759 not exceed 75 mg once a day in these patients. WELLBUTRIN should be used with caution in 760 patients with hepatic impairment (including mild to moderate hepatic cirrhosis) and a reduced 761 frequency and/or dose should be considered in patients with mild to moderate hepatic cirrhosis 762 (see CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY, WARNINGS, and PRECAUTIONS). 763 Dosage Adjustment for Patients with Impaired Renal Function: WELLBUTRIN should be used with caution in patients with renal impairment and a reduced frequency and/or 764 dose should be considered (see CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY and PRECAUTIONS). 765 766 **HOW SUPPLIED** 767 WELLBUTRIN Tablets, 75 mg of bupropion hydrochloride, are yellow-gold, round, biconvex tablets printed with "WELLBUTRIN 75" in bottles of 100 (NDC 0173-0177-55). 768 769 WELLBUTRIN Tablets, 100 mg of bupropion hydrochloride, are red, round, biconvex tablets 770 printed with "WELLBUTRIN 100" in bottles of 100 (NDC 0173-0178-55). 771 Store at 15° to 25°C (59° to 77°F). Protect from light and moisture. 772 773 **MEDICATION GUIDE** WELLBUTRIN® (WELL byu-trin) 774 (bupropion hydrochloride) Tablets 775 776 777 Read this Medication Guide carefully before you start using WELLBUTRIN and each time you 778 get a refill. There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking 779

with your doctor about your medical condition or your treatment. If you have any questions about WELLBUTRIN, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

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IMPORTANT: Be sure to read the section of this Medication Guide beginning with "What is the most important information I should know about WELLBUTRIN?" It contains important information about this medication. It immediately follows the next section called "About Using Antidepressants in Children and Teenagers."

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About Using Antidepressants in Children and Teenagers

789 790 What is the most important information I should know if my child is being prescribed an antidepressant?

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- Parents or guardians need to think about 4 important things when their child is prescribed an antidepressant:
 - 1. There is a risk of suicidal thoughts or actions
 - 2. How to try to prevent suicidal thoughts or actions in your child
 - 3. You should watch for certain signs if your child is taking an antidepressant
 - 4. There are benefits and risks when using antidepressants

1. There is a Risk of Suicidal Thoughts or Actions

Children and teenagers sometimes think about suicide, and many report trying to kill themselves.

Antidepressants increase suicidal thoughts and actions in some children and teenagers. But suicidal thoughts and actions can also be caused by depression, a serious medical condition that is commonly treated with antidepressants. Thinking about killing yourself or trying to kill yourself is called *suicidality* or *being suicidal*.

A large study combined the results of 24 different studies of children and teenagers with depression or other illnesses. In these studies, patients took either a placebo (sugar pill) or an antidepressant for 1 to 4 months. *No one committed suicide in these studies*, but some patients became suicidal. On sugar pills, 2 out of every 100 became suicidal. On the antidepressants, 4 out of every 100 patients became suicidal.

For some children and teenagers, the risks of suicidal actions may be especially high. These include patients with

- Bipolar illness (sometimes called manic-depressive illness)
- A family history of bipolar illness
- A personal or family history of attempting suicide

If any of these are present, make sure you tell your healthcare provider before your child takes an antidepressant.

2. How to Try to Prevent Suicidal Thoughts and Actions

To try to prevent suicidal thoughts and actions in your child, pay close attention to changes in her or his moods or actions, especially if the changes occur suddenly. Other important people in your child's life can help by paying attention as well (e.g., your child, brothers and sisters, teachers, and other important people). The changes to look out for are listed in Section 3, on what to watch for.

- Whenever an antidepressant is started or its dose is changed, pay close attention to your child.
- After starting an antidepressant, your child should generally see his or her healthcare provider:
 - Once a week for the first 4 weeks
 - Every 2 weeks for the next 4 weeks
 - After taking the antidepressant for 12 weeks
 - After 12 weeks, follow your healthcare provider's advice about how often to come back
 - More often if problems or questions arise (see Section 3)

You should call your child's healthcare provider between visits if needed.

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3. You Should Watch For Certain Signs if Your Child is Taking an Antidepressant

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- Contact your child's healthcare provider *right away* if your child exhibits any of the following signs for the first time, or they seem worse, or worry you, your child, or your child's teacher:
 - Thoughts about suicide or dying
 - Attempts to commit suicide
 - New or worse depression
- New or worse anxiety
 - Feeling very agitated or restless
- Panic attacks
- Difficulty sleeping (insomnia)
- New or worse irritability
- Acting aggressive, being angry, or violent
- Acting on dangerous impulses
- An extreme increase in activity and talking
 - Other unusual changes in behavior or mood

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Never let your child stop taking an antidepressant without first talking to his or her healthcare provider. Stopping an antidepressant suddenly can cause other symptoms.

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4. There are Benefits and Risks When Using Antidepressants

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Antidepressants are used to treat depression and other illnesses. Depression and other illnesses can lead to suicide. In some children and teenagers, treatment with an antidepressant increases suicidal thinking or actions. It is important to discuss all the risks of treating depression and also the risks of not treating it. You and your child should discuss all treatment choices with your healthcare provider, not just the use of antidepressants.

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Other side effects can occur with antidepressants (see section below).

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Of all antidepressants, only fluoxetine (PROZAC®)* has been FDA approved to treat pediatric depression.

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- For obsessive compulsive disorder in children and teenagers, FDA has approved only fluoxetine (PROZAC®)*, sertraline (ZOLOFT®)*, fluvoxamine (LUVOX®)*, and clomipramine
- 875 (ANAFRANIL®)*.

Your healthcare provider may suggest other antidepressants based on the past experience of your child or other family members.

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Is this all I need to know if my child is being prescribed an antidepressant?

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No. This is a warning about the risk of suicidality. Other side effects can occur with antidepressants. Be sure to ask your healthcare provider to explain all the side effects of the particular drug he or she is prescribing. Also ask about drugs to avoid when taking an antidepressant. Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist where to find more information.

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What is the most important information I should know about WELLBUTRIN?

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There is a chance of having a seizure (convulsion, fit) with WELLBUTRIN, especially in people:

- with certain medical problems.
- who take certain medicines.

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The chance of having seizures increases with higher doses of WELLBUTRIN. For more information, see the sections "Who should not take WELLBUTRIN?" and "What should I tell my doctor before using WELLBUTRIN?" Tell your doctor about all of your medical conditions and all the medicines you take. **Do not take any other medicines while you are using WELLBUTRIN unless your doctor has said it is okay to take them.**

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If you have a seizure while taking WELLBUTRIN, stop taking the tablets and call your doctor right away. Do not take WELLBUTRIN again if you have a seizure.

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What is important information I should know and share with my family about taking antidepressants?

- Patients and their families should watch out for worsening depression or thoughts of suicide.
- Also watch out for sudden or severe changes in feelings such as feeling anxious, agitated,
- panicky, irritable, hostile, aggressive, impulsive, severely restless, overly excited and
- hyperactive, not being able to sleep or other unusual changes in behavior. If this happens,
- 909 especially at the beginning of antidepressant treatment or after a change in dose, call your doctor.
- For additional information, see section above entitled "About Using Antidepressants in Children
- and Teenagers." WELLBUTRIN has not been studied in children under the age of 18 and is not
- approved for the use in children and teenagers.

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What is WELLBUTRIN?

WELLBUTRIN is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with a certain type of depression called major depressive disorder.

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Who should not take WELLBUTRIN?

919 Do not take WELLBUTRIN if you

- have or had a seizure disorder or epilepsy.
- are taking ZYBAN (used to help people stop smoking) or any other medicines that
 contain bupropion hydrochloride, such as WELLBUTRIN SR Sustained-Release
 Tablets or WELLBUTRIN XL Extended-Release Tablets. Bupropion is the same
- ingredient that is in WELLBUTRIN.
- drink a lot of alcohol and abruptly stop drinking, or use medicines called sedatives (these make you sleepy) or benzodiazepines and you stop using them all of a sudden.
- have taken within the last 14 days medicine for depression called a monoamine oxidase
 inhibitor (MAOI), such as NARDIL^{®*} (phenelzine sulfate), PARNATE[®] (tranylcypromine
 sulfate), or MARPLAN^{®*} (isocarboxazid).
- have or had an eating disorder such as anorexia nervosa or bulimia.
- are allergic to the active ingredient in WELLBUTRIN, bupropion, or to any of the inactive ingredients. See the end of this leaflet for a complete list of ingredients in WELLBUTRIN.

What should I tell my doctor before using WELLBUTRIN?

- Tell your doctor about your medical conditions. Tell your doctor if you:
 - are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if WELLBUTRIN can harm your unborn baby. If you can use WELLBUTRIN while you are pregnant, talk to your doctor about how you can be on the Bupropion Pregnancy Registry.
 - **are breastfeeding**. WELLBUTRIN passes through your milk. It is not known if WELLBUTRIN can harm your baby.
 - have liver problems, especially cirrhosis of the liver.
- have kidney problems.

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- have an eating disorder, such as anorexia nervosa or bulimia.
- have had a head injury.
 - have had a seizure (convulsion, fit).
 - have a tumor in your nervous system (brain or spine).
 - have had a heart attack, heart problems, or high blood pressure.
 - are a diabetic taking insulin or other medicines to control your blood sugar.
 - drink a lot of alcohol.
 - abuse prescription medicines or street drugs.
- **Tell your doctor about all the medicines you take**, including prescription and non-prescription medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. Many medicines increase your chances of having seizures or other serious side effects if you take them while you are using WELLBUTRIN.

How should I take WELLBUTRIN?

- Take WELLBUTRIN exactly as prescribed by your doctor.
- Take WELLBUTRIN at the same time each day.
- Take your doses of WELLBUTRIN at least 6 hours apart.

• You may take WELLBUTRIN with or without food.

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- If you miss a dose, do not take an extra tablet to make up for the dose you forgot. Wait and take your next tablet at the regular time. **This is very important.** Too much WELLBUTRIN can increase your chance of having a seizure.
- If you take too much WELLBUTRIN, or overdose, call your local emergency room or poison control center right away.
- Do not take any other medicines while using WELLBUTRIN unless your doctor has
 told you it is okay.
 - It may take several weeks for you to feel that WELLBUTRIN is working. Once you feel better, it is important to keep taking WELLBUTRIN exactly as directed by your doctor. Call your doctor if you do not feel WELLBUTRIN is working for you.
- Do not change your dose or stop taking WELLBUTRIN without talking with your doctor first.

What should I avoid while taking WELLBUTRIN?

- Do not drink a lot of alcohol while taking WELLBUTRIN. If you usually drink a lot of alcohol, talk with your doctor before suddenly stopping. If you suddenly stop drinking alcohol, you may increase your risk of having seizures.
- Do not drive a car or use heavy machinery until you know how WELLBUTRIN affects you.
 WELLBUTRIN can impair your ability to perform these tasks.

What are possible side effects of WELLBUTRIN?

- Seizures. Some patients get seizures while taking WELLBUTRIN. If you have a seizure while taking WELLBUTRIN, stop taking the tablets and call your doctor right away. Do not take WELLBUTRIN again if you have a seizure.
- **Hypertension (high blood pressure).** Some patients get high blood pressure, sometimes severe, while taking WELLBUTRIN. The chance of high blood pressure may be increased if you also use nicotine replacement therapy (for example a nicotine patch) to help you stop smoking.
- Severe allergic reactions. Stop taking WELLBUTRIN and call your doctor right away if you get a rash, itching, hives, fever, swollen lymph glands, painful sores in the mouth or around the eyes, swelling of the lips or tongue, chest pain, or have trouble breathing. These could be signs of a serious allergic reaction.
- **Unusual thoughts or behaviors.** Some patients have unusual thoughts or behaviors while taking WELLBUTRIN, including delusions (believe you are someone else), hallucinations (seeing or hearing things that are not there), paranoia (feeling that people are against you), or feeling confused. If this happens to you, call your doctor.

The most common side effects of WELLBUTRIN are nervousness, constipation, trouble sleeping, dry mouth, headache, nausea, vomiting, and shakiness (tremor).

If you have nausea, you may want to take your medicine with food. If you have trouble do not take your medicine too close to bedtime.	e sleeping,
Tell your doctor right away about any side effects that bother you.	
These are not all the side effects of WELLBUTRIN. For a complete list, ask your doct pharmacist.	or or
How should I store WELLBUTRIN?	
• Store WELLBUTRIN at room temperature. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep WELLBUTRIN in its tightly closed bottle.	
General Information about WELLBUTRIN.	
 Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medicined Guide. Do not use WELLBUTRIN for a condition for which it was not prescribed give WELLBUTRIN to other people, even if they have the same symptoms you have them. Keep WELLBUTRIN out of the reach of children. 	Do not
This Medication Guide summarizes important information about WELLBUTRIN. For information, talk to your doctor. You can ask your doctor or pharmacist for informatio WELLBUTRIN that is written for health professionals.	
What are the ingredients in WELLBUTRIN?	
Active ingredient: bupropion hydrochloride.	
Inactive ingredients: 75-mg tablet – D&C Yellow No. 10 Lake, FD&C Yellow No. 6 I hydroxypropyl cellulose, hypromellose, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glyco titanium dioxide; 100-mg tablet – FD&C Red No. 40 Lake, FD&C Yellow No. 6 Lake hydroxypropyl cellulose, hypromellose, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glyco titanium dioxide.	ol, tale, and
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This Medication Guide has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administra	ation.
September 2006	MG-WT:2
	do not take your medicine too close to bedtime. Tell your doctor right away about any side effects that bother you. These are not all the side effects of WELLBUTRIN. For a complete list, ask your doct pharmacist. How should I store WELLBUTRIN? Store WELLBUTRIN at room temperature. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep WELLBUTRIN in its tightly closed bottle. General Information about WELLBUTRIN, Medicines are sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medic Guide. Do not use WELLBUTRIN for a condition for which it was not prescribed. give WELLBUTRIN to other people, even if they have the same symptoms you hat harm them. Keep WELLBUTRIN out of the reach of children. This Medication Guide summarizes important information about WELLBUTRIN. For information, talk to your doctor. You can ask your doctor or pharmacist for informatio WELLBUTRIN that is written for health professionals. What are the ingredients in WELLBUTRIN? Active ingredient: bupropion hydrochloride. Inactive ingredient: bupropion hydrochloride. Inactive ingredients: 75-mg tablet – D&C Yellow No. 10 Lake, FD&C Yellow No. 6 I hydroxypropyl cellulose, hypromellose, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycotitanium dioxide; 100-mg tablet – FD&C Red No. 40 Lake, FD&C Yellow No. 6 Lake hydroxypropyl cellulose, hypromellose, microcrystalline cellulose, polyethylene glycotitanium dioxide. *The following are registered trademarks of their respective manufacturers: PROZAC and Company; ZOLOFT*/Pfizer Pharmaceuticals; LUVOX*/Solvay Pharmaceuticals, ANAFRANIL*/Mallinckrodt Inc; NARDIL*/Warner Lambert Company; MARPLAN Pharmaceutical Services, Inc. Ryonly This Medication Guide has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administrations.

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