other personal protective equipment capable of providing protection against shock hazard must be used to prevent direct contact with the cable.

- (b) High-voltage insulated gloves, sleeves, and other insulated personal protective equipment must—
- (1) Have a voltage rating of at least Class 1 (7,500 volts) that meets or exceeds ASTM F496-97, "Standard Specification for In-Service Care of Insulating Gloves and Sleeves" (1997).
- (2) Be examined before each use for visible signs of damage;
- (3) Be removed from the underground area of the mine or destroyed when damaged or defective; and
- (4) Be electrically tested every 6 months in accordance with publication ASTM F496-97. ASTM F496-97 (Standard Specification for In-Service Care of Insulating Gloves and Sleeves, 1997) is incorporated by reference and may be inspected at any MSHA Coal Mine Safety and Health district office, or at MSHA's Office of Standards, Regulations, and Variances, 1100 Wilson Blvd., Room 2352, Arlington, Virginia 22209-3939, and at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or http://www.archives.gov/ 90 to: federal_register/

code_of_federal_regulations/

ibr_locations.html. In addition, copies of the document can be purchased from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania 19428–2959. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

 $[67~{\rm FR}~11001,~{\rm Mar.}~11,~2002,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~67~{\rm FR}~38386,~{\rm June}~4,~2002;~71~{\rm FR}~16668,~{\rm Apr.}~3,~2006]$

§75.819 Motor-starter enclosures; barriers and interlocks.

Compartment separation and cover interlock switches for motor-starter enclosures must be maintained in accordance with the approval requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of §18.53 of part 18 of this chapter.

§ 75.820 Electrical work; troubleshooting and testing.

- (a) Electrical work on all circuits and equipment associated with high-voltage longwalls must be performed only by persons qualified under §75.153 to perform electrical work on all circuits and equipment.
- (b) Prior to performing electrical work, except for troubleshooting and testing of energized circuits and equipment as provided for in paragraph (d) of this section, a qualified person must do the following:
- (1) Deenergize the circuit or equipment with a circuit-interrupting device.
- (2) Open the circuit disconnecting device. On high-voltage circuits, ground the power conductors until work on the circuit is completed.
- (3) Lock out the disconnecting device with a padlock. When more than one qualified person is performing work, each person must install an individual padlock.
- (4) Tag the disconnecting device to identify each person working and the circuit or equipment on which work is being performed.
- (c) Each padlock and tag must be removed only by the person who installed them, except that, if that person is unavailable at the mine, the lock and tag may be removed by a person authorized by the operator, provided—
- (1) The authorized person is qualified under paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (2) The operator ensures that the person who installed the lock and tag is aware of the removal before that person resumes work on the affected circuit or equipment.
- (d) Troubleshooting and testing of energized circuits must be performed only—
- (1) On low- and medium-voltage circuits;
- (2) When the purpose of troubleshooting and testing is to determine voltages and currents; and
- (3) By persons qualified to perform electrical work and who wear protective gloves on circuits that exceed 40 volts in accordance with the following table:

§75.821

Circuit voltage	Type of glove required
Greater than 120 volts (nominal) (not intrinsically safe)	Rubber insulating gloves with leather protectors. Either rubber insulating gloves with leather protectors or dry work gloves. Either rubber insulating gloves with leather protectors or dry work gloves.

- (4) Rubber insulating gloves must be rated at least for the nominal voltage of the circuit when the voltage of the circuit exceeds 120 volts nominal and is not intrinsically safe.
- (e) Before troubleshooting and testing a low- or medium-voltage circuit contained in a compartment with a high-voltage circuit, the high-voltage circuit must be deenergized, disconnected, grounded, locked out and tagged in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.
- (f) Prior to the installation or removal of conveyor belt structure, high-voltage cables extending from the section power center to longwall equipment and located in the belt entries must be:
 - (1) Deenergized; or
- (2) Guarded in accordance with §75.816 of this part, at the location where the belt structure is being installed or removed: or
- (3) Located at least 6.5 feet above the mine floor.

§ 75.821 Testing, examination and maintenance.

(a) At least once every 7 days, a person qualified in accordance with §75.153 to perform electrical work on all circuits and equipment must test and examine each unit of high-voltage longwall equipment and circuits to determine that electrical protection, equipment grounding, permissibility, cable insulation, and control devices are being properly maintained to prevent fire, electrical shock, ignition, or operational hazards from existing on

the equipment. Tests must include activating the ground-fault test circuit as required by §75.814(c).

- (b) Each ground-wire monitor and associated circuits must be examined and tested at least once each 30 days to verify proper operation and that it will cause the corresponding circuit-interrupting device to open.
- (c) When examinations or tests of equipment reveal a fire, electrical shock, ignition, or operational hazard, the equipment must be removed from service immediately or repaired immediately.
- (d) At the completion of examinations and tests required by this section, the person who makes the examinations and tests must certify by signature and date that they have been conducted. A record must be made of any unsafe condition found and any corrective action taken. Certifications and records must be kept for at least one year and must be made available for inspection by authorized representatives of the Secretary and representatives of miners.

§ 75.822 Underground high-voltage longwall cables.

In addition to the high-voltage cable design specifications in §75.804 of this part, high-voltage cables for use on longwalls may be a type SHD cable with a center ground-check conductor no smaller than a No. 16 AWG stranded conductor. The cables must be MSHA accepted as flame-resistant under part 18 or approved under subpart K of part 7.