or factor materially affecting information submitted in the application for alternative mine rescue capability.

- (i)(1) An approved plan for alternative mine rescue capability shall be subject be to revocation or modification by MSHA, where it is determined that a condition or factor has changed which would materially alter the operator's mine rescue capability. If such action is contemplated, the operator will be notified and given an opportunity to be heard before the appropriate District Manager.
- (2) If an application for alternative compliance is denied or revoked, the District Manager shall provide the reason for such denial or revocation in writing to the operator. The operator may appeal this decision in writing to the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health or the Administrator for Metal and Nonmetal Mine Safety and Health, as appropriate, 1100 Wilson Blvd., Room 2424 (Coal) or Room 2436 (Metal and Nonmetal), Arlington, Virginia 22209–3939.

[45 FR 47002, July 11, 1980, as amended at 67 FR 38385, June 4, 2002]

§ 49.5 Mine rescue station.

- (a) Except where alternative compliance is permitted, every operator of an underground mine shall designate, in advance, the location of the mine rescue station serving the mine.
- (b) Mine rescue stations are to provide a centralized storage location for rescue equipment. This centralized storage location may be either at the mine site, affiliated mines, or a separate mine rescue structure.
- (c) Mine rescue stations shall provide a proper storage environment to assure equipment readiness for immediate use.
- (d) Authorized representatives of the Secretary shall have the right of entry to inspect any designated mine rescue station.

§49.6 Equipment and maintenance requirements.

- (a) Each mine rescue station shall be provided with at least the following equipment:
- (1) Twelve self-contained oxygen breathing apparatus, each with a minimum of 2 hours capacity (approved by

- MSHA and NIOSH under 42 CFR part 84, subpart H), and any necessary equipment for testing such breathing apparatus;
- (2) A portable supply of liquid air, liquid oxygen, pressurized oxygen, oxygen generating or carbon dioxide absorbant chemicals, as applicable to the supplied breathing apparatus and sufficient to sustain each team for six hours while using the breathing apparatus during rescue operations;
- (3) One extra oxygen bottle (fully charged) for every six self-contained compressed oxygen breathing apparatus:
- (4) One oxygen pump or a cascading system, compatible with the supplied breathing apparatus;
- (5) Twelve permissible cap lamps and a charging rack;
- (6) Two gas detectors appropriate for each type of gas which may be encountered at the mines served;
- (7) Two oxygen indicators or two flame safety lamps;
- (8) One portable mine rescue communication system (approved under part 23 of this title) or a sound-powered communication system. The wires or cable to the communication system shall be of sufficient tensile strength to be used as a manual communication system. These communication systems shall be at least 1,000 feet in length; and
- (9) Necessary spare parts and tools for repairing the breathing apparatus and communication system.
- (b) Mine rescue apparatus and equipment shall be maintained in a manner that will ensure readiness for immediate use. A person trained in the use and care of breathing apparatus shall inspect and test the apparatus at intervals not exceeding 30 days and shall certify by signature and date that the inspections and tests were done. When the inspection indicates that a corrective action is necessary, the corrective action shall be made and the person shall record the corrective action taken. The certification and the record of corrective action shall be maintained at the mine rescue station for a period of one year and made available