# The Implementation of Singapore Mathematics 

in $a$

Regional School District in Massachusetts 2000-2006

Remarks to National Mathematics Advisory Panel Cambridge, Massachusetts September 14, 2006

by

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Introduction: Good morning. Thank you for the opportunity to speak with you, and most especially for your commitment to this extensive undertaking. This past June I retired from my position as associate superintendent for one of the largest regional school districts in Massachusetts, a position I held for over twenty years. My comments this morning address the implementation of the Singapore Mathematics program in the North Middlesex Regional School District and the resultant outcomes.

Background: In the spring of 1998 the Massachusetts Department of Education inaugurated a mandatory assessment program for all public school students in grades 4, 8 and 10. The results from the first administration of the Massachusetts Comprehensive Assessment System (MCAS) were dismal, particularly in mathematics. The statewide failure in grade 10 math was $52 \%$. North Middlesex Regional High School's tenth graders did not fare much better with a failure rate of $39 \%$. By the second year of testing, North Middlesex's failure rate had climbed to $46 \%$, not far ahead of the state average of $53 \%$ for 1999 . We anticipated that results would improve dramatically in 2001 when passing the test became one criterion for attainment of a high school diploma, but this did not lessen our disappointment when our students' performance in the spring of 2001 was scarcely better than the state average. We determined to find the cause of, and a remedy for, our unsatisfactory outcomes.

In the fall of 1999 we began a review of available district data in mathematics, and concluded that the promise that our fourth graders had shown on MCAS and other district assessments was in a precipitous decline by middle school. To provide more academic opportunity and rigor for middle school students, among other things, we did the following:

1. eliminated all activity block periods at the middle school level;
2. established a goal that all middle school math teachers would have majors in their field;
3. provided more time for mathematics; and
4. reviewed and revised all curricula in mathematics.

Most important of all, we responded to a Massachusetts Department of Education initiative to host a summer institute on the acceleration of middle school mathematics. The institute, open to teachers, grades 5-9, introduced participants to the Mathematics Syllabus issued by the Singapore Ministry of Education. Another prominent feature of the Institute was the development of three teacher-leaders who facilitated the institute with their college partner after working with district administration to identify areas of need.

Singapore Math: The Singapore Math program calls for direct instruction. Its focus is on mathematical thinking with immediate application of new skills to problem solving. There are few topics covered each year, and these topics are introduced in great detail. In addition, understanding is enhanced through visual representation utilizing a problem solving strategy termed,"model drawing." Beyond this, textbooks are lively without the distraction of many contemporary texts, paper-bound and considerably smaller than traditional textbooks. I think you will be surprised when you see the texts, some of which I have left for your perusal.

Implementation of Singapore Mathematics: In the fall of 2000, five of the institute participants implemented the curriculum and textbooks from Singapore in six classrooms, grades 5-8. The experience was successful: over the next six years the implementation extended to all grades (1-8) and from 6 classrooms in 2000 to 130 in the 2005-2006 school year. Throughout the implementation phase, faculty involvement was voluntary, the only requirement being the teacher's enrollment in a district-sponsored mathematics course. Appendix A depicts the expansion of Singapore Math in North Middlesex.

Outcomes: North Middlesex's trial with Singapore Math was expanded because of the many indicators of success. Appendices $B$ and $C$ present a longitudinal history of student outcomes on the MCAS at grade 10 (1998-2005) and the Iowa Tests of Basic Skills at grades 2, 5 and 6. As Appendix B indicates, North Middlesex grade 10 students performing at the advanced level on the MCAS math exam increased from 9\% in 1998 to $57 \%$ in 2005 , while the failure rate over the same period declined from $39 \%$ to $2 \%$.

There are other indicators of success:

1. all grade 8 students now enroll in Algebra I (in contrast with $25 \%$ of the population in 1999)
2. there is a significant increase in the percentage of grade 9 students enrolled in Algebra II (from less than 25\% in 1999 to 45\% this year); and
3. in the 2005-2006 school year (for the first time) there were students enrolled in AP Calculus (BC);

This fall, $100 \%$ of students in grades 1-7 and $75 \%$ of students in grade 8 are in the Singapore Math program. Singapore Mathematics is no longer an initiative, but the way North Middlesex delivers mathematics instruction.

Educational Community Response: On almost a weekly basis North Middlesex is contacted by school districts from across the country seeking information on the implementation of Singapore Mathematics. In most cases, the caller seeks affirmation of a decision already made to purchase the textbooks from Singapore. The response from North Middlesex is always the same: it is as much the professional development in mathematics and the administrative support as it is the textbook and the program. There is no end to improvement, and the role of administration is critical if success is the desired outcome.

Beyond requests for information, North Middlesex's classrooms are visited with frequency by both local educators and those from afar. Last year alone brought in visitors from Ohio to Georgia. In addition, our efforts in mathematics have received considerable attention in the media from the Boston Globe to the Wall Street Journal. This month, Gene Maeroff (founder of the Hechinger Institute on Education and the Media at Teachers College, Columbia University) released his latest book, Building Blocks: Making Children Successful in the Early Years of School. The chapter on
mathematics in Building Blocks focuses on the efforts in North Middlesex to "build a foundation for mathematics the early years" through the Singapore Math program.

Conclusion: Improving outcomes for students in mathematics is dependent on a number of factors, chief among them a teacher with a strong math background, ongoing professional development, administrative support and involvement, and a mathematics program that encourages mathematical understanding. North Middlesex seems to have found the answer.

|  | Kindergarten | Grade 1 | Grade 2 | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Grade 6 | Grade 7 | Grade 8 | Total \#Classes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2000-01 |  |  |  |  |  | - | - | 4 4 | 4 4 | 6 |
| 2001-02 |  | - 4 |  |  | 4 4 | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ \triangle \Delta A \end{gathered}$ | 4 4. | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 4 4 - | 19 |
| 2002-03 | 4 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \end{gathered}$ | - 4 - | $\begin{array}{r} \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \end{array}$ | $\triangle \Delta \Delta$ $\Delta \triangle \Delta$ $\Delta \Delta \Delta$ | $\begin{aligned} & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \triangle \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \end{gathered}$ | 55 |
| 2003-04 | 4 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \triangle \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta A \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\Delta \Delta}{\Delta \Delta \Delta}$ | 79 |
| 2004-05 | - 4 - | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ \Delta \Delta \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ |  | A A A <br> - $\triangle$ A <br> - $\Delta \Delta$ <br> - $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ <br> - 4 |  | $\begin{gathered} \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ \triangle \Delta \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ | 106 |
| 2005-06 100\% Implementation at grades 1-6; $75 \%$ at $7-8$ | - 4 - |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \triangle \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \\ & \Delta \Delta \Delta \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{\Delta \Delta \Delta} \\ & \mathbf{\Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta} \\ & \mathbf{\Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta} \\ & \mathbf{\Delta \Delta \Delta} \\ & \mathbf{\Delta \Delta} \\ & { }_{14 / 18} \\ & 100 \% \text { in } \\ & 2007-08 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 130 |

Number of Classes using Curriculum by School Year ( $\mathbf{\triangle}=1$ classroom)

Appendix B: MCAS Mathematics Results 1998-2005

Results for North Middlesex Regional High School and State

| Grade 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Comparison of North Middlesex and State Results (1998-2005) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |$\quad$| Needs |
| :---: |

## North Middlesex Regional School District Appendix C: Iowa Tests of Basic Skills

Grade 2 - Comparison of 2000-2003 Mathematics Results Percentile Rank of Average Standard Score: National Student Norms

|  | Math Advanced <br> Skills |  |  |  |  |  | Math Total |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 |  |  |  |
| District | 82 | 83 | 85 | 84 | 81 | 83 | 84 | 85 |  |  |  |
| Ashby | 78 | 74 | 79 | 73 | 78 | 72 | 74 | 76 |  |  |  |
| Townsend | 89 | 88 | 92 | 92 | 89 | 88 | 91 | 94 |  |  |  |
| Pepperell | 77 | 80 | 80 | 78 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 77 |  |  |  |

Grade 2 - Comparison of 2004-2005
Percentile Rank of Average Standard Score: National Student Norms

| 2005 <br> Enrollment | Mathematics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Concepts |  | Problems |  | Computation |  | Total |  |
|  | '04 | '05 | '04 | '05 | '04 | '05 | '04 | '05 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { District } \\ & \mathrm{N}=326 \end{aligned}$ | 81 | 85 | 80 | 82 | 70 | 79 | 79 | 83 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Ashby } \\ \mathbf{N}=\mathbf{2 8} \end{gathered}$ | 77 | 82 | 81 | 75 | 83 | 76 | 81 | 79 |
| Townsend $\mathrm{N}=132$ | 82 | 90 | 78 | 87 | 71 | 88 | 79 | 91 |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Pepperell } \\ \mathrm{N}=166 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 81 | 80 | 80 | 78 | 66 | 71 | 79 | 77 |

Iowa Tests of Basic Skills
Grade 5 - Comparison of Mathematics Results 1999-2005
District and School Results in National Percentile Ranks


## North Middlesex Regional School District

Iowa Tests of Basic Skills
Grade 6 - Comparison of Mathematics Results 1999-2005
District and School Results in National Percentile Ranks

|  | Math Concepts |  |  |  |  |  |  | Math Problems and Data Interpretation |  |  |  |  |  |  | Math Computation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 99 | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 |
| District | 60 | 67 | 76 | 74 | 80 | 79 | 81 | 60 | 66 | 72 | 70 | 75 | 73 | 74 | 60 | 63 | 62 | 63 | 72 | 71 | 74 |
| Ashby | 70 | 60 | 69 |  | Gr. ved | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stuc } \\ & 0 \mathrm{HB} \end{aligned}$ |  | 64 | 64 | 72 |  | Gr. ved | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stud } \\ & \text { HBN } \end{aligned}$ |  | 68 | 66 | 69 |  | Gr. ved | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stud } \\ \text { HB } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| nsend | 57 | 71 | 79 | 75 | 80 | 80 | 82 | 56 | 68 | 71 | 68 | 73 | 74 | 73 | 63 | 66 | 63 | 60 | 76 | 74 | 73 |
| Pepperell | 60 | 65 | 72 | 73 | 79 | 78 | 80 | 63 | 65 | 73 | 72 | 76 | 73 | 74 | 54 | 60 | 59 | 64 | 68 | 68 | 76 |

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 2000-2001: } & 1 \text { Singapore Math class (in Townsend) } \\
\text { 2001-2002: } & 3 \text { SM classes } \\
\text { 2002-2003: } & 7 \text { SM }
\end{array}
$$

| 2003-2004: | 9 SM classes |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2004-2005: | 12 SM classes |
| 2005-2006: | 18 SM classes $(100 \%)$ |

