

PRESIDENT BUSH'S AFRICA POLICY ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND INITIATIVES

I. GREATEST LEVEL OF ENGAGEMENT OF ALL ADMINISTRATIONS

A. Meeting with 25 African Heads of State in First Two Years

- President Obasanjo of Nigeria, May 11, 2001 at White House
- President Mbeki of South Africa, June 26, 2001 at White House
- President Moi of Kenya, June 27, 2001 at White House
- President Kufuor of Ghana, June 28, 2001 at White House
- President Wade of Senegal, June 28, 2001 at White House
- President Konare of Mali, June 28, 2001 at White House
- President Obasanjo of Nigeria, November 2, 2001 at White House
- President Museveni of Uganda, November 10, 2001 at UNGA
- President Ratsiraka of Madagascar, November 11, 2001 at UNGA
- President Moi of Kenya, November 11, 2001 at UNGA
- President Kabila of Dem. Rep. of Congo, November 11, 2001 at UNGA
- President Mbeki of South Africa, November 11, 2001 at UNGA
- Former President Mandela, November 12, 2001 at White House
- President dos Santos of Angola, February 26, 2002 at White House
- President Chissao of Mozambique, February 26, 2002 at White House
- President Mogae of Botswana, February 26, 2002 at White House
- President Museveni of Uganda, May 2002 at White House
- President Mbeki of South Africa, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Kagame of Rwanda, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Kabila of Dem. Rep. of Congo, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Biya of Cameroon, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Deby of Chad, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Bongo of Gabon, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Obiang of Equatorial Guinea, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Patasse of Central African Rep., September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Buyoya of Burundi, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Sassou-Nguesso of Rep. of Congo, September 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President de Menezes of Sao Tome and Principe, Sept. 13, 2002 at UNGA
- President Moi of Kenya, December 5, 2002 at White House
- Prime Minister Meles of Ethiopia, Dec. 5, 2002 at White House
- President Guelleh of Djibouti, planned for January 21, 2003 at White House

B. Bush Directed His Cabinet Secretaries to Have High Level Engagement in Africa

Five in First-term: Secretary Powell (May 2001, August 2002); Secretary Thompson; Secretary O'Neill; AMB Zoellick; Secretary Evans (November 2002)

II. GREATEST LEVELS OF ASSISTANCE OF ALL ADMINISTRATIONS

A. Core Development Assistance for Africa: Historic High Levels

- 30 percent increase for sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) from 2001 to 2003
- Over \$1 billion ODA for SSA in FY03, highest level in U.S. history

B. Millennium Challenge Account: Increase development assistance by 50% over the next three years, resulting in \$5 billion annual increase over current levels

C. HIV/AIDS Global Funding: Historic High Levels and Climbing...

- \$988 million in FY2002, a 36% increase over FY2001
- \$1.1 billion in FY2003, doubles level of funding when he took office
- \$500 million to Global HIV/AIDS Fund, first and largest contributor

III. MAJOR POLICY INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

A. Promote Health and Education; Combat HIV/AIDS, TB, Malaria

- Created HIV/AIDS Cabinet Council co-chaired by Powell and Thompson
- Jump-started Global HIV/AIDS Fund with first \$500 million contribution, represents one quarter of the Fund's total resources
- New \$500M Mother and Child HIV Prevention Initiative
- New \$200M Africa Education Initiative to train over 400,000 teachers; provide 250,000 scholarships for African girls; and provide 4.5 million textbooks

B. Promote Growth and Development; Eradicate Poverty

- Implementing African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA); Provides over 90% duty free market access for African imports to the U.S. President Bush attended AGOA Forum in Washington, DC.
- "Stop the Debt". IDA Grants Initiative for Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs) to provide up to 50% of assistance to poorest in form of grants not loans.
- Provided 18 percent increase to the African Development Bank's fund to assist the poorest—by far, the largest increase among the major donors.

E. Promote Regional Peace and Stability; End Conflict and War (President Bush's leadership is directly responsible for progress ending wars in Sierra Leone, Sudan, and Congo)

- Appointed former Senator Danforth as Presidential Envoy for Sudan
- Appointed Andrew Natsios as Humanitarian Coordinator for Sudan
- Build the capacity of regional peacekeepers in Sierra Leone and Congo
- Provided additional \$55 million in FY2002 for combating terrorism in Africa
- Launched \$5 million awards program to track individuals responsible for genocide and terror acts in Central Africa. Three Apprehended since June 2002.