

§ 5.40

authorize a fixed dollar amount, set by MSHA, for processing the application.

(c) If unforeseen circumstances are discovered during the evaluation, and MSHA determines that these circumstances would result in the actual costs exceeding either the pre-authorized expenditure or the authorized maximum fee estimate, as appropriate, MSHA will prepare a revised maximum fee estimate for completing the evaluation. The applicant will have the option of either cancelling the action and paying for services rendered or authorizing MSHA's revised estimate, in which case MSHA will continue to test and evaluate the product.

(d) If the actual cost of processing the application is less than MSHA's maximum fee estimate, MSHA will charge the actual cost.

[70 FR 46342, Aug. 9, 2005]

§ 5.40 Fee administration.

Applicants will be billed for all fees, including actual travel expenses, if any, when processing of the application is completed. Invoices will contain specific payment instructions, including the address to mail payments and authorized methods of payment.

[70 FR 46342, Aug. 9, 2005]

§ 5.50 Fee revisions.

Each fee schedule shall remain in effect for at least one year and be subject to revision at least once every three years.

PART 6—TESTING AND EVALUATION BY INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES AND NON-MSHA PRODUCT SAFETY STANDARDS

Sec.

6.1 Purpose and effective date.

6.2 Definitions.

6.10 Use of independent laboratories.

6.20 MSHA acceptance of equivalent non-MSHA product safety standards.

6.30 MSHA listing of equivalent non-MSHA product safety standards.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 957.

SOURCE: 68 FR 36417, June 17, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

30 CFR Ch. I (7–1–06 Edition)

§ 6.1 Purpose and effective date.

This part sets out alternate requirements for testing and evaluation of products MSHA approves for use in gassy underground mines. It permits manufacturers of certain products who seek MSHA approval to use an independent laboratory to perform, in whole or part, the necessary testing and evaluation for approval. It also permits manufacturers to have their products approved based on non-MSHA product safety standards once MSHA has determined that the non-MSHA standards are equivalent to MSHA's applicable product approval requirements or can be modified to provide at least the same degree of protection as those MSHA requirements. The provisions of this part may be used by applicants for product approval under parts 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 27, 33, 35, and 36. This rule is effective August 18, 2003.

§ 6.2 Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this part.

Applicant. An individual or organization that manufactures or controls the assembly of a product and applies to MSHA for approval of that product.

Approval. A written document issued by MSHA which states that a product has met the applicable requirements of part 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 27, 33, 35, or 36. The definition is based on the existing definitions of "approval" in the parts specified above. It is expanded to include "certification" and "acceptance" because these terms also are used to denote MSHA approval.

Approval holder. An applicant whose application for approval of a product under part 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 27, 33, 35 or 36 of this chapter has been approved by MSHA.

Equivalent non-MSHA product safety standards. A non-MSHA product safety standard, or group of standards, that is determined by MSHA to provide at least the same degree of protection as the applicable MSHA product approval requirements in parts 18, 19, 20, 22, 23, 27, 33, 35, and 36, or which in modified form provide at least the same degree of protection.

Independent laboratory. A laboratory that: