#### Subpart C—Suspension and Termination of Corporation Assistance

# § 2551.31 What are the rules on suspension, termination, and denial of refunding of grants?

- (a) The Chief Executive Officer or designee is authorized to suspend further payments or to terminate payments under any grant providing assistance under the Act whenever he/she determines there is a material failure to comply with applicable terms and conditions of the grant. The Chief Executive Officer shall prescribe procedures to insure that:
- (1) Assistance under the Act shall not be suspended for failure to comply with applicable terms and conditions, except in emergency situations for thirty days;
- (2) An application for refunding under the Act may not be denied unless the recipient has been given:
- (i) Notice at least 75 days before the denial of such application of the possibility of such denial and the grounds for any such denial; and
- (ii) Opportunity to show cause why such action should not be taken;
- (3) In any case where an application for refunding is denied for failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the grant, the recipient shall be afforded and opportunity for an informal hearing before an impartial hearing officer, who has been agreed to by the recipient and the Corporation; and
- (4) Assistance under the Act shall not be terminated for failure to comply with applicable terms and conditions unless the recipient has been afforded reasonable notice and opportunity for a full and fair hearing.
- (b) In order to assure equal access to all recipients, such hearings or other meetings as may be necessary to fulfill the requirements of this section shall be held in locations convenient to the recipient agency.
- (c) The procedures for suspension, termination, and denial of refunding, that apply to the Senior Companion Program are specified in 45 CFR part 1206.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 72 FR 48583, Aug. 24, 2007, § 2551.31 was redesignated as § 2551.34, effective Nov. 23, 2007.

#### Subpart D—Senior Companion Eligibility, Status, and Cost Reimbursements

### § 2551.41 Who is eligible to be a Senior Companion?

- (a) To be a Senior Companion, an individual must:
  - (1) Be 60 years of age or older;
- (2) Be determined by a physical examination to be capable, with or without reasonable accommodation, of serving adults with special needs without detriment to either himself/herself or the adults served;
- (3) Agree to abide by all requirements as set forth in this part; and
- (4) In order to receive a stipend, have an income that is within the income eligibility guidelines specified in this subpart D.
- (b) Eligibility to be a Senior Companion shall not be restricted on the basis of formal education, experience, race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, handicap, or political affiliation.

# § 2551.42 What income guidelines govern eligibility to serve as a stipended Senior Companion?

- (a) To be enrolled and receive a stipend, a Senior Companion cannot have an annual income from all sources, after deducting allowable medical expenses, which exceeds the program's income eligibility guideline for the state in which he or she resides. The income eligibility guideline for each state is the higher amount of either:
- (1) 125 percent of the poverty line as set forth in 42 U.S.C. 9902 (2); or
- (2) 135 percent of the poverty line, in those primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA), metropolitan statistical areas (MSA) and non-metropolitan counties identified by the Corporation as being higher in cost of living, as determined by application of the Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA) subsistence rates. In Alaska the guideline may be waived by the Corporation State Director if a project demonstrates that low-income individuals in that location are participating in the project.
- (b) For applicants to become stipended Senior Companions, annual income is projected for the following 12