1475	Antidepressant Medicines, Depression and other Serious Mental
1476	Illnesses, and Suicidal Thoughts or Actions
1477 1478 1479 1480 1481	Read the Medication Guide that comes with your or your family member's antidepressant medicine. This Medication Guide is only about the risk of suicidal thoughts and actions with antidepressant medicines. Talk to your, or your family member's, healthcare provider about: • all risks and benefits of treatment with antidepressant medicines
1482	all treatment choices for depression or other serious mental illness
1483 1484 1485	What is the most important information I should know about antidepressant medicines, depression and other serious mental illnesses, and suicidal thoughts or actions?
1486 1487	1. Antidepressant medicines may increase suicidal thoughts or actions in some children, teenagers, and young adults within the first few months of treatment.
1488 1489 1490 1491 1492	2. Depression and other serious mental illnesses are the most important causes of suicidal thoughts and actions. Some people may have a particularly high risk of having suicidal thoughts or actions. These include people who have (or have a family history of) bipolar illness (also called manic-depressive illness) or suicidal thoughts or actions.
1493 1494	3. How can I watch for and try to prevent suicidal thoughts and actions in myself or a family member?
1495 1496 1497	 Pay close attention to any changes, especially sudden changes, in mood, behaviors, thoughts, or feelings. This is very important when an antidepressant medicine is started or when the dose is changed.
1498 1499	 Call the healthcare provider right away to report new or sudden changes in mood, behavior, thoughts, or feelings.
1500 1501 1502	 Keep all follow-up visits with the healthcare provider as scheduled. Call the healthcare provider between visits as needed, especially if you have concerns about symptoms.
1503 1504 1505	Call a healthcare provider right away if you or your family member has any of the following symptoms, especially if they are new, worse, or worry you: • thoughts about suicide or dying
1506	attempts to commit suicide
1507	new or worse depression
1508	new or worse anxiety
1509	 feeling very agitated or restless
1510	• panic attacks
1511	• trouble sleeping (insomnia)
1512	new or worse irritability

1513	 acting aggressive, being angry, or violent
1514	 acting on dangerous impulses
1515	 an extreme increase in activity and talking (mania)
1516	 other unusual changes in behavior or mood
1517	What else do I need to know about antidepressant medicines?
1518 1519	• Never stop an antidepressant medicine without first talking to a healthcare provider. Stopping an antidepressant medicine suddenly can cause other symptoms.
1520 1521 1522 1523	• Antidepressants are medicines used to treat depression and other illnesses. It is important to discuss all the risks of treating depression and also the risks of not treating it. Patients and their families or other caregivers should discuss all treatment choices with the healthcare provider, not just the use of antidepressants.
1524 1525	• Antidepressant medicines have other side effects. Talk to the healthcare provider about the side effects of the medicine prescribed for you or your family member.
1526 1527 1528	• Antidepressant medicines can interact with other medicines. Know all of the medicines that you or your family member takes. Keep a list of all medicines to show the healthcare provider. Do not start new medicines without first checking with your healthcare provider.
1529 1530	• Not all antidepressant medicines prescribed for children are FDA approved for use in children. Talk to your child's healthcare provider for more information.
1531 1532	This Medication Guide has been approved by the US Food and Drug Administration for all antidepressants.
1533	Patient Information revised June 21, 2007
1534	PV 5083 AMP