Figure 3 Largest occupations earning wages near the U.S. median, May 2006

- Many of the average-paying occupations were skilled manufacturing, skilled trades, and office and administrative support jobs.
- For most of the workers in these occupations, the highest level of educational attainment was high school or some college/associate's degree, and the most significant source of training was moderate-term on-thejob training. For the remaining occupations in this list, the most significant sources of training was short-term on-the-job training or a postsecondary vocational award, according to BLS's Occupational Outlook Handbook.

| Occupation | Median Hourly <br> Wage |
| :--- | :---: |
| U.S. median wage | 14.61 |
| Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks | 14.69 |
| Maintenance and repair workers, general | $1,856,890$ |
| Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers | $1,310,580$ |
| Bill and account collectors | 14.14 |
| Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers | 13.97 |
| Dental assistants | 15.10 |
| Painters, construction and maintenance | 14.53 |
| Loan interviewers and clerks | 15.00 |
| Insurance claims and policy processing clerks | 14.89 |
| All other information and record clerks | 14.96 |

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