

§ 381.217 Authority for condemnation or seizure under other provisions of law.

The provisions of this subpart relating to detention, seizure, condemnation and disposition of poultry or other articles do not derogate from authority for retention, condemnation, or seizure conferred by other provisions of the Act, or other laws.

§ 381.218 Criminal offenses.

The Act contains criminal provisions with respect to numerous offenses specified in the Act, including but not limited to forcible assaults on, or other interference with, any person while engaged in, or on account of the performance of, his official duties under the Act. Criminal provisions with respect to gifts or offers of bribes to such persons and related offenses are contained in the general criminal code (18 U.S.C. 201).

Subpart V—Special Provisions for Designated States and Territories; Criteria and Procedure for Designating Establishments With Operations Which Would Clearly Endanger the Public Health; Disposition of Poultry Products Therein

§ 381.220 Definition of “State”.

For purposes of this subpart, the term “State” means any State (including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico) or organized territory.

§ 381.221 Designation of States under paragraph 5(c) of the Act.

Each of the following States has been designated, under paragraph 5(c) of the Act, as a State in which the provisions of sections 1 through 4, 6 through 10, and 12 through 22 of the Act shall apply to operations and transactions wholly within the State. The Federal provisions apply, effective on the dates shown below:

States	Effective date of application of Federal provisions
Alaska	July 31, 1999.
Arkansas	Jan. 2, 1971.
California	Apr. 1, 1976.

States	Effective date of application of Federal provisions
Colorado	Jan. 2, 1971.
Connecticut	Oct. 1, 1975.
Florida	Dec. 2, 1997.
Georgia	Jan. 2, 1971.
Guam	Jan. 21, 1972.
Hawaii	Nov. 1, 1995.
Idaho	Jan. 2, 1971.
Kentucky	July 28, 1971.
Maryland	Mar. 31, 1991.
Massachusetts	Jan. 12, 1976.
Michigan	Jan. 2, 1971.
Nebraska	July 28, 1971.
Nevada	July 1, 1973.
New Hampshire	Aug. 6, 1978
New Jersey	Do.
New York	Apr. 10, 1977.
Northern Mariana Islands	Oct. 29, 1979.
Oregon	Jan. 2, 1971.
Pennsylvania	Oct. 31, 1971.
Puerto Rico	Jan. 17, 1972.
Rhode Island	Oct. 1, 1981.
South Dakota	Jan. 2, 1971.
Tennessee	Oct. 1, 1975.
Virgin Islands	Nov. 27, 1971.
Washington	June 1, 1973.

[42 FR 2949, Jan. 14, 1977, as amended at 42 FR 13270, Mar. 10, 1977; 43 FR 29269, July 7, 1978; 44 FR 55809, Sept. 28, 1979; 46 FR 43829, Sept. 1, 1981; 53 FR 20101, June 2, 1988; 55 FR 36609, Sept. 6, 1990; 56 FR 8909, Mar. 4, 1991; 60 FR 49495, Sept. 26, 1995; 60 FR 54414, Oct. 24, 1995; 62 FR 61010, Nov. 14, 1997; 64 FR 37667, July 13, 1999; 65 FR 6887, Feb. 11, 2000; 66 FR 2207, Jan. 11, 2001; 67 FR 61768, Oct. 2, 2002; 70 FR 35166, June 17, 2005]

§ 381.222 States designated under paragraph 5(c) of the Act; application of regulations.

The provisions of the regulations in this part apply to operations and transactions wholly within each State designated in § 381.221 under paragraph 5(c) of the Act, except as otherwise provided in this section. (The provisions of the regulations apply in all respects to operations and transactions in or for commerce.)

(a) Each establishment located in such a designated State, shall be granted inspection required under § 381.6(b) only if it is found, upon a combined evaluation of its premises, facilities, and operating procedures, to be capable of producing products that are not adulterated or misbranded.

(b) Section 381.26 will apply to establishments required to have inspection under § 381.6(b), except that existing interconnections between official and unofficial establishments or between

official establishments will be permitted if it is determined in specific cases that the interconnections are such that transfer of inedible poultry product into the official establishment would be difficult or unusual, and any such transfers are strictly prohibited, except as permitted under other provisions of the regulations. It is essential that separation of facilities be maintained to the extent necessary to assure that inedible poultry product does not enter the official establishment contrary to the regulations.

(c) Sections 381.49 and 381.51 shall apply to such establishments, except that separate facilities for men and women workers will not be required when the majority of the workers in the establishment are related by blood or marriage, provided that this will not conflict with municipal or State requirements; and except that separation of toilet soil lines from house drainage lines to a point outside the buildings will not be required in existing construction when positive acting back-flow devices are installed.

(d) Subpart N of this part shall apply to such establishments except as provided in this paragraph (d).

(1) The operator of each such establishment shall, prior to the inauguration of inspection, identify all labeling and marking devices in use, or proposed for use (upon the date of inauguration of inspection) to the Circuit Supervisor in which the establishment is located. Temporary approval, pending formal approval under § 381.132, will be granted by the Circuit Supervisor for labeling and marking devices that he determines are neither false nor misleading, provided the official inspection legend bearing the official establishment number is applied to the principal display panel of each label, either by a mechanical printing device or a self-destructive pressure sensitive sticker, and provided the label shows the true product name, an accurate ingredient statement, the name and address of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor, and any other features required by paragraph 4(h) of the Act.

(2) The Circuit Supervisor will forward one copy of each item of labeling and a description of each marking device for which he has granted tem-

porary approval to the Washington, DC; office of the Labels and Packaging Staff and will retain one copy in a temporary approval file for the establishment.

(3) The operator of the official establishment shall promptly forward a copy of each item of labeling and a description of each marking device for which temporary approval has been granted by the Circuit Supervisor (showing any modifications required by the Circuit Supervisor) to the Labels and Packaging Staff, Meat and Poultry Inspection Food Safety and Inspection Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, DC 20250, accompanied by the formula and details of preparation and packaging for each product. Within 90 days after inauguration of inspection, all labeling material and marking devices temporarily approved by the Circuit Supervisor must receive approval as required by § 381.132 or their use must be discontinued.

(4) The Circuit Supervisor will also review all shipping containers to insure that they do not have any false or misleading labeling and are otherwise not misbranded. Modifications of unacceptable information on labeling material by the use of pressure sensitive tape of a type that cannot be removed without visible evidence of such removal, or by blocking out with an ink stamp will be authorized on a temporary basis to permit the maximum allowable use of all labeling materials on hand. All unacceptable labeling material which is not modified to comply with the requirements of the regulations must be destroyed or removed from the official establishment.

(e) Sections 381.175 through 381.179 apply to operations and transactions not in or for commerce in a State designated under paragraph 5(c) only if the State is also designated under section 11 of the Act and if such provisions are applicable as shown in § 381.224.

(f) Section 381.185(a) will not apply to States designated under paragraph 5(c) of the Act.

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(g) Provisions of this part relating to exports and imports do not apply to operations and transactions solely in or for intrastate commerce.

[37 FR 9706, May 16, 1972, as amended at 39 FR 4569, Feb. 5, 1974; 62 FR 45027, Aug. 25, 1997]

§ 381.223 Control and disposition of nonfederally inspected poultry products in States designated under paragraph 5(c) of the Act.

Upon the effective date of designation of a State under paragraph 5(c) of the Act, no poultry products can be processed within the State unless they are prepared under inspection pursuant to the regulations or are exempted from the requirement of inspection under § 381.10, and no unexempted poultry products which were processed without any inspection can lawfully be distributed within the State. For a period of 90 days from the effective date of such designation, poultry products which were processed in any State listed in § 381.187 and inspected and passed

under the supervision of a responsible State or local inspection agency or exempted from State inspection can be distributed solely within the State, provided they are not adulterated or misbranded, except that the official inspection legend shall not be used. Such products may not enter official establishments. After said 90-day period, only federally inspected and passed products may be distributed within the designated State, except as provided in § 381.10.

§ 381.224 Designation of States under section 11 of the Act; application of sections of the Act and the regulations.

Each of the following States has been designated, effective on the date shown below, under section 11 of the Act, as a State in which the provisions of the sections of the Act and regulations specified below shall apply to operators engaged, other than in or for commerce, in the kinds of business indicated below:

Paragraphs of act and regulations	Classes of operators	State	Effective date
Act, 11(b): §§ 381.175–381.178.	Persons engaged (not in or for commerce) in (1) the business of slaughtering any poultry or processing, freezing, packaging, or labeling any poultry carcasses, or parts or products thereof, for use as human food or animal food; (2) the business of buying or selling (as a poultry products broker, wholesaler, or otherwise), transporting or storing any poultry carcasses, or parts or products thereof; or (3) business as a renderer or in the business of buying, selling, or transporting any dead, dying, disabled, or diseased poultry or parts of carcasses of any poultry that died otherwise than by slaughter.	Alaska	July 31, 1999.
		Arkansas	Apr. 1, 1976.
		California	July 1, 1975.
		Colorado	Oct. 1, 1975.
		Connecticut	Nov. 12, 1976.
		Georgia	Nov. 19, 1976.
		Guam	Nov. 12, 1976.
		Idaho	Apr. 18, 1973.
		Kentucky	Nov. 12, 1976.
		Maryland	Jan. 12, 1976.
		Massachusetts ...	Nov. 12, 1976.
		Michigan	Jan. 31, 1975.
		Nebraska	Jan. 31, 1975.
		Nevada	Oct. 29, 1979.
		New Hampshire ..	July 1, 1975.
		New Jersey	July 16, 1975.
		New York	July 23, 1973.
		Northern Mariana Islands.	Oct. 29, 1979.
		Islands.	Jan. 31, 1975.
		Oregon	
		Pennsylvania	May 2, 1974.
		Puerto Rico	Nov. 19, 1976.
		Rhode Island	Mar. 29, 1982.
South Dakota	Nov. 12, 1976.		
Tennessee	Oct. 1, 1975.		
Virgin Islands	Nov. 19, 1976.		
Washington	Jan. 31, 1975.		
			Nov. 12, 1976.