### § 552.6-4

association as the board of directors may prescribe.

(b) Transfer of shares. Transfer of shares of capital stock of the association shall be made only on its stock transfer books. Authority for such transfer shall be given only by the holder of record or by a legal representative, who shall furnish proper evidence of such authority, or by an attorney authorized by a duly executed power of attorney and filed with the association. The transfer shall be made only on surrender for cancellation of the certificate for the shares. The person in whose name shares of capital stock stand on the books of the association shall be deemed by the association to be the owner for all purposes.

[54 FR 49523, Nov. 30, 1989, as amended at 55 FR 13514, Apr. 11, 1990; 57 FR 14343, Apr. 20, 1992]

## §552.6-4 [Reserved]

#### §552.9 [Reserved]

#### § 552.10 Annual reports to stockholders.

A Federal stock association not wholly-owned by a holding company shall, within 130 days after the end of its fiscal year, mail to each of its stockholders entitled to vote at its annual meeting an annual report containing financial statements that satisfy the requirements of rule 14a-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. (17 CFR 240.14a-3). Concurrently with such mailing a certification of such mailing signed by the chairman of the board, the president or a vice president of the association, together with copies of the report, shall be transmitted by the association to the OTS.

[57 FR 14343, Apr. 20, 1992, as amended at 62 FR 66262, Dec. 18, 1997]

#### §552.11 Books and records.

(a) Each Federal stock association shall keep correct and complete books and records of account; shall keep minutes of the proceedings of its stockholders, board of directors, and committees of directors; and shall keep at its home office or at the office of its transfer agent or registrar, a record of its stockholders, giving the names and addresses of all stockholders, and the

number, class and series, if any, of the shares held by each.

(b) Any stockholder or group of stockholders of a Federal stock association, holding of record the number of voting shares of such association specified below, upon making written demand stating a proper purpose, shall have the right to examine, in person or by agent or attorney, at any reasonable time or times, nonconfidential portions of its books and records of account, minutes and record of stockholders and to make extracts therefrom. Such right of examination is limited to a stockholder or group of stockholders holding of record:

(1) Voting shares having a cost of not less than \$100,000 or constituting not less than one percent of the total outstanding voting shares, provided in either case such stockholder or group of stockholders have held of record such voting shares for a period of at least six months before making such written demand. or

(2) Not less than five percent of the total outstanding voting shares.

No stockholder or group of stockholders of a Federal stock association shall have any other right under this section or common law to examine its books and records of account, minutes and record of stockholders, except as provided in its bylaws with respect to inspection of a list of stockholders.

(c) The right to examination authorized by paragraph (b) of this section and the right to inspect the list of stockholders provided by a Federal stock association's bylaws may be denied to any stockholder or group of stockholders upon the refusal of any such stockholder or group of stockholders to furnish such association, its transfer agent or registrar an affidavit that such examination or inspection is not desired for any purpose which is in the interest of a business or object other than the business of the association, that such stockholder has not within the five years preceding the date of the affidavit sold or offered for sale, and does not now intend to sell or offer for sale, any list of stockholders of the association or of any other corporation, and that such stockholder has not within said five-year period aided or abetted any other person in

procuring any list of stockholders for purposes of selling or offering for sale such list.

- (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this section or common law, no stockholder or group of stockholders shall have the right to obtain, inspect or copy any portion of any books or records of a Federal stock association containing:
- (1) A list of depositors in or borrowers from such association;
  - (2) Their addresses:
- (3) Individual deposit or loan balances or records; or
- (4) Any data from which such information could be reasonably constructed.

[54 FR 49523, Nov. 30, 1989, as amended at 61 FR 64020, Dec. 3, 1996]

#### §552.12 [Reserved]

# § 552.13 Combinations involving Federal stock associations.

- (a) Scope and authority. Federal stock associations may enter into combinations only in accordance with the provisions of this section, sections 5(d) and 18(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, sections 5(d)(3)(A) and 10(s) of the Home Owners' Loan Act, and §563.22 of this chapter.
- (b) *Definitions*. The following definitions apply to §§552.13 and 552.14 of this part:
- (1) Combination. A merger or consolidation with another depository institution, or an acquisition of all or substantially all of the assets or assumption of all or substantially all of the liabilities of a depository institution by another depository institution. Combine means to be a constituent institution in a combination.
- (2) *Consolidation.* Fusion of two or more depository institutions into a newly-created depository institution.
- (3) Constituent institution. Resulting, disappearing, acquiring, or transferring depository institution in a combination.
- (4) Depository institution means any commercial bank (including a private bank), a savings bank, a trust company, a savings and loan association, a building and loan association, a homestead association, a cooperative bank, an industrial bank or a credit union,

chartered in the United States and having its principal office located in the United States.

- (5) *Disappearing institution.* A depository institution whose corporate existence does not continue after a combination.
- (6) *Merger.* Uniting two or more depository institutions by the transfer of all property rights and franchises to the resulting depository institution, which retains its corporate identity.
- (7) Mutual savings association. Any savings association organized in a form not requiring non-withdrawable stock under Federal or State law.
- (8) Resulting institution. The depository institution whose corporate existence continues after a combination.
- (9) Savings association has the same meaning as defined in §561.43 of this chapter.
- (10) *State.* Includes the District of Columbia, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and States, territories, and possessions of the United States.
- (11) *Stock association.* Any savings association organized in a form requiring non-withdrawable stock.
- (c) Forms of combination. A Federal stock association may combine with any depository institution, provided that:
- (1) The combination is in compliance with, and receives all approvals required under, any applicable statutes and regulations;
- (2) Any resulting Federal savings association meets the requirements for Federal Home Loan Bank membership and insurance of accounts;
- (3) In the case of a combination with a bank that is a member of the Bank Insurance Fund, any resulting Federal savings association conforms to the requirements of sections 5(c) and 10(m) of the Home Owners' Loan Act under the standards set forth in section 5(c)(5) of the Home Owners' Loan Act, and in the case of a combination with any other depository institution, any resulting Federal savings association conforms within the time prescribed by the OTS to the requirements of section 5(c) of the Home Owners' Loan Act; and
- (4) If any constituent savings association is a mutual savings association, the resulting institution shall be mutually held, unless: