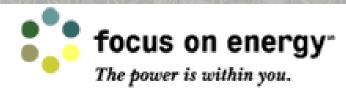
Biodiversity in Selected Natural Communities Related to Global Climate Change

Funding

Wisconsin Focus on Energy



Endangered Resources Fund





RECUIRCES

"This presentation is the property of the State of Wisconsin, Department of Administration, Division of Energy, and was funded through the WISCONSIN FOCUS ON ENERGY Program."

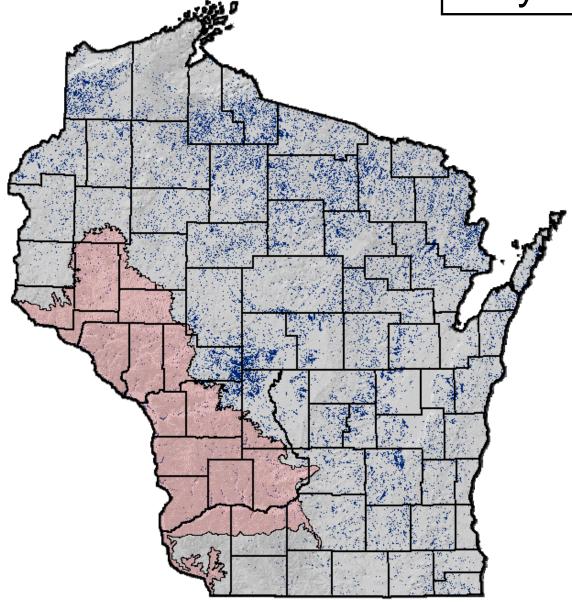


Project goals

- Obtain baseline data on presence, abundance, and distribution of selected taxon groups associated with peatlands
- Document selected biotic and abiotic variables that could influence the organisms being studied
- Determine status of selected peatland obligate animals and plants
- Replicable such that it can be repeated in 10-20 years

Why Peatlands?

Why Peatlands?



Species groups

- Breeding passerine birds
- Small mammals
- Amphibians
- Selected invertebrates
- Selected rare birds & amphibians
- Rare vascular plants
- Natural Communities

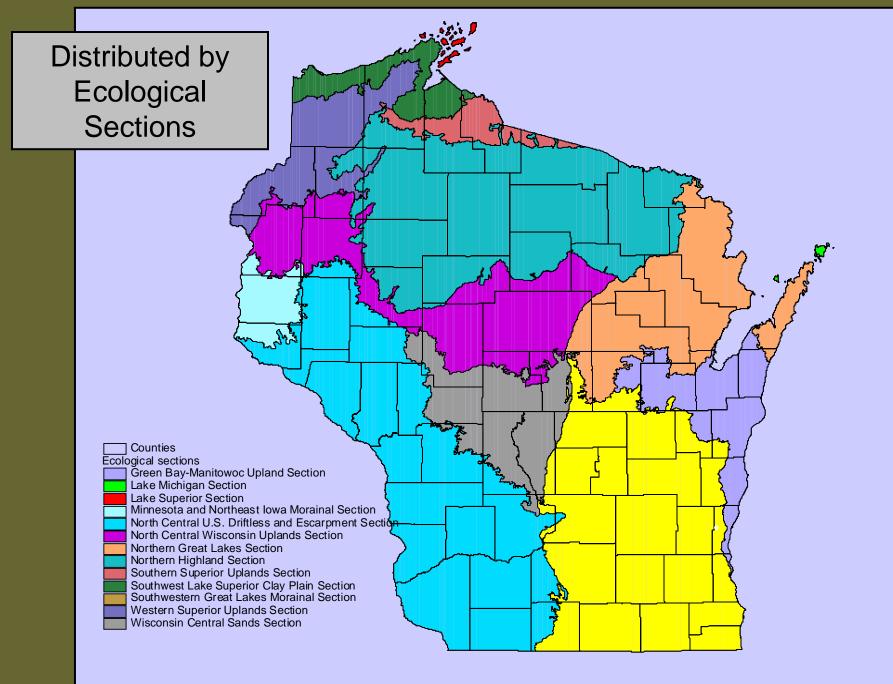
Inventory Intensity

The two levels of intensity will provide:

- volume of data and repetition over time on intensive sites
- broad scale spatial resolution through extensive site surveys
- wide taxonomic resolution through a combination of intensive and extensive surveys

Intensive Site Selection Criteria

a selfers



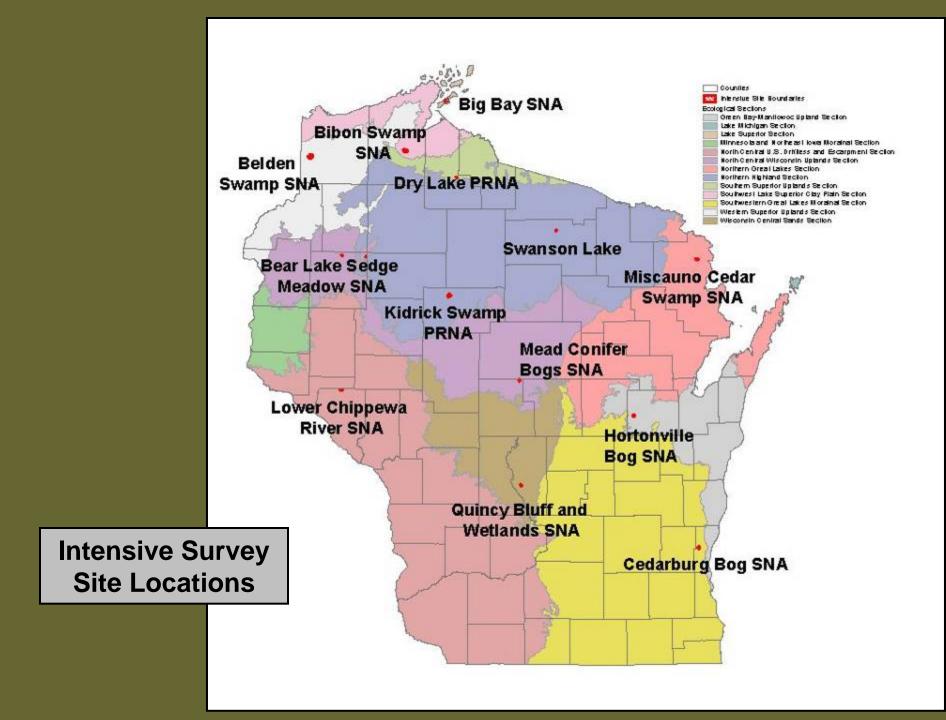




Disturbance







Extensive Site Selection

Criteria

- Exclude Intensive Sites.
- No special degree of protection
- ≥ 40 acres of contiguous peat
- within ≥ 100 acres of contiguous wetland
 - Open, closed, or both

Grid Block Evaluation

Potentially suitable habitat was assessed using GIS layers & other data.
All biologists worked within a core area.



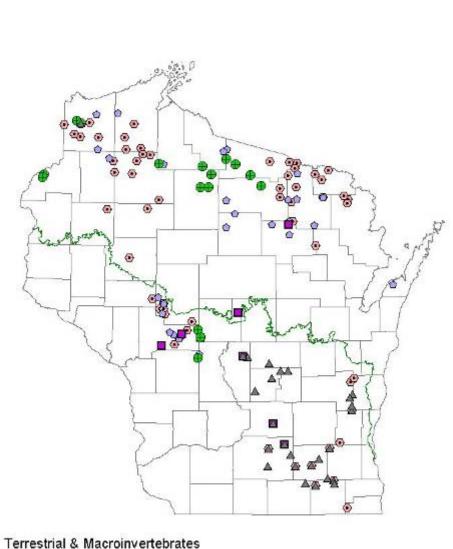
Site Field Evaluation

Surveys & Results

Extensive Sites surveyed for one or more groups during 2006.



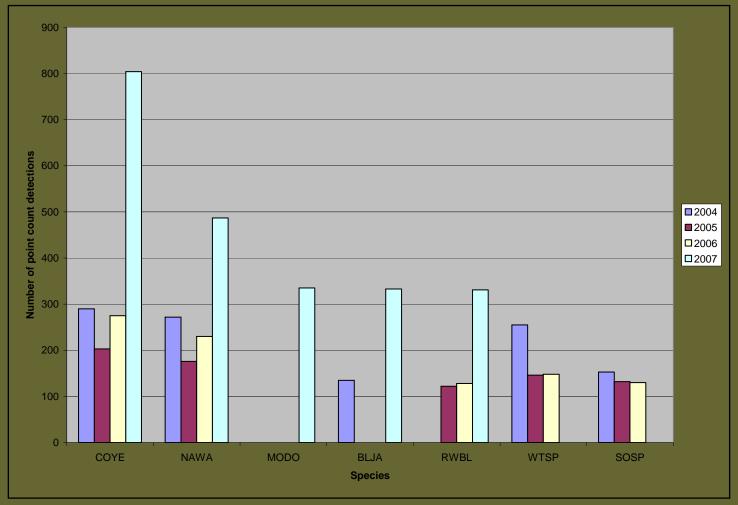




- Secretive Marsh Birds, Toads, Frogs
- Breeding Passerine Birds
- Butterflies & Grasshoppers 0
- Rare Plants 0
 - Counties
 - **Ecological Provinces**

Breeding Passerine Bird Surveys

- Determine passerine bird relative abundance.
- Determine the relationship between habitat structure & composition and bird species relative abundance.



Amphibian Objectives

To obtain information on the presence, species composition and richness, local and regional distribution, and habitat associations of amphibians.

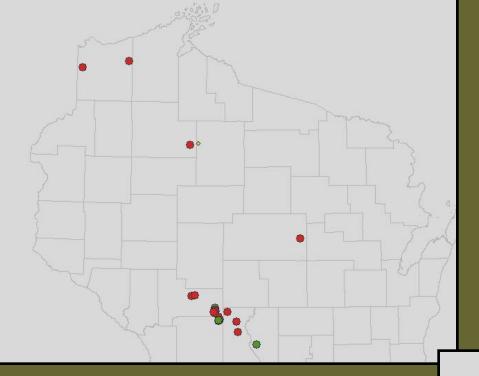


Small Mammal Objectives

Determine species composition, relative abundance, phenology, and breeding success.
Determine the relationship between habitat structure & composition and small mammal species relative abundance.





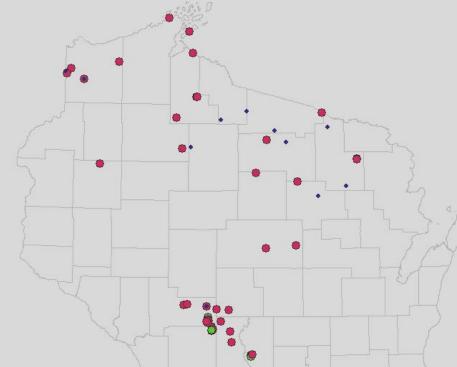




Williamsonia Records as of 2007

Williamsonia Records Before Project





Secretive Marsh Bird, Frog, and Toad Surveys



Rare Bird Surveys

Target species: •Yellow rail American bittern LeConte's sparrow Nelson's sharp-tailed sparrow

USFWS

Rare Amphibian Surveys

Dan Nedrelo

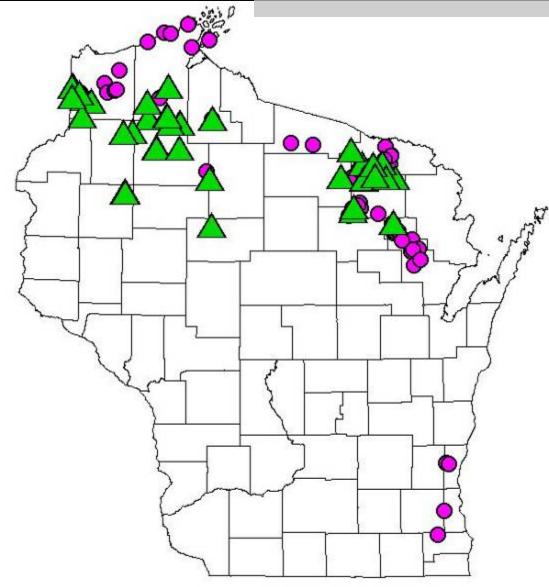
Rare Plant Surveys



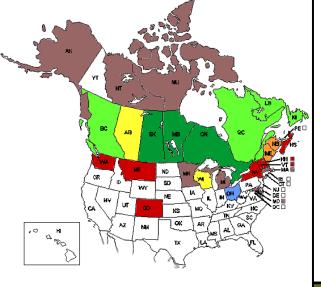
- 2004 65 sites surveyed
- Rare species: 23
- 2005 64 sites surveyed
- Rare species: 40
- 2006 62 sites surveyed
- Rare species: 27

Analysis

Carex tenuiflora







Products

- A replicable set of baseline data
- New records for databases
- NHI working list revisions
- Development & population of a site database
- Species distribution and abundance information
- Contribution to the revision of Mammals of Wisconsin
- Development of a passerine bird habitat model

