The EIN is the nine-digit taxpayer
  identification number assigned by the Internal Revenue Service and used by
  all business firms and other legal entities to file Federal employment tax
  returns such as forms 941 and 943; and Federal income returns such as forms
  1065, 1120, and 990 series.
- Company An economic unit comprising one or more establishments under common ownership or control.
- Company ownership or control If another domestic company owns
  more than 50 percent of the voting stock of your company or if another
  domestic company has the power to direct or cause the direction of your
  management and policies, then complete item 1A by entering the name, home
  office address, EIN of the owning or controlling company, and completing
  item 1B by marking (X) the box which indicates the percentage of voting stock
  that it owns. Do not list as a controlling company, the company for which you
  operate a franchise.
- Number of employees for the pay period including March 12, 2005 —
   Number of employees, both full- and part-time, whose payroll was reported on your organization's Internal Revenue Service Form(s) 941, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, and/or any full- or part-time employees whose payroll was filed under a Professional Employer Organization's EIN. Include as employees any persons on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations; include salaried officers and executives of incorporated firms.

Exclude any temporary staffing obtained from a staffing service.

• Payroll — Include payroll of full- and part-time employees and payroll expenses for employees working under a contractual leased employment arrangement with a professional employer organization.

Include the total of wages paid, tips reported, and other compensation paid to your employees in the calendar year, whether or not subject to income or social security taxes. Include all wages, salaries, commissions, fees, bonuses, vacation allowances, sick leave pay, severance pay, the amount of reported tips, and the value of taxable fringe benefits. Also include any employee contributions to a qualified pension plan, such as the 401(k) plan. Also include the spread on stock options that are taxable to employees as wages. For incorporated businesses, include the salary of all officers and executives.

Exclude pensions, annuities, supplemental unemployment compensation benefits, nontaxable fringe benefits, and commissions and fees paid to independent contractors. Also, exclude employer contributions for pension plans and for health insurance and qualified benefits under a cafeteria plan. For unincorporated businesses, exclude the profit or compensation paid to proprietors or partners.

The sum of payroll reported for individual establishments for an EIN should equal the taxable medicare wages and tips reported on your organization's IRS Form(s) 941, Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return plus full- and part-time employees whose payroll was filed under a Professional Employer Organization's EIN.

• Establishment — An establishment is a single physical location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed. (For example: a factory, mill, store, hotel, movie theater, mine, farm, administrative office.) If distinctly separate activities are performed at the same location, and if there is significant employment in each activity, then each activity should be treated as a separate establishment, except agricultural production as explained below. (For example: construction activities operated out of the same physical location as a lumber yard.)

For firms engaged in construction, real estate management or operation, transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services, and similar types of physically dispersed activities, it is not necessary to list separately each individual "site," "project," "field," "network," "line," or "system." It is only necessary to report for main or branch offices, terminals, stations, etc., which are either (a) directly responsible for supervising such activities, or (b) the base from which personnel operate to carry out these activities.

## **Special Instructions For Selected Industries**

- Banks Report main and branch locations as separate establishments. Individual ATM outlets should not be listed as separate establishments.
- Construction establishment A construction establishment is a relatively
  permanent office, or other place of business, where the usual business
  activities related to construction are conducted. With some exceptions, a
  relatively permanent office is one which has been established for the
  management of more than one project or job and which is expected to be
  maintained on a continuing basis.
- Retail departments or concessions List as a separate establishment (including specific street address) those retail or service outlets operated by your firm as a department of a retail or service establishment, such as shoe departments or beauty salons in department stores, meat or bakery departments in grocery stores, or millinery departments in clothing stores.
- Medical Part-time offices should not be considered as separate
   establishments. List only the offices which are staffed on a full-time basis and
   include the employment and payroll for the part-time offices. Home health
   care services should not consider the customers' locations as separate
   establishments. Employment and payroll for these locations should be
   included with the main or branch office from which the work is supervised.
- Legal Part-time, temporary, or special offices should not be considered separate establishments for purpose of this report. Data for such locations should be included with the controlling main or branch location where the service is primarily performed.