THE MINERAL INDUSTRY OF

SIERRA LEONE

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Sierra Leone's mineral production remained restricted by civil unrest during most of 1997. The fighting resulted in the suspension of most mineral operations in the country. The mineral industry had accounted for 15% to 20% of the nation's gross domestic product, 80% to 90% of export earnings, and employed almost 15% of the labor force, primarily in rural areas. Sierra Leone has additional mineral deposits, including bauxite,

cassiterite, clays, columbite, diamond, gold, iron ore, kaolin, lignite, platinum, dimension stone, and tantalite (Jeremy Hawke, IMC Mackay and Schnellmann, unpub. data, 1997). For more-extensive coverage of the mineral industry of Sierra Leone, see the 1996 Minerals Yearbook, Volume III, Mineral Industries of Africa and the Middle East.

${\bf TABLE~1}\\ {\bf SIERRA~LEONE:~PRODUCTION~OF~MINERAL~COMMODITIES~1/}$

(Thousand metric tons unless otherwise specified)

Commodity		1993	1994	1995	1996	1997
Bauxite, gross weight		1,170	735			
Diamond	thousand carats	158	255	214	270	104
Gold 2/	kilograms	157	125	4	16	10
Gypsum e/	metric tons	4,000	4,000	100	300	150
Salt e/		200	200		50	10
Titanium:						
Rutile ore and concentrate 96% TiO2, gross weight		152	137			
Ilmenite ore and concentrate 60% TiO2, gross weight		63	47			
Zircon	metric tons		1,300			

e/ Estimated.

^{1/} Table includes data available through August 14, 1998. 2/ Data includes only officially reported production.