## New York Exports to Australia

NEW YORK

New York's export shipments of merchandise to Australia rebounded in 2003, totaling \$392 million. This was an increase of 7 percent from 2002 but still well below the 1999 value of \$706 million.

The 2003 uptick in New York's exports to Australia placed the state eighth nationally in the value of shipments to this market.

New York's export shipments to Australia increased \$27 million (7 percent) from 2002 to 2003, the 14th largest dollar increase among the states.

Australia was New York's 21st largest market in 2003, just behind Brazil and ahead of Saudi Arabia.

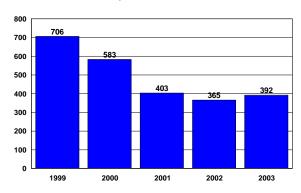
The \$27 million gain in New York's shipments to Australia from 2002 to 2003 was the 18th largest dollar increase among the state's top 30 markets. Over the same period, Australia was New York's 17th fastest growing major market.

The overwhelming majority, 98 percent, of New York's exports to Australia consist of a diverse range of manufactured products.

The state's top export category to Australia is chemical manufactures. In 2003, New York exported chemical products to Australia valued at \$88 million, or about 23 percent of the state's total exports to this market (including non-manufactures).

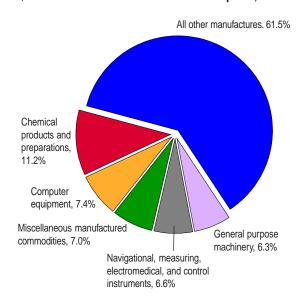
## New York's Exports to Australia Rebounded 7 Percent From 2002 to 2003

Merchandise Exports to Australia, \$ Millions



## New York Exports a Wide Range of Manufactured Products to Australia

\$383 Million in Manufactured Goods Exports, 2003



Note: Manufactures are a subcategory of total merchandise exports, which also include mining commodities and unprocessed agricultural products.

Source: Origin of Movement Series, Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce. The Origin of Movement (OM) series allocates exports to states based on transportation origin, i.e., the state from which goods begin their journey to the port (or other point of exit) from the United States. The transportation origin of exports is not always the same as the location where the goods were produced. Thus, conclusions about "export production" in a state should not be made solely on the basis of the Origin of Movement state export figures.

Prepared by the Office of Trade & Economic Analysis, Trade Development, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

New York's other leading exports to Australia in 2003 included computers and electronic products (\$77 million, of which \$28 million was computer equipment), machinery manufactures (\$52 million, of which \$24 million was general purpose machinery), and miscellaneous manufactures (\$41 million).



The upturn in the state's exports to Australia from 2002 to 2003 was due mainly to a rebound in primary metal manufactures (shipments up \$14 million); fabricated metal products (up \$14 million); and electrical equipment, appliances, and parts (up \$11 million).

## Australia Was New York's 21st Largest Market for Merchandise Exports in 2003 Value of New York's Merchandise Exports to Its 30 Largest Markets

