2007 Expert Elicitation on Risk of Illness from Processed Meat and Poultry Products

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Expert Elicitation

"Expert judgment is frequently needed to organize qualitative information or mixtures of qualitative and quantitative information into a framework for making decisions."

Eliciting and Analyzing Expert Judgment: A Practical Guide, Meyer and Booker (2001)

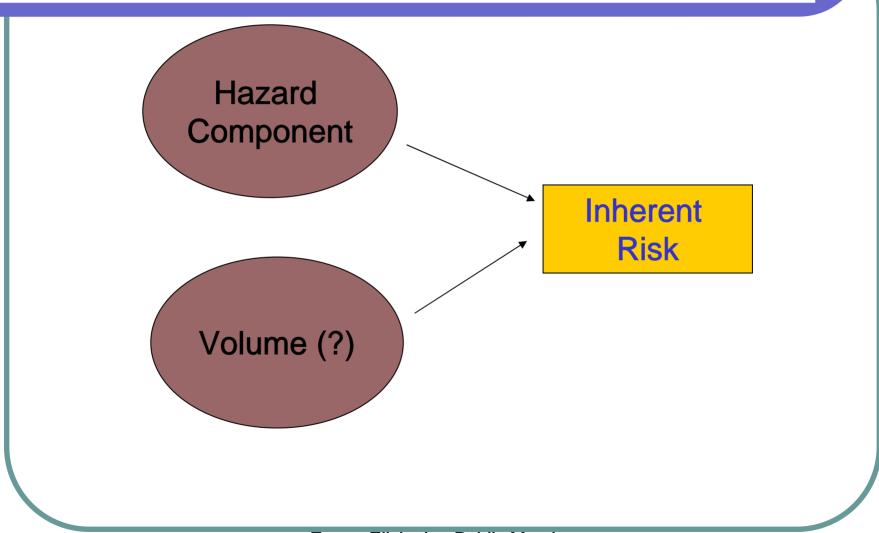
What the Expert Elicitation Provides for RBI: The Hazard Component

The expert elicitation provides a relative value for the risk of illness per serving of each category of processed meat and poultry product, i.e. the *Hazard Component* of Risk-Based Inspection (RBI).

Inherent Risk

The *Hazard Component*, and possibly a factor representing production volume, provide an individual measure of *Inherent Risk* for all of the processed products produced at each official establishment

Inherent Risk

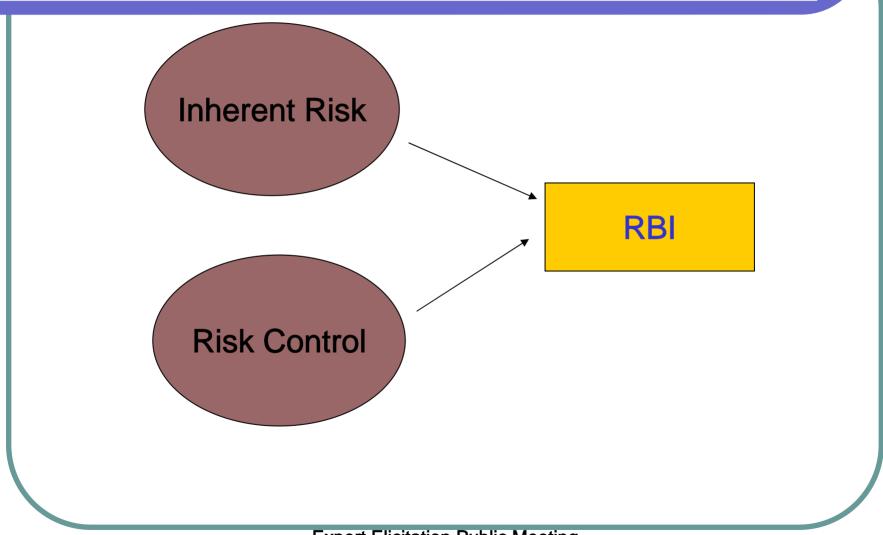


Expert Elicitation Public Meeting – June 26, 2007

Inherent Risk and Risk Control

An RBI "score" for each official establishment is determined using the *Inherent Risk* value and a measure of *Risk Control*, i.e. a relative value representing how well an establishment controls food safety risks.

Inherent Risk and Risk Control



Expert Elicitation Public Meeting – June 26, 2007

Development of Expert Elicitation Instruments and Methods

- In developing RBI, FSIS has conducted three expert elicitations -- in 2001, 2005 and 2007.
- Experience from each elicitation has led to improvements in the elicitation design and methods.
- There is significant agreement between the 2007 and 2005 elicitation results.

Peer Review

- FSIS also had the 2007 expert elicitation instruments and instructions peer-reviewed under the OMB Information Quality Act Guidelines.
- The reviewers' comments and the Agency's responses, including changes to the instruments, will be available publicly soon.

Stakeholder Comment

The 2007 Expert Elicitation also incorporated changes suggested by stakeholders at the October 2006 Risk-Based Inspection Public Workshop and at subsequent public meetings, as well as changes suggested by the National Advisory Committee on Meat and Poultry Inspection.

Changes to the 2007 Instrument

- Specifically recruited experts in three categories: public health, academia and industry
- Included a risk ranking for vulnerable consumers
- Established an upper bound for rankings
- Included an instrument that elicits attribution estimates
- Collected "confidence ratings" for each expert estimate
- Added thermally-processed, commercially sterile (typically canned) products

Future Use of the Expert Elicitation

- The elicitation results regarding healthy adults can be used in the RBI algorithm immediately
- The Agency is studying the elicitation results regarding vulnerable consumers and attribution and welcomes comment on their use in RBI