use of child restraint systems, any required paperwork, responses to emergencies, emergency evacuation procedures, use of special equipment, child pick-up and release procedures and preand post-trip vehicle check.

Subpart C—Special Requirements

§1310.20 Trip routing.

- (a) Each agency providing transportation services must ensure that in planning fixed routes the safety of the children being transported is the primary consideration.
- (b) The agency must also ensure that the following basic principles of trip routing are adhered to:
- (1) The time a child is in transit to and from the Head Start or Early Head Start program must not exceed one hour unless there is no shorter route available or any alternative shorter route is either unsafe or impractical.
- (2) Vehicles must not be loaded beyond the maximum passenger capacity at any time.
- (3) Vehicles must not be required to back up or make "U" turns, except when necessary for reasons of safety or because of physical barriers.
- (4) Stops must be located to minimize traffic disruptions and to afford the driver a good field of view in front of and behind the vehicle.
- (5) When possible, stops must be located to eliminate the need for children to cross the street or highway to board or leave the vehicle.
- (6) If children must cross the street before boarding or after leaving the vehicle because curbside drop off or pick up is impossible, they must be escorted across the street by the bus monitor or another adult.
- (7) Specific procedures must be established for use of alternate routes in the case of hazardous conditions that could affect the safety of the children who are being transported, such as ice or water build up, natural gas line breaks, or emergency road closing. In selecting among alternatives, transportation providers must choose routes that comply as much as possible with the requirements of this section.

§1310.21 Safety education.

- (a) Each agency must provide training for parents and children in pedestrian safety. The training provided to children must be developmentally appropriate and an integral part of program experiences. The need for an adult to accompany a preschool child while crossing the street must be emphasized in the training provided to parents and children. The required transportation and pedestrian safety education of children and parents, except for the bus evacuation drills required by paragraph (d) of this section, must be provided within the first thirty days of the program year.
- (b) Each agency providing transportation services, directly or through another organization or an individual, must ensure that children who receive such services are taught:
 - (1) safe riding practices;
- (2) safety procedures for boarding and leaving the vehicle;
- (3) safety procedures in crossing the street to and from the vehicle at stops;
- (4) recognition of the danger zones around the vehicle; and
- (5) emergency evacuation procedures, including participating in an emergency evacuation drill conducted on the vehicle the child will be riding.
- (c) Each agency providing transportation services must provide training for parents that:
- (1) emphasizes the importance of escorting their children to the vehicle stop and the importance of reinforcing the training provided to children regarding vehicle safety; and
- (2) complements the training provided to their children so that safety practices can be reinforced both in Head Start and at home by the parent.
- (d) Each agency providing transportation services must ensure that at least two bus evacuation drills in addition to the one required under paragraph (b)(5) of this section are conducted during the program year.
- (e) Each agency providing transportation services must develop activities to remind children of the safety procedures. These activities must be developmentally appropriate, individualized and be an integral part of the Head Start or Early Head Start program activities.