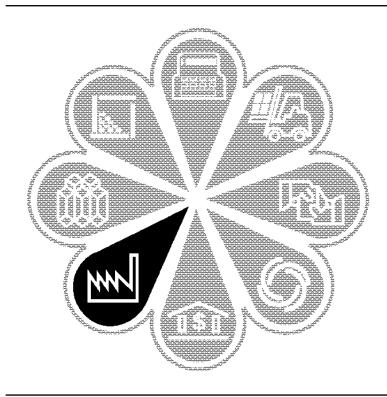
# **1992** Census of Manufactures

MC92-I-34E

**INDUSTRY SERIES** 

# Ordnance and Accessories, Not Elsewhere Classified

Industries 3482, 3483, 3484, and 3489



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U.S. Department of Commerce Ronald H. Brown, Secretary David J. Barram, Deputy Secretary

Economics and Statistics Administration Everett M. Ehrlich, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

> BUREAU OF THE CENSUS Martha Farnsworth Riche, Director

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Manufacturing and Construction Division prepared this report. **David W. Cartwright**, Assistant Chief for Census and Related Programs, was responsible for the overall planning, management, and coordination of the census of manufactures. Planning and implementation were under the direction of **Kenneth I. Hansen**, Chief, Metals and Industrial Machinery Branch, assisted by **Mendel D. Gayle**, Section Chief, with primary staff assistance by **Brenda Campbell**.

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If you have any questions concerning the statistics in this report, call 301-457-4755.



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# Introduction to the Economic Census

## PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product, input/ output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions.

Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data, especially in monitoring economic activity and providing assistance to business.

State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.

Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries and keep their members informed of market changes.

Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

#### AUTHORITY AND SCOPE

Title 13 of the United States Code (sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7. The 1992 Economic Census consists of the following eight censuses:

- · Census of Retail Trade
- · Census of Wholesale Trade
- · Census of Service Industries
- Census of Financial, Insurance, and Real Estate
   Industries
- · Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities
- · Census of Manufactures
- Census of Mineral Industries
- Census of Construction Industries

Special programs also cover enterprise statistics and minority-owned and women-owned businesses. (The 1992 Census of Agriculture and 1992 Census of Governments are conducted separately.) The next economic census is scheduled to be taken in 1998 covering the year 1997.

#### AVAILABILITY OF THE DATA

The results of the economic census are available in printed reports for sale by the U.S. Government Printing Office and on compact discs for sale by the Census Bureau. Order forms for all types of products are available on request from Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-8300. A more complete description of publications being issued from this census is on the inside back cover of this document.

Census facts are also widely disseminated by trade associations, business journals, and newspapers. Volumes containing census statistics are available in most major public and college libraries. Finally, State data centers in every State as well as business and industry data centers in many States also supply economic census statistics.

#### WHAT'S NEW IN 1992

The 1992 Economic Census covers more of the economy than any previous census. New for 1992 are data on communications, utilities, financial, insurance, and real estate, as well as coverage of more transportation industries. The economic, agriculture, and governments censuses now collectively cover nearly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Among other changes, new 1992 definitions affect the boundaries of about a third of all metropolitan areas. Also, the Survey of Women-Owned Businesses has now been expanded to include all corporations.

#### **HISTORICAL INFORMATION**

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1963, 1958, and 1954. Prior to that time, the individual subcomponents of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals. The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for 1840 and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. In 1902, Congress established a permanent Census Bureau and directed that a census of manufactures be taken every 5 years. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular every-10-year population census.

The first census of business was taken in 1930, covering 1929. Initially it covered retail and wholesale trade and construction industries, but it was broadened in 1933 to include some of the service trades.

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated—providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires. The Enterprise Statistics Program, which publishes combined data from the economic census, was made possible with the implementation of the integrated census program in 1954.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses has continued to expand. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. The census of transportation began in 1963 as a set of surveys covering travel, transportation of commodities, and trucks, but expanded in 1987 to cover business establishments in several transportation industries. For 1992, these statistics are incorporated into a broadened census of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 is the census of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. This is part of a gradual expansion in coverage of industries previously subjected to government regulation. The Survey of Minority-Owned Business Enterprises was first conducted as a special project in 1969 and was incorporated into the economic census in 1972 along with the Survey of Women-Owned Businesses.

An economic census has also been taken in Puerto Rico since 1909, in the Virgin Islands of the United States and Guam since 1958, and in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands since 1982.

Statistical reports from the 1987 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of long-term time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census data published since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau.

## AVAILABILITY OF MORE FREQUENT ECONOMIC DATA

While the census provides complete enumerations every 5 years, there are many needs for more frequent data as well. The Census Bureau conducts a number of monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, with the results appearing in publication series such as Current Business Reports (retail and wholesale trade and service industries), the Annual Survey of Manufactures, Current Industrial Reports, and the Quarterly Financial Report. Most of these surveys, while providing more frequent observations, yield less kind-of-business and geographic detail than the census. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics on the number of establishments, employment, and payroll classified by industry within each county.

#### SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the *Guide to the 1992 Economic Census and Related Statistics.* More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the census will be published in the *History of the 1992 Economic Census.* Contact Customer Services for information on availability.

### **Census of Manufactures**

#### GENERAL

This report, from the 1992 Census of Manufactures, is one of a series of 83 industry reports, each of which provides statistics for individual industries or groups of related industries. Additional separate reports will be issued for each State and the District of Columbia and for special subjects such as manufacturers' shipments to the federal government and concentration ratios in manufacturing.

The industry reports include such statistics as number of establishments, employment, payroll, value added by manufacture, cost of materials consumed, capital expenditures, product shipments, etc.

State reports present similar statistics for each State and its important metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places. Selected statistical totals for "all manufacturing" have been shown in the State reports for MA's with 250 employees or more and for counties and places with 500 employees or more.

The General Summary report contains industry, product class, and geographic area statistics summarized in one report. The introduction to the General Summary discusses, at greater length, many of the subjects described in this introduction. For example, the General Summary text discusses the relationship of value added by manufacture to national income by industry of origin, the changes in statistical concepts over the history of the censuses, and the valuation problems arising from intracompany transfers between manufacturing plants of a company and between manufacturing plants and sales offices and sales branches of a company.

## SCOPE OF CENSUS AND DEFINITION OF MANUFACTURING

The 1992 Census of Manufactures covers all establishments with one paid employee or more primarily engaged in manufacturing as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual<sup>1</sup> This is the system of industrial classification developed by experts on classification in Government and private industry under the guidance of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget. This classification system is used by Government agencies as well as many organizations outside the Government.

The SIC Manual defines manufacturing as the mechanical or chemical transformation of substances or materials into new products. The assembly of component parts of products also is considered to be manufacturing if the resulting product is neither a structure nor other fixed improvement. These activities are usually carried on in plants, factories, or mills that characteristically use powerdriven machines and materials-handling equipment.

Manufacturing production is usually carried on for the wholesale market, for transfers to other plants of the same company, or to the order of industrial users rather than for direct sale to the household consumer. Some manufacturers in a few industries sell chiefly at retail to household consumers through the mail, through house-to-house routes, or through salespersons. Some activities of a service nature (enameling, engraving, etc.) are included in manufacturing when they are performed primarily for trade. They are considered nonmanufacturing when they are performed primarily to the order of the household consumer.

#### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ANNUAL SURVEY OF MANUFACTURES AND CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES

The Bureau of the Census conducts the annual survey of manufactures (ASM) in each of the 4 years between the censuses of manufactures. The ASM is a probability-based sample of approximately 62,000 establishments and collects the same industry statistics (employment, payroll, value of shipments, etc.) as the census of manufactures. In addition to collecting the information normally requested on the census form, the establishments in the ASM sample are requested to supply information on assets, capital expenditures, retirements, depreciation, rental payments, supplemental labor costs, costs of purchased services, and foreign content of materials consumed. Except for supplemental labor costs, the extra ASM items are collected only in census years.

#### ESTABLISHMENT BASIS OF REPORTING

The census of manufactures is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1987. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00314-2.

location. The ASM also is conducted on an establishment basis, but separate reports are filed for just those establishments selected in the sample. Companies engaged in distinctly different lines of activity at one location are requested to submit separate reports if the plant records permit such a separation and if the activities are substantial in size.

In 1992, as in earlier years, a minimum size limit was set for inclusion of establishments in the census. All establishments employing one person or more at any time during the census year are included. The same size limitation has applied since 1947 in censuses and annual surveys of manufactures. In the 1939 and earlier censuses, establishments with less than \$5,000 value of products were excluded. The change in the minimum size limit in 1947 does not appreciably affect the historical comparability of the census figures except for data on number of establishments for a few industries. This report excludes information for separately operated administrative offices, warehouses, garages, and other auxiliary units that service manufacturing establishments of the same company (see Auxiliaries).

#### MANUFACTURING UNIVERSE AND CENSUS REPORT FORMS

The 1992 Census of Manufactures universe includes approximately 380,000 establishments. The amounts of information requested from manufacturing establishments were dependent upon a number of factors. The more important considerations were the size of the company and whether it was included in the annual survey of manufactures. The methods of obtaining information for the various subsets of the universe to arrive at the aggregate figures shown in the publication are described below:

1. Small single-establishment companies not sent a report form. In the 1992 Census of Manufactures, approximately 143,000 small single-establishment companies were excused from filing reports. Selection of these small establishments was done on an industryby-industry basis and was based on annual payroll and total shipments data as well as on the industry classification codes contained in the administrative records of Federal agencies. The cutoffs were selected so that these administrative-records cases would account for no more than 3 percent of the value of shipments for all manufacturing. Generally, all single-establishment companies with less than 5 employees were excused, while all establishments with more than 20 employees were mailed forms.

Information on the physical location of the establishment, as well as information on payrolls, receipts (shipments), and industry classification, was obtained from the administrative records of other Federal agencies under special arrangements, which safeguarded their confidentiality. Estimates of data for these small establishments were developed using industry averages in conjunction with the administrative information. The value of shipments and cost of materials were not distributed among specific products and materials for these establishments but were included in the product and material "not specified by kind" (n.s.k.) categories.

The industry classification codes included in the administrative-records files were assigned on the basis of brief descriptions of the general activity of the establishment. As a result, an indeterminate number of establishments were erroneously coded at the fourdigit SIC level. This was especially true whenever there was a relatively fine line of demarcation between industries or between manufacturing and nonmanufacturing activity.

Sometimes these administrative-records cases were only given a two- or three-digit SIC group. For the 1992 Census of Manufactures, these establishments were sent a separate classification form, which requested information on the products and services of the establishment. This form was used to code many of these establishments to the four-digit SIC level. Establishments that did not return the classification form were coded later to those four-digit SIC industries identified as "not elsewhere classified" (n.e.c.) within the given two- or three-digit industry groups.

As a result of these situations, a number of small establishments may have been misclassified by industry. However, such possible misclassification has no significant effect on the statistics other than on the number of companies and establishments.

The total establishment count for individual industries should be viewed as an approximation rather than a precise measurement. The counts for establishments with 20 employees or more are far more reliable than the count of total number of establishments.

- 2. Establishments sent a report form. The over 237,000 establishments covered in the mail canvass were divided into three groups:
  - a. **ASM sample establishments.** This group consisted of approximately 62,000 establishments covering all the units of large manufacturing establishments as well as a sample of the medium and smaller establishments. The probability of selection was proportionate to size (see Appendix B, Annual Survey of Manufactures).

In a census of manufactures year, the ASM report form (MA-1000) replaces the first page of the regular census form for those establishments included in the ASM. In addition to information on employment, payroll, and other items normally requested on the regular census form, establishments in the ASM sample were requested to supply information on assets, capital expenditures, retirements, depreciation, rental payments, supplemental labor costs, and costs of purchased services. See appendix A, section 2, for an explanation of these items.

The census part of the report form is 1 of approximately 200 versions containing product, material, and special inquiries. The diversity of manufacturing activities necessitated the use of these many forms to canvass the 459 manufacturing industries. Each form was developed for a group of related industries.

Appearing on each form was a list of products primary to the group of related industries as well as secondary products and miscellaneous services that establishments classified in these industries were likely to be performing. Respondents were requested to identify the products, the value of each product, and, in a large number of cases, the quantity of the product shipped during the survey year. Space also was provided for the respondent to describe products not specifically identified on the form.

The report form also contained a materialsconsumed inquiry, which varied from form to form depending on the industries being canvassed. The respondents were asked to review a list of materials generally used in their production processes. From this list, each establishment was requested to identify those materials consumed during the survey year, the cost of each, and, in certain cases, the quantity consumed. Once again, space was provided for the respondent to describe significant material not identified on the form.

Finally, a wide variety of special inquiries was included to measure activities peculiar to a given industry, such as operations performed and equipment used.

- b. Large and medium establishments (non-ASM). Approximately 112,000 establishments were included in this group. A variable cutoff, based on administrative-records payroll data and determined on an industry-by-industry basis, was used to select those establishments that were to receive 1 of the approximately 200 census of manufactures regular forms. The first page, requesting establishment data for items such as employment and payroll, was standard but did not contain the detailed statistics included on the ASM form. The product, material, and special inquiry sections supplied were based on the historical industry classification of the establishment.
- c. Small single-establishment companies (non-ASM). This group consisted of approximately 63,000 establishments. For those industries where application of the variable cutoff for administrative-records cases resulted in a large number of small establishments being included in the mail canvass, an abbreviated or "short" form was used. These establishments received 1 of the approximately 80 versions of the short form, which requested summary product and

material data and totals but no details on employment, payrolls, cost of materials, inventories, and capital expenditures.

Use of the short form has no adverse effect on published totals for the industry statistics; the same data were collected on the short form as on the long form. However, detailed information on materials consumed was not collected on the short form; thus its use would increase the value of the n.s.k. categories.

#### **AUXILIARIES**

In this industry report, the data on employment and payroll are limited to operating manufacturing establishments. The census report form filed for auxiliaries (ES-9200) requested a description of the activity of the establishments serviced. However, the manufacturing auxiliaries were coded only to the two-digit major group of the establishments they served; whereas, the operating establishments were coded to a four-digit manufacturing industry. Data for the approximately 11,000 separately operated auxiliaries are included in the geographic area series and in a report issued as part of the 1992 Enterprise Statistics Survey.

Auxiliaries are establishments whose employees are primarily engaged in performing supporting services for other establishments of the same company, rather than for the general public or for other business firms. They can be at different locations from the establishments served or at the same location as one of those establishments but not operating as an integral part thereof and serving two establishments or more. Where auxiliary operations are conducted at the same location as the manufacturing operation and operate as an integral part thereof, they usually are included in the report for the operating manufacturing establishment.

Included in the broad category of auxiliaries are administrative offices. Employees in administrative offices are concerned with the general management of multiestablishment companies, i.e., with the general supervision and control of two units or more, such as manufacturing plants, mines, sales branches, or stores. The functions of these employees may include the following:

- 1. Program planning, including sales research and coordination of purchasing, production, and distribution
- 2. Company purchasing, including general contracts and purchasing methods
- 3. Company financial policy and accounting
- 4. General engineering, including design of product machinery and equipment, and direction of engineering effort conducted at the individual operation locations
- 5. Company personnel matters
- 6. Legal and patent matters

Other types of auxiliaries serving the plants or central management of the company include purchasing offices, sales promotion offices, research and development organizations, etc.

#### INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION OF ESTABLISH-MENTS

Each of the establishments covered in the census was classified in 1 of 459 manufacturing industries in accordance with the industry definitions in the 1987 SIC Manual. The 1987 edition of this manual represents a major revision for manufacturing industries from the 1972 edition and its 1977 supplement. Appendix A of the 1987 Manual notes the revisions in the four-digit industry levels between 1972/77 and 1987.

An industry is generally defined as a group of establishments producing the same product or a closely related group of products. The product groupings from which industry classifications are derived are based on considerations such as similarity of manufacturing processes, types of materials used, types of customers, and the like. The resulting group of establishments must be significant in terms of number, value added by manufacture, value of shipments, and number of employees. The system operates in such a way that the definitions progressively become narrower with successive additions of numerical digits. For 1992, there are 20 major groups (two-digit SIC), 139 industry groups (three-digit SIC), and 459 industries (four-digit SIC). This represents an expansion of four-digit industries from 452 in 1972/77 and a reduction of threedigit groups from 143 in 1972/77. Product classes and products of the manufacturing industries have been assigned codes based on the industry from which they originate. There are about 11,000 products identified by a seven-digit code. The seven-digit products are considered the primary products of the industry with the same four digits.

Accordingly, an establishment is usually classified in a particular industry on the basis of its major activity during a particular year, i.e., production of the products primary to that industry exceeds, in value, production of the products primary to any other single industry. In a few instances, however, the industry classification of an establishment is not only determined by the products it makes but also by the process employed in operations. Refining of nonferrous metals from ore or rolling and drawing of nonferrous metals (processes which involve heavy capitalization in specialized equipment) would be classified according to the process used during a census year. These establishments then would be "frozen" in that industry during the following ASM years.

In either a census or ASM year, establishments included in the ASM sample with certainty weight, other than those involved with heavily capitalized activities described above, are reclassified by industry only if the change in the primary activity from the prior year is significant or if the change has occurred for 2 successive years. This procedure prevents reclassification when there are minor shifts in product mix. In ASM years, establishments included in the ASM sample with noncertainty weight are not shifted from one industry classification to another. They are retained in the industry where they were classified in the base census year (see Appendix B, Annual Survey of Manufactures). However, in the following census year, these ASM plants are allowed to shift from one industry to another.

The results of these rules covering the switching of plants from one industry classification to another are that, at the aggregate level, some industries comprise different mixes of establishments between survey years and establishment data for such industry statistics as employment and payroll may be tabulated in different industries between survey years. Hence, comparisons between prior-year and current-year published totals, particularly at the four-digit SIC level, should be viewed with caution. This is particularly true for the comparison between the data shown for a census year versus the data shown for the previous ASM year.

As previously noted, the small establishments that may have been misclassified by industry are usually administrativerecords cases whose industry codes were assigned on the basis of incomplete descriptions of the general activity of the establishment. Such possible misclassifications have no significant effect on the statistics other than on the number of companies and establishments.

While some establishments produce only the primary products of the industry in which they are classified, all establishments of an industry rarely specialize to this extent. The industry statistics (employment, inventories, value added by manufacture, total value of shipments including resales and miscellaneous receipts, etc.) shown in tables 1a through 5a, therefore, reflect not only the primary activities of the establishments in that industry but also their secondary activities. The product statistics in table 6a represent the output of all establishments whether or not they are classified in the same industry as the product. For this reason, in relating the industry statistics, the composition of the industry's output shown in table 5b should be considered.

The extent to which industry and product statistics may be matched with each other is measured by two ratios which are computed from the figures shown in table 5b. The first of these ratios, called the primary product specialization ratio, measures the proportion of product shipments (both primary and secondary) of the establishments classified in the industry represented by the primary products of those establishments. The second ratio, called the coverage ratio, is the proportion of primary products shipped by the establishments classified in the industry to total shipments of such products by all manufacturing establishments.

However, establishments making products falling into the same industry category may use a variety of processes and materials to produce them. Also, the same industry classification (based on end products) may include both establishments that are highly integrated and those that put only the finishing touches on an already highly fabricated item. For example, the refrigeration equipment industry includes instances of almost complete integration (production of the compressor, condensing unit, electric motor, casting, stamping of the case, and final assembly) all carried on at one plant. On the other hand, the condensing unit, the motor, and the case may be purchased and only assembled into the finished product.

In some instances, separate industry categories have been established for integrated and nonintegrated establishments. For other industries, the census provides separate statistics on the production of intermediate commodities made and used in the producing plant. For some industries characterized by many plants of the same company, separate figures on interplant transfers of products usually are shown.

Differences in the integration of production processes, types of operations, and alternatives in types of materials used should be considered when relating the industry statistics (employment, payrolls, value added, etc.) to the product and material data.

#### VALUE OF SHIPMENTS FOR THE INDUSTRY COMPARED WITH VALUE OF PRODUCT SHIPMENTS

This report shows value of shipments data for industries and products. In tables 1a through 5b, these data represent the total value of shipments of all establishments classified in a particular industry. The data include the shipments of the products classified in the industry (primary to the industry), products classified in other industries (secondary to the industry), and miscellaneous receipts (repair work, sale of scrap, research and development, installation receipts, and resales). Value of product shipments shown in table 6a represents the total value of all products shipped that are classified as primary to an industry.

#### **CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES**

In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, no data are published that would disclose the data for an individual establishment or company. However, the number of establishments classified in a specific industry is not considered a disclosure, so this information may be released even though other information is withheld.

The disclosure analysis for the industry statistics in tables 1a through 5a of this report is based on the total value of shipments. When the total value of shipments cannot be shown without disclosing information for individual companies, the complete line is suppressed except for new capital expenditures. However, the suppressed data are included in higher-level totals. A separate disclosure analysis is performed for new capital expenditures that can be suppressed even though value of shipments data are publishable.

#### SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1992 Census of Manufactures may be obtained on computer diskette or in tabular form. The data will be in summary form and subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications.

Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis. A request for a cost estimate, as well as exact specifications on the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to the Chief, Manufacturing and Construction Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

#### ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

- Represents zero.
- (D) Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies; data are included in higher level totals.
- (NA) Not available.
- (NC) Not comparable.
- (S) Withheld because estimate did not meet publication standards.
- (X) Not applicable.
- (Z) Less than half the unit shown.
- n.e.c. Not elsewhere classified.
- n.s.k. Not specified by kind.
- pt. Part.
- r Revised.
- SIC Standard Industrial Classification.

Other abbreviations, such as lb, gal, yd, doz, bbl, and s tons, are used in the customary sense.

#### CONTACTS FOR DATA USERS

| Subject Area                      | Contact                                  | Phone        |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|--|--|--|
| Census, ASM, and CIR              |  |              |  |  |  |
| SIC's 20-23,<br>3021, 31          | Judy Dodds                               | 301-457-4651 |  |  |  |
| SIC's 24-30<br>(exc. 3021), 32    | Michael Zampogna                         | 301-457-4810 |  |  |  |
| SIC's 33-35<br>(exc. 357)         | Kenneth Hansen                           | 301-457-4755 |  |  |  |
| SIC's 357, 36-39                  | Bruce Goldhirsch                         | 301-457-4817 |  |  |  |
| Import/ export<br>publications    | Foreign Trade<br>Division                | 301-457-3041 |  |  |  |
| Industry analysis and forecasting | International<br>Trade<br>Administration | 202-377-4356 |  |  |  |

# Users' Guide for Locating Statistics in This Report by Table Number

#### For explanation of terms, see appendixes

|  |                            |                            | Four-dig                      |  | Five-digit product class and<br>seven-digit product statistics |  |   |                                  |                           |  |                                |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Item   | His-<br>torical            | Oper-<br>ating<br>ratios   | By<br>geo-<br>graphic<br>area | Sum-<br>mary<br>and<br>supple-<br>mental     | By<br>employ-<br>ment<br>size                                  | By<br>industry<br>and<br>product<br>class<br>special-<br>ization |   | Industry-<br>product<br>analysis | Product<br>ship-<br>ments | Product<br>class by<br>geo-<br>graphic<br>area | Historical<br>product<br>class |
| Number of companies  | 1a                         |                            |                               | 3a   |  |  |   |                                  | *6a                       |  |                                |
| Number of establishments   | 1a                         |                            | 2                             | 3a   | 4  | 5a   |   |                                  |                           |  |                                |
| Employment and payroll:<br>Number of employees<br>Payroll<br>Supplemental labor costs<br>Production workers<br>Production-worker hours<br>Production-worker wages  | 1a<br>1a<br>1a<br>1a<br>1a | 1b<br>1b<br>1b<br>1b<br>1b | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2         | 3a<br>3a<br>3a<br>3a<br>3a                   | 4<br>4<br>4<br>4   | 5a<br>5a<br>5a<br>5a   |   |                                  |                           |  |                                |
| Shipments, cost of materials,<br>and value added:<br>Value of shipments<br>(four-digit)<br>Product class shipments<br>(five-digit)<br>Product shipments<br>(seven-digit)<br>Value added by   | 1a                         | 1b                         | 2                             | За   | 4  | 5a   |   | 5b                               | 6a<br>6a                  | 6b   | 6c                             |
| Cost of materials<br>Fuels and electric energy<br>Materials consumed by kind.  | 1a<br>1a                   | 1b<br>1b                   | 2<br>2                        | 3a<br>3a<br>3a                               | 4<br>4   | 5a<br>5a   | 7 |                                  |                           |  |                                |
| Inventories:<br>Total, end of year<br>By stage of fabrication  | 1a                         |                            |                               | 3a<br>3a                                     | 4  |  |   |                                  |                           |  |                                |
| Capital expenditures, assets,<br>rental payments, and<br>purchased services:<br>New capital expenditures<br>Used plant and equipment<br>expenditures<br>Gross assets<br>Depreciation<br>Retirements of buildings and<br>machinery<br>Rental payments<br>Foreign content of materials<br>consumed<br>Purchased services | 1a                         |                            | 2                             | 3b<br>3b<br>3b<br>3b<br>3b<br>3b<br>3c<br>3c | 4  | 5a   |   |                                  |                           |  |                                |
| Ratios:<br>Specialization  | 1a<br>1a                   |                            |                               |  |  |  |   | 5b<br>5b                         |                           |  |                                |

\*Number of companies with shipments of more than \$100 thousand.

### **Contents** Ordnance and Accessories, Not Elsewhere Classified

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MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-1

### Description of Industries and Summary of Findings

This report shows 1992 Census of Manufactures statistics for establishments classified in each of the following industries:

#### SIC code and title

- 3482 Small Arms Ammunition
- 3483 Ammunition, Except for Small Arms, N.E.C.
- 3484 Small Arms
- 3489 Ordnance and Accessories, N.E.C.

The industry statistics (employment, payroll, cost of materials, value of shipments, inventories, etc.) are reported for each establishment as a whole. Aggregates of such data for an industry reflect not only the primary activities of the establishments but also their activities in the manufacture of secondary products as well as their miscellaneous activities (contract work on materials owned by others, repair work, etc.). This fact should be taken into account in comparing industry statistics (tables 1 through 5a) with product statistics (table 6) showing shipments by all industries of the primary products of the specified industry. The extent of the "product mix" is indicated in table 5b, which shows the value of primary and secondary products shipped by establishments classified in the specified industry and the value of primary products of the industry shipped as secondary products by establishments classified in other industries.

Establishment data were tabulated based on industry definitions included in the *1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual*<sup>1</sup>. The 1987 edition represents a major revision for manufacturing industries from the 1972 edition and its 1977 supplement. In addition to the 1987 SIC revision, changes were made to the product class (five-digit) and product code (seven-digit) categories. The product class and product code comparability between the 1992 and 1987 censuses is shown in appendix C. This appendix presents, in tabular form, the linkage from 1992 to 1987, and 1987 to 1992.

All dollar figures included in this report are at prices current for the year specified and, therefore, unadjusted for changes in price levels. Consequently, when making comparisons to prior years, users should take into consideration the inflation that has occurred.

#### **INDUSTRY 3482, SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION**

This industry is made up of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing ammunition for small arms having a bore of 30 mm (or 1.18 inch) or less. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing ammunition, except for small arms are classified in industry 3483. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing blasting and detonation caps and safety fuses are classified in industry 2892; and those manufacturing fireworks are classified in industry 2899.

The 1992 definition of this industry is the same as that used in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. The SIC number and title also are the same.

In the 1992 Census of Manufactures, Industry 3482, Small Arms Ammunition, had employment of 8.1 thousand. The employment figure was 10 percent below the 9.0 thousand reported in 1987.

The leading States in employment in 1992 were Arkansas, Illinois, Minnesota, and Missouri, accounting for approximately 75 percent of the industry's employment. These same States were the leaders in 1987.

The total value of shipments for establishments classified in this industry was \$1.1 billion.

Establishments in virtually all industries ship secondary products as well as products primary to the industry in which they are classified and have some miscellaneous receipts, such as resales and contract receipts.

Establishments in this industry accounted for 86 percent of products considered primary to the industry no matter where they were actually produced (coverage ratio). In 1987, the coverage ratio was not shown.

The products primary to industry 3482, no matter in what industry they were produced, appear in table 6a and aggregate to \$962.4 million. For further explanation of specialization and coverage ratios, see table 5b and the appendixes.

The total cost of materials, services, and fuels and energy used by establishments classified in the small arms ammunition industry amounted to \$397.6 million. Data on specific materials consumed appear in table 7.

Single-establishment companies in this industry with less than 10 employees were excluded from the mail portion of the census. The data for these establishments (and a small number of larger establishments whose reports were not received at the time the data were

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1987. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402. Stock No. 041-001-00314-2.

tabulated) were obtained from administrative records of other agencies or developed from industry averages. These establishments accounted for 2 percent of the total value of shipments.

# INDUSTRY 3483, AMMUNITION, EXCEPT FOR SMALL ARMS, N.E.C.

This industry is made up of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing ammunition, not elsewhere classified or in loading and assembling ammunition more than 30 mm (or more than 1.18 inch), including component parts. Also included in this industry are establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing bombs, mines, torpedoes, grenades, depth charges, chemical warfare projectiles, and their component parts. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing small arms ammunition are classified in industry 3482. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing explosives are classified in industry 2892; and those manufacturing military pyrotechnics are classified in industry 2899.

The 1992 definition of this industry is the same as that used in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. The SIC number and title also are the same.

In the 1992 Census of Manufactures, Industry 3483, Ammunition, Except for Small Arms, N.E.C., had employment of 23.4 thousand. The employment figure was 44 percent below the 41.5 thousand reported in 1987. Compared with 1991, employment decreased 14 percent. The 1991 data are based on the Census Bureau's annual survey of manufactures (ASM), which is a sample survey conducted each year between censuses.

The leading States in employment in 1992 were Minnesota, Texas, Pennsylvania, and Tennessee, accounting for approximately 49 percent of the industry's employment. This represents a shift from 1987 when California, Minnesota, Ohio, and Pennsylvania were the leading States.

The total value of shipments for establishments classified in this industry was \$3.1 billion.

Establishments in virtually all industries ship secondary products as well as products primary to the industry in which they are classified and have some miscellaneous receipts, such as resales and contract receipts. Industry 3483 shipped \$2.0 billion of ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c., considered primary to the industry, \$474.9 million of secondary products, and had \$631.5 million of miscellaneous receipts, resales, and contract work. Thus, the ratio of primary products to the total of both secondary and primary products shipped by establishments in this industry was 81 percent (specialization ratio). In 1987, the specialization ratio was 82 percent.

Establishments in this industry also accounted for 86 percent of products considered primary to the industry no matter where they were actually produced (coverage ratio). In 1987, the coverage ratio was 88 percent.

The products primary to industry 3483, no matter in what industry they were produced, appear in table 6a and

aggregate to \$2.4 billion. For further explanation of specialization and coverage ratios, see table 5b and the appendixes.

The total cost of materials, services, and fuels and energy used by establishments classified in the ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c., industry amounted to \$1.2 billion. Data on specific materials consumed appear in table 7.

Single-establishment companies in this industry with less than 5 employees were excluded from the mail portion of the census. The data for these establishments (and a small number of larger establishments whose reports were not received at the time the data were tabulated) were obtained from administrative records of other agencies or developed from industry averages. These establishments accounted for 2 percent of the total value of shipments.

#### **INDUSTRY 3484, SMALL ARMS**

This industry is made up of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing small firearms having a bore 30 mm (or 1.18 inch) or less, and parts for small firearms. Also included in this industry are establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing certain weapons more than 30 mm which are carried and employed by the individual, such as grenade launchers and heavy field machine guns. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing artillery and mortars having a bore more than 30 mm (or more than 1.18 inch), and component parts, are classified in industry 3489.

The 1992 definition of this industry is the same as that used in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. The SIC number and title also are the same.

In the 1992 Census of Manufactures, Industry 3484, Small Arms, had employment of 11.8 thousand. The employment figure was 12 percent below the 13.3 thousand reported in 1987.

The leading States in employment in 1992 were Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and New York. This represents a shift from 1987 when Connecticut, New York, Massachusetts, and Vermont were the leading States.

The total value of shipments for establishments classified in this industry was \$1.4 billion.

Establishments in virtually all industries ship secondary products as well as products primary to the industry in which they are classified and have some miscellaneous receipts, such as resales and contract receipts. Industry 3484 shipped \$1.2 billion of small arms considered primary to the industry, \$79.9 million of secondary products, and had \$74.7 million of miscellaneous receipts, resales, and contract work. Thus, the ratio of primary products to the total of both secondary and primary products shipped by establishments in this industry was 94 percent (specialization ratio). In 1987, the specialization ratio was 99 percent.

Establishments in this industry also accounted for 97 percent of products considered primary to the industry no matter where they were actually produced (coverage ratio). In 1987, the coverage ratio was 94 percent.

The products primary to industry 3484, no matter in what industry they were produced, appear in table 6a and aggregate to \$1.3 billion. For further explanation of specialization and coverage ratios, see table 5b and the appendixes.

The total cost of materials, services, and fuels and energy used by establishments classified in the small arms industry amounted to \$401.1 million. Data on specific materials consumed appear in table 7.

Single-establishment companies in this industry with less than 15 employees were excluded from the mail portion of the census. The data for these establishments (and a small number of larger establishments whose reports were not received at the time the data were tabulated) were obtained from administrative records of other agencies or developed from industry averages. These establishments accounted for 3 percent of the total value of shipments.

## INDUSTRY 3489, ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.

This industry is made up of establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing ordnance and accessories, not elsewhere classified, such as naval, aircraft, antiaircraft, tank, coast, and field artillery having a bore more than 30 mm (or more than 1.18 inch), and components. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing small arms and parts 30 mm (or 1.18 inch) or less are classified in industry 3484. Establishments primarily engaged in manufacturing tanks are classified in industry 3795; and those manufacturing guided missiles are classified in industry group 376.

The 1992 definition of this industry is the same as that used in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. The SIC number and title also are the same.

In the 1992 Census of Manufactures, Industry 3489, Ordnance and Accessories, N.E.C., had employment of 22.0 thousand. The employment figure was 8 percent below the 23.9 thousand reported in 1987. Compared with 1991, employment increased 3 percent. The 1991 data are based on the Census Bureau's annual survey of manufactures (ASM), which is a sample survey conducted each year between censuses. The leading States in employment in 1992 were Colorado, Minnesota, Missouri, and Texas, accounting for approximately 76 percent of the industry's employment. This represents a shift from 1987 when Missouri, California, Colorado, and Minnesota were the leading States.

The total value of shipments for establishments classified in this industry was \$1.4 billion.

Establishments in virtually all industries ship secondary products as well as products primary to the industry in which they are classified and have some miscellaneous receipts, such as resales and contract receipts. Industry 3489 shipped \$535.8 million of ordnance and accessories, n.e.c., considered primary to the industry, \$24.2 million of secondary products, and had \$826.0 million of miscellaneous receipts, resales, and contract work. Thus, the ratio of primary products to the total of both secondary and primary products shipped by establishments in this industry was 96 percent (specialization ratio). In 1987, the specialization ratio was 91 percent.

Establishments in this industry also accounted for 66 percent of products considered primary to the industry no matter where they were actually produced (coverage ratio). In 1987, the coverage ratio was 67 percent.

The products primary to industry 3489, no matter in what industry they were produced, appear in table 6a and aggregate to \$811.9 million. For further explanation of specialization and coverage ratios, see table 5b and the appendixes.

The total cost of materials, services, and fuels and energy used by establishments classified in the ordnance and accessories, n.e.c., industry amounted to \$224.4 million. Data on specific materials consumed appear in table 7.

Single-establishment companies in this industry with less than 15 employees were excluded from the mail portion of the census. The data for these establishments (and a small number of larger establishments whose reports were not received at the time the data were tabulated) were obtained from administrative records of other agencies or developed from industry averages. These establishments accounted for 1 percent of the total value of shipments.

#### Table 1a. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 1992 and Earlier Years

| [Excludes data for auxiliaries. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes] |                                      |                |   |                   |                                 |                   |                                       |                               |   |   |   |  |  |   |  |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|
|  |                                      | All establi    | ishments <sup>3</sup>                         | All em            | oloyees                         | Pro               | duction wor                           | kers                          |   |   |   |  |  | Rat   | tios   |
| Year <sup>1</sup>  | Com-<br>panies <sup>2</sup><br>(no.) | Total<br>(no.) | With 20<br>employ-<br>ees or<br>more<br>(no.) | Number<br>(1,000) | Payroll<br>(million<br>dollars) | Number<br>(1,000) | Hours<br>(millions)                   | Wages<br>(million<br>dollars) | Value added<br>by manufac-<br>ture <sup>4</sup><br>(million<br>dollars) | Cost of<br>materials <sup>5</sup><br>(million<br>dollars) | Value of<br>shipments<br>(million<br>dollars) | New<br>capital<br>expend-<br>itures <sup>6</sup><br>(million<br>dollars) | End-of-<br>year<br>inven-<br>tories <sup>4</sup><br>(million<br>dollars) | Spe-<br>ciali-<br>zation <sup>7</sup><br>(per-<br>cent) | Cover-<br>age <sup>8</sup><br>(per-<br>cent) |
|  |                                      |                |   |                   |                                 | INDU              | STRY 348                              | 2, SMALL                      | ARMS AMM  | UNITION   |   |  |  |   |  |
| 1992 Census  | 101                                  | 103            | 19  | 8.1               | 258.6                           | 6.1               | 12.6                                  | 176.9                         | 694.5   | 397.6   | 1 088.6                                       | 31.4   | 222.8  | (D)   | 86   |
| 1991 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 8.5               | 249.6                           | 6.4               | 12.7                                  | 169.9                         | 520.3   | 369.5   | 941.5   | 24.0   | 231.0  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1990 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 8.5               | 242.9                           | 6.3               | 12.5                                  | 164.9                         | 535.9   | 344.5   | 844.1   | 29.4   | 284.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1989 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 8.7               | 242.2                           | 6.6               | 13.2                                  | 161.5                         | 637.3   | 354.4   | 963.0   | 11.6   | 247.4  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1988 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 8.7               | 240.8                           | 6.5               | 14.0                                  | 162.5                         | 608.7   | 304.3   | 883.3   | 20.0   | 178.1  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1987 Census  | 75                                   | 79             | 18  | 9.0               | 243.5                           | 6.9               | 14.5                                  | 168.2                         | 626.7   | 242.7   | 889.2   | 17.5   | 147.4  | 96  | (D)  |
| 1986 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 8.4               | 222.7                           | 6.8               | 13.4                                  | 163.6                         | 604.2   | 303.0   | 918.7   | 34.3   | 244.5  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1985 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 9.6               | 252.4                           | 7.7               | 14.9                                  | 174.3                         | 624.1   | 323.6   | 917.5   | 28.9   | 267.8  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1984 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 9.8               | 258.6                           | 7.0               | 13.8                                  | 159.8                         | 561.7   | 261.7   | 811.4   | 32.9   | 233.2  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1983 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 10.0              | 238.4                           | 7.1               | 14.3                                  | 150.4                         | 581.1   | 250.7   | 837.6   | 25.8   | 193.6  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1982 Census  | 59                                   | 66             | 19  | 10.1              | 221.6                           | 7.4               | 14.1                                  | 142.7                         | 518.4   | 265.6   | 799.8   | 23.3   | 210.5  | 96  | 85   |
| 1981 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 9.7               | 198.9                           | 7.3               | 14.8                                  | 134.1                         | 453.7   | 283.3   | 720.6   | 21.8   | 153.6  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1980 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 9.5               | 173.1                           | 7.1               | 14.2                                  | 116.3                         | 343.0   | 268.6   | 602.3   | 17.5   | 133.3  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1979 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 10.1              | 163.5                           | 7.6               | 15.2                                  | 111.8                         | 357.3   | 240.4   | 553.9   | 18.1   | 128.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1978 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 10.2              | 150.2                           | 7.7               | 15.2                                  | 102.1                         | 295.0   | 207.0   | 496.8   | 14.8   | 124.2  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1977 Census  | 59                                   | 65             | 16  | 10.3              | 138.1                           | 7.7               | 15.4                                  | 95.3                          | 247.5   | 183.0   | 436.2   | 42.9   | 117.6  | 95  | 90   |
|  |                                      |                |   |                   | INDUS                           | FRY 3483          | , AMMUN                               | TION, EX                      | CEPT FOR S  | MALL ARMS   | , N.E.C.                                      |  |  |   |  |
| 1992 Census  | 56                                   | 70             | 53  | 23.4              | 719.5                           | 13.5              | 24.0                                  | 292.5                         | 1 889.8   | 1 224.4   | 3 136.5                                       | 35.2   | 420.1  | 81  | 86   |
| 1991 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 27.2              | 775.2                           | 14.9              | 25.9                                  | 345.4                         | 1 870.3   | 1 121.2   | 3 102.9                                       | 37.2   | 454.9  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1990 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 27.1              | 807.0                           | 14.6              | 27.8                                  | 348.9                         | 1 908.9   | 1 178.1   | 3 128.6                                       | 39.0   | 527.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1989 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 32.4              | 890.3                           | 19.2              | 36.9                                  | 427.3                         | 2 179.7   | 1 425.9   | 3 521.4                                       | 54.4   | 652.0  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1988 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 39.9              | 1 061.9                         | 24.2              | 49.2                                  | 498.8                         | 2 340.4   | 1 900.3   | 4 290.8                                       | 83.6   | 746.9  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1987 Census  | 66                                   | 87             | 64  | 41.5              | 1 072.6                         | 25.8              | 50.1                                  | 517.4                         | 2 542.0   | 1 614.9   | 3 983.2                                       | 77.0   | 853.0  | 82  | 88   |
| 1986 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 34.8              | 849.3                           | 22.7              | 44.0                                  | 449.8                         | 2 052.0   | 1 185.4   | 3 204.6                                       | 56.6   | 547.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1985 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 31.7              | 749.8                           | 20.9              | 39.6                                  | 411.7                         | 1 680.5   | 1 153.7   | 2 754.2                                       | 50.8   | 418.4  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1984 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 27.8              | 640.5                           | 18.1              | 34.0                                  | 352.0                         | 1 499.4   | 822.4   | 2 249.8                                       | 74.0   | 186.4  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1983 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 25.9              | 565.9                           | 17.3              | 33.6                                  | 312.9                         | 1 340.5   | 688.6   | 2 014.0                                       | 32.5   | 110.5  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1982 Census  | 63                                   | 74             | 53  | 24.4              | 497.5                           | 15.9              | 29.1                                  | 265.0                         | 1 125.0   | 625.2   | 1 757.1                                       | 56.2   | 108.6  | 82  | 76   |
| 1981 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 21.1              | 384.8                           | 12.8              | 23.8                                  | 194.4                         | 788.1   | 431.2   | 1 199.4                                       | 44.6   | 93.7   | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1980 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 21.8              | 370.2                           | 13.7              | 25.6                                  | 193.3                         | 733.2   | 475.4   | 1 210.7                                       | 16.7   | 82.6   | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1979 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 22.5              | 334.4                           | 14.7              | 26.5                                  | 172.1                         | 651.3   | 417.0   | 1 055.7                                       | 13.1   | 94.7   | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1978 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 21.3              | 301.6                           | 13.7              | 27.7                                  | 163.6                         | 556.6   | 335.2   | 873.7   | 10.2   | 78.7   | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1977 Census  | 68                                   | 81             | 49  | 20.5              | 271.1                           | 13.6              | 25.8                                  | 149.2                         | 482.6   | 283.6   | 775.0   | 10.4   | 58.3   | 83  | 76   |
|  |                                      |                |   |                   |                                 |                   | INDUST                                | RY 3484,                      | SMALL ARM   | S   |   |  |  |   |  |
| 1992 Census  | 177                                  | 184            | 60  | 11.8              | 334.9                           | 9.2               | 18.1                                  | 231.4                         | 939.8   | 401.1   | 1 384.0                                       | 32.0   | 373.3  | 94  | 97   |
| 1991 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 11.5              | 321.1                           | 8.5               | 16.4                                  | 219.6                         | 745.9   | 389.1   | 1 148.5                                       | 26.5   | 382.3  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1990 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 12.5              | 348.6                           | 9.4               | 18.4                                  | 242.3                         | 859.9   | 317.8   | 1 108.8                                       | 25.7   | 405.6  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1989 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 12.7              | 348.5                           | 9.6               | 18.2                                  | 230.7                         | 824.7   | 351.2   | 1 168.6                                       | 28.7   | 321.9  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1988 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 13.9              | 364.9                           | 10.3              | 20.2                                  | 237.6                         | 843.6   | 359.6   | 1 168.6                                       | 35.8   | 337.2  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1987 Census  | 146                                  | 151            | 44  | 13.3              | 337.0                           | 9.5               | 19.5                                  | 209.2                         | 754.9   | 338.0   | 1 093.1                                       | 33.4   | 274.2  | 99  | 94   |
| 1986 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 12.3              | 308.9                           | 8.5               | 17.6                                  | 182.1                         | 711.3   | 298.4   | 1 030.8                                       | 32.3   | 247.2  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1985 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 13.8              | 325.4                           | 10.1              | 20.2                                  | 198.9                         | 720.2   | 337.2   | 1 085.3                                       | 29.6   | 279.1  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1984 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 14.3              | 326.0                           | 10.6              | 21.4                                  | 203.8                         | 763.0   | 290.4   | 1 063.0                                       | 28.5   | 298.5  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1983 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 14.4              | 296.5                           | 10.4              | 19.6                                  | 179.9                         | 678.3   | 235.3   | 938.8   | 32.4   | 304.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1982 Census  | 138                                  | 144            | 44  | 17.4              | 338.2                           | 13.0              | 25.0                                  | 210.3                         | 715.7   | 339.9   | 1 032.1                                       | 34.3   | 345.8  | 90  | 99   |
| 1981 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 19.7              | 367.6                           | 15.3              | 31.0                                  | 241.1                         | 742.1   | 398.3   | 1 125.6                                       | 44.5   | 254.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1980 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 20.5              | 335.4                           | 15.3              | 31.6                                  | 223.7                         | 680.9   | 355.1   | 1 004.1                                       | 41.6   | 237.3  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1979 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 19.0              | 285.0                           | 14.4              | 30.0                                  | 192.2                         | 607.6   | 348.3   | 945.6   | 35.0   | 189.0  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1978 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 19.2              | 268.8                           | 14.7              | 29.7                                  | 180.9                         | 558.2   | 314.5   | 875.1   | 37.2   | 188.0  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1977 Census  | 105                                  | 112            | 46  | 17.5              | 237.8                           | 13.1              | 27.1                                  | 157.3                         | 481.5   | 286.7   | 754.9   | 20.5   | 166.7  | 94  | 99   |
|  |                                      |                |   |                   | IN                              | DUSTRY            | 3489, OR                              | DNANCE A                      | AND ACCESS  | SORIES, N.E.  | с.  |  |  |   |  |
| 1992 Census  | 71                                   | 72             | 33  | 22.0              | 937.7                           | 9.0               | 17.0                                  | 329.3                         | 1 145.5   | 224.4   | 1 386.1                                       | 19.4   | 118.8  | 96  | 66   |
| 1991 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 21.5              | 858.6                           | 9.3               | 19.1                                  | 314.2                         | 1 241.5   | 196.3   | 1 480.2                                       | 13.2   | 125.5  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1990 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 22.4              | 857.3                           | 10.8              | 20.8                                  | 345.6                         | 1 436.4   | 198.1   | 1 643.6                                       | 23.1   | 172.0  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1989 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 23.2              | 807.8                           | 11.5              | 21.8                                  | 342.4                         | 1 476.0   | 210.8   | 1 688.6                                       | 19.7   | 165.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1988 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 24.0              | 822.3                           | 12.2              | 24.1                                  | 367.9                         | 1 401.7   | 218.1   | 1 679.1                                       | 14.6   | 170.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1987 Census  | 59                                   | 59             | 33  | 23.9              | 805.1                           | 12.1              | 23.9                                  | 364.0                         | 1 425.4   | 218.4   | 1 678.1                                       | 50.0   | 235.3  | 91  | 67   |
| 1986 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 26.9              | 839.5                           | 13.7              | 26.5                                  | 371.7                         | 1 409.9   | 356.4   | 1 625.9                                       | 32.2   | 346.1  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1985 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 27.3              | 811.4                           | 14.6              | 27.5                                  | 373.8                         | 1 512.8   | 296.2   | 1 790.5                                       | 28.9   | 189.3  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1984 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 27.7              | 796.0                           | 14.7              | 28.7                                  | 379.2                         | 1 478.8   | 401.9   | 1 925.0                                       | 25.4   | 277.4  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1983 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 26.7              | 716.2                           | 14.3              | 27.7                                  | 343.6                         | 1 361.9   | 298.4   | 1 575.8                                       | 17.3   | 293.7  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1982 Census  | 65                                   | 65             | 39  | 27.5              | 722.4                           | 14.3              | 27.1                                  | 323.1                         | 1 082.4   | 337.7   | 1 403.8                                       | 24.6   | 222.5  | 86  | 64   |
| 1981 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 29.6              | 665.6                           | 16.6              | 31.5                                  | 323.0                         | 1 099.2   | 337.8   | 1 404.5                                       | 18.6   | 199.4  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1980 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 27.6              | 566.6                           | 15.9              | 30.1                                  | 279.7                         | 954.6   | 307.3   | 1 283.1                                       | 13.3   | 172.3  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1979 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 26.9              | 492.1                           | 15.6              | 29.5                                  | 245.4                         | 810.7   | 261.4   | 1 077.5                                       | 11.7   | 188.6  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1978 ASM   | (NA)                                 | (NA)           | (NA)  | 25.3              | 423.9                           | 14.8              | 27.5                                  | 207.3                         | 658.0   | 260.2   | 890.9   | 22.7   | 193.5  | (NA)  | (NA)   |
| 1977 Census  | 89                                   | 89             | 41  | 23.6              | 367.7                           | 13.7              | 25.8                                  | 173.3                         | 559.2   | 232.4   | 733.8   | 10.1   | 176.2  | 81  | 68   |
|  |                                      |                |   |                   |                                 |                   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                               | I   |   |   | · · · · · ·  |  |   |  |

<sup>1</sup>In annual survey of manufactures (ASM) years, data are estimates based on a representative sample of establishments canvassed annually and may differ from results of a complete canvass of all establishments. ASM publication shows percentage standard errors. Unless otherwise noted, for data prior to 1977, see 1977 Census of Manufactures, vol. II, table 1 of the industry chapter

Chapter:
 <sup>2</sup>For the Census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
 <sup>3</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
 <sup>4</sup>Beginning in 1982, all respondents were requested to report their inventories at cost or market prior to adjustment to LIFO cost. This is a change from prior years when respondents were permitted to value their inventories using any generally accepted accounting method. Consequently, 1982 data for inventories and value added by manufacture are not comparable to prior-year data.
 <sup>5</sup>Cost of materials is the sum of five components: the cost of (1) parts used in the manufacture of finished goods (materials, parts, containers, and supplies incorporated into products of otherwise directly consumed in the process); (2) purchased items later resold without further manufacture; (3) fuels; (4) electricity; and (5) commissions or fees to outside parties for contract manufacturing. A separate cost for each of the five components is shown in table 3a. Detailed data on materials consumed by type, are shown in table 7.
 <sup>6</sup>Detailed data on new machinery and equipment expenditures are provided in table 3c.
 <sup>7</sup>Represents ratio of primary product shipments to total product shipments (primary and secondary, excluding miscellaneous receipts) for establishments classified in the industry.
 <sup>8</sup>Represents ratio of primary products shipped by establishments classified in industry to total shipments of such products by all manufacturing establishments, wherever classified.

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

#### ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-7

TIPS [UPF] BATCH\_384 [EISS,BA\_TAYLOR] EISS 3/ 6/95 3:49 PM MACHINE: EPCV24 DATA:NONE TAPE: NOreel FRAME: 1 TSF:34E\_92.DAT;7 3/ 6/95 15:47:35 UTF:34E\_93.DAT;7 3/ 6/95 15:47:36 META:TIPS96-15471688.DAT;1 3/ 6/95 15:49:36

#### Table 1b. Selected Operating Ratios for the Industry: 1992 and Earlier Years

[Excludes data for auxiliaries. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Note: For qualifications of data, see footnotes on table 1a.

#### 34E-8 ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.

TIPS [UPF] BATCH\_384 [EISS,BA\_TAYLOR] EISS 3/ 6/95 3:49 PM MACHINE: EPCV24 DATA:NONE TAPE: NOreel FRAME: 2 3/ 6/95 15:47:35 UTF:34E\_93.DAT;7 3/ 6/95 15:47:36 META:TIPS96-15471688.DAT;1 3/ 6/95 15:49:36 TSF:34E\_92.DAT;7

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 1992 and 1987

[Excludes data for auxiliaries. States with 100 employees or more are shown. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

| [Excludes data for auxiliaries. States                                | uxiliaries. States with 100 employees or more are shown. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see a 1992 |                            |   |                                  |   |                                       |  |   |  | ee appendixes]<br>1987                       |   |   |   |  |
|---|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|
|   |  | All establ                 | ishments                                      | All em                           | ployees                                   | Pro                                   | duction wo                             |   |  |  |   |   |   |  |
| Industry and geographic area  | E1   | Total<br>(no.)             | With 20<br>employ-<br>ees or<br>more<br>(no.) | Number <sup>2</sup><br>(1,000)   | Payroll<br>(million<br>dollars)           | Number<br>(1,000)                     | Hours<br>(millions)                    | Wages<br>(million<br>dollars)             | Value added<br>by manufac-<br>ture<br>(million<br>dollars) | Cost of<br>materials<br>(million<br>dollars) | Value of<br>shipments<br>(million<br>dollars) | New<br>capital<br>expend-<br>itures<br>(million<br>dollars) | All<br>employ-<br>ees <sup>2</sup><br>(1,000) | Value added<br>by manufac-<br>ture<br>(million<br>dollars) |
| INDUSTRY 3482, SMALL<br>ARMS AMMUNITION                               |  |                            |   |                                  |   |                                       |  |   |  |  |   |   |   |  |
| United States   | -  | 103                        | 19  | 8.1                              | 258.6                                     | 6.1                                   | 12.6                                   | 176.9                                     | 694.5  | 397.6  | 1 088.6                                       | 31.4  | 9.0   | 626.7  |
| Arkansas<br>California<br>Idaho<br>Illinois<br>Minnesota              |  | 1<br>14<br>3<br>4<br>2     | 1<br>2<br>1<br>2<br>1                         | F<br>E<br>F<br>G<br>F            | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)               | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     |   | (D)<br>2.3<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                             | F<br>E<br>F<br>G<br>G                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   |
| Missouri<br>Nebraska<br>Wisconsin                                     |  | 4<br>2<br>5                | 3<br>2<br>1                                   | G<br>C<br>C                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                            | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                             | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)   | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                          | (D)<br>(NA)<br>(D)   |
| INDUSTRY 3483,<br>AMMUNITION, EXCEPT<br>FOR SMALL ARMS, N.E.C.        |  |                            |   |                                  |   |                                       |  |   |  |  |   |   |   |  |
| United States   | -  | 70                         | 53  | 23.4                             | 719.5                                     | 13.5                                  | 24.0                                   | 292.5                                     | 1 889.8  | 1 224.4                                      | 3 136.5                                       | 35.2  | 41.5  | 2 542.0  |
| Alabama<br>Arizona<br>Arkansas<br>California<br>Florida               |  | 2<br>1<br>2<br>6<br>2      | 1<br>1<br>2<br>5<br>2                         | E<br>G<br>1.3<br>C               | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>51.3<br>(D)          | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>.7<br>(D)        | (D)<br>(D)<br>1.7<br>(D)               | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>23.4<br>(D)          | (D)<br>(D)<br>101.3<br>(D)                                 | (D)<br>(D)<br>73.3<br>(D)                    | (D)<br>(D)<br>170.8<br>(D)                    | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>5.0<br>(D)                             | F<br>(NA)<br>G<br>(NA)<br>F                   | (D)<br>(NA)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                           |
| Illinois<br>Indiana<br>Iowa<br>Kansas<br>Kentucky                     |  | 6<br>2<br>2<br>1<br>1      | 3<br>1<br>2<br>1<br>1                         | E F<br>G F<br>C                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)               | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)   | F<br>G<br>G<br>G<br>E                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   |
| Louisiana<br>Massachusetts<br>Minnesota<br>Mississippi<br>Missouri    | -<br>-<br>-<br>E6  | 1<br>3<br>2<br>1<br>2      | 1<br>2<br>1<br>2                              | G<br>E<br>H<br>E<br>F            | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)               | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     |   | (D)<br>(D)  | G<br>F<br>(NA)<br>G<br>F                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   |
| New Jersey<br>Ohio<br>Pennsylvania<br>Tennessee<br>Texas<br>Wisconsin | _  | 4<br>6<br>8<br>5<br>5<br>3 | 3<br>6<br>3<br>5<br>2                         | E<br>1.1<br>2.3<br>G<br>3.0<br>F | (D)<br>27.4<br>58.8<br>(D)<br>81.9<br>(D) | (D)<br>.8<br>1.6<br>(D)<br>1.8<br>(D) | (D)<br>1.5<br>3.2<br>(D)<br>2.7<br>(D) | (D)<br>14.9<br>35.7<br>(D)<br>36.9<br>(D) | (D)<br>41.8<br>135.8<br>(D)<br>118.6<br>(D)                | (D)<br>65.4<br>86.9<br>(D)<br>65.5<br>(D)    | (D)<br>107.3<br>222.3<br>(D)<br>184.4<br>(D)  | (D)<br>1.0<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>6.3<br>(D)                      | F<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>G<br>E           | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     |
| INDUSTRY 3484, SMALL<br>ARMS  |  |                            |   |                                  |   |                                       |  |   |  |  |   |   |   |  |
| United States   | -  | 184                        | 60  | 11.8                             | 334.9                                     | 9.2                                   | 18.1                                   | 231.4                                     | 939.8  | 401.1  | 1 384.0                                       | 32.0  | 13.3  | 754.9  |
| Arizona<br>California<br>Connecticut<br>Florida<br>Illinois           |  | 6<br>22<br>12<br>8<br>4    | 2<br>9<br>7<br>3<br>1                         | E<br>.7<br>G<br>.2<br>C          | (D)<br>14.8<br>(D)<br>5.0<br>(D)          | (D)<br>.5<br>(D)<br>.2<br>(D)         | (D)<br>1.1<br>(D)<br>.4<br>(D)         | (D)<br>9.6<br>(D)<br>3.6<br>(D)           | (D)<br>45.9<br>(D)<br>13.1<br>(D)                          | (D)<br>24.4<br>(D)<br>5.4<br>(D)             | (D)<br>72.8<br>(D)<br>18.2<br>(D)             | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                    | (NA)<br>E<br>(NA)<br>.2<br>(NA)               | (NA)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>8.5<br>(NA)                          |
| Maine<br>Maryland<br>Massachusetts<br>New Hampshire<br>New York       |  | 3<br>3<br>7<br>3<br>10     | 3<br>2<br>4<br>3<br>4                         | F<br>E<br>1.7<br>G<br>G          | (D)<br>(D)<br>51.6<br>(D)<br>(D)          | (D)<br>(D)<br>1.5<br>(D)<br>(D)       | (D)<br>(D)<br>2.3<br>(D)<br>(D)        | (D)<br>(D)<br>43.9<br>(D)<br>(D)          | (D)<br>(D)<br>99.8<br>(D)<br>(D)                           | (D)<br>(D)<br>33.4<br>(D)<br>(D)             | (D)<br>(D)<br>142.2<br>(D)<br>(D)             | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                    | F<br>(NA)<br>G<br>G                           | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   |
| South Carolina<br>Texas<br>Vermont<br>Wisconsin                       |  | 1<br>14<br>3<br>10         | 1<br>5<br>2<br>4                              | F<br>E<br>F<br>E                 | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                   | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>.7<br>(D)<br>.4                                      | E<br>(NA)<br>G<br>(NA)                        | (D)<br>(NA)<br>(D)<br>(NA)                                 |
| INDUSTRY 3489,<br>ORDNANCE AND<br>ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.                 |  |                            |   |                                  |   |                                       |  |   |  |  |   |   |   |  |
| United States   | -  | 72                         | 33  | 22.0                             | 937.7                                     | 9.0                                   | 17.0                                   | 329.3                                     | 1 145.5  | 224.4  | 1 386.1                                       | 19.4  | 23.9  | 1 425.4  |
| California<br>Colorado<br>Connecticut<br>Florida<br>Illinois          |  | 8<br>4<br>2<br>5<br>3      | 4<br>1<br>2<br>3<br>3                         | F<br>I<br>E<br>F<br>C            | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)               | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                            | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>(Z)<br>(D)<br>(D)                                    | F<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)             | (D)<br>(D)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                         |
| Maryland<br>Massachusetts<br>Michigan<br>Minnesota<br>Missouri        | -<br>E1<br>-   | 2<br>1<br>5<br>2<br>1      | 1<br>1<br>2<br>2<br>1                         | C<br>C<br>2<br>G<br>H            | (D)<br>(D)<br>4.5<br>(D)<br>(D)           | (D)<br>(D)<br>.1<br>(D)<br>(D)        | (D)<br>(D)<br>.1<br>(D)<br>(D)         | (D)<br>(D)<br>2.2<br>(D)<br>(D)           | (D)<br>(D)<br>8.0<br>(D)<br>(D)                            | (D)<br>(D)<br>2.6<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>11.4<br>(D)<br>(D)              | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)   | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)          | (NA)<br>(D)<br>(NA)<br>(D)<br>(D)                          |
| Ohio<br>Pennsylvania<br>Texas   | -<br>-<br>-  | 6<br>1<br>5                | 3<br>1<br>1                                   | G<br>E<br>H                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                     | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                         | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)  | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                            | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                             | (D)<br>(D)<br>.1  | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                          | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)  |

See footnotes at end of table.

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

#### ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-9

TIPS [UPF] BATCH\_384 [EISS,BA\_TAYLOR] EISS 3/ 6/95 3:49 PM MACHINE: EPCV24 DATA:NONE TAPE: NOreel FRAME: 3 TSF:34E\_92.DAT;7 3/ 6/95 15:47:35 UTF:34E\_93.DAT;7 3/ 6/95 15:47:36 META:TIPS96-15471688.DAT;1 3/ 6/95 15:49:36

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 1992 and 1987–Con.

Note: For qualifications of data, see footnotes on table 1a.

<sup>1</sup>Payroll and sales data for some small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other Government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate the items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown for those States where estimated value of shipments data based on administrative-record data account for 10 percent or more of figure shown. E1-10 to 19 percent; E2-20 to 29 percent; E3-30 to 39 percent; E4-40 to 49 percent; E5-50 to 59 percent; E6-60 to 69 percent; E7-70 to 79 percent; E8-80 to 89 percent; E9-90 percent or more. <sup>2</sup>Statistics for some producing States have been withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies. However, for States with 100 employees more, number of establishments is shown and employment-size range is indicated by one of the following symbols: C-100 to 249 employees; E-250 to 499 employees; L-50,000 to 99,999 employees; M-100,000 employees or more.

#### Table 3a. Summary Statistics for the Industry: 1992

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

| [ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |  |   |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Item  |  | Small arms ammunition<br>(SIC 3482)           | Ammunition, except for<br>small arms, n.e.c.<br>(SIC 3483) | Small arms<br>(SIC 3484)                       | Ordnance and<br>accessories, n.e.c.<br>(SIC 3489)  |
| Companies   | number                                   | 101   | 56   | 177  | 71   |
| All establishments<br>With 1 to 19 employees<br>With 20 to 99 employees<br>With 100 employees or more   | number<br>number                         | 103<br>84<br>9<br>10                          | 70<br>17<br>12<br>41                                       | 184<br>124<br>37<br>23                         | 72<br>399<br>19<br>14                              |
| Employment and labor costs:<br>Employees  | mil dol<br>mil dol<br>mil dol<br>mil dol | 8.1<br>339.4<br>258.6<br>80.8<br>28.0<br>52.8 | 23.4<br>954.1<br>719.5<br>234.6<br>90.5<br>144.1           | 11.8<br>431.9<br>334.9<br>97.0<br>36.5<br>60.6 | 22.0<br>1 180.8<br>937.7<br>243.2<br>77.9<br>165.3 |
| Production workers:<br>Average for year<br>March<br>May<br>August<br>November   | 1,000<br>1,000<br>1,000                  | 6.1<br>6.2<br>6.1<br>5.9                      | 13.5<br>13.9<br>13.4<br>13.3<br>13.2                       | 9.2<br>9.2<br>9.3<br>9.3<br>9.3<br>9.2         | 9.0<br>9.1<br>9.1<br>8.9<br>8.8                    |
| Hours   | millions                                 | 12.6  | 24.0   | 18.1   | 17.0   |
| Wages   | mil dol                                  | 176.9   | 292.5  | 231.4  | 329.3  |
| Cost of materials <sup>1</sup><br>Materials, parts, containers, etc., consumed <sup>2</sup><br>Resales<br>Fuels<br>Purchased electricity<br>Contract work | mil dol<br>mil dol<br>mil dol<br>mil dol | 397.6<br>374.7<br>3.2<br>5.5<br>10.4<br>3.8   | 1 224.4<br>1 126.7<br>.4<br>16.7<br>34.5<br>46.1           | 401.1<br>333.8<br>39.1<br>4.3<br>16.5<br>7.5   | 224.4<br>164.2<br>5.6<br>7.8<br>26.4<br>20.4       |
| Quantity of electric energy used for heat and power:<br>Purchased<br>Generated less sold  | mil kWh<br>mil kWh                       | 218.6   | 577.9<br>(S)   | 240.2  | 544.0<br>(Z)                                       |
| Total value of shipments  | mil dol                                  | 1 088.6                                       | 3 136.5  | 1 384.0  | 1 386.1  |
| Value added   | mil dol                                  | 694.5   | 1 889.8  | 939.8  | 1 145.5  |
| Inventories by stage of fabrication:<br>Beginning of 1992<br>Finished goods<br>Work in process<br>Materials and supplies                                  | mil dol<br>mil dol                       | 221.7<br>93.8<br>65.6<br>62.3                 | 448.3<br>11.4<br>355.0<br>81.9                             | 406.0<br>138.2<br>178.5<br>89.3                | 131.0<br>2.1<br>120.4<br>8.5                       |
| End of 1992<br>Finished goods<br>Work in process<br>Materials and supplies  | mil dol<br>mil dol                       | 222.8<br>94.6<br>68.4<br>59.8                 | 420.1<br>8.2<br>335.8<br>76.1                              | 373.3<br>122.9<br>150.6<br>99.7                | 118.8<br>6.4<br>99.9<br>12.5                       |

Note: For qualifications of data, see footnotes on table 1a.

<sup>1</sup>Data on purchased services for the repair of buildings and machinery and for communication services are not included in cost of materials, etc., but are shown in table 3c. <sup>2</sup>Data on materials consumed by type are shown in table 7. Data on amount purchased or transferred from foreign sources are shown in table 3c.

#### 34E-10 ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.

#### Table 3b. Gross Book Value of Depreciable Assets, Capital Expenditures, Retirements, **Depreciation, and Rental Payments: 1992**

[Million dollars. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

| Item  | Small arms ammunition<br>(SIC 3482)  | Ammunition, except for<br>small arms, n.e.c.<br>(SIC 3483) | Small arms<br>(SIC 3484)              | Ordnance and<br>accessories, n.e.c.<br>(SIC 3489) |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| Gross book value of depreciable assets:<br>Total:<br>Beginning of year<br>New capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>                                   | 341.4<br>31.4                        | 754.5<br>35.2  | 543.9<br>32.0                         | 208.9<br>19.4                                     |
| Used capital expenditures<br>Retirements<br>End of year<br>Buildings and other structures:  | .9<br>13.5<br>360.2                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>704.9  | 4.3<br>19.4<br>560.8                  | (D)<br>(D)<br>222.6                               |
| Beginning of year   | 78.1<br>6.4<br>.1<br>3.1<br>81.5     | 151.3<br>3.9<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>155.1                        | 108.1<br>3.1<br>.1<br>2.6<br>108.7    | 48.9<br>5.8<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>54.8                 |
| Machinery and equipment:<br>Beginning of year<br>New capital expenditures <sup>1</sup><br>Used capital expenditures<br>Retirements<br>End of year | 263.2<br>25.0<br>.8<br>10.4<br>278.6 | 603.2<br>31.4<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>549.8                       | 435.7<br>28.9<br>4.2<br>16.8<br>452.1 | 160.0<br>13.5<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>167.8              |
| Depreciation charges during 1992:<br>Total<br>Buildings and other structures<br>Machinery and equipment   | 29.4<br>6.3<br>23.1                  | 59.6<br>6.5<br>53.1  | 39.5<br>4.7<br>34.9                   | 15.4<br>2.6<br>12.9                               |
| Rental payments:<br>Total-<br>Buildings and other structures<br>Machinery and equipment   | 3.0<br>1.9<br>1.1                    | 29.2<br>22.7<br>6.5  | 8.2<br>5.6<br>2.6                     | 11.4<br>7.8<br>3.6                                |

<sup>1</sup>Data on new machinery and equipment expenditures by type are provided in table 3c.

#### Table 3c. Supplemental Industry Statistics Based on Sample Estimates: 1992

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

|   | Small arms<br>(SIC               | ammunition<br>3482)   | Ammunition<br>small arn<br>(SIC 3  | ns, n.e.c.   | Small arms<br>(SIC 3484)   |  | Ordnance and<br>accessories, n.e.c.<br>(SIC 3489)               |  |
|---|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| Item  | Amount<br>(million<br>dollars)   | Relative<br>standard<br>error of<br>estimate <sup>1</sup><br>(percent)                      | Amount<br>(million<br>dollars)   | Relative<br>standard<br>error of<br>estimate <sup>1</sup><br>(percent) | Amount<br>(million<br>dollars)   | Relative<br>standard<br>error of<br>estimate <sup>1</sup><br>(percent) | Amount<br>(million<br>dollars)                                  | Relative<br>standard<br>error of<br>estimate <sup>1</sup><br>(percent) |
| Purchased services:<br>Cost of purchased services for the repair of-<br>Buildings and other structures  | 2.4<br>89.2<br>14.1<br>91.8      | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)<br>(X)  | 4.3<br>75.8<br>6.4<br>71.9   | XXXX   | 4.7<br>86.8<br>7.2<br>86.8   | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)<br>(X)   | 11.9<br>70.2<br>1.4<br>70.2                                     | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)<br>(X)   |
| Communications  | 57.8<br>16.3<br>91.8             | X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X<br>X | 6.5<br>83.8<br>4.4<br>82.1<br>.6<br>75.0<br>.8<br>74.3<br>1.5<br>83.9<br>9.6<br>78.3 | 8888888888888  | 3.5<br>85.5<br>2.4<br>86.8<br>2.2<br>86.7<br>14.8<br>86.8<br>.9<br>86.8<br>3.3<br>86.8 | 888888888888888888888888888888888888888                                | 4.1<br>70.2<br>2.1<br>70.2<br>1.6<br>70.2<br>(S)<br>1.3<br>70.2 | 888888888888888888888888888888888888888                                |
| New machinery and equipment expenditures  | 25.0<br>.2<br>1.6<br>23.2<br>1.2 | (X)<br>1<br>1<br>(X)  | 31.4<br>.2<br>7.2<br>23.9<br>1.3   | (X)<br>1<br>1<br>(X)   | 28.9<br>1.6<br>2.1<br>25.2<br>.9   | (X)<br>65<br>3<br>5<br>(X)   | 13.5<br>.2<br>9.1<br>4.2<br>1.6                                 | (X)<br>43<br>3<br>4<br>(X)   |
| Cost of materials, components, parts, etc., used<br>Materials purchased or transferred from foreign sources4<br>Materials purchased or transferred from domestic sources<br>Adjustment ratio3 | 374.7<br>1.5<br>373.2<br>1.2     | (X)<br>12<br>1<br>(X)   | 1 126.7<br>18.5<br>1 108.2<br>1.7  | (X)<br>1<br>(X)  | 333.8<br>4.2<br>329.6<br>1.4   | (X)<br>15<br>1<br>(X)  | 164.2<br>.2<br>164.0<br>.9                                      | (X)<br>24<br>1<br>(X)  |

Note: The amounts shown for purchased services reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies. Amounts purchased by separate central administrative offices and services provided to establishments by central administrative offices are excluded.

<sup>1</sup>For description of relative standard error of estimate, see Qualifications of the Data in appendixes. <sup>2</sup>A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight, see appendix B) for those ASM establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in the industry. <sup>3</sup>Detail has been adjusted upwards to account for nonresponse. Inverse of the ratio shown represents a measure of the response of the inquiry. (See appendixes for further explanation.) <sup>4</sup>Data may understate the true cost of imported parts, components, and supplies since some respondents do not know the origin of these materials. Includes cases from foreign suppliers and importers by domestic manufacturing establishments are believed to be reported accurately.

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

#### ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-11

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#### Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size of Establishment: 1992

All employees Production workers Value End-of-New added by manufacyear inven-All capita estab Cost of Value of expend-itures Industry and employment size class Wages (million dollars) lish-Payrol ture materials shipments tories ments (no.) (million dollars) Hours (millions) (million dollars) (million dollars) (million dollars) (million dollars) Number (1,000) Number (1,000) (million E1 dollars) **INDUSTRY 3482, SMALL ARMS** AMMUNITION 176.9 397.6 1 088.6 222.8 Total ..... 103 8.1 258.6 6.1 12.6 694.5 31.4 -Establishments with an average of-1.8 1.9 2.1 2.0 10.6 <u>54.7</u> (D) 2.0 2.3 2.1 1.3 1.4 1.2 1.3 E9 E9 E6 to 4 employees 2.6 2.9 4.8 3.3 9.0 7.1 7.8 60 17 7 4 .1 .1 .1 .3 <u>1.1</u> (D) .1 .1 .2 .8 (D) 4.8 (D) .1 .1 .1 .4 <u>1.6</u> (D) <u>10.1</u> (D) 1.5 1.6 .8 4.4 (D) 3.9 (D) 4.5 5.0 2.9 5.0 to 9 employees 10 to 19 employees \_\_\_\_\_ 7.8 8.1 20 to 49 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 50 to 99 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 100 to 249 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2.0 7.2 <u>34.6</u> (D) E2 15.5 88.8 (D) 23.0 207.5 (D) 4.0 5 4 1 125.9 (D) 19.2 (D) 250 to 499 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 208.4 (D) 148.6 (D) 572.9 (D) 249.2 (D) 827.3 (D) <u>19.2</u> (D) 149.8 (D) 32 6.3 (D) Covered by administrative records<sup>2</sup> E9 76 .2 4.9 .1 .3 3.0 10.4 6.0 16.4 3.4 4.0 INDUSTRY 3483, AMMUNITION, EXCEPT FOR SMALL ARMS, N.E.C. 70 1 889.8 1 224.4 Total \_\_\_\_\_ 23.4 719.5 13.5 24.0 292.5 3 136.5 35.2 420.1 Establishments with an average of -1 to 4 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 5 to 9 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 13 2 2 .5 .4 (D) 1.1 10.5 35.6 133.2 122.2 <u>116.7</u> (D) E7 (Z) (Z) (D) 2 (Z) (D) .2 5.5 5.3 (Z) (D) .2 .7 3.0 7.5 5.4 7.1 (D) 1 1 17 1.1 (D) 3.6 (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) (D) 11.4 16.5 (D) (D) 2.1 (D) 6.0 3.1 (D) 10.9 .4 (D) 2.0 1.1 (D) 4.6 E4 10 to 19 employees \_\_\_\_\_ .1 .3 1.5 3.7 3.2 6 13 15 7 10.7 57.7 167.6 141.2 43.1 265.7 619.5 6.7 25.3 201 32.6 89.1 61.2 126.9 138.8 270.2 345.8 2500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees or more 360.5 409 6 763 1 5 1 9.7 (D) 337.1 (D) 4.5 (D) 100.4 (D) 428.5 (D) <u>1 429.3</u> (D) 973.1 (D) 9 (Z) (Z) Covered by administrative records<sup>2</sup> E9 (Z) 1.3 (Z) .1 .3 .1 .8 .5 **INDUSTRY 3484, SMALL ARMS** 184 11.8 334.9 9.2 18.1 231.4 939.8 401.1 1 384.0 32.0 373.3 Total \_\_\_\_\_ Establishments with an average of-2.8 3.1 10.4 22.3 19.5 55.2 126.3 2.8 4.3 8.8 13.9 13.8 23.4 96.9 2.5 3.5 9.6 1 to 4 employees \_\_\_\_\_ .2 .3 1.2 1.2 1.9 4.2 8.5 (D) 1.9 2.6 6.8 .2 .8 2.0 1.4 4.3 8.8 .1 .2 .8 .7 1.3 2.6 5 to 9 employees .1 .6 .6 1.0 2.0 <u>4.4</u> (D) 7.6 23.3 \_\_\_\_\_ 26 10.3 
 10 to 19 employees

 20 to 49 employees

 50 to 99 employees
 F4 31 27 10 9 7 6.8 34.0 9.0 19.4 12.4 29.3 72.3 6.8 11.8 9.6 20.3 47.3 <u>131.1</u> (D) 63.6 61.2 147.7 40.8 41.3 100 to 249 employees \_\_\_\_\_ 86.1 250 to 999 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 218.8 356.8 5.6 (D) 185.8 (D) 161.4 (D) 209.3 (D) . 5 2 515.1 (D) 700.8 (D) 14.1 (D) Covered by administrative records2\_\_\_\_\_ 93 .3 17.6 .7 E9 7.9 .6 5.9 7.9 25.5 7.7 .4 INDUSTRY 3489, ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. Total ..... 72 22.0 937.7 9.0 17.0 329.3 1 145.5 224.4 1 386.1 19.4 118.8 Establishments with an average of-.3 6. 1.5 1.7 2.6 8.5 1 to 4 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 5 to 9 employees \_\_\_\_\_\_ 24 (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) (Z) 1.2 1.8 .6 .8 3.0 8.7 14.5 35.8 36.8 <u>124.3</u> (D) .1 .2 .3 .7 .4 .6 1.8 5.2 8.1 13.5 30.3 <u>59.0</u> (D) 7. 1.2 3.1 9.0 15.0 30.8 33.4 7 8 13 6 5 4 2 3 .1 .5 .4 .5 1.7 
 10
 to 19 employees

 20
 to 49 employees

 50
 to 99 employees

 100
 to 249 employees
 .1 .3 .3 .8 <u>7.2</u> (D) 5.8 .1 .4 .8 1.2 15.6 33.1 41.8 53.8 25.6 45.1 78.2 93.5 5.2 6.9 E1 8.2 16.5 <u>16.1</u> (D) <u>19.0</u> (D) 844.5 (D) 290.3 (D) 992.4 (D) 13.6 (D) 1 130.9 (D)

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

Note: For gualifications of data, see footnotes on table 1a. Data shown as (D) are included in underscored figures above.

.1

35

<sup>1</sup>Payroll and sales data for some small single-establishment manufacturing companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other Government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate the items shown for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown for these employment-size classes where estimated data based on administrative-record data account for 10 percent or more of figures shown: E1-01 to 19 percent; E2-20 to 29 percent; E3-30 to 39 percent; E4-40 to 49 percent; E5-50 to 59 percent; E6-60 to 69 percent; E7-70 to 79 percent; E8-80 to 89 percent; E9-90 percent or more. <sup>2</sup>Report forms were not mailed to small single-establishment. Those data were then used in conjunction with industry). Payroll and sales data for 1992 were obtained from administrative records supplied by other agencies of the Federal Government. Those data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate the items shown. Data are also included in respective employment-size classes shown.

.1

.2

1.6

5.0

2.4

3.3

#### 34E–12 ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.

Covered by administrative records<sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

7.4

.3

1.6

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E9

#### Table 5a. Industry Statistics by Industry and Primary Product Class Specialization: 1992

[Table presents selected statistics for establishments according to their degree of specialization in products primary to their industry. Measures of plant specialization shown are (1) industry specialization: ratio of primary product shipments to total product shipments (primary plus secondary, excluding miscellaneous receipts) for the establishment; and (2) product class specialization: ratio of largest primary product class shipments to total product shipments (primary plus secondary, excluding miscellaneous receipts) for the establishment; and (2) product class specialization: ratio of largest primary product class shipments to total product shipments (primary plus secondary, excluding miscellaneous receipts) for the establishment. See appendix for method of computing ratios. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

| Indus-<br>try or              |  |   | All em            | ployees                         | Pro               | oduction work       | kers                          | Value<br>added by                        |  |   | New  |
|-------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| prod-<br>uct<br>class<br>code | Industry or primary product class  | All<br>estab-<br>lish-<br>ments<br>(number) | Number<br>(1,000) | Payroll<br>(million<br>dollars) | Number<br>(1,000) | Hours<br>(millions) | Wages<br>(million<br>dollars) | manufac-<br>ture<br>(million<br>dollars) | Cost of<br>materials<br>(million<br>dollars) | Value of<br>shipments<br>(million<br>dollars) | capital<br>expend-<br>itures<br>(million<br>dollars) |
| 3482                          | Small arms ammunition:<br>All establishments in industry   | 103   | 8.1               | 258.6                           | 6.1               | 12.6                | 176.9                         | 694.5                                    | 397.6  | 1 088.6                                       | 31.4   |
| 3483                          | Ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c.:<br>All establishments in industry   | 70  | 23.4              | 719.5                           | 13.5              | 24.0                | 292.5                         | 1 889.8                                  | 1 224.4                                      | 3 136.5                                       | 35.2   |
| 34831                         | Establishments with this product class primary:<br>Artillery ammunition, more than 30 mm (or more than<br>1.18 inches)   | 29  | 10.7              | 367.1                           | 5.9               | 11.1                | 138.4                         | 932.1                                    | 716.2  | 1 666.7                                       | 27.5   |
| 34833                         | Ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c.  | 17  | 4.7               | 146.0                           | 2.6               | 4.9                 | 55.4                          | 385.9                                    | 486.6  | 876.2   | 7.6  |
| 3484                          | Small arms:<br>All establishments in industry  | 184   | 11.8              | 334.9                           | 9.2               | 18.1                | 231.4                         | 939.8                                    | 401.1  | 1 384.0                                       | 32.0   |
| 34841                         | Establishments with this product class primary:<br>Machine guns, 30 mm or less (or 1.18 inches or  |   |                   |                                 |                   |                     |                               |  |  |   | ĺ  |
| 34842                         | less)<br>Small arms, 30 mm or less (or 1.18 inches or less)  | 2<br>59                                     | (D)<br>(D)        | (D)<br>(D)                      | (D)<br>(D)        | (D)<br>(D)          | (D)<br>(D)                    | (D)<br>(D)                               | (D)<br>(D)                                   | (D)<br>(D)                                    | (D)<br>(D)   |
| 3489                          | Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c.:<br>All establishments in industry  | 72  | 22.0              | 937.7                           | 9.0               | 17.0                | 329.3                         | 1 145.5                                  | 224.4  | 1 386.1                                       | 19.4   |
| 34891<br>34892                | Establishments with this product class primary:<br>Guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment,<br>more than 30 mm (or more than 1.18 inches)<br>Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c | 9<br>19                                     | .7<br>4.3         | 22.9<br>169.2                   | .5<br>2.3         | 1.0<br>3.5          | 12.1<br>71.7                  | 35.4<br>322.1                            | 23.2<br>162.2                                | 59.0<br>500.0                                 | (D)<br>(D)   |

Note: For qualifications of data, see footnotes on table 1a.

# Table 5b. Industry–Product Analysis–Value of Industry and Primary Product Shipments; Specialization and Coverage Ratios: 1992 and Earlier Census Years

[Million dollars. An establishment is assigned to an industry based on shipment values of products representing largest amount considered primary to an industry. Frequently, establishment shipments comprise mixtures of products assigned to an industry (primary), those considered primary to other industries (secondary), and receipts for activities such as merchandising or contract work (total miscellaneous receipts). Subtotals for total value of shipments show this product pattern for an industry. Primary products specialization ratio is the primary products value of shipments divided by the sum of primary products value of shipments value of shipments. The extent of which an industry's primary products are shipped by establishments classified both in and out of an industry is the coverage ratio and is calculated by dividing the primary products value of shipments by the value of primary products shipments made in all industries. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

| Industry  | 1992  | 1987   | 1982  |
|---|---|--|---|
| INDUSTRY 3482, SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION  |   |  |   |
| Total value of shipments<br>Primary products value of shipments<br>Secondary products value of shipments<br>Total miscellaneous receipts<br>Value of resales<br>Contract receipts<br>Other miscellaneous receipts | 1 088.6<br>823.6<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>3.8<br>(D)<br>6.8         | 889.2<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>2.5              | 799.8<br>592.8<br>25.9<br>181.1<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)        |
| Primary products specialization ratio   | (D)   | 96   | 96  |
| Value of primary products shipments made in all industries<br>Value of primary products shipments made in this industry<br>Value of primary products shipments made in other industries                           | 962.4<br>823.6<br>138.8                                     | 699.9<br>(D)<br>(D)  | 698.5<br>592.8<br>105.7                                     |
| Coverage ratio  | 86  | (D)  | 85  |
| INDUSTRY 3483, AMMUNITION, EXCEPT FOR SMALL ARMS, N.E.C.  |   |  |   |
| Total value of shipments<br>Primary products value of shipments<br>Secondary products value of shipments<br>Total miscellaneous receipts<br>Value of resales<br>Contract receipts<br>Other miscellaneous receipts | 3 136.5<br>2 030.1<br>474.9<br>631.5<br>(D)<br>561.2<br>(D) | 3 983.2<br>2 554.3<br>568.8<br>860.0<br>6.5<br>832.3<br>21.3 | 1 757.1<br>1 038.7<br>226.1<br>492.2<br>(D)<br>453.2<br>(D) |
| Primary products specialization ratio   | 81  | 82   | 82  |
| Value of primary products shipments made in all industries<br>Value of primary products shipments made in this industry<br>Value of primary products shipments made in other industries                           | 2 361.5<br>2 030.1<br>331.4                                 | 2 901.9<br>2 554.3<br>347.6                                  | 1 359.0<br>1 038.7<br>320.3                                 |
| Coverage ratio  | 86  | 88   | 76  |

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

#### ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-13

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#### Table 5b. Industry–Product Analysis–Value of Industry and Primary Product Shipments; Specialization and Coverage Ratios: 1992 and Earlier Census Years–Con.

[Million dollars. An establishment is assigned to an industry based on shipment values of products representing largest amount considered primary to an industry. Frequently, establishment shipments comprise mixtures of products assigned to an industry (primary), those considered primary to other industries (secondary), and receipts for activities such as merchandising or contract work (total miscellaneous receipts). Subtotals for total value of shipments show this product pattern for an industry. Primary products specialization ratio is the primary products value of shipments divided by the sum of primary products value of shipments plus secondary products value of shipments. The extent of which an industry's primary products are shipped by establishments classified both in and out of an industry is the coverage ratio and is calculated by dividing the primary products value of shipments by the value of primary products shipments made in all industries. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For explanation of terms, see appendixes]

| Industry  | 1992   | 1987   | 1982  |
|---|--|--|---|
| INDUSTRY 3484, SMALL ARMS   |  |  |   |
| Total value of shipments<br>Primary products value of shipments<br>Secondary products value of shipments<br>Total miscellaneous receipts<br>Value of resales<br>Contract receipts<br>Other miscellaneous receipts                               | 1 384.0<br>1 229.4<br>79.9<br>74.7<br>60.4<br>(D)<br>(D) | 1 093.1<br>1 030.6<br>15.3<br>47.2<br>(D)<br>(D)<br>(D)      | 1 032.1<br>893.9<br>99.6<br>38.6<br>18.2<br>(D)<br>(D)      |
| Primary products specialization ratio   | 94   | 99   | 90  |
| Value of primary products shipments made in all industries<br>Value of primary products shipments made in this industry<br>Value of primary products shipments made in other industries   | 1 273.3<br>1 229.4<br>44.0                               | 1 099.6<br>1 030.6<br>69.0                                   | 896.1<br>893.9<br>2.2                                       |
| Coverage ratio  | 97   | 94   | 99  |
| INDUSTRY 3489, ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.   |  |  |   |
| Total value of shipments         Primary products value of shipments         Secondary products value of shipments         Total miscellaneous receipts         Value of resales         Contract receipts         Other miscellaneous receipts | 1 386.1<br>535.8<br>24.2<br>826.0<br>(D)<br>809.2<br>(D) | 1 678.1<br>515.1<br>49.7<br>1 113.4<br>(D)<br>1 094.0<br>(D) | 1 403.8<br>650.6<br>108.5<br>644.7<br>29.1<br>601.6<br>14.0 |
| Primary products specialization ratio   | 96   | 91   | 86  |
| Value of primary products shipments made in all industries<br>Value of primary products shipments made in this industry<br>Value of primary products shipments made in other industries   | 811.9<br>535.8<br>276.1                                  | 771.0<br>515.1<br>255.9                                      | 1 016.0<br>650.6<br>365.3                                   |
| Coverage ratio  | 66   | 67   | 64  |

Note: For qualifications of data, see footnotes on table 1a.

# Table 6a. Product and Product Classes—Quantity and Value of Shipments by All Producers: 1992 and 1987

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. For further explanation, see Value of Shipments in appendixes. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

|                                  |   |  | 1992                  |                               | 1987   |                                |                               |  |
|----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Developed                        |   | Number of  | Product s             | hipments <sup>1</sup>         | Number of  | Product shipments <sup>1</sup> |                               |  |
| Product<br>code                  | Product   | companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more | Quantity <sup>2</sup> | Value<br>(million<br>dollars) | companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more | Quantity <sup>2</sup>          | Value<br>(million<br>dollars) |  |
| 3482                             | SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION   |  |                       |                               |  |                                |                               |  |
|                                  | Total   | (NA)   | (X)                   | 962.4                         | (NA)   | (X)                            | 699.9                         |  |
| 34820                            | Small arms ammunition, 30 mm or less (or 1.18 inches<br>or less) for small firearms (rifles, shotguns, and<br>sidearms) | (NA)   | (X)                   | 962.4                         | (NA)   | (X)                            | 699.9                         |  |
| 34820 25<br>34820 35<br>34820 45 | Cartridges:<br>Rimfire rifle/ pistol millions<br>Centerfire rifle millions<br>Centerfire pistols, including cartridges  | 4<br>7   | 3 000.9<br>554.0      | 60.5<br>188.5                 | 5<br>6   | 2 693.0<br>284.3               | 52.8<br>83.5                  |  |
| 34820 55                         | interchangeable between rifles and pistolsmillions<br>Shotgun shellsmillions<br>Ammunition components:                  | 8<br>5   | 875.0<br>981.5        | 132.4<br>176.9                | 9<br>3   | 725.4<br>884.8                 | 93.5<br>150.7                 |  |
| 34820 61                         | Primers millions  | 4  | 2 027.8               | 25.8                          | 4  | 1 988.1                        | 21.8                          |  |
| 34820 69                         | All other, including wads, shot cases (primed or<br>unprimed), bullets, bullet jackets, and cases                       | 16   | (X)                   | 134.2                         | 13   | (X)                            | 75.2                          |  |
| 34820 98<br>34820 00<br>34820 02 | Other ammunition products, including industrial shells<br>and cartridges, air gun ammunition, and percussion<br>caps    | 9<br>(NA)<br>(NA)  | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)     | 216.0<br>11.7<br>16.4         | 15<br>(NA)<br>(NA)   | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)              | 209.8<br>.2<br>12.3           |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

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#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

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# Table 6a. Product and Product Classes—Quantity and Value of Shipments by All Producers: 1992 and 1987—Con.

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. For further explanation, see Value of Shipments in appendixes. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

|  |   | 10   | 02  |  |  | 10  |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
|  |   |  | 1992  |  |  |   | 1987  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of<br>companies<br>with Value of<br>shipments product<br>of shipments <sup>1</sup><br>\$100,000 (million<br>or more dollars) |  | Number of<br>companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more           |  |  | Value of<br>product<br>shipments <sup>1</sup><br>(million<br>dollars)   |   |  |  |  |
| ARMS, N.E.C.   |   |  |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| ore than 1.18 inches)<br>s, boosters, and nonsteel               |   | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>5<br>4<br>12<br>14                   | <b>2 361.5</b><br>1 028.4<br>(D)<br>71.0<br>178.9<br>261 3                          |  |  | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>7<br>10<br>10   |   | <b>2 901.9</b><br>1 181.9<br>(D)<br>242.7<br>247.3<br>248.3  |  |  |
|  |   | 4  |   | 66.6   |  | 2   |   | (D)  |  |  |
| etc., and parts  |   | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>28<br>7<br>(NA)                      | ]-  | (D)<br>1 328.4<br>1 315.6<br>12.8  | -[   | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>27<br>18<br>(NA)  |   | 1 716.2<br>1 318.0<br>398.2<br>-   |  |  |
| s.k<br>n.s.k. <sup>5</sup>                                       |   | (NA)<br>(NA)   |   | 4.7<br>3.5   |  | (NA)<br>(NA)  |   | 3.8<br>1.1   |  |  |
| n.s.k.º  |   | ( )  | 92  | 1.3  |  | . ,   | 87  | 2.7  |  |  |
| _  | Number of<br>companies<br>with  |  |   | hipments <sup>1</sup>  | Number of<br>companies<br>with   | 1   |   | nipments <sup>1</sup>  |  |  |
|  | shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more   | (  | Quantity <sup>2</sup>   | Value<br>(million<br>dollars)  | shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more  | (   | Quantity <sup>2</sup>   | Value<br>(million<br>dollars)  |  |  |
|  |   |  |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
| s or less)<br>nes or   | <b>(NA)</b><br>(NA)   |  | <b>(X)</b><br>(X)   | <b>1 273.3</b> 256.2   | (NA)<br>(NA)   |   | (X)<br>(X)  | <b>1 099.6</b> ( <sup>7</sup> )  |  |  |
|  | 6<br>(NA)   |  | 1.4<br>(X)  | 256.2<br>949.6   | 5<br>(NA)  |   | (S)<br>(X)  | ( <sup>7</sup> )<br><sup>7</sup> 1 056.1   |  |  |
| millions   | 13  |  | 10.8  | 115.6  | 7  |   | 93.3  | 168.0  |  |  |
| millions   | 7<br>5  |  | (S)<br>*2.8   | 164.7<br>53.6  | (NA)   |   | 23.7<br>15.2  | 47.7<br>15.5   |  |  |
| millions<br>millions<br>millions<br>millions<br>millions<br>ding | 10<br>3<br>10<br>4<br>5   |  | (S)<br>(D)<br>**1.3<br>(D)<br>1.9   | 53.8<br>(D)<br>142.7<br>(D)<br>170.7   | 8<br>4<br>(NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)   |   | 14.9<br>34.2<br>(NA)<br>39.7<br>(NA)  | 44.9<br>76.1<br>39.2<br>31.2<br>(NA)   |  |  |
| millions   | 6<br>39<br>(NA)   |  | (S)<br>(X)<br>(X)   | 31.9<br>97.2   | (NA)<br>28<br>(NA)   |   | (NA)<br>(X)<br>(X)  | ( <sup>7</sup> )<br>265.3<br>1.1   |  |  |
|  | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)  |  | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)   | 67.5<br>42.0<br>25.5   | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)   |   | (X)<br>(X)<br>(X)   | 43.5<br>1.9<br>41.7  |  |  |
|  |   | 19   | 92  |  |  | 19  | 1987  |  |  |  |
|  | cor<br>sh<br>\$   | mpanies<br>with<br>ipments<br>of<br>100,000          |   | Value of<br>product<br>shipments <sup>1</sup><br>(million<br>dollars)                            | s  | ompanies<br>with<br>hipments<br>of  |   | Value of<br>product<br>shipments <sup>1</sup><br>(million<br>dollars)  |  |  |
| E.C.   |   |  |   |  |  |   |   |  |  |  |
|  |   | (NA)   |   | 811.9  |  | (NA)  |   | 771.0  |  |  |
|  |   | (NA)   |   | 354.3  |  | (NA)  |   | 157.3  |  |  |
| turret drives), mounts and                                       |   | 8<br>5<br>8  |   | (D)<br>(D)   |  | (NA)  |   | 155.2  |  |  |
|  |   | (NA)   |   | .1   |  | (NA)  |   | 2.2  |  |  |
| projectors, line throwing  |   | (NA)<br>38   |   | 446.6<br>446.6   |  | (NA)<br>60  |   | 602.2<br>602.2   |  |  |
|  | ARMS, N.E.C. nore than 1.18 inches) s, boosters, and nonsteel mbly, more than 30 mm more than 1.18 inches), etc., and parts s.k     | cor           sh           \$           ARMS, N.E.C. | companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more           ARMS, N.E.C. | companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more           ARMS, N.E.C.         (NA) | companies<br>shipments<br>S100.00<br>or more         Value of<br>product<br>shipments<br>or more           ARMS, N.E.C.         (NA)         2 361.5 | comparise<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>solutions         Value of<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipmen | Comparies<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shipments<br>shi | companies<br>situation<br>situation<br>or more         Value of<br>situation<br>(minion<br>datas)         companies<br>situation<br>situation<br>datas)         companies<br>situation<br>situation<br>datas)           ARMS, N.E.C.         (NA)         2 361.5         (NA) |  |  |

See footnotes at end of table.

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

#### ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-15

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#### Table 6a. Product and Product Classes—Quantity and Value of Shipments by All Producers: 1992 and 1987-Con.

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. For further explanation, see Value of Shipments in appendixes. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

|                               |   | 19  | 92                     | 1987  |   |  |
|-------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|---|---|--|
| Product<br>code               | Product   | Number of<br>companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more | shipments <sup>1</sup> | Number of<br>companies<br>with<br>shipments<br>of<br>\$100,000<br>or more | Value of<br>product<br>shipments <sup>1</sup><br>(million<br>dollars) |  |
| 3489                          | ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.CCon.   |   |                        |   |   |  |
| 34890<br>34890 00<br>34890 02 | Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c., n.s.k.<br>Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c., n.s.k. <sup>3</sup><br>Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c., n.s.k. <sup>10</sup> | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)  | 11.0<br>3.6<br>7.4     | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)  | 11.4<br>.8<br>10.7  |  |

<sup>1</sup>Data reported by all producers, not just those with shipments of \$100,000 or more. <sup>2</sup>For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values which are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: \*10 to 19 percent estimated; \*\*20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by (S). <sup>3</sup>Typically for establishments with 10 employees or more. <sup>4</sup>Typically for establishments with 5 employees. <sup>5</sup>Typically for establishments with 5 employees. <sup>5</sup>Typically for establishments with 5 employees. <sup>6</sup>Typically for establishments with 10 set han 5 employees. <sup>7</sup>For 1987, product code 34841 00 was included in product class 34842. <sup>8</sup>For 1992, product code is revised. See appendix B, parts 1 and 2 for comparability. <sup>9</sup>Typically for establishments with 15 employees.

#### Table 6b. Product Classes—Value of Shipments by All Producers for Specified States: 1992 and 1987

[Million dollars. Product classes shown are those where the data are geographically dispersed, provided dispersion is not approximated by data in table 2. Also, product classes are not shown if they are miscellaneous or "not specified by kind" classes. Statistics for some States are withheld because they are either less than \$2 million in product class shipments or they disclose data for individual companies in 1992. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

| Product class and geographic area                                  | 1992 value of<br>product shipments | 1987 value of<br>product shipments | Product class and geographic area  | 1992 value of<br>product shipments | 1987 value of<br>product shipments |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 34831, ARTILLERY AMMUNITION, MORE<br>THAN 30 MM (OR MORE THAN 1.18 |                                    |                                    | 34842, SMALL ARMS, 30 MM OR LESS (OR<br>1.18 INCHES OR LESS)               |                                    |                                    |
| INCHES)  |                                    |                                    | United States  | 949.6                              | (NA)                               |
| United States  | 1 028.4                            | 1 181.9                            | Connecticut  | 53.5<br>207.6                      | (NA)<br>(NA)                       |
| California<br>Florida  | 109.9<br>75.2                      | (NA)<br>(NA)                       | Florida<br>Maine<br>Massachusetts  | 15.0<br>15.7<br>129.6              | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)               |
| Pennsylvania   | 110.3                              | (NA)                               | Texas<br>Wisconsin   | 18.4<br>19.4                       | (NA)<br>(NA)                       |
| 34833, AMMUNITION, EXCEPT FOR SMALL<br>ARMS, N.E.C.                |                                    |                                    | 34891, GUNS, HOWITZERS, MORTARS, AND<br>RELATED EQUIPMENT, MORE THAN 30 MM |                                    |                                    |
| United States  | 1 328.4                            | 1 716.2                            | (  |                                    |                                    |
|  |                                    |                                    | United States  | 354.3                              | 157.3                              |
| 34841, MACHINE GUNS, 30 MM OR LESS (OR<br>1.18 INCHES OR LESS)     |                                    |                                    | 34892, ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES,<br>N.E.C.                                 |                                    |                                    |
| United States  | 256.2                              | (NA)                               | United States  | 446.6                              | 602.2                              |

#### 34E-16 ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.

#### Table 6c. Historical Statistics for Product Classes—Value Shipped by All Producers: 1992 and Earlier Years

[Million dollars. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

| Product<br>code                         | Product class  |   | 1991 <sup>1</sup>                         | 1990 <sup>1</sup>                         | 1989 <sup>1</sup>                         | 1988 <sup>1</sup>                           | 1987  | 1982                                    | 1977                                  |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| <b>3482-</b><br>34820                   | Small arms ammunition<br>Small arms ammunition, 30 mm or less (or 1.18 inches or less) for<br>small firearms (rifles, shotguns, and sidearms)  | <b>962.4</b><br>962.4                       | <b>894.6</b><br>894.6                     | <b>842.8</b><br>842.8                     | <b>825.7</b><br>825.7                     | <b>793.5</b><br>793.5                       | <b>699.9</b><br>699.9                       | <b>698.5</b><br>698.5                   | <b>403.9</b><br>403.9                 |
| <b>3483-</b><br>34831<br>34833<br>34830 | Ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c<br>Artillery ammunition, more than 30 mm (or more than 1.18 inches)_<br>Ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c<br>Ammunition, except for small arms, n.e.c., n.s.k. | <b>2 361.5</b><br>1 028.4<br>1 328.4<br>4.7 | <b>2 328.8</b><br>882.3<br>1 440.8<br>5.8 | <b>2 337.5</b><br>882.4<br>1 446.1<br>9.0 | <b>2 599.5</b><br>922.5<br>1 674.3<br>2.8 | <b>2 977.3</b><br>1 086.7<br>1 887.0<br>3.6 | <b>2 901.9</b><br>1 181.9<br>1 716.2<br>3.8 | <b>1 359.0</b><br>678.8<br>674.2<br>6.0 | <b>629.3</b><br>338.3<br>282.9<br>8.1 |
| <b>3484-</b><br>34841<br>34842<br>34840 | Small arms   | <b>1 273.3</b><br>256.2<br>949.6<br>67.5    | <b>1 073.1</b><br>- 988.7<br>84.4         | <b>1 142.1</b><br>1 067.6<br>74.5         | <b>1 191.6</b><br>1 131.2<br>60.4         | <b>1 164.4</b><br>1 120.9<br>43.5           | <b>1 099.6</b><br>1 056.1<br>43.5           | <b>896.1</b><br>879.4<br>16.7           | <b>662.6</b><br>647.5<br>15.1         |
| <b>3489-</b><br>34891<br>34892<br>34890 | Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c<br>Guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment, more than 30<br>mm (or more than 1.18 inches)<br>Ordnance and accessories, n.e.c., n.s.k.                                  | <b>811.9</b><br>354.3<br>446.6<br>11.0      | <b>837.2</b><br>250.8<br>571.0<br>15.4    | <b>702.2</b><br>161.7<br>523.1<br>17.3    | <b>699.9</b><br>123.4<br>565.1<br>11.4    | <b>775.9</b><br>149.7<br>613.3<br>12.9      | <b>771.0</b><br>157.3<br>602.2<br>11.4      | <b>1 016.0</b><br>138.9<br>870.8<br>6.2 | <b>483.3</b><br>57.0<br>414.0<br>12.3 |

<sup>1</sup>Figures are estimates derived from a representative sample of manufacturing establishments. Standard errors associated with estimates are published in annual survey of manufactures publications for this period.

#### Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 1992 and 1987

[Includes cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. For further explanation, see Cost of Materials in appendixes. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

| Material code  | Material  | 1992 delivered cost<br>(million dollars) | 1987 delivered cost<br>(million dollars) |
|--|---|--|--|
|  | INDUSTRY 3482, SMALL ARMS AMMUNITION  |  |  |
|  | Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies  | 374.7                                    | 214.7                                    |
| 345001<br>340098   | Fabricated metal products, except forgings:<br>Bolts, nuts, screws, washers, rivets, and screw machine products<br>Other fabricated metal products  | .1<br>65.9                               | (NA)<br>(D)                              |
| 332001<br>336005<br>336003   | Castings (rough and semifinished):<br>Iron and steel<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous  | (D)<br>(D)<br>2.8                        | (NA)<br>(NA)                             |
| 346200<br>346310<br>346399   | Forgings:<br>Iron and steel<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous   | (D)<br>(D)                               | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                     |
| 331002<br>335105<br>335001<br>335099                               | Shapes and forms, except castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products:<br>Steel  | 11.6<br>81.2<br>(D)<br>(D)               | 16.6<br>23.0<br>5.6<br>(NA)              |
| 289217<br>282104   | Chemicals and allied products:<br>Smokeless powderPlastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders,<br>liquids, etc   | 57.1                                     | 33.1                                     |
| 280096<br>242101<br>265001<br>308006<br>354500<br>190055<br>190085 | Other chemicals and allied products   | (D)<br>(D)<br>22.4<br>10.7<br>(D)<br>(D) | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>13.4<br>(D)<br>(NA)      |
| 970099<br>971000   | tracking systems, instruments, and equipment  | -<br>47.5<br>14.5                        | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>3.4                      |
|  | INDUSTRY 3483, AMMUNITION, EXCEPT FOR SMALL ARMS, N.E.C.  |  |  |
|  | Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies  | 1 126.7                                  | 1 501.6                                  |
| 345001<br>340098   | Fabricated metal products, except forgings:<br>Bolts, nuts, screws, washers, rivets, and screw machine products<br>Other fabricated metal products  | 29.6<br>69.5                             | 55.3<br>271.1                            |
| 332001<br>336005<br>336003   | Castings (rough and semifinished):<br>Iron and steel  | 40.6<br>18.9<br>4.3                      | 34.3<br>26.3<br>(NA)                     |
| 346200<br>346310<br>346399   | Forgings:<br>Iron and steel<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous   | 7.7<br>6.8<br>2.2                        | 15.2<br>22.3<br>(NA)                     |
| 331002<br>335105<br>335001<br>335099                               | Shapes and forms, except castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products:<br>SteelCopper and copper-base alloy<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous shapes and forms | 81.8<br>13.0<br>38.2<br>6.6              | 115.4<br>53.2<br>(NA)                    |

See footnotes at end of table.

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

#### ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C. 34E-17

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#### Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 1992 and 1987-Con.

[Includes cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. For further explanation, see Cost of Materials in appendixes. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

| Material code              | Material  | 1992 delivered cost<br>(million dollars) | 1987 delivered cost<br>(million dollars) |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
|                            | INDUSTRY 3483, AMMUNITION, EXCEPT FOR SMALL ARMS, N.E.CCon.   |  |  |
| 289217                     | Chemicals and allied products:<br>Smokeless powder  | (D)                                      | 81.6                                     |
| 282104<br>280096           | Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders,<br>liquids, etc<br>Other chemicals and allied products  | 2.4<br>32.0                              | 4.2<br>(NA)                              |
| 242101<br>265001           | Paperboard containers, boxes, and corrugated paperboard   | 2.4                                      | (14)<br>(D)<br>5.3                       |
| 308006<br>354500           | Fabricated plastics products, except gaskets<br>Machine tool accessories, including cutting tools   | 17.6<br>7.1                              | 16.1<br>(NA)                             |
| 190055<br>190085           | Electronic, hydraulic, and mechanical subassemblies<br>Radio and electronic communication, navigation, search, detection and<br>tradicional proteinments and our important and the second seco | (D)                                      | (NA)                                     |
| 970099<br>971000           | tracking systems, instruments, and equipment  | (D)<br>466.3<br>9.2                      | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>14.1                     |
|                            | INDUSTRY 3484, SMALL ARMS   |  |  |
|                            | Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies  | 333.8                                    | 286.5                                    |
| 345001<br>340098           | Fabricated metal products, except forgings:<br>Bolts, nuts, screws, washers, rivets, and screw machine products<br>Other fabricated metal products  | 18.8<br>93.6                             | 15.5<br>80.2                             |
| 332001                     | Castings (rough and semifinished):<br>Iron and steel  | 15.5                                     | 15.1                                     |
| 336005<br>336003           | Iron and steel<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous  | 14.9<br>(D)                              | (NA)<br>(NA)                             |
| 346200<br>346310<br>346399 | Forgings:<br>Iron and steel<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous   | 9.9<br>(D)                               | 5.1<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                      |
| 331002                     | Shapes and forms, except castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products:<br>Steel  | 17.2                                     | 54.2                                     |
| 335105<br>335001<br>335099 | Copper and copper-base alloy<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous shapes and forms   | .4<br>2.1<br>5.7                         | (NA)<br>(NA)                             |
| 289217<br>282104           | Chemicals and allied products:<br>Smokeless powder<br>Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders,   | (D)                                      | (NA)                                     |
| 280096                     | liquids, etc.   | (D)<br>.9                                | .4<br>(NA)                               |
| 242101<br>265001           | Paperboard containers boxes and corrugated paperboard   | 5.6<br>7.3                               | 15.4<br>2.9                              |
| 308006<br>354500           | Fabricated plastics products, except gaskets  | 5.5<br>10.5                              | (NA)<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                     |
| 190055<br>190085           | Radio and electronic communication, navigation, search, detection and tracking systems, instruments, and equipment  | (D)                                      | (NA)                                     |
| 970099<br>971000           | All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies<br>Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, n.s.k. <sup>1</sup>  | 101.9<br>20.1                            | (NA)<br>11.8                             |
|                            | INDUSTRY 3489, ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.   |  |  |
|                            | Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies  | 164.2                                    | 144.4                                    |
| 345001<br>340098           | Fabricated metal products, except forgings:<br>Bolts, nuts, screws, washers, rivets, and screw machine products<br>Other fabricated metal products  | 6.7<br>13.5                              | 2.8<br>6.8                               |
| 332001                     | Castings (rough and semifinished):<br>Iron and steel  | 1.1                                      | .9                                       |
| 336005<br>336003           | Other nonferrous  | 2.0<br>(D)                               | 2.3<br>(NA)                              |
| 346200<br>346310<br>346399 | Forgings:<br>Iron and steel<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous   | (D)<br>(D)<br>(D)                        | (NA)<br>2.6<br>(NA)                      |
| 331002                     | Shapes and forms, except castings, forgings, and fabricated metal products:<br>Steel  | 22.8                                     | 16.4                                     |
| 335105<br>335001<br>335099 | Copper and copper-base alloy<br>Aluminum and aluminum-base alloy<br>Other nonferrous shapes and forms   | (D)<br>.9<br>(D)                         | 4.1<br>(NA)                              |
| 289217<br>282104           | Chemicals and allied products:<br>Smokeless powder<br>Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders,   | (D)                                      | -  |
| 280096                     | liquids, etc  | (D)<br>.7                                | (NA)<br>(NA)                             |
| 242101<br>265001           | Rough and dressed lumber<br>Paperboard containers, boxes, and corrugated paperboard   | (D)<br>.5<br>1.2                         | (NA)<br>1.0                              |
| 308006<br>354500<br>190055 | Fabricated plastics products, except gaskets<br>Machine tool accessories, including cutting tools<br>Electronic, hydraulic, and mechanical subassemblies  | 1.2<br>1.3<br>(D)                        | 1.7<br>(NA)<br>(NA)                      |
| 190085                     | Radio and electronic communication subassembles<br>rtacking systems, instruments, and equipment   | (D)                                      | (NA)                                     |
| 970099<br>971000           | All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies<br>Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, n.s.k. <sup>1</sup>  | 13.7<br>7.3                              | (NA)<br>8.5                              |

<sup>1</sup>Total cost of materials of establishments that did not report detailed materials data, including establishments that were not mailed a form.

#### 34E-18 ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES, N.E.C.

MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

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### Appendix A. Explanation of Terms

This appendix is in two sections. Section 1 includes items requested of all establishments mailed census of manufactures forms including annual survey of manufactures (ASM) forms. Note that this section also includes several items (number of establishments and companies, value added, classes of products, and specialization and coverage ratios) not included on the report forms but derived from information collected on the forms. Section 2 covers supplementary items requested only from establishments included in the ASM sample. Results of the supplementary ASM inquiries are included in table 3c of this report.

#### SECTION 1. ITEMS COLLECTED OR DERIVED BASED ON ALL CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES (INCLUDING ASM) REPORT FORMS

Number of establishments and companies. A separate report was required for each manufacturing establishment (plant) with one employee or more. An establishment is defined as a single physical location where manufacturing is performed. A company, on the other hand, is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

If the company operated at different physical locations, even if the individual locations were producing the same line of goods, a separate report was requested for each location. If the company operated in two or more distinct lines of manufacturing at the same location, a separate report was requested for each activity.

An establishment not in operation for any portion of the year was requested to return the report form with the proper notation in the "Operational Status" section of the form. In addition, the establishment was requested to report data on any employees, capital expenditures, inventories, or shipments from inventories during the year.

In this report, data are shown for establishments in operation at any time during the year. A comparison with the number of establishments in operation at the end of the year will be provided in the Introduction of the *General Summary* subject report.

**Employment and related items.** The report forms requested separate information on production workers for a specific payroll period within each quarter of the year and on other employees as of the payroll period which included the 12th of March.

**All employees.** This item includes all full-time and part-time employees on the payrolls of operating manufacturing establishments during any part of the pay period which included the 12th of the months specified on the report form. Included are all persons on paid sick leave,

paid holidays, and paid vacations during these pay periods. Officers of corporations are included as employees; proprietors and partners of unincorporated firms are excluded. The "all employees" number is the average number of production workers plus the number of other employees in mid-March. The number of production workers is the average for the payroll periods including the 12th of March, May, August, and November.

**Production workers.** This item includes workers (up through the line-supervisor level) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storing, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping (but not delivering), maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with these production operations at the establishment covered by the report. Employees above the working-supervisor level are excluded from this item.

All other employees. This item covers nonproduction employees of the manufacturing establishment including those engaged in factory supervision above the linesupervisor level. It includes sales (including driver salespersons), sales delivery (highway truckdrivers and their helpers), advertising, credit, collection, installation and servicing of own products, clerical and routine office function, executive, purchasing, financing, legal, personnel (including cafeteria, medical, etc.), professional, and technical employees. Also included are employees on the payroll of the manufacturing establishment engaged in the construction of major additions or alterations to the plant and utilized as a separate work force.

In addition to reports sent to operating manufacturing establishments, information on employment during the payroll period which included March 12 and annual payrolls also was requested of auxiliary units (e.g., administrative offices, warehouses, and research and development laboratories) of multiestablishment companies. However, these figures are not included in the totals for individual industries shown in this report. They are included in the *General Summary* and geographic area reports as a separate category.

**Payroll.** This item includes the gross earnings of all employees on the payrolls of operating manufacturing establishments paid in the calendar year 1992. Respondents were told they could follow the definition of payrolls used for calculating the Federal withholding tax. It includes all forms of compensation, such as salaries, wages, commissions, dismissal pay, bonuses, vacation and sick leave pay, and compensation in kind, prior to such deductions as employees' Social Security contributions, withholding taxes, group insurance, union dues, and savings bonds. The total includes salaries of officers of corporations; it excludes payments to proprietors or partners of unincorporated concerns. Also excluded are payments to members of Armed Forces and pensioners carried on the active payrolls of manufacturing establishments.

The census definition of payrolls is identical to that recommended to all Federal statistical agencies by the Office of Management and Budget. It should be noted that this definition does not include employers' Social Security contributions or other nonpayroll labor costs, such as employees' pension plans, group insurance premiums, and workers' compensation.

The ASM provides estimates of employers' supplemental labor costs, both those required by Federal and State laws and those incurred voluntarily or as part of collective bargaining agreements. (Supplemental labor costs are explained later in this appendix.)

As in the case of employment figures, the payrolls of separate auxiliary units of multiestablishment companies are not included in the totals for individual industries or industry groups.

**Production-worker hours.** This item covers hours worked or paid for at the plant, including actual overtime hours (not straight-time equivalent hours). It excludes hours paid for vacations, holidays, or sick leave.

**Cost of materials.** This term refers to direct charges actually paid or payable for items consumed or put into production during the year, including freight charges and other direct charges incurred by the establishment in acquiring these materials. It includes the cost of materials or fuel consumed, whether purchased by the individual establishment from other companies, transferred to it from other establishments of the same company, or withdrawn from inventory during the year.

The important components of this cost item are (1) all raw materials, semifinished goods, parts, containers, scrap, and supplies put into production or used as operating supplies and for repair and maintenance during the year, (2) electric energy purchased, (3) fuels consumed for heat, power, or the generation of electricity, (4) work done by others on materials or parts furnished by manufacturing establishments (contract work), and (5) products bought and resold in the same condition. (See discussion of duplication of data below.)

Specific materials consumed. In addition to the total cost of materials, which every establishment was required to report, information also was collected for most manufacturing industries on the consumption of major materials used in manufacturing. The inquiries were restricted to those materials which were important parts of the cost of production in a particular industry and for which cost information was available from manufacturers' records. Information on the establishments consuming less than a specified amount (usually \$25,000) of a specific material were not requested to report consumption of that material separately. Also, the cost of materials for the small establishments for which either administrative records or short forms were used was imputed as "not specified by kind." (See Census of Manufactures for the importance of administrative records in the industry.)

Value of shipments. This item covers the received or receivable net selling values, f.o.b. plant (exclusive of freight and taxes), of all products shipped, both primary and secondary, as well as all miscellaneous receipts, such as receipts for contract work performed for others, installation and repair, sales of scrap, and sales of products bought and resold without further processing. Included are all items made by or for the establishments from materials owned by it, whether sold, transferred to other plants of the same company, or shipped on consignment. The net selling value of products made in one plant on a contract basis from materials owned by another was reported by the plant providing the materials.

In the case of multiunit companies, the manufacturer was requested to report the value of products transferred to other establishments of the same company at full economic or commercial value, including not only the direct cost of production but also a reasonable proportion of "all other costs" (including company overhead) and profit. (See discussion of duplication of data below.)

Individual products. As in previous censuses, data were collected for most industries on the quantity and value of individual products shipped. In the 1992 census program, information was collected on the output of almost 11,000 individual product items. The term "product," as used in the census of manufactures, represents the finest level of detail for which output information was requested. Consequently, it is not necessarily synonymous with the term "product" as used in the marketing sense. In some cases, it may be much more detailed and, in other cases, it is more aggregative. For example, "pharmaceutical preparations" was distributed into over 100 terms; whereas, "motor gasoline" was reported as a single item.

Approximately 6,300 of the product items were listed separately on the 1992 census report forms. Data for

about 4,500 products were obtained in the monthly, quarterly, or annual surveys comprising the Current Industrial Reports series of the Census Bureau. Totals for the year 1992 for these items, as derived from the commodity surveys, are shown in the "products shipped" table.

The list of products for which separate information was collected was prepared after consultation with industry and government representatives. Comparability with previous figures was given considerable weight in the selection of product categories so that comparable 1987 information is presented for most products.

Typically, both quantity and value of shipments information were collected. However, if quantity was not significant or could not be reported by manufacturers, only value of shipments was collected.

Shipments include both commercial shipments and transfers of products to other plants of the same company. For industries in which a considerable portion of the total shipments is transferred to other plants of the same company, separate information on interplant transfers also was collected. Moreover, for products that are used to a large degree within the same establishment as materials or components in the fabrication of other products, total production and often consumption of the item within the plant was collected. Typically, the information on production also was collected for products for which there are significant differences between total production and shipments in a given year because of wide fluctuations in finished goods inventories. Other measures of output of products with long production cycles were used as appropriate and feasible.

**Classes of products.** To summarize the product information, the separate products were aggregated into classes of products that, in turn, were grouped into all primary products of each industry. The code structure used is a seven-digit number for the individual product, a five-digit number for the class of product, and a four-digit number for the total primary products in an industry. (See Census of Manufactures, Industry Classification of Establishments, for application of the coding structure to the assignment of SIC codes for establishments.)

In the 1992 census, the 11,000 products were grouped into approximately 1,500 separate classes on the basis of general similarity of manufacturing processes, types of materials used, etc. However, the grouping of products was affected by the economic significance of the class and, in some cases, dissimilar products were grouped because the products were not sufficiently significant to warrant separate classes.

**Duplication in cost of materials and value of shipments.** The aggregate of the cost of materials and value of shipments figures for industry groups and for all manufacturing industries includes large amounts of duplication since the products of some industries are used as materials by others. This duplication results, in part, from the addition of related industries representing successive stages in the production of a finished manufactured product. Examples are the addition of flour mills to bakeries in the food group and the addition of pulp mills to paper mills in the paper and allied products group of industries. Estimates of the overall extent of this duplication indicate that the value of manufactured products exclusive of such duplication (the value of finished manufactures) tends to approximate two-thirds of the total value of products reported in the annual survey.

Duplication of products within individual industries is significant within a number of industry groups, e.g., machinery and transportation industries. These industries frequently include complete machinery and their parts. In this case, the parts made for original equipment are materials consumed for assembly plants in the same industry.

Even when no significant amount of duplication is involved, value of shipments figures are deficient as measures of the relative economic importance of individual manufacturing industries or geographic areas because of the wide variation in ratio of materials, labor, and other processing costs of value of shipments, both among industries and within the same industry.

Before 1962, cost of materials and value of shipments were not published for some industries which included considerable duplication. Since then, these data have been published for all industries at the U.S. level and beginning in 1964, for all geographic levels.

Value added by manufacture. This measure of manufacturing activity is derived by subtracting the cost of materials, supplies, containers, fuel, purchased electricity, and contract work from the value of shipments (products manufactured plus receipts for services rendered). The result of this calculation is adjusted by the addition of value added by merchandising operations (i.e., the difference between the sales value and the cost of merchandise sold without further manufacture, processing, or assembly) plus the net change in finished goods and work-in-process between the beginning- and end-of-year inventories.

For those industries where value of production is collected instead of value of shipments (see footnote in table 1a), value added is adjusted only for the change in work-in-process inventories between the beginning and end of year. For those industries where value of work done is collected, the value added does not include an adjustment for the change in finished goods or work-in-process inventories.

"Value added" avoids the duplication in the figure for value of shipments that results from the use of products of some establishments as materials by others. Value added is considered to be the best value measure available for comparing the relative economic importance of manufacturing among industries and geographic areas.

**New and used capital expenditures.** For establishments in operation and any known plants under construction, manufacturers were asked to report their new expenditures for (1) permanent additions and major alterations to

manufacturing establishments, and (2) machinery and equipment used for replacement and additions to plant capacity if they were of the type for which depreciation accounts were ordinarily maintained.

The totals for new expenditures include expenditures leased from nonmanufacturing concerns through capital leases. New facilities owned by the Federal Government but operated under contract by private companies, and plant and equipment furnished to the manufacturer by communities and nonprofit organizations are excluded. Also excluded are expenditures for used plant and equipment (although reported in the census), expenditures for land, and cost of maintenance and repairs charged as current operating expenses.

Manufacturers also were requested to report the value of all used buildings and equipment purchased during the year at the purchase price. For any equipment or structure transferred for the use of the reporting establishment by the parent company or one of its subsidiaries, the value at which it was transferred to the establishment was to be reported. Furthermore, if the establishment changed ownership during the year, the cost of the fixed assets (building and equipment) was to be reported under used capital expenditures.

Total expenditures for used plant and equipment is a universe figure; it is collected on all census forms. However, the breakdown of this figure between expenditures for used buildings and other structures and expenditures for used machinery and equipment is collected only on the ASM form. The data for total new capital expenditures, new building expenditures, and new machinery expenditures, as well as the data for total used expenditures, are shown in table 3b.

**End-of-year inventories.** Respondents were asked to report their 1991 and 1992 end-of-year inventories at cost or market. Effective with the 1982 Economic Census, this change to a uniform instruction for reporting inventories was introduced for all sector reports. Prior to 1982, respondents were permitted to value inventories using any generally accepted accounting method (FIFO, LIFO, market, to name a few). In 1982, LIFO users were asked to first report inventory values prior to the LIFO adjustment and then to report the LIFO reserve and the LIFO value after adjustment for the reserve.

Because of this change in reporting instructions, the 1982 through 1992 data for inventories and value added by manufacture included in the tables of this report are not comparable to the prior-year data shown in table 1a of this report and in historical census of manufactures and annual survey of manufactures publications.

In using inventory data by stage of fabrication for "all industries" and at the two-digit industry level, it should be noted that an item treated as a finished product by an establishment in one industry may be reported as a raw material by another establishment in a different industry. For example, the finished-product inventories of a steel mill would be reported as raw materials by a stamping plant. Such differences are present in the inventory figures by stage of fabrication shown for individual industries, industry groups, and "all manufacturing", which are aggregates of figures reported by establishments in specified industries.

**Specialization and coverage ratios.** These items are not collected on the report forms but are derived from the data shown in table 5b. An establishment is classified in a particular industry if its shipments of primary products of that industry exceed in value its shipments of the products of any other single industry.

An establishment's shipments include those products assigned to an industry (primary products), those considered primary to other industries (secondary products), and receipts for miscellaneous activities (merchandising, contract work, resales, etc.). Specialization and coverage ratios have been developed to measure the relationship of primary product shipments to the data on shipments for the industry shown in tables 1a through 5a and data on product shipments shown in tables 6a through 6c.

Specialization ratio represents the ratio of primary product shipments to total product shipments (primary and secondary, excluding miscellaneous receipts) for the establishments classified in the industry.

Coverage ratio represents the ratio of primary products shipped by the establishments classified in the industry to the total shipments of such products that are shipped by all manufacturing establishments wherever classified.

#### SECTION 2. ITEMS COLLECTED ONLY ON ASM REPORT FORMS

The following items were collected only from establishments included in the ASM sample:

**Supplemental labor costs.** Supplemental labor costs are divided into legally required expenditures and payments for voluntary programs. The legally required portion consists primarily of Federal old age and survivors' insurance, unemployment compensation, and workers' compensation. Payments for voluntary programs include all programs not specifically required by legislation whether they

were employer initiated or the result of collective bargaining. They include the employer portion of such plans as insurance premiums, premiums for supplemental accident and sickness insurance, pension plans, supplemental unemployment compensation, welfare plans, stock purchase plans on which the employer payment is not subject to withholding tax, and deferred profit-sharing plans. They exclude such items as company-operated cafeterias, in-plant medical services, free parking lots, discounts on employee purchases, and uniforms and work clothing for employees. While the excluded items do benefit employees and all or part of their cost generally is similar to the items covered in the ASM labor costs statistics, accounting records generally do not provide reliable figures on net employee benefits of these types.

**Retirements of depreciable assets.** Included in this item is the gross value of assets sold, retired, scrapped, destroyed, etc., during 1992. When a complete operation or establishment changed ownership, the respondent was instructed to report the value of the assets sold at the original cost as recorded in the books of the seller. The respondent also was requested to report retirements of equipment or structures owned by a parent company that the establishment was using as if it were a tenant.

**Depreciation charges for fixed assets.** This item includes depreciation and amortization charged during the year against assets. Depreciation charged against fixed assets acquired since the beginning of the year and against assets sold or retired during the year are components of this category. Respondents were requested to make certain that they did not report accumulated depreciation.

**Rental payments.** Total rental payments is collected on all census forms. However, the breakdown between rental payments for buildings and other structures and rental payments for machinery and equipment is collected only on the ASM forms. This item includes rental payments for the use of all items for which depreciation reserves would be maintained if they were owned by the establishment, e.g., structures and buildings, and production, office, and transportation equipment. Excluded are royalties and other payments for the use of intangibles and depletable assets, and land rents where separable.

When an establishment of a multiestablishment company was charged rent by another part of the same company for the use of assets owned by the company, it was instructed to exclude that cost from rental payments. However, the book value (original cost) of these companyowned assets was to be reported as assets of the establishment at the end of the year.

If there were assets at an establishment rented from another company and the rents were paid centrally by the head office of the establishment, the company was instructed to report these rental payments as if they were paid directly by the establishment.

**Depreciable assets.** Total value of gross depreciable assets is collected on all census forms. However, the detail for depreciable assets is collected only on the ASM forms. The data encompass all fixed depreciable assets on the books of establishments at the beginning and end of the year. The values shown (book value) represent the actual cost of assets at the time they were acquired, including all costs incurred in making the assets usable (such as transportation and installation). Included are all

buildings, structures, machinery, and equipment (production, office, and transportation equipment) for which depreciation reserves are maintained. Excluded are nondepreciable capital assets, including inventories and intangible assets, such as timber and mineral rights.

The definition of fixed depreciable assets is consistent with the definition of capital expenditures. For example, expenditures include actual capital outlays during the year, rather than the final value of equipment put in place and buildings completed during the year. Accordingly, the value of assets at the end of the year includes the value of construction in progress. In addition, respondents were requested to make certain that assets at the beginning of the year plus new and used capital expenditures, less retirements, equalled assets at the end of the year.

**New and used capital expenditures.** The data for total new capital expenditures, new building expenditures, new machinery expenditures, and total used capital expenditures are collected on all census forms. However, the breakdown between expenditures for used buildings and other structures and expenditures for used machinery and equipment is collected only on the ASM form. (See further explanation on capital expenditures in section 1.)

Quantity of electric energy consumed for heat and power. Data on the cost of purchased electric energy are collected on all census forms. However, data on the quantity of purchased electric energy are collected only on the ASM forms. In addition, information is collected on the quantity of electric energy generated by the establishment and the quantity of electric energy sold or transferred to other plants of the same company.

**Breakdown of new capital expenditures for machinery and equipment.** ASM establishments were requested to separate their capital expenditures for new machinery and equipment into (1) automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use, (2) computers and peripheral data processing equipment, and (3) all other.

The category "automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use" is intended to measure expenditures for vehicles designed for highway use that were acquired through a purchase or lease-purchase agreement. Vehicles normally operating off public highways (vehicles specifically designed to transport materials, property, or equipment on mining, construction, logging, and petroleum development projects) are excluded from this item.

**Foreign content of cost of materials.** Establishments included in the ASM sample panel were requested to provide information on foreign-made materials purchased or transferred from foreign sources. This includes materials acquired from a central warehouse or other domestic establishment of the same company but made in an operation outside of the 50 States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or U.S. territories.

**Cost of purchased services.** ASM establishments were requested to provide information on the cost of purchased services for the repair of buildings and other structures, the repair of machinery, communication services, legal services, accounting and bookkeeping services, advertising, software and other data processing services, and refuse removal. Each of these items reflect the costs paid directly by the establishment, and exclude salaries paid to employees of the establishment for these services.

Included in the cost of purchased services for the repair of buildings and machinery are payments made for all maintenance and repair work on buildings and equipment, such as painting, roof repairs, replacing parts, and overhauling equipment. Such payments made to other establishments of the same company and for repair and maintenance of any leased property also are included. Extensive repairs or reconstruction that were capitalized are considered capital expenditures for used buildings and machinery and are, therefore, excluded from this item. Repair and maintenance costs provided by an owner as part of a rental contract or incurred directly by an establishment in using its own work force also are excluded.

Included in the cost of purchased advertising services are payments for printing, media coverage, and other advertising services and materials.

Included in the cost of purchased software and other data processing services are all purchases by the establishment from other companies. Excluded are services provided by other establishments of the same company (such as by a separate data processing unit).

Included in the cost of purchased refuse removal services are all costs of refuse removal services paid by the establishment, including costs for hazardous waste removal or treatment. Excluded are all costs included in rental payments or as capital expenditures.

Three basic approaches were utilized to produce these statistics.

1. For items 1 through 6, data were estimated (imputed) for all non-ASM establishments using the available data in the establishment record and industry-based parameters. The statistics were then generated by simply tabulating all census records including the imputed value for non-ASM establishments and the unweighted value for ASM establishments. Separate imputation rates were developed and are shown in the table. For quantity of purchased electricity for heat and power (item 7), a similar procedure was used; however, the imputation parameters were geographicallybased instead of industry-based. For quantities of generated less sold electricity, no imputation was performed for non-ASM establishments. The estimates for these items are simply tabulations of unweighted ASM values.

Since the published statistics for these items were developed from the complete census universe and not just the ASM establishments, there are no sampling variances associated with these statistics. However, there is an unknown level of bias for each of the items due to the imputation of the non-ASM establishments. This bias is felt to be small due to the strong correlation between the items being imputed and the collected items that were used to generate the impute values.

2. For items 8 and 9, the estimates were developed using a ratio estimation methodology. For item 8, an estimate of the breakout of new capital expenditures for machinery and equipment into the three categories was made from ASM establishments reporting these categories. The estimated proportions were then applied to the corresponding census value for new capital expenditures for machinery and equipment to produce the estimates.

The estimates for item 9, foreign content of cost of materials, were developed in a similar manner based on costs of parts, supplies, and components (item 5a) as the control total for the three categories.

For items 8 and 9, an adjustment ratio of the following form was computed:

$$Rj = \frac{NMc}{TMEasm}$$

where:

- NMc = the census value of new capital expenditures for machinery and equipment
- TMEasm = the weighted ASM value of new capital expenditures for machinery and equipment from reporters of the detailed breakout data
- 3. For item 10, cost of purchased services, the estimates were made by simply tabulating weighted data for all the ASM records that reported the item. A response coverage ratio (a measure of the extent to which respondents reported for each item) is shown in table 3c for the types of services. It is derived for each item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight, see appendix B) for those ASM establishments that reported the specific inquiry to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in the industry.

### Appendix B. Annual Survey of Manufactures Sampling and Estimating Methodologies

#### DESCRIPTION OF SURVEY SAMPLE

The annual survey of manufactures (ASM) contains two components. The mail portion of the survey is a probability sample of about 64,000 manufacturing establishments selected from a total of about 216,000 establishments. These 216,000 establishments represent all manufacturing establishments of multiunit companies and all singleestablishment companies mailed schedules in the 1987 Census of Manufactures. This mail portion is supplemented annually by a Social Security Administration list of new manufacturing establishments opened after 1987 and a list of new multiunit manufacturing establishments identified from the Census Bureau's Company Organization Survey.

For the current panel, all establishments of companies with 1987 shipments in manufacturing in excess of \$500 million were included in the survey panel with certainty. There are approximately 500 such companies collectively accounting for approximately 18,000 establishments. For the remaining portion of the mail survey, the establishment was defined as the sampling unit. For this portion, all establishments with 250 employees or more and establishments with a very large value of shipments also were included in the survey panel with certainty. A total of 12,100 establishments were selected from this portion of the universe with certainty. Therefore, of the 64,000 manufacturing establishments included in the ASM panel, approximately 31,000 are selected with certainty. These certainty establishments collectively account for approximately 80 percent of the total value of shipments in the 1987 census.

Smaller establishments in the remaining portion of the mail survey were sampled with probabilities ranging from 0.999 to 0.005 in accordance with mathematical theory for optimum allocation of a sample. The probabilities of selection assigned to the smaller establishments were proportional to measures of size determined for each establishment. The measures of size depend directly upon each establishment's 1987 product class values and the historic variability of the year-to-year shipments of each product class. Product classes displaying more volatile year-toyear change in shipments at the establishment level were sampled at a heavier rate.

This method of assigning measures of size was used in order to maximize the precision (that is, minimize the variance of estimates of the year-to-year change) in the value of product class shipments. Implicitly, it also gave weight differences in employment, value added, and other general statistics, since these are highly correlated with value of shipments. Individual sample selection probabilities were obtained by multiplying each establishment's final measure of size by an overall sampling fraction coefficient calculated to yield a total expected sample size.

The sample selection procedure gave each establishment in the sampling frame an independent chance of selection. This method of independent selection permits the rotation of small establishments out of a given sample panel without introducing a bias into the survey estimates.

The nonmail portion of the survey includes all singleestablishment companies that were tabulated as administrative records in the 1987 Census of Manufactures. Although this portion contained approximately 134,000 establishments, it accounted for less than 2 percent of the estimate for total value of shipments at the total manufacturing level. This portion was not sampled; rather, the data for every establishment in this group were estimated based on selected information obtained annually from the administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service and the Social Security Administration. This administrative-records information, which includes payroll, total employment, industry classification, and physical location of the establishment, was obtained under conditions which safeguard the confidentiality of both tax and census records. Estimates of data other than payroll and employment for these small establishments were developed from industry averages.

The corresponding estimates for the mail and nonmail establishments were added together, along with the baseyear differences, as defined in the Description of Estimating Procedure section, to produce the figures shown in this publication.

#### DESCRIPTION OF ESTIMATING PROCEDURES

Most of the ASM estimates for the years 1988-1991 were computed using a difference estimation procedure. For each item, a base-year difference was developed. This base-year difference is equal to the difference between the 1987 census published number for an item total and the linear ASM estimate of the total for 1987. The ASM linear estimate was obtained by multiplying each sample establishment's data by its sample weight (the reciprocal of its probability of selection) and summing the weighted values.

These base-year differences were then added to the corresponding current-year linear estimates, which include the sum of the estimates for the mail and nonmail

establishments, to produce the estimates for the years 1983-1991. Estimates developed by this procedure usually are far more reliable than comparable linear estimates developed from the current sample data alone.

However, the 1992 sample estimates for the purchased service items, shown in table 3c, are strictly ASM linear estimates developed only from ASM establishments that reported the specific item.

The remaining estimates in table 3c, showing the breakdown of expenditures for new machinery and equipment and costs of parts (separated into purchases from foreign sources and purchases from domestic sources), were computed as ratio estimates. To do this, linear estimates of the new machinery detail items were developed from the ASM establishments and were ratio adjusted to the corresponding census total for new machinery. In a similar fashion, the ASM linear estimates of the detailed purchased materials items were ratio adjusted to the corresponding census total for cost of parts.

#### QUALIFICATIONS OF THE DATA

The estimates developed from the sample are apt to differ somewhat from the results of a survey covering all companies in the sampled lists but otherwise conducted under essentially the same conditions as the actual sample survey. The estimates of the magnitude of the sampling errors (the differences between the estimates obtained and the results theoretically obtained from a comparable, complete-coverage survey) are provided by the standard errors of the estimates.

The particular sample selected for the ASM is one of a large number of similar probability samples that, by chance, might have been selected under the same specifications. Each of the possible samples would yield somewhat different sets of results, and the standard errors are measures of the variation of all the possible sample estimates around the theoretical, comparable, completecoverage values.

Estimates of the standard errors have been computed from the sample data for selected statistics in this report. They are presented in the form of relative standard errors (the standard errors divided by the estimated values to which they refer).

In conjunction with its associated estimate, the relative standard error may be used to define confidence intervals (ranges that would include the comparable, completecoverage value for specified percentages of all the possible samples).

The complete-coverage value would be included in the range:

- 1. From one standard error below to one standard error above the derived estimate for about two-thirds of all possible samples.
- 2. From two standard errors below to two standard errors above the derived estimate for about 19 of 20 of all possible samples.
- 3. From three standard errors below to three standard errors above the derived estimate for nearly all samples.

An inference that the comparable, complete-survey result would be within the indicated ranges would be correct in approximately the relative frequencies shown. Those proportions, therefore, may be interpreted as defining the confidence that the estimates from a particular sample would differ from complete-coverage results by as much as one, two, or three standard errors, respectively.

For example, suppose an estimated total is shown as 50,000 with an associated relative standard error of 2 percent, that is, a standard error of 1,000 (2 percent of 50,000). There is approximately 67 percent confidence that the interval 49,000 to 51,000 includes the completecoverage total, about 95 percent confidence that the interval 48,000 to 52,000 includes the complete-coverage total and almost certain confidence that the interval 47,000 to 53,000 includes the complete-coverage total.

In addition to the sample errors, the estimates are subject to various response and operational errors: errors of collection, reporting, coding, transcription, imputation for nonresponse, etc. These operational errors also would occur if a complete canvass were to be conducted under the same conditions as the survey. Explicit measures of their effects generally are not available. However, it is believed that most of the important operational errors were detected and corrected in the course of the Census Bureau's review of the data for reasonableness and consistency. The small operational errors usually remain. To some extent, they are compensating in the aggregated totals shown. When important operational errors were detected too late to correct the estimates, the data were suppressed or were specifically qualified in the tables.

As derived, the estimated standard errors included part of the effect of the operational errors. The total errors, which depend upon the joint effect of the sampling and operational errors, are usually of the order of size indicated by the standard error, or only moderately higher. However, for particular estimates, the total error may considerably exceed the standard errors shown.

The concept of complete coverage under the conditions prevailing for the ASM is not identical to the complete coverage of the census of manufactures, as the censuses have been conducted. Nearly all types of operational errors that affect the ASM also occur in the censuses. The ASM and the censuses, are conducted under quite different conditions, and operational errors can be better controlled in the ASM than in the censuses. As a result, for many of the census figures, the errors are of the same order of size as the total errors of the corresponding annual survey estimates. The differences between the census and ASM operating conditions also disturb, to some degree, the comparability of the ASM and census data.

Any figures shown in the tables in this publication having an associated standard error exceeding 15 percent may be of limited reliability. However, the figure may be combined with higher-level totals, creating a broader aggregate, which then may be of acceptable reliability.

### Appendix C. Product Code Reference Tables

| 1992                       | 1987                 | 1992                 | 1987                 | 1992                 | 1987                 | 1992                 | 1987                 |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 34211 25                   | 34211 21             | 34323                | 34320                | 34433 24             | 34433 49             | 34842 16             | 34842 15             |
| 4211 25                    | 34211 98             | 34323 02             | 34320 71             | 34433 26             | 34433 22             | 34842 16             | 34842 17             |
| 4211 30<br>4211 55         | 34211 98             | 34323 05             | 34320 72             | 34433 28             | 34433 22             | 34842 26             | 34842 25             |
| 4211 55<br>4211 80         | 34211 61<br>34211 42 | 34323 08<br>34323 11 | 34320 74<br>34320 75 | 34433 28<br>34433 30 | 34433 49<br>34433 32 | 34842 26<br>34842 54 | 34842 27<br>34842 51 |
| 1211 00                    | 01211 12             | 34323 14             | 34320 76             | 34433 34             | 34433 32             | 34842 54             | 34842 53             |
| 4212 05                    | 34212 00             | 34323 17             | 34320 78             | 34433 34             | 34433 49             | 34842 54             | 34842 56             |
| 212 10<br>212 16           | 34212 00<br>34212 00 | 34323 20<br>34323 23 | 34320 47<br>34320 48 | 34433 35<br>34433 37 | 34433 50<br>34433 36 | 34842 65<br>34842 65 | 34842 63<br>34842 67 |
| 121210                     | 34212 00             | 34323 25             | 34320 81             | 34433 40             | 34433 36             | 34842 74             | 34842 64             |
| 4231 33                    | 34231 32             | 34323 27             | 34320 85             |                      |                      | 34842 74             | 34842 73             |
| 4231 33                    | 34231 34             | 34323 27<br>34323 32 | 34320 87<br>34320 83 | 34433 41             | 34433 38             | 34916 78             | 34916 77             |
| 4231 97<br>4231 97         | 34231 61<br>34231 98 | 34323 32             | 34320 89             | 34433 44             | 34433 38             | 34916 78             | 34916 79             |
| +231 37                    | 34231 90             | 34323 32             | 34320 99             | 34433 46             | 34433 42             |                      |                      |
| 1234 14                    | 34234 11             |                      |                      | 34433 46<br>34433 47 | 34433 43<br>34433 42 | 3492A<br>3492A 00    | 34923<br>34923 00    |
| 234 14                     | 34234 22             | 34333 21<br>34333 35 | 34333 17             | 34433 47             | 34433 43             | 3492A 00             | 34923 00             |
|                            | 0.4005.00            | 34333 35             | 34333 17<br>34333 60 | 34433 48             | 34433 39             | 3492B                | 34923                |
| 4235 41<br>4235 41         | 34235 33<br>34235 39 | 34333 65             | 34333 81             | 34433 48<br>34433 51 | 34433 50<br>34433 50 | 3492B 00             | 34923 00             |
| 233 41                     | 34233 39             |                      |                      | 34433 51             | 34433 50             | 3492C                | 34921                |
| 4236 85                    | 34236 99             | 34334 10             | 34334 00             | 34434 14             | 34434 13             | 3492C 00             | 34921 00             |
| 1236 98                    | 34236 99             | 34334 22<br>34334 30 | 34334 00<br>34334 00 | 34434 14             | 34434 15             |                      |                      |
| 1250 41                    | 34250 00             | 34334 30             | 34334 00             | 34434 16             | 34434 17             | 3492D<br>3492D 00    | 34921<br>34921 00    |
| 230 41                     | 34230 00             | 34334 62             | 34334 00             | 34434 16             | 34434 19             | 34920 00             | 34921 UU             |
| 1293 00                    | 34293 15             | 34334 74             | 34334 00             |                      |                      | 3492E                | 34922                |
| 293 00                     | 34293 17             | 24225 20             | 24225 24             | 34435 20             | 34435 21             | 3492E 00             | 34922 00             |
|                            |                      | 34335 20<br>34335 20 | 34335 31<br>34335 44 | 34435 20<br>34435 35 | 34435 23<br>34435 31 | 3492F                | 34922                |
| 298 98                     | 34298 32             | 34335 25             | 34335 35             | 34435 35             | 34435 33             | 3492F 00             | 34922 00             |
| 298 98                     | 34298 99             | 34335 25             | 34335 46             | 34435 42             | 34435 37             |                      |                      |
| 321                        | 34320                | 0.4000.00            | 04000 40             | 34435 42             | 34435 39             | 3492G<br>3492G 00    | 34927<br>34927 00    |
| 1321 02                    | 34320 01             | 34339 06<br>34339 08 | 34339 10<br>34339 10 |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 4321 02                    | 34320 03             | 34339 11             | 34339 10             | 34438 08             | 34438 07             | 3492H                | 34926                |
| 321 05<br>321 05           | 34320 05<br>34320 07 | 34339 13             | 34339 10             | 34438 13<br>34438 13 | 34438 14<br>34438 16 | 3492H 00             | 34926 00             |
| 4321 05<br>4321 08         | 34320 07             |                      |                      | 34438 20             | 34438 17             | 3492J                | 34924                |
| 321 08                     | 34320 11             | 34411 41             | 34411 21             | 34438 22             | 34438 19             | 3492J 00             | 34924 00             |
| 1321 10                    | 34320 10             | 34411 41<br>34411 42 | 34411 61<br>34411 22 |                      |                      | 0.4001/              | 04004                |
| 4321 12<br>4321 13         | 34320 12<br>34320 13 | 34411 42             | 34411 62             | 34443 14             | 34443 11             | 3492K<br>3492K 00    | 34924<br>34924 00    |
| 1321 14                    | 34320 14             | 34411 43             | 34411 23             | 34443 14             | 34443 13             | 545210 00            | 34324 00             |
|                            |                      | 34411 43             | 34411 63<br>34411 24 | 34443 24             | 34443 21             | 3492M                | 34925                |
| 4321 15<br>4321 17         | 34320 15<br>34320 17 | 34411 44             | 34411 64             | 34443 24             | 34443 23             | 3492M 00             | 34925 00             |
| 4321 18                    | 34320 18             | 34411 46             | 34411 26             |                      |                      | 3492N                | 34925                |
| 4321 20                    | 34320 22             | 34411 46<br>34411 47 | 34411 66<br>34411 27 | 34482 18             | 34482 13<br>34482 23 | 3492N 00             | 34925 00             |
| 1321 22<br>1321 25         | 34320 26<br>34320 27 | 34411 47             | 34411 27 34411 67    | 34482 18             | 34462 23             | 24064 24             | 24004 24             |
| 321 28                     | 34320 25             |                      |                      |                      | 0.4000.45            | 34961 34<br>34961 34 | 34961 31<br>34961 33 |
| 1321 30                    | 34320 29             | 34412 00             | 34412 12             | 34626 16<br>34626 16 | 34626 15<br>34626 17 | 34961 34             | 34961 35             |
| 4321 32<br>4321 34         | 34320 31<br>34320 35 | 34412 00             | 34412 16             | 01020 10             | 57020 17             | 34961 52             | 34961 22             |
| 1321 34<br>1321 36         | 34320 35 34320 39    | 34412 00<br>34412 00 | 34412 17<br>34412 61 | 24027.40             | 24027 44             | 34961 52             | 34961 51             |
|                            |                      |                      |                      | 34627 12<br>34627 12 | 34627 11<br>34627 13 | 34964 00             | 34964 41             |
| 322                        | 34320                | 34413 16             | 34413 11             | 34627 16             | 34627 15             | 34964 00             | 34964 43             |
| 322 01                     | 34320 90             | 34413 16             | 34413 61             | 34627 16             | 34627 17             | 34964 00<br>34964 00 | 34964 45<br>34964 51 |
| 322 03<br>322 05           | 34320 91<br>34320 92 | 34413 20<br>34413 20 | 34413 41<br>34413 71 |                      |                      | 34964 00             | 34964 51             |
| 322 03                     | 34320 93             | 34413 20             | 34413 71             | 34628 12             | 34628 11             | 34964 00             | 34964 55             |
| 322 12                     | 34320 94             | 34413 23             | 34413 83             | 34628 12             | 34628 13             | 34965 00             | 24065 17             |
| 322 12<br>322 15           | 34320 95<br>34320 96 | 34413 26             | 34413 55             | 34628 16<br>34628 16 | 34628 15<br>34628 17 | 34965 00             | 34965 17<br>34965 57 |
| 322 15                     | 34320 97             | 34413 26<br>34413 29 | 34413 83<br>34413 57 | 0-020 10             | 34020 17             | 34965 00             | 34965 65             |
| 322 18                     | 34320 49             | 34413 29             | 34413 82             | 04004.05             | 01001 00             |                      |                      |
| 322 21                     | 34320 52             | 34413 59             | 34413 58             | 34661 05<br>34661 20 | 34661 00<br>34661 00 | 34966 13<br>34966 13 | 34966 23<br>34966 25 |
| 322 24                     | 34320 54             | 34413 59             | 34413 83             | 34661 22             | 34661 00             | 34966 21             | 34966 25             |
| 322 27                     | 34320 80             | 24422.20             | 24422.22             |                      |                      | 34966 21             | 34966 29             |
| 322 27                     | 34320 82             | 34422 30<br>34422 30 | 34422 23<br>34422 29 | 34662 30             | 34662 00             | 24069 42             | 24069 44             |
| 322 30<br>322 30           | 34320 84<br>34320 86 |                      |                      | 34662 32             | 34662 00             | 34968 42<br>34968 42 | 34968 41<br>34968 45 |
| 322 30<br>322 33<br>322 36 | 34320 57             | 34433 08             | 34433 50             |                      |                      | 34968 42             | 34968 46             |
| 322 36                     | 34320 58             | 34433 10             | 34433 13             | 34699 51             | 34699 98             | 34968 42             | 34968 47             |
| 322 39<br>322 45           | 34320 59<br>34320 63 | 34433 15             | 34433 13             | 34699 97             | 34699 98             | 34968 63             | 34968 61<br>34968 65 |
| 4322 45<br>4322 50         | 34320 63<br>34320 67 | 34433 15<br>34433 19 | 34433 49<br>34433 17 |                      |                      | 34968 63<br>34968 98 | 34968 65             |
| 4322 50                    | 34320 69             | 34433 24             | 34433 17             | 34790 77             | 34790 00             | 34968 98             | 34968 99             |

#### Part 1. Comparability of Product Classes and Product Codes That Changed: 1992 to 1987

#### MANUFACTURES-INDUSTRY SERIES

TIPS [UPF] BATCH\_1674 [APS\_PPGB,C\_BROOKS] APS-PPGB 1/ 6/95 8:44 AM MACHINE: MCVX26 DATA:NONE TAPE: NOreel FRAME: 1 TSF:TIPS92-08421818.DAT;1 1/ 6/95 08:42:30 UTF:TIPS93-08421818.DAT;1 1/ 6/95 08:42:30 META:TIPS96-08421818.DAT;1 1/ 6/95 08:43:45

| 1987   | 1992   | 1987   | 1992   | 1987   | 1992   | 1987   | 1992   |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 34211 21<br>34211 42<br>34211 61<br>34211 98<br>34211 98             | 34211 25<br>34211 80<br>34211 55<br>34211 25<br>34211 30             | 34320 81<br>34320 82<br>34320 83<br>34320 84<br>34320 85<br>34320 85<br>34320 85 | 34323 25<br>34322 27<br>34323 32<br>34322 30<br>34322 30<br>34323 27<br>34322 30 | 34433 13<br>34433 13<br>34433 17<br>34433 17<br>34433 17<br>34433 22<br>34433 22 | 34433 10<br>34433 15<br>34433 19<br>34433 24<br>34433 26<br>34433 28 | 34842 15<br>34842 17<br>34842 25<br>34842 25<br>34842 51<br>34842 51<br>34842 53 | 34842 16<br>34842 16<br>34842 26<br>34842 26<br>34842 54<br>34842 54<br>34842 54 |
| 34212 00<br>34212 00<br>34212 00                                     | 34212 05<br>34212 10<br>34212 16                                     | 34320 87<br>34320 89<br>34320 90<br>34320 91                                     | 34323 27<br>34323 32<br>34322 01<br>34322 03                                     | 34433 32<br>34433 32<br>34433 36<br>34433 36<br>34433 36<br>34433 38             | 34433 30<br>34433 34<br>34433 37<br>34433 40<br>34433 41             | 34842 56<br>34842 63<br>34842 64<br>34842 67<br>34842 73                         | 34842 54<br>34842 65<br>34842 74<br>34842 65<br>34842 74                         |
| 34231 32<br>34231 34<br>34231 61<br>34231 98                         | 34231 33<br>34231 33<br>34231 97<br>34231 97                         | 34320 92<br>34320 93<br>34320 94   | 34322 05<br>34322 07<br>34322 12   | 34433 38<br>34433 39<br>34433 42   | 34433 44<br>34433 48<br>34433 46                                     | 34916 77<br>34916 79<br>34921  | 34916 78<br>34916 78<br>3492C  |
| 34234 11<br>34234 22   | 34234 14<br>34234 14   | 34320 95<br>34320 96<br>34320 97<br>34320 99                                     | 34322 12<br>34322 15<br>34322 15<br>34323 32                                     | 34433 42<br>34433 43<br>34433 43<br>34433 43<br>34433 49                         | 34433 47<br>34433 46<br>34433 47<br>34433 15                         | 34921<br>34921 00  | 3492D<br>3492C 00  |
| 34235 33<br>34235 39   | 34235 41<br>34235 41   | 34333 17<br>34333 17<br>24333 60   | 34333 21<br>34333 35<br>24222 65   | 34433 49<br>34433 49<br>34433 49<br>34433 49<br>34433 50                         | 34433 24<br>34433 28<br>34433 34<br>34433 08                         | 34921 00<br>34922  | 3492D 00<br>3492E  |
| 34236 99<br>34236 99   | 34236 85<br>34236 98   | 34333 60<br>34333 81   | 34333 65<br>34333 65   | 34433 50<br>34433 50<br>34433 50   | 34433 35<br>34433 48<br>34433 51                                     | 34922<br>34922 00  | 3492F<br>3492E 00  |
| 34250 00<br>34293 15<br>34293 17                                     | 34250 41<br>34293 00<br>34293 00                                     | 34334 00<br>34334 00<br>34334 00<br>34334 00<br>34334 00                         | 34334 10<br>34334 22<br>34334 30<br>34334 40                                     | 34434 13<br>34434 15   | 34434 14<br>34434 14   | 34922 00<br>34923  | 3492F 00<br>3492A  |
| 34298 32<br>34298 99   | 34298 98<br>34298 98   | 34334 00<br>34334 00<br>34334 00   | 34334 62<br>34334 74   | 34434 17<br>34434 19<br>34435 21   | 34434 16<br>34434 16<br>34435 20                                     | 34923<br>34923 00<br>34923 00  | 3492B<br>3492A 00<br>3492B 00  |
| 34320  | 34321  | 34335 31<br>34335 35<br>34335 44   | 34335 20<br>34335 25<br>34335 20   | 34435 23<br>34435 31<br>34435 33<br>34435 33<br>34435 37                         | 34435 20<br>34435 35<br>34435 35<br>34435 35<br>34435 42             | 34924<br>34924   | 3492J<br>3492K   |
| 34320<br>34320   | 34322<br>34323   | 34335 46   | 34335 25   | 34435 39   | 34435 42   | 34924 00<br>34924 00   | 3492J 00<br>3492K 00   |
| 34320 01<br>34320 03<br>34320 05<br>34320 07                         | 34321 02<br>34321 02<br>34321 05<br>34321 05                         | 34339 10<br>34339 10<br>34339 10<br>34339 10<br>34339 10                         | 34339 06<br>34339 08<br>34339 11<br>34339 13                                     | 34438 14<br>34438 16<br>34438 17<br>34438 19                                     | 34438 13<br>34438 13<br>34438 20<br>34438 22                         | 34925<br>34925<br>34925 00   | 3492M<br>3492N<br>3492M 00   |
| 34320 09<br>34320 10<br>34320 11<br>34320 12<br>34320 12<br>34320 13 | 34321 08<br>34321 10<br>34321 08<br>34321 12<br>34321 13             | 34411 21<br>34411 22<br>34411 23<br>34411 23<br>34411 24                         | 34411 41<br>34411 42<br>34411 43<br>34411 44                                     | 34443 11<br>34443 13<br>34443 21<br>34443 23                                     | 34443 14<br>34443 14<br>34443 24<br>34443 24                         | 34925 00<br>34926<br>34926 00  | 3492N 00<br>3492H<br>3492H 00  |
| 34320 13<br>34320 14<br>34320 15<br>34320 17                         | 34321 13<br>34321 14<br>34321 15<br>34321 17                         | 34411 24<br>34411 26<br>34411 27<br>34411 61<br>34411 62                         | 34411 44<br>34411 46<br>34411 47<br>34411 41<br>34411 42                         | 34482 13<br>34482 23   | 34482 18<br>34482 18   | 34927<br>34927 00<br>34961 22  | 3492G<br>3492G 00<br>34961 52  |
| 34320 18<br>34320 22<br>34320 25<br>34320 26                         | 34321 18<br>34321 20<br>34321 28<br>34321 22                         | 34411 62<br>34411 63<br>34411 64<br>34411 66<br>34411 67                         | 34411 43<br>34411 44<br>34411 46<br>34411 47                                     | 34626 15<br>34626 17   | 34626 16<br>34626 16   | 34961 31<br>34961 33<br>34961 33<br>34961 35<br>34961 51                         | 34961 34<br>34961 34<br>34961 34<br>34961 34<br>34961 52                         |
| 34320 27<br>34320 29<br>34320 31<br>34320 35<br>34320 39<br>34320 47 | 34321 25<br>34321 30<br>34321 32<br>34321 34<br>34321 36<br>34323 20 | 34412 12<br>34412 16<br>34412 17<br>34412 61                                     | 34412 00<br>34412 00<br>34412 00<br>34412 00                                     | 34627 11<br>34627 13<br>34627 15<br>34627 17                                     | 34627 12<br>34627 12<br>34627 16<br>34627 16                         | 34964 41<br>34964 43<br>34964 45<br>34964 51<br>34964 53<br>34964 55             | 34964 00<br>34964 00<br>34964 00<br>34964 00<br>34964 00<br>34964 00             |
| 34320 48<br>34320 49<br>34320 52<br>34320 54                         | 34323 23<br>34322 18<br>34322 21<br>34322 24                         | 34413 11<br>34413 41<br>34413 53   | 34413 16<br>34413 20<br>24413 23   | 34628 11<br>34628 13<br>34628 15<br>34628 17                                     | 34628 12<br>34628 12<br>34628 16<br>34628 16                         | 34965 17<br>34965 57<br>34965 65   | 34965 00<br>34965 00<br>34965 00<br>34965 00                                     |
| 34320 57<br>34320 58<br>34320 59<br>34320 63<br>34320 67             | 34322 33<br>34322 36<br>34322 39<br>34322 45<br>34322 50             | 34413 53<br>34413 55<br>34413 57<br>34413 58<br>34413 61<br>34413 71             | 34413 23<br>34413 26<br>34413 29<br>34413 59<br>34413 16<br>34413 20             | 34661 00<br>34661 00<br>34661 00   | 34661 05<br>34661 20<br>34661 22                                     | 34966 23<br>34966 25<br>34966 27<br>34966 27<br>34966 29                         | 34966 13<br>34966 13<br>34966 21<br>34966 21                                     |
| 34320 69<br>34320 71<br>34320 72<br>34320 74                         | 34322 50<br>34323 02<br>34323 05<br>34323 08                         | 34413 82<br>34413 83<br>34413 83<br>34413 83<br>34413 83                         | 34413 29<br>34413 23<br>34413 26<br>34413 59                                     | 34662 00<br>34662 00<br>34699 98   | 34662 30<br>34662 32<br>34699 51                                     | 34968 41<br>34968 45<br>34968 46<br>34968 46<br>34968 47                         | 34968 42<br>34968 42<br>34968 42<br>34968 42<br>34968 42                         |
| 34320 75<br>34320 76<br>34320 78<br>34320 80                         | 34323 11<br>34323 14<br>34323 17<br>34322 27                         | 34422 23<br>34422 29   | 34422 30<br>34422 30   | 34699 98<br>34790 00   | 34699 97<br>34790 77   | 34968 61<br>34968 65<br>34968 77<br>34968 99                                     | 34968 63<br>34968 63<br>34968 98<br>34968 98                                     |

#### Part 2. Comparability of Product Classes and Product Codes That Changed: 1987 to 1992

#### Part 3. Current Industrial Reports by Product Code

[Not applicable for this report]

### **Publication Program**

#### **1992 CENSUS OF MANUFACTURES**

Publications of the 1992 Census of Manufactures, containing preliminary and final data on manufacturing establishments in the United States, are described below. Publications order forms for the specific reports may be obtained from any Department of Commerce district office or from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-8300.

#### **Preliminary Reports**

#### Industry series—83 reports (MC92-I-20A(P) to -39D(P))

Preliminary industry data are issued in 83 separate reports covering 459 industries. Preliminary summary data for the United States and States are released in one report.

#### **Final Reports**

#### Industry series-83 reports (MC92-1-20A to -39D)

Each of the 83 reports provides information for a group of related industries ("dairy products" includes industries for butter, cheese, milk, etc.). Final figures for the United States are shown for each of the 459 manufacturing industries on quantity and value of products shipped and materials consumed, cost of fuels and electric energy, capital expenditures, assets, rents, inventories, employment, payroll, payroll supplements, hours worked, value added by manufacture, number of establishments, and number of companies. Comparative statistics for earlier years are provided where available.

For each industry, data on value of shipments, value added by manufacture, capital expenditures, employment, and payroll are shown by employment-size class of establishment, State, and degree of primary product specialization.

#### Geographic area series—51 reports (MC92-A-1 to -51)

A separate report is being published for each State and the District of Columbia. Each report presents data for industry groups and industries on value of shipments, cost of materials, value added by manufacture, employment, payroll, hours worked, new capital expenditures, and number of manufacturing establishments for the State, MA's, counties, and selected places. Comparative statistics for earlier census years are shown for the State and large MA's. Manufacturing totals are presented for each county and for places with significant manufacturing activity. Detailed statistics (including inventories, assets, rents, and energy costs) are presented only in statewide totals.

#### Subject series—3 reports (MC92-S-1 to -3)

Each of the three reports contains detailed statistics for an individual subject, such as concentration ratios in manufacturing, manufacturers' shipments to the Federal Government, and a general national-level summary.

#### Reference series—1 report (MC92-R-1)

The Numerical List of Manufactured and Mineral Products includes a description of the principal products and services published in the 1992 Censuses of Manufactures and Mineral Industries.

### Location of Manufacturing Plants—1 report (MC92-LM)

This report includes data for number of establishments by four-digit SIC industry and by employment-size class for counties, incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and Zip Codes for each State. This report is available only on compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM).

#### Analytical Reports—2 reports (AR92-1 and -2)

#### Exports From Manufacturing Establishments (AR92-1)

This report presents data on exports by two- and three-digit SIC industry groups for the United States and States. Information is presented on value of direct report shipments and estimates of the employment required to manufacture these products. Included are estimates of employment in manufacturing and nonmanufacturing establishments that supply parts, materials, and services for production of manufactured exports.

### Selected Characteristics of Manufacturing Establishments That Export (AR92-2)

This report presents data on the number of manufacturing companies and establishments that export by major group, State, employment size, and ratios of exports to shipments.

#### **Electronic Media**

All data included in the printed reports are available on CD-ROM. The CD-ROM's provide the same information found in the reports as well as additional information not published in the final reports, such as location of manufacturing plants. Electronic media products are available for users who wish to summarize, rearrange, or process large amounts of data. These products, with corresponding technical documentation, are sold by Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-8300.

#### **OTHER ECONOMIC CENSUSES REPORTS**

Data on retail trade, wholesale trade, financial, insurance, real estate, service industries, construction industries, mineral industries, transportation, communications, utilities, enterprise statistics, minority-owned businesses, and women-owned businesses also are available from the 1992 Economic Census. A separate series of reports covers the census of outlying areas—Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands of the United States, Guam, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. Separate announcements describing these reports are available free of charge from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-8300.