## **Environmental Protection Agency**

Commodity	Parts per million
Horse, meat Milk Sheep, fat Sheep, kidney Sheep, meat byproducts, except kidney Sheep, meat	0.1 0.1 0.1 1.0 0.1 0.1

(b) Section 18 emergency exemptions. [Reserved]

(c) *Tolerances with reginal registrations.* [Reserved]

(d) *Indirect or inadvertent residues.* [Reserved]

[64 FR 54224, Oct. 6, 1999, as amended at 66 FR 64774, Dec. 14, 2001; 66 FR 66332, Dec. 26, 2001]

## §180.491 Propylene oxide; tolerances for residues.

(a) *General.* Propylene oxide may be safely used in or on foods in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

(1) It is intended as a fumigant in or on bulk quantities of cocoa, gums, processed spices, and processed nutmeats (except peanuts) when such bulk foods are to be further processed into a final food form.

(2) It is applied in fumigation chambers not more than one time at a temperature not in excess of 125 °F. The maximum period of fumigation shall not exceed 4 hours for cocoa, processed nutmeats (except peanuts), and processed spices. For edible gums, the maximum duration shall be 24 hours.

(3) When used as described in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section, residues shall not exceed the following limitations:

Commodity	Parts per million
Cocoa bean, bean	300
Gum, edible	300
Nutmeat, processed, except peanuts	300
Spices, processed	300

(4) When used as a mixture with carbon dioxide (92 parts of carbon dioxide to 8 parts of propylene oxide on a weight/weight basis), all commodities listed in paragraph (a)(3) of this section may be processed not more than one time for a period not to exceed 48 hours and at a temperature not to exceed 125  $^{\circ}F$ .

(5) To assure safe use of the pesticide, the label and labeling of the pesticide

formulation shall conform to the label an labeling registered by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency.

(b) *Section 18 emergency exemptions.* [Reserved]

(c) *Tolerances with regional registrations.* [Reserved]

(d) *Indirect or inadvertent residues.* [Reserved]

 $[65\ {\rm FR}\ 33702,\ May\ 24,\ 2000,\ as\ amended\ at\ 68\ {\rm FR}\ 39430,\ July\ 1,\ 2003]$ 

## §180.492 Triflusulfuron methyl; tolerances for residues.

(a) *General.* Tolerances are established for residues of theherbicide, triflusulfuron methyl 2-[[[[[4-(dimethylamino)-6-(2,2,2trifluoroethoxy)-1,3,5-triazin-2-

yl]amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-3methylbenzoate in or on the raw agricultural commodities:

Commodity	Parts per million
Beet, sugar, roots	0.05
Beet, sugar, tops	0.05
Chicory, roots	0.05

(b) Section 18 emergency exemptions. [Reserved]

(c) *Tolerances with regional registrations.* [Reserved]

(d) Indirect or inadvertent residues. [Reserved]

[67 FR 40196, June 12, 2002]

## §180.493 Dimethomorph; tolerances for residues.

(a) *General.* A tolerance is established for the residues of the fungicide dimethomorph, (*E*,*Z*) 4-[3-(4chlorophenyl)-3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]morpholine in or on the following commodity:

Commodity	Parts per million
Brassica, leafy greens, subgroup 5B	20.0
Grape <sup>1</sup>	3.5
Grape, raisin <sup>1</sup>	6.0
Hop, dried cones	60
Lettuce, head	10
Lettuce, leaf	10
Potato, wet peel	0.15
Taro, corm	0.5
Taro, leaves	6.0
Vegetable, bulb, group 3	2.0
Vegetable, cucurbit, group 9	0.5
Vegetable, fruiting, group 8	1.5

<sup>1</sup> There are no U.S. registrations as of August 25, 2000, for the use of dimethomorph on the growing crops, grape, hop, and raisins.