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dialysis is required, any coexisting hypertension or heart disease will be separately rated.

[41 FR 34258, Aug. 13, 1976, as amended at 59 FR 2527, Jan. 18, 1994]

§4.115a Ratings of the genitourinary system—dysfunctions.

Diseases of the genitourinary system generally result in disabilities related to renal or voiding dysfunctions, infections, or a combination of these. The following section provides descriptions of various levels of disability in each of these symptom areas. Where diagnostic codes refer the decisionmaker to these specific areas dysfunction, only the predominant area of dysfunction shall be considered for rating purposes. Since the areas of dysfunction described below do not cover all symptoms resulting from genitourinary diseases, specific diagnoses may include a description of symptoms assigned to that diagnosis.

	Rat- ing
Renal dysfunction:	
Requiring regular dialysis, or precluding more than sedentary activity from one of the following: persistent edema and albuminuria; or, BUN more than 80mg%; or, creatinine more than 8mg%; or, markedly decreased function of kidney or other organ systems, estpecially	400
cardiovascular Persistent edema and albuminuria with BUN 40 to 80mg%; or, creatinine 4 to 8mg%; or, generalized poor health characterized by lethargy, weakness, anorexia, weight loss, or limitation	100
of exertion	80
agnostic code 7101 Albumin constant or recurring with hyaline and granular casts or red blood cells; or, transient or slight edema or hypertension at least 10	60
percent disabling under diagnostic code 7101 Albumin and casts with history of acute nephritis; or, hypertension non-compensable under diag- nostic code 7101	30
Voiding dysfunction:	
Rate particular condition as urine leakage, frequency, or obstructed voiding	
Continual Urine Leakage, Post Surgical Urinary Diversion, Urinary Incontinence, or Stress Incontinence:	
Requiring the use of an appliance or the wearing of absorbent materials which must be changed more than 4 times per day	60
Requiring the wearing of absorbent materials	
which must be changed 2 to 4 times per day Requiring the wearing of absorbent materials which must be changed less than 2 times per	40
day	20

	Rat- ing
Urinary frequency:	
Daytime voiding interval less than one hour, or, awakening to void five or more times per night	40
Daytime voiding interval between one and two hours, or; awakening to void three to four times per night	20
Daytime voiding interval between two and three hours, or; awakening to void two times per	20
night	10
Urinary retention requiring intermittent or contin- uous catheterization	30
Marked obstructive symptomatology (hesitancy, slow or weak stream, decreased force of	
stream) with any one or combination of the fol- lowing:	
 Post void residuals greater than 150 cc. Uroflowmetry; markedly diminished peak 	
flow rate (less than 10 cc/sec).	
Recurrent urinary tract infections sec- ondary to obstruction.	
Stricture disease requiring periodic dilatation every 2 to 3 months	10
Obstructive symptomatology with or without stric- ture disease requiring dilatation 1 to 2 times	
per year	0
Urninary tract infection:	
Poor renal function: Rate as renal dysfunction. Recurrent symptomatic infection requiring drainage/frequent hospitalization (greater than two	
times/year), and/or requiring continuous inten-	
sive management Long-term drug therapy, 1-2 hospitalizations per year and/or requiring intermittent intensive	30

[59 FR 2527, Jan. 18, 1994; 59 FR 10676, Mar. 7, 1994]

§4.115b Ratings of the genitourinary system—diagnoses.

Note: When evaluating any claim involving loss or loss of use of one or more creative organs, refer to § 3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain circumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. 7500 Kidney, removal of one: Minimum evaluation 30				
Note: When evaluating any claim involving loss or loss of use of one or more creative organs, refer to § 3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain circumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. 7500 Kidney, removal of one: Minimum evaluation	80			
§ 3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain circumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. 7500 Kidney, removal of one: Minimum evaluation	00		volving loss or loss of use of one or	
tion. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain circumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. 7500 Kidney, removal of one: Minimum evaluation	60		§ 3.350 of this chapter to determine	
monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain circumstances also establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. 7500 Kidney, removal of one: Minimum evaluation	30		tion. Footnotes in the schedule indi- cate conditions which potentially	
Minimum evaluation	0		monthly compensation; however, there are other conditions in this section which under certain cir- cumstances also establish entitle- ment to special monthly compensa-	
60		7500		
,	60		Or rate as renal dysfunction if there is	30
nephritis, infection, or pathology of the other.	40		the other.	
7501 Kidney, abscess of: 20 Rate as urinary tract infection	20	7501		

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	Rat-		Rat-
	ing		ing
7502 Nephritis, chronic:		7517 Bladder, injury of:	
Rate as renal dysfunction.		Rate as voiding dysfunction.	
7504 Pyelonephritis, chronic:		7518 Urethra, stricture of:	
Rate as renal dysfunction or urinary		Rate as voiding dysfunction.	
tract infection, whichever is pre-		7519 Urethra, fistual of:	
dominant.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7505 Kidney, tuberculosis of:		Rate as voiding dysfunction.	
Rate in accordance with §§ 4.88b or		Multiple urethroperineal fistulae	100
4.89, whichever is appropriate.		7520 Penis, removal of half or more	30
7507 Nephrosclerosis, arteriolar:		Or rate as voiding dysfunction.	
Rate according to predominant symp-		7521 Penis removal of glans	20
toms as renal dysfunction, hyper-		Or rate as voiding dysfunction.	
tension or heart disease. If rated		7522 Penis, deformity, with loss of erectile	
under the cardiovascular schedule,		power—20 ¹ .	
however, the percentage rating		7523 Testis, atrophy complete:.	
which would otherwise be assigned		Both—20 ¹	
will be elevated to the next higher		One—0 1	
evaluation.			
7508 Nephrolithiasis:		7524 Testis, removal:.	
Rate as hydronephrosis, except for		Both—30 ¹	
recurrent stone formation requiring		One—0 ¹	
one or more of the following:		Note: In cases of the removal of one	
1. diet therapy		testis as the result of a service-in-	
2. drug therapy		curred injury or disease, other than	
3. invasive or non-invasive proce-		an undescended or congenitally un-	
dures more than two times/year	30	developed testis, with the absence	
7509 Hydronephrosis:		or nonfunctioning of the other testis	
Severe; Rate as renal dysfunction.		unrelated to service, an evaluation	
Frequent attacks of colic with infection		of 30 percent will be assigned for	
(pyonephrosis), kidney function im-	30	the service-connected testicular	
paired Frequent attacks of colic, requiring cath-	30	loss. Testis, underscended, or con-	
eter drainage	20	genitally undeveloped is not a rat-	
Only an occasional attack of colic, not	20	able disability.	
infected and not requiring catheter			
drainage	10	7525 Epididymo-orchitis, chronic only:	
7510 Ureterolithiasis:	10	Rate as urinary tract infection.	
Rate as hydronephrosis, except for		For tubercular infections: Rate in ac-	
recurrent stone formation requiring		cordance with §§ 4.88b or 4.89,	
one or more of the following:		whichever is appropriate.	
1. diet therapy		7527 Prostate gland injuries, infections, hy-	
2. drug therapy		pertrophy, postoperative residuals:	
3. invasive or non-invasive proce-		Rate as voiding dysfunction or urinary	
dures more than two times/year	30	tract infection, whichever is pre-	
7511 Ureter, stricture of:		dominant.	
Rate as hydronephrosis, except for		7528 Malignant neoplasms of the genito-	
recurrent stone formation requiring		urinary system	100
one or more of the following:			
1. diet therapy			
2. drug therapy			
3. invasive or non-invasive proce-			
dures more than two times/year	30		
'512 Cystitis, chronic, includes interstitial			
and all etiologies, infectious and non-in-			
fectious:			
Rate as voiding dysfunction.			
7515 Bladder, calculus in, with symptoms			
interfering with function:			
Rate as voiding dysfunction			
7516 Bladder, fistula of:			
Rate as voiding dysfunction or urinary			
tract infection, whichever is pre-			
dominant.			
Postoperative, suprapubic cystotomy	100		

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Or rate as renal dysfunction. Cystic diseases of the kidneys (poly-	
c disease, uremic medullary cystic ase, Medullary sponge kidney, and ar conditions): Rate as renal dysfunction. Atherosclerotic renal disease (renal y stenosis or atheroembolic renal disease): Rate as renal dysfunction. Toxic nephropathy (antibotics, ocontrast agents, nonsteroidal anti-inmatory agents, heavy metals, and ar agents): Rate as renal dysfunction. Glomerulonephritis: Rate as renal dysfunction. Interstitial nephritis: Rate as renal dysfunction. Papillary necrosis: Rate as renal dysfunction. Papillary necrosis: Rate as renal dysfunction. Disseminated intravascular coagulawith renal cortical necrosis: Rate as renal dysfunction. Renal involvement in diabetes itus, sickle cell anemia, systemic er erythematosus, vasculitis, or other emic disease processes. Rate as renal dysfunction. Neurogenic bladder: Rate as voiding dysfunction.	ar. 29,
li u	Renal amyloid disease: Rate as renal dysfunction. Disseminated intravascular coagulawith renal cortical necrosis: Rate as renal dysfunction. Renal involvement in diabetes

Minimum rating for symptomatic condition

§4.116

GYNECOLOGICAL CONDITIONS AND DISORDERS OF THE BREAST

§4.116 Schedule of ratings—gynecological conditions and disorders of the breast.

		Rating
7610	Note 1: Natural menopause, primary amenorrhea, and pregnancy and child-birth are not disabilities for rating purposes. Chronic residuals of medical or surgical complications of pregnancy may be disabilities for rating purposes. Note 2: When evaluating any claim involving loss or loss of use of one or more creative organs or anatomical loss of one or both breasts, refer to § 3.350 of this chapter to determine whether the veteran may be entitled to special monthly compensation. Footnotes in the schedule indicate conditions which potentially establish entitlement to special monthly compensation; however, almost any condition in this section might, under certain circumstances, establish entitlement to special monthly compensation. Vulva, disease or injury of (including	
	ovaginitis).	
	Vagina, disease or injury of.	
	Cervix, disease or injury of. Uterus, disease, injury, or adhesions of.	
7614	Fallopian tube, disease, injury, or adhesions	
	ocluding pelvic inflammatory disease (PID)). Ovary, disease, injury, or adhesions of.	
Genera	al Rating Formula for Disease, Injury, or Ad-	
hesic	ons of Female Reproductive Organs (diag-	
nosti	c codes 7610 through 7615): Symptoms not controlled by continuous	
	treatment	30
	Symptoms that require continuous treat-	
	mentSymptoms that do not require continuous	10
	treatment	0
	Uterus and both ovaries, removal of, com-	
plete	For three months after removal	1100
	Thereafter	150 150
7618	Uterus, removal of, including corpus:	
	For three months after removal	1100 130
7619	Thereafter Ovary, removal of:	. 30
	For three months after removal	¹ 100
	Thereafter:	100
	Complete removal of both ovaries Removal of one with or without	1 30
	partial removal of the other	10
	Ovaries, atrophy of both, complete	1 20
7621	Uterus, prolapse: Complete, through vagina and introitus	50
	Incomplete	30
7622	Uterus, displacement of:	
	With marked displacement and frequent or	30
	continuous menstrual disturbances With adhesions and irregular menstruation	10
7623	Pregnancy, surgical complications of:	
	With rectocele or cystocele	50
7624	With relaxation of perineumFistula, rectovaginal:	10
1024	Vaginal fecal leakage at least once a day	
	requiring wearing of pad	100
	Vaginal fecal leakage four or more times	
	per week, but less than daily, requiring	

		Rating
	Vaginal fecal leakage one to three times per week requiring wearing of pad	30
	Vaginal fecal leakage less than once a	
	weekWithout leakage	10 0
7625	Fistula, urethrovaginal:	Ü
	Multiple urethrovaginal fistulae	100
	Requiring the use of an appliance or the wearing of absorbent materials which	
	must be changed more than four times per day	60
	Requiring the wearing of absorbent mate-	
	rials which must be changed two to four	40
	times per day Requiring the wearing of absorbent mate-	40
	rials which must be changed less than	
	two times per day	20
7626	Breast, surgery of: Following radical mastectomy:	
	Both	180
	One	150
	Following modified radical mastectomy:	
	Both	¹60
	One Following simple mastectomy or wide local excision with significant alteration of size	¹40
	or form:	
	Both	¹ 50
	One Following wide local excision without significant alteration of size or form:	130
	Both or one	0
	Note: For VA purposes:	
	(1) Radical mastectomy means removal of the entire breast, un-	
	derlying pectoral muscles, and regional lymph nodes up to the	
	coracoclavicular ligament	
	(2) Modified radical mastectomy means removal of the entire	
	breast and axillary lymph nodes	
	(in continuity with the breast). Pectoral muscles are left intact	
	(3) Simple (or total) mastectomy	
	means removal of all of the	
	breast tissue, nipple, and a small portion of the overlying	
	skin, but lymph nodes and mus-	
	cles are left intact	
	(4) Wide local excision (including partial mastectomy,	
	lumpectomy, tylectomy,	
	segmentectomy, and	
	quadrantectomy) means re- moval of a portion of the breast	
	tissue	
	Malignant neoplasms of gynecological sys- or breast	100