# Development of the Summary Matrix and Public Participation in Rapid Watershed Assessment 

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## Summary Matrix

- An evaluation of watershed resources to determine the size, scope, and value of natural resource needs.
- What is the current level of practice utilization
- What could the level of participation be in the future
- Identify watershed resource concerns (resource profile)
- What conservation practices best address these concerns in your watershed
- What resources are needed to reach the future level of conservation


## Level of Conservation

$\square$ Identify the number of acres in a specific landuse type at each level of conservation
$\square 5$ year time frame how many acres will see

- No Change
- Baseline to Progressive
- Progressive to RMS

| Conservation Status: |
| :--- |
| Baseline: describes land <br> units with no treatment or <br> a low level of conserva- <br> tion treatment. <br> Progressive: an interme- <br> diate level of conservation <br> adoption at which land- <br> owners actively partici- <br> pate in conservation pro- <br> grams and have adopted <br> several practices, but <br> have not met all of the <br> Quality Criteria in the <br> NRCs Field Office Techni- <br> cal Guide. <br> Resource Management <br> Systems (RMS): a com- <br> plete conservation system <br> of practices, operational <br> decisions and other meas- <br> ures to address all of the <br> soil, water, air, plant and <br> animal resource concerns <br> typically seen with the <br> land uses in a specific <br> watershed. |

## Future Outlook

## $\square$ Based on selected practices and participation levels, the matrix estimates:

- Change in conservation



## MN Approach to Matrix Development

1. Buy in from field staff

- Review of resource profiles

2. Meetings with interested parties outside of NRCS

- Watershed groups, NGO's, concerned citizens

3. Revisions based on group interactions
4. Meeting with field staff to develop matrix
5. Comment/Review Period

Review of Resource Profiles

- http://www.mn.nrcs.us da.gov/technical/rwa/A ssessments/index.html
- As profiles become available for review, notice is sent to ASTCFO's, ARC's, DC'c



## Review of Resource Profiles <br> - Download profile <br> - Easily provide comments or edits

## - Sent directly to RWA leader

Agricultural census estimates show 2,680 farms in the subbasin. Approximately 25 percent of the Agricultural census estimates show 2,680 farms in the subbasin. Approximately 25 percent of the
operations are less than 180 acres in size, over fifty percent are from 180 to 1000 acres, and the remaining farms are greater than 1000 acres in size. Most of the producers are full time operators and do not rely on off-farm income.

The main resource concerns on the cropland are wind / water erosion and flooding. Additional resource concerns include surface and groundwater quality (mercury, turbidity and fecal coliform), agricultural waste management, sedimentation and declining wildlife habitat.

Watershed Overview

| 8 Digit Hydrologic Unit Code: | $\mathbf{0 7 0 2 0 0 0 4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Drainage Area: | $\mathbf{1 , 3 5 7 , 5 5 9}$ Acres |
| Major Basin: | Minnesota River Basin |
| Stream Miles: | 2,655 |
| 2006 303d Stream Miles: | $\mathbf{2 9 9}$ |
| Population: | $\mathbf{1 7 , 0 5 4}$ |
| Farm Count: | $\mathbf{2 , 6 8 0}$ |
| Watersheds Upstream: | $\underline{\text { Upper Minnesota }}$ |
|  | $\underline{\text { Chippewa }}$ |
|  | Redwood <br> Watersheds Downstream: |

To view the full Resource Profile for the subbasin select the link below and follow the instructions for downloading.

| Resource Profile | Size | Date Published: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hawk Yellow Medicine $\mathbf{0 7 0 2 0 0 0 4}$ | $(1.7 \mathrm{MB})$ | $11 / 15 / 2007$ |

Input from local conservation groups, associations and citizens is a valuable part of the process. We welcome your comments, questions and suggestions. Please use the form below to suggest changes or additions, submit information on watershed based activities or programs, or suggest a group for inclusion in the contacts portion of the assessments.


Comments / Suggestions

## Local/Public Participation



- Meeting set up by ASTC-FO's
- Review of resource profile
- Overview of methods and content
- Addressed questions and concerns
- Discussed the role of the summary matrix



## Local/Public Participation Feedback

$\square$ Useful, consistent standardized documents throughout state

- Important tool for data review by districts to aid in development of annual, 5 \& 10 year conservation plans. This report provides much of the leg work.
- EQIP local workgroups - support for decision making
- Negative: Though useful, easy access to prepared information may result in tight competition between districts and organizations for grant dollars
- Wanted to include conservation practices outside of NRCS FOTG


## Revisions to Profiles

- Using input from field staff and work groups, revised resource profiles and make available to public via MN NRCS website
http://www.mn.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/rwa/index.html



## Development of the Summary Matrix

- NRCS staff
- Knowledge of practices, issues with establishing consensus in groups
- Preview of what we were doing and why
- Tool to provide starting point for natural resource professionals to plan conservation
- Qualitative estimate of potential conservation over 5 year period
- Does not serve to monitor progress that is dependent on future funding levels


## Development of the Summary Matrix (Cont.)

-Review of resource profile

- Used Oregon Excel model to develop matrices for: (acreages based on NLCD)
- Row Crops
- Pasture/Hay
- Forest
- Work through model tab by tab, using knowledge and experience of field staff to reach consensus on inputs to the model


## Items to Consider in the Matrix Development Process

$\square$ Getting group to think on a broad scale. Most field staff are technical and quantitative

- Thinking at the watershed level and not their county
- \% of each county in watershed
- Map with landmarks, county boundaries, and transportation may be useful
- Establishing Practice Factors
- Feet/MU, \% of MU at baseline, progressive and RMS levels


## Items to Consider in the Matrix Development Process (Cont.)

- Determining baseline level of conservation and appropriate practice factors
- Use of PRS data from previous years was helpful
- to help set baseline conservation, practice factors (feet/MU, or \% of MU)
$\square$ For some practices it is better to think about at the WS level and others at the MU
- Residue Mgmt. - Watershed
- Terrace - Management Unit


## Items to Consider in the Matrix Development Process (Cont.)

- Have appropriate cost data in model
- EQIP Practice Payment Schedule
- Using OR for practices we don't cost share on
- Practice Codes (Residue Mgmt.)
- Make sure units in payment schedule and model are the same (Animal walkways and trails - feet vs. acres)
- Time consideration
$-1^{\text {st }}$ landuse took $\sim 3$ hours, $2^{\text {nd }}$ less.
- Plan on at least half a day or more if you want to complete all landuses.
- Bring food or other incentives


## Additional Feedback/Revisions

- Draft matrices circulated for review
- Allow for additional items post meeting
- Revision of model inputs
- Practice factors, treatment levels
$\square$ Field staff discussion with local groups on matrix results and potential revisions
- Potential for additional meetings with local groups to include additional practices


## Questions?

