# Rezulin® (Troglitazone) Tablets

Presentation to the Endocrinologic and Metabolic Drugs Advisory Committee

Parke-Davis Pharmaceutical Research March 26, 1999

## Introduction

Robert Zerbe, MD

Sr. Vice-President, Clinical Research
and Development

Parke-Davis

## Rezulin® Timeline

• July 1996 Initial NDA Submission

(Insulin Combination)

• January 1997 Initial Approval

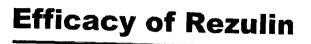
• February 1997 SNDA Submission

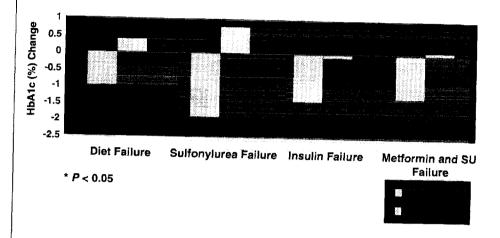
(Sulfonylurea Combination,

Monotherapy)

August 1997 SNDA Approval

(Triple Therapy)





## Labeling Changes Related to Hepatic Failure

#### October/December 1997

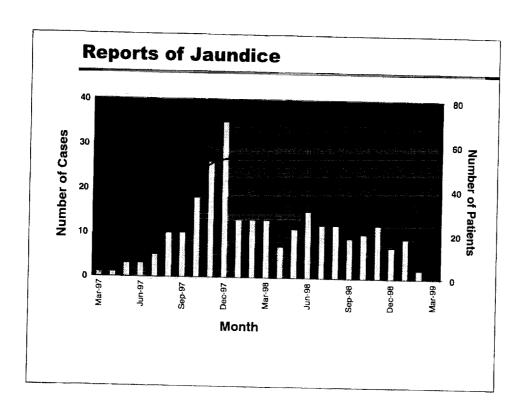
Boxed Warning Routine Monitoring Added No therapy if ALT > 3X ULN

#### **July 1998**

Monitoring Extended
Intensive Follow-up for Mild Elevations
No therapy if ALT > 1.5 X ULN
Discontinue monotherapy if no response in two months

## **Parke-Davis Initiatives**

- Better understanding of mechanism and epidemiology
- Better definition of patients who can gain greatest benefit
- Professional education regarding the importance of monitoring



### **Agenda**

Introduction Robert Zerbe, MD

Hepatic Events Paul Watkins, MD Univ. of Michigan

Professor of Medicine and Professor of Pharmacology

Incidence of Serious Mark Pierce, MD, PhD

Liver Events V.P., Clinical Research

Gerald Faich, MD, MPH
President, Pharmaceutical
Safety Assessment, Inc.

Comparative Safety of Philip Home, DM, DPhil Alternative Therapies Univ. of Newcastle, UK

**Professor of Diabetes** 

Medicine

Lunch

## Agenda (Cont'd.)

Benefits of Rezulin Therapy Ra

Randall Whitcomb, MD V.P., Clinical Research

**Risk-Benefit Summary** 

Robert Zerbe, MD

## **Key Points**

- The risk of liver related death and transplant with Rezulin is low and declining
- The risk compares favorably to the risk of serious events associated with other available treatments
- Physicians have a high awareness of the risk and the need for monitoring
- Rezulin, through it's unique mechanism, provides marked benefit in combination and as monotherapy to hundreds of thousands of patients