

45th Annual AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting – Special Session
The International Space Station- A New National Laboratory
0800-1200 Thursday, January 11, 2007

AGENDA

08:00	<i>Welcome & Introduction</i>	Mr. Mark Uhran NASA Assistant Associate Administrator for International Space Station (ISS)
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TECHNICAL BRIEFS

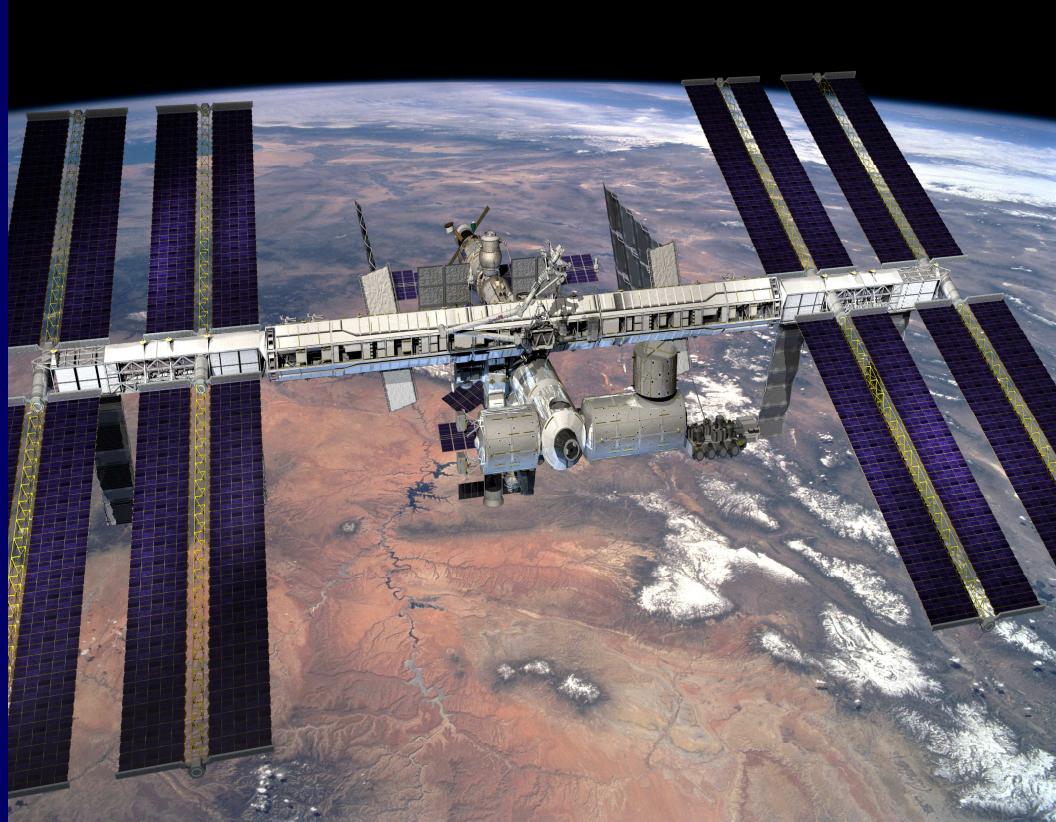
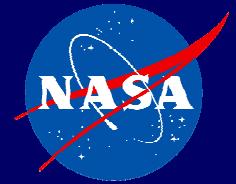
08:20	<i>ISS Research Progress to Date</i>	Dr. Julie Robinson NASA ISS Program Scientist (acting) ISS Payloads Office
08:40	<i>NASA Human Research Plans</i>	Dr. Neal Pellis NASA Associate Director Space Life Sciences Directorate
09:00	<i>ISS Post-Assembly Accommodations & Resources</i>	Mr. John Uri NASA Manager ISS Payloads Office
09:20	<i>Commercial Orbital Transportation Services</i>	Mr. Valin Thorn NASA Deputy Manager Commercial Crew & Cargo Program
09:40	<i>International Relationships</i>	Mr. Dan Jacobs NASA Manager International Programs
10:00	<i>National Laboratory Applications Development</i>	Mr. Mark Uhran
10:20	<i>Break & Resume with Panel Session at 10:30</i>	

PANEL SESSION

Mr. William Gerstenmaier, NASA Associate Administrator, Space Operations
Mr. Jeff Bingham, Staff Officer, US Senate
Dr. Peter Banks, Principal, Red Planet Capital, Inc.
Dr. Franklin Chang-Diaz, CEO, Ad Astra Rocket Co.
Mr. Alan Lindenmoyer, NASA Manager, Commercial Crew & Cargo Program
Ms. Joy Bryant, ISS Program Manager, Boeing Co.
Mr. Pat McKenzie, Director of Orion Project Business Development, Lockheed-Martin Co.

12:00 **ADJOURN**

International Space Station National Laboratory Applications Development

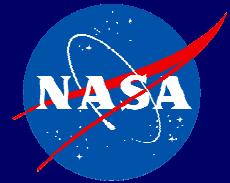


45th Annual AIAA
Aerospace Sciences Meeting

Special Session:
ISS a New National Laboratory

11 January, 2007
Reno, NV

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 - ISS Mission
- ISS Event Horizon
- Objective and Constraints
- Strategy and Actions
- Conclusion

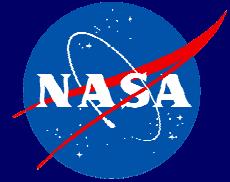
National Policy Background



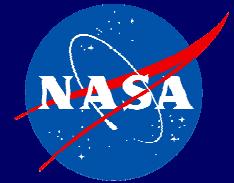
NASA Authorization Act of 2005, Sec.507 NATIONAL LABORATORY DESIGNATION (Public Law 109-155)

- (a) Designation-** To further the policy described in section 501(a) [maintain capability for human access to space on a continuous basis], the US segment of **the ISS** is hereby designated a national laboratory.
- (b) Management-**
 - 1) PARTNERSHIPS-- The Administrator shall seek to increase the utilization of the ISS by other Federal entities and the private sector through partnerships, cost-sharing agreements, and any other arrangements...
 - 2) CONTRACTING-- The Administrator may enter into a contract with a non-governmental entity to operate the ISS national laboratory, subject to all applicable Federal laws and regulations.

National Policy Background continued....



- (c) **Plan**-- the Administrator shall transmit to [applicable Congressional oversight committees] a plan describing how the national laboratory will be operated. At a minimum the plan shall describe--
- (1) any changes in the research plan transmitted under section 506(3) and any other changes resulting from the designation;
 - (2) any ground-based NASA operations or buildings that will be considered part of the national laboratory;
 - (3) the management structure for the laboratory, including the rationale for contracting or not with a nongovernmental entity to operate the ISS national laboratory;
 - (4) the workforce that will be considered employees of the national laboratory;
 - (5) how NASA will seek the participation of other parties described in subsection (b)(1); and
 - (6) a schedule for implementing any changes in ISS operations, utilization, or management described in the plan.



ISS Mission

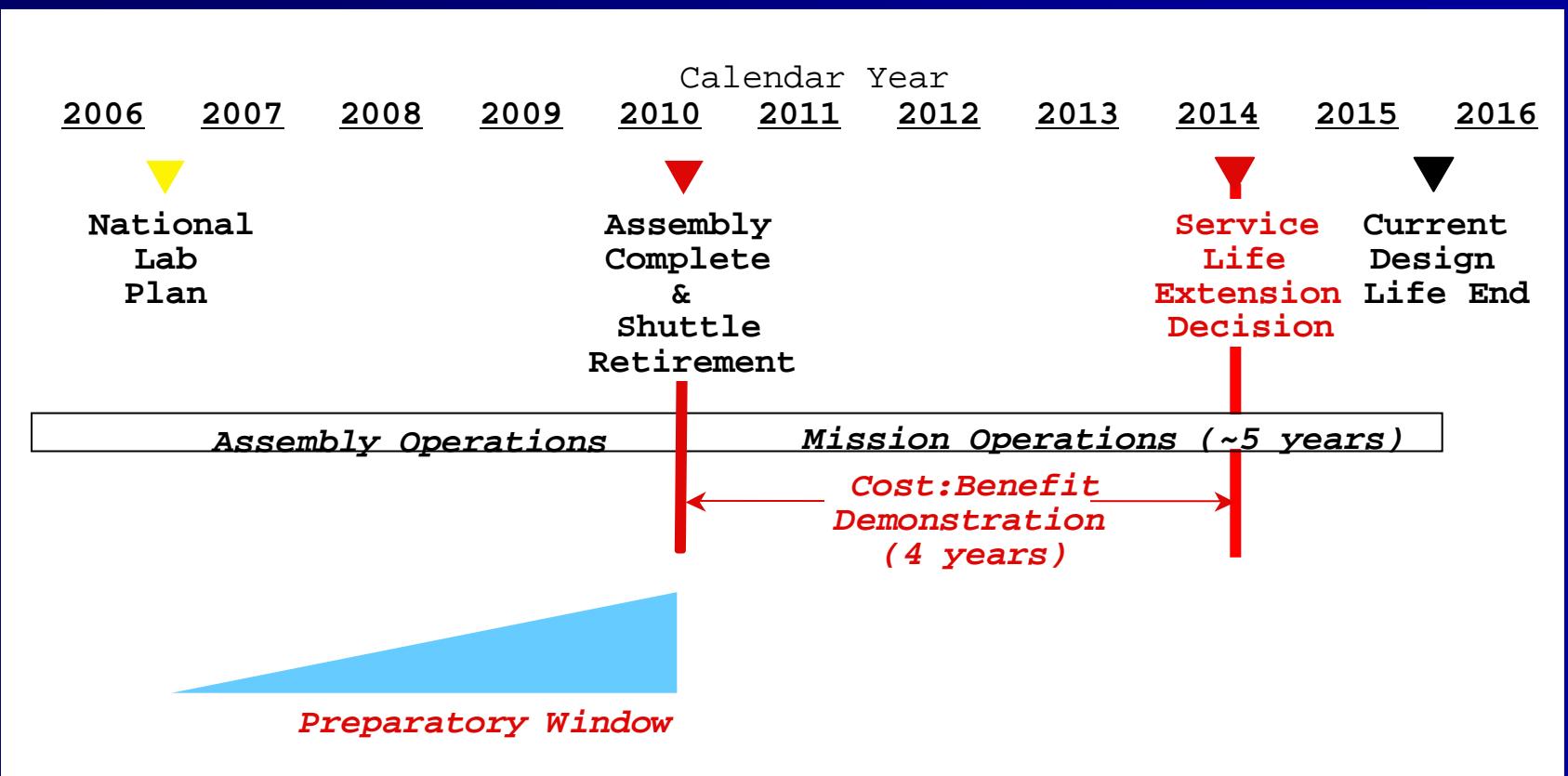
➤ ISS mission is now directly aligned with National Vision for Space Exploration:

- ✓ Research, development, test and evaluation of *biomedical protocols for human health and performance* on long-duration space missions;
- ✓ Research, development, test and evaluation of *systems readiness* for long-duration space missions, and;
- ✓ Development, demonstration and validation of *operational practices and procedures* for long duration space missions.





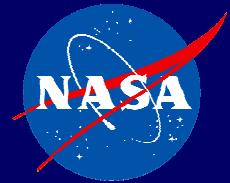
ISS Event Horizon





Objective

- **Develop non-NASA users for ISS accommodations and resources capacity currently available during the post-assembly period.**
 - Establish partnerships with government, academic and industrial participants.
 - Produce diversified portfolio of productive applications projects contributing to US economic growth.



Constraints

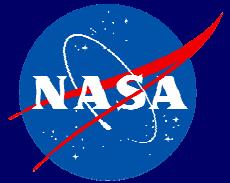
- NASA exploration mission uses of the ISS must command top priority for ISS payload resources and accommodations.
- Funds necessary for OGA uses of ISS National Laboratory must be appropriated outside of FY 2007 and subsequent NASA appropriations.
 - No impact to NASA's primary mission.
 - *NASA will continue to cover cost of ISS maintenance and operations.*



Strategy

- Pursue ISS Applications Development through NASA HQ Office of Space Operations.
 - Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with other government agencies...
 - Space Act Agreements (SAAs) with private firms...
 - Coordinated with ISS Program and Office of General Counsel.
- In parallel, determine pros/cons and most effective approach to creating an authority that could take responsibility for further non-NASA program development in next decade.
 - Study of potential legal frameworks by Office of General Counsel.
 - “Form follows function” approach at this early stage.

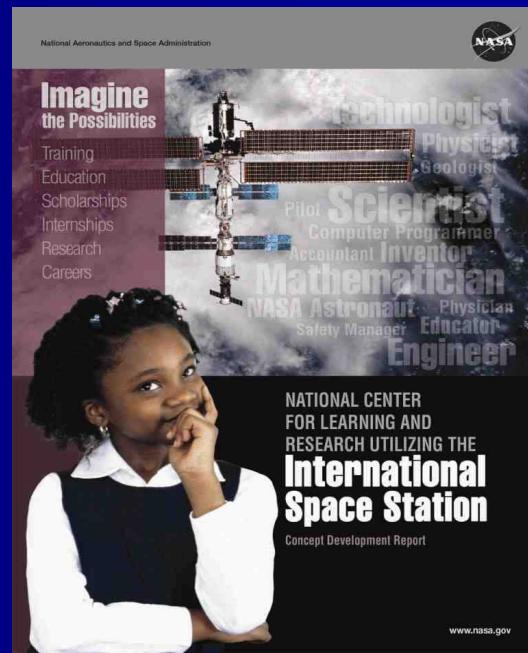
NASA Actions to Date: Education



- Launched NASA Office of Education outreach project to US Department of Education and STEM education-relevant agencies (NIH, NSF, DOD...)
- Linkages to PACE & ACI



Protecting
America's
Competitive
Edge



- Initial reactions affirmative.

NASA Actions to Date: Technology Demonstrations



✓ = technologies planned or in development discussions

✓ IVA/EVA environmental control/life support
(regenerative ECLS, commercial O₂ supply service, LED lighting)

✓ electrical power generation, transmission, storage
(Li+ batteries, fresnel concentrating lenses)

□ thermal control

✓ guidance, navigation & control
(x-ray pulsar based navigation)

□ communications

□ data management systems

✓ propulsion & attitude control
(electric propulsion test bed)

□ cryogenic fluids handling

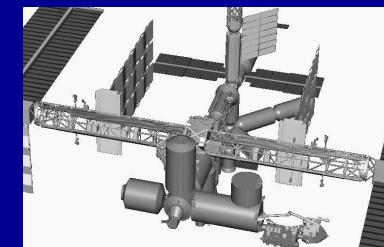
□ robotics & autonomous systems

□ structures & mechanisms

✓ materials
(materials on ISS experiment system)



Exposed Facility
Accommodations

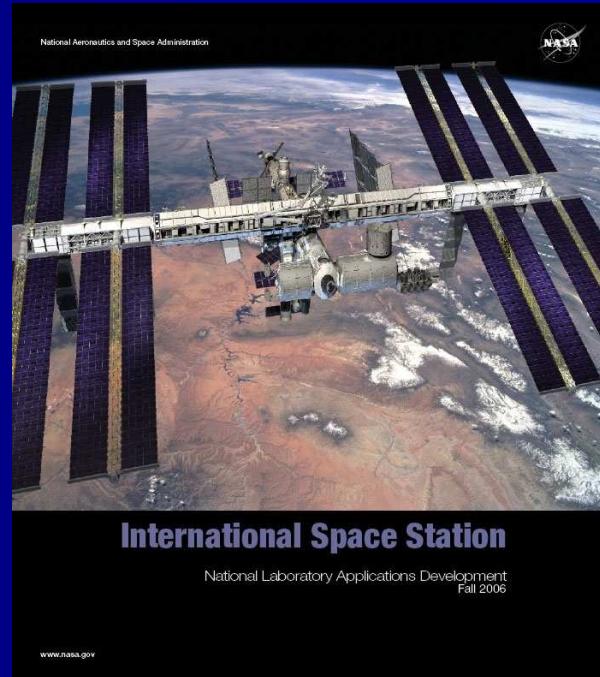


External Truss
Accommodations

NASA Actions to Date: Administrator Invitation



- ✓ Secretary of Energy
- ✓ Secretary of Commerce
- ✓ Director, National Institutes of Health
- ✓ Director, National Science Foundation

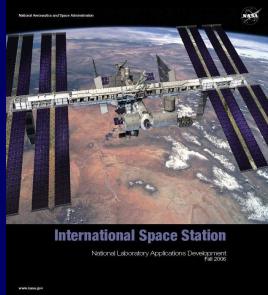




NASA Actions to Date: Meetings & Conferences

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| May 16, 2006 | NASA Ames Research Center Commercial Space Forum |
| Sep. 20, 2006 | Potential for ISS Educational Initiatives
NSF-Hosted Interagency Workshop |
| Nov. 7, 2006 | Annual Meeting of the Space Experiments Review Board
DOD/USAF-Hosted |
| Dec. 4, 2006 | NASA Advisory Council Space Operations Committee
Fact-Finding Session: ISS as a National Laboratory |
| Dec. 8, 2006 | Meeting on Space-Related Health Research
NIH-Hosted Roundtable |
| Jan. 11, 2007 | 45th Annual AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting
Special Session: ISS - A New National Laboratory |

NASA Actions to Date: Publications



- **Congressional Report, June 2006 - *NASA Research and Utilization Plan for the ISS***
- **NASA/TP-2006-213721 - *Inspiring the Next Generation: Student Experiments and Educational Activities on the ISS, 2000 - 2006***
- **NASA/TP-2006-213146 - *International Space Station Research Summary Through Expedition 10***
- **NASA/TP-2005-213166 - *Exploration-Related Research on the ISS: Connecting Science Results to Future Missions***
- **Library of Congress ISBN 0-9710327-2-6 *Reference Guide to the International Space Station***
- **Digital Video Disc - *International Space Station Fly Around Animation***



Conclusion

- The National Laboratory concept is an opportunity to expand the US economy in space-based research, applications and operations.
- The International Space Station represents a unique and highly visible national asset with surplus capacity available for a wide spectrum of applications.
- NASA will continue to cover cost of operating and maintaining the ISS, and is highly motivated to work with other agencies and organizations to pursue applications.