

# Mineral Industry Surveys

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### **LEAD IN NOVEMBER 2007**

Domestic mine production of lead, based on the net quantity of lead recovered from concentrate, was 31,500 metric tons in November, according to the U.S. Geological Survey. Mine production for the first 11 months of 2007 was slightly above that for the same period in 2006. Secondary refinery production of lead decreased slightly compared with that of the previous

According to Platts Metals Week published quotations, the average North American producer price in November was \$1.63 per pound, essentially unchanged from that of the previous month. The London Metal Exchange cash price in November averaged \$3,327 per metric ton, about an 11% decrease from that of the previous month.

Ivernia Inc. (Toronto, Ontario, Canada) entered into a longterm relationship with Yunnan Metallurgical Group (Kunming, China). Under the terms of the relationship, the two companies agreed to collaborate to identify new base metal opportunities as well as to ensure successful operations at Ivernia's Magellan Mine in Australia. Furthermore, Yunnan agreed to invest about \$21.5 million in Ivernia and to purchase 50% of Magellan's annual forecast lead concentrate production. The deal was expected to be finalized in the first quarter of 2008. Operations at Magellan had been suspended since April 2007 owing to environmental concerns associated with the transport of lead carbonate from the mine (Ivernia Inc., 2007).

Ultralife Batteries, Inc. (2007) (Newark, NY) completed the acquisitions of Stationary Power Services, Inc., and Reserve

Power Systems, Inc. Stationary Power Services specializes in the engineering, installation, and preventive maintenance of standby power systems, uninterrupted power supply systems, DC power systems, and switchgear systems. Reserve Power Systems supplies lead-acid batteries primarily for use by Stationary Power Services in the design and installation of standby power systems.

BFS Retail and Commercial Operations, LLC (Bloomingdale, IL), the world's leading chain of company-owned car care centers, announced that it would be replacing lead wheel weights with steel versions at its service centers in 2008. Lead weights had traditionally been used to help balance vehicle wheels when tires were installed. The company aimed to reduce the environmental impact of lead weights lost during transit, potentially contaminating soil or water. BFS planned to collect and recycle existing lead weights that had been removed from vehicles at their service centers (CRU Lead Monitor, 2007).

#### **References Cited**

CRU Lead Monitor, 2007, Steel to replace lead in US wheel weights: CRU Lead Monitor, December, p. 11.

Ivernia Inc., 2007, Ivernia Inc. and Yunnan Metallurgical Group to form visionary long-term strategic relationship: Toronto, Ontario, Canada, Ivernia Inc. news release, November 30, p. 3.

Ultralife Batteries, Inc., 2007, Ultralife completes acquisitions of Stationary Power services, Inc. and Reserve Power Systems, Inc.: Newark, NY, Ultralife Batteries, Inc. news release, November 19, p. 2.

 $\label{eq:table 1} \textbf{TABLE 1} \\ \textbf{SALIENT LEAD STATISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES}^1$ 

(Metric tons, lead content, unless otherwise specified)

2	2006	2007			
	January-			January-	
Year	November	October	November	November	
419,000	394,000	39,400 r	31,500 <sup>r</sup>	397,000	
153,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	
_					
1,150,000	1,040,000	102,000	101,000	1,080,000	
	10,500	1,020	1,020	10,800	
8,990	13,800	1,250	1,250	13,800	
1,160,000	1,070,000	104,000	104,000	1,100,000	
_					
53,700	49,900	56,400 r	59,100	59,100	
_					
539	449	155	256	1,670	
331,000	310,000	28,100	23,100	242,000	
1,560,000	1,350,000	133,000	128,000	1,410,000	
	41,800	4,000	3,850	42,300	
1,560,000	1,390,000	137,000	132,000	1,450,000	
_					
298,000	287,000	39,700	24,500	281,000	
197	197		16	147	
68,500	66,100	6,220	5,800	50,300	
9,520	8,690	17	62	2,670	
121,000	111,000	17,200	15,000	114,000	
_					
77.40	76.59	163.18	163.42	120.49	
	Year  419,000 153,000  1,150,000 8,990 1,160,000 537,700 1,560,000	Year         January-November           419,000         394,000           153,000         NA           1,150,000         1,040,000            10,500           8,990         13,800           1,160,000         1,070,000           53,700         49,900            41,800           1,560,000         1,350,000            41,800           1,560,000         1,390,000           298,000         287,000           197         197           68,500         66,100           9,520         8,690           121,000         111,000	Year         January-November         October           419,000         394,000         39,400 ° 1,400 °	Year         January-November         October         November           419,000         394,000         39,400 r 31,500 r 31,500 r 31,500 r 153,000         NA         NA         NA           1,150,000         1,040,000         102,000         101,000 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,020 1,000 104,000 1,350,000 131,000 128,000 1,360,000 1,350,000 133,000 128,000 1,560,000 1,390,000 137,000 132,000 137,000 132,000 137,000 132,000 197 197 16 68,500 66,100 6,220 5,800 17 62 121,000 111,000 17,200 15,000	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Estimated. <sup>r</sup>Revised. NA Not available. -- Zero.

TABLE 2 MONTHLY AVERAGE LEAD PRICES

	North American					
	producer price			exchange rate		
	cents/lb	\$/metric ton	£/metric ton	dollars/£		
2006:						
November	82.63	1,624.15	849.22	1.912524		
December	86.31	1,724.38	878.51	1.962855		
Year	77.40	1,289.06	651.84	1.977591		
2007:						
January	86.71	1,665.34	850.22	1.958719		
February	87.11	1,778.56	907.92	1.958947		
March	93.82	1,913.11	982.38	1.947427		
April	98.53	1,999.78	1,005.98	1.987886		
May	99.60	2,099.68	1,058.30	1.984000		
June	106.34	2,425.20	1,220.70	1.986729		
July	126.28	3,082.76	1,514.52	2.035471		
August	149.76	3,118.08	1,550.49	2.011026		
September	150.65	3,224.98	1,597.73	2.018479		
October	163.18	3,718.51	1,818.38	2.044955		
November	163.42	3,327.01	1,606.69	2.070720		

Source: Platts Metals Week.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits, except prices; may not add to totals shown.

### $\label{eq:table 3} \textbf{CONSUMPTION OF PURCHASED LEAD-BASE SCRAP}^1$

### (Metric tons, gross weight)

	Stocks October 31,	Net		Stocks November 30,
Item	2007	receipts	Consumption	2007
Battery-lead	26,100	109,000	110,000	24,300
Soft lead	W	W	W	W
Drosses and residues	W	W	W	W
Other <sup>2</sup>	700	7,570	7,740	529
Total	26,800	116,000	118,000	24,800
Percent change from preceding month	XX	-1.1	-3.4	-7.5

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included with "Other." XX Not applicable.

## ${\it TABLE~4} \\ {\it LEAD, TIN, AND~ANTIMONY~RECOVERED~FROM} \\ {\it LEAD-BASE~SCRAP~IN~NOVEMBER~2007}^1 \\ {\it CABULATORS CONTROL TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF$

### (Metric tons)

	Secondary metal content					
Product recovered	Lead	Tin	Antimony			
Soft and calcium lead	51,500					
Remelt lead	W					
Antimonial lead	14,300	(2)	(2)			
Other <sup>3</sup>	35,800	(2)	(2)			
Total lead-base	101,000	136	284			

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Other." – Zero.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{l}}\mathrm{Data}$  are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes solder, common babbitt, antimonial lead, cable covering, type metals, and other lead-base scrap.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Includes cable lead, lead-base babbitt, solder, type metals, and other products.

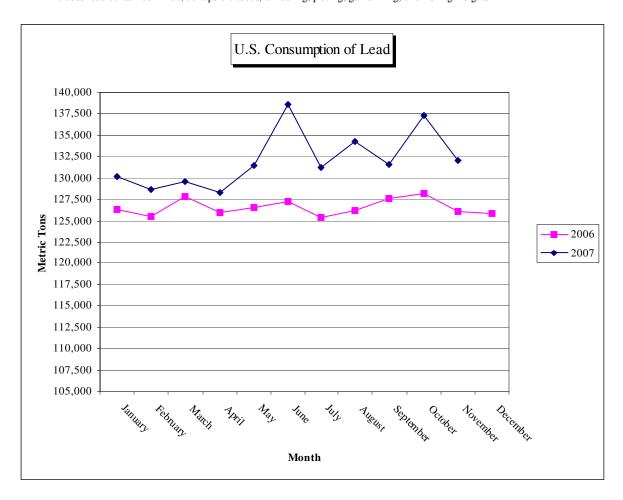
 $\label{eq:table 5} {\sf CONSUMPTION} \mbox{ OF LEAD IN THE UNITED STATES}^1$ 

### (Metric tons, lead content)

	20	06		2007		
		January-			January-	
Use	Year	November	October	Nov ember	November	
Metal products:						
Ammunition, shot and bullets	65,300	69,100	6,180	5,120	70,100	
Brass and bronze, billet and ingots	2,620	4,390	368	399	3,870	
Cable covering, power and communication						
and calking lead, building construction	W	7,490	503	626	6,440	
Casting metals	29,900	17,900	2,500	2,490	27,400	
Sheet lead, pipes, traps and other extruded products	8,560	27,800	676	619	8,450	
Solder	7,140	7,440	569	568	6,260	
Storage batteries, including oxides	1,400,000	1,170,000	119,000	115,000	1,250,000	
Terne metal, type metal, and other metal products <sup>2</sup>	24,700	1,630	1,390	1,390	15,200	
Total metal products	1,530,000	1,310,000	131,000	126,000	1,390,000	
Other oxides and miscellaneous	28,500	41,700	2,330	2,330	25,600	
Total reported	1,560,000	1,350,000	133,000	128,000	1,410,000	
Undistributed <sup>e</sup>		41,800	4,000	3,850	42,300	
Grand total	1,560,000	1,390,000	137,000	132,000	1,450,000	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Estimated. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Metal products: Terne metal, type metal, and other metal products." -- Zero.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes lead consumed in foil, collapsible tubes, annealing, plating, galvanizing, and fishing weights.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

 ${\bf TABLE\,6}$  CONSUMER AND SECONDARY SMELTER STOCKS, RECEIPTS, AND CONSUMPTION OF LEAD  $^1$ 

### (Metric tons, lead content)

	Stocks			Stocks
	October 31,	Net		November 30,
Type of material	2007	receipts	Consumption	2007
Soft lead	35,600	75,700	74,700	36,600
Antimonial lead	12,200	26,000	24,800	13,300
Lead alloys	W	W	W	W
Copper-base scrap	W	W	W	W
Total	56,400 <sup>r</sup>	131,000	128,000	59,100

Revised. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total."

 $\label{eq:table7} \textbf{TABLE 7} \\ \textbf{U.S. EXPORTS OF LEAD, BY CLASS}^1$ 

### (Metric tons)

				2007	
	2006				January-
	November	Year	October	November	November
Lead content:					
Ore and concentrates	23,200	298,000	39,700	24,500	281,000
Bullion	10	197		16	147
Materials excluding scrap	6,170	68,500	6,220	5,800	50,300
TEL/TML preparations, based					
on lead compounds	496	9,520	17	62	2,670
Total	29,900	376,000	45,900	30,300	334,000
Gross weight: Scrap	11,100	121,000	17,200	15,000	114,000

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{Data}$  are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

 ${\it TABLE~8}$  U.S. IMPORTS OF LEAD BY TYPE OF MATERIALS AND BY COUNTRY OF  ${\it ORIGIN}^1$ 

### (Metric tons, lead content)

	General imports					Imports for consumption				
	2	006		2007		2006 200		2007	.007	
		January-			January-		January-			January-
Country of origin	Year	November	October	November	November	Year	November	October	November	November
Base bullion:										
Canada	449	449				449	449			
Other	90		155	256	1,670	90		155	256	1,670
Total	539	449	155	256	1,670	539	449	155	256	1,670
Pigs and bars:										
Australia	9,230	9,230				9,230	9,230			
Canada	222,000	205,000	22,100	14,900	191,000	222,000	205,000	22,100	14,900	191,000
Mexico	15,800	14,500	5,070	3,870	31,100	15,800	14,500	5,070	3,870	31,100
Peru	34,600	31,900	1,000	1,430	15,900	34,600	31,900	1,000	1,430	15,900
Other	49,800	49,700	21	2,940	3,560	49,800	49,700	21	2,940	3,560
Total	331,000	310,000	28,100	23,100	242,000	331,000	310,000	28,100	23,100	242,000
Grand total	332,000	311,000	28,300	23,400	243,000	332,000	311,000	28,300	23,400	243,000

<sup>--</sup> Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathrm{l}}\mathrm{D}$ ata are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.