

## Mine Safety and Health Admin., Labor

## § 75.2

- 75.1719 Illumination; purpose and scope of §§ 75.1719 through 75.1719-4; time for compliance.
- 75.1719-1 Illumination in working places.
- 75.1719-2 Lighting fixtures; requirements.
- 75.1719-3 Methods of measurement; light measuring instruments.
- 75.1719-4 Mining machines, cap lamps; requirements.
- 75.1720 Protective clothing; requirements.
- 75.1720-1 Distinctively colored hard hats, or hard caps; identification for newly employed, inexperienced miners.
- 75.1721 Opening of new underground coal mines, or reopening and reactivating of abandoned or deactivated coal mines; notification by the operator; requirements.
- 75.1722 Mechanical equipment guards.
- 75.1723 Stationary grinding machines; protective devices.
- 75.1724 Hand-held power tools; safety devices.
- 75.1725 Machinery and equipment; operation and maintenance.
- 75.1726 Performing work from a raised position; safeguards.
- 75.1727 Drive belts.
- 75.1728 Power-driven pulleys.
- 75.1729 Welding operations.
- 75.1730 Compressed air; general; compressed air systems.

### Subpart S [Reserved]

### Subpart T—Diesel-Powered Equipment

- 75.1900 Definitions.
- 75.1901 Diesel fuel requirements.
- 75.1902 Underground diesel fuel storage—general requirements.
- 75.1903 Underground diesel fuel storage facilities and areas; construction and safety precautions.
- 75.1904 Underground diesel fuel tanks and safety cans.
- 75.1905 Dispensing of diesel fuel.
- 75.1905-1 Diesel fuel piping systems.
- 75.1906 Transport of diesel fuel.
- 75.1907 Diesel-powered equipment intended for use in underground coal mines.
- 75.1908 Nonpermissible diesel-powered equipment; categories.
- 75.1909 Nonpermissible diesel-powered equipment; design and performance requirements.
- 75.1910 Nonpermissible diesel-powered equipment; electrical system design and performance requirements.
- 75.1911 Fire suppression systems for diesel-powered equipment and diesel fuel transportation units.
- 75.1912 Fire suppression systems for permanent underground diesel fuel storage facilities.
- 75.1913 Starting aids.
- 75.1914 Maintenance of diesel-powered equipment.

- 75.1915 Training and qualification of persons working on diesel-powered equipment.
- 75.1916 Operation of diesel-powered equipment.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 811.

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EDITORIAL NOTE: The provisions of this part marked [Statutory Provision] appear in Title III of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969.

### Subpart A—General

#### § 75.1 Scope.

This part 75 sets forth safety standards compliance with which is mandatory in each underground coal mine subject to the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977. Some standards also are applicable to surface operations. Regulations and criteria supplementary to these standards also are set forth in this part.

[35 FR 17890, Nov. 20, 1970, as amended at 43 FR 12319, Mar. 24, 1978]

#### § 75.2 Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this part.

*Act.* The Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977.

*Active workings.* Any place in a coal mine where miners are normally required to work or travel.

*Adequate interrupting capacity.* The ability of an electrical protective device, based upon its required and intended application, to safely interrupt values of current in excess of its trip setting or melting point.

*Anthracite.* Coals with a volatile ratio equal to 0.12 or less. The volatile ratio is the volatile matter content divided by the volatile matter plus the fixed carbon.

*Approval documentation.* Formal papers issued by the Mine Safety and Health Administration which describe and illustrate the complete assembly of electrical machinery or accessories which have met the applicable requirements of 30 CFR part 18.

*Certified or registered.* As applied to any person, a person certified or registered by the State in which the coal mine is located to perform duties prescribed by this part 75, except that in a

State where no program of certification or registration is provided or where the program does not meet at least minimum Federal standards established by the Secretary, such certification or registration shall be by the Secretary.

*Circuit-interrupting device.* A device designed to open and close a circuit by nonautomatic means and to open the circuit automatically at a predetermined overcurrent value without damage to the device when operated within its rating.

*Coal mine.* Includes areas of adjoining mines connected underground.

*Filter Self-Rescuer (FSR).* A type of gas mask approved by MSHA and NIOSH under 42 CFR part 84 for escape only from underground mines and which provides at least 1 hour of protection against carbon monoxide.

*Ground fault or grounded phase.* An unintentional connection between an electric circuit and the grounding system.

*Low voltage.* Up to and including 660 volts, medium voltage means voltages from 661 to 1,000 volts; and high voltage means more than 1,000 volts.

*Motor-starter enclosure.* An enclosure containing motor starting circuits and equipment.

*Nominal voltage.* The phase-to-phase or line-to-line root-mean-square value assigned to a circuit or system for designation of its voltage class, such as 480 or 4,160 volts. Actual voltage at which the circuit or system operates may vary from the nominal voltage within a range that permits satisfactory operation of equipment.

*Permissible.* (1) As applied to electric face equipment, all electrically operated equipment taken into or used in by the last open crosscut of an entry or a room of any coal mine the electrical parts of which, including, but not limited to, associated electrical equipment, components, and accessories, are designed, constructed, and installed, in accordance with the specifications of the Secretary, to assure that such equipment will not cause a mine explosion or mine fire, and the other features of which are designed and constructed, in accordance with the specifications of the Secretary, to prevent, to the greatest extent possible, other

accidents in the use of such equipment. The regulations of the Secretary or the Director of the Bureau of Mines in effect on March 30, 1970, relating to the requirements for investigation, testing, approval, certification, and acceptance of such equipment as permissible shall continue in effect until modified or superseded by the Secretary, except that the Secretary shall provide procedures, including, where feasible, testing, approval, certification, and acceptance in the field by an authorized representative of the Secretary, to facilitate compliance by an operator with the requirements of § 75.500 within the periods prescribed in § 75.500.

(2) As applied to equipment other than permissible electric face equipment: (i) Equipment used in the operation of a coal mine to which an approval plate, label, or other device is attached as authorized by the Secretary and which meets specifications which are prescribed by the Secretary for the construction and maintenance of such equipment and are designed to assure that such equipment will not cause a mine explosion or a mine fire. (ii) The manner of use of equipment means the manner of use prescribed by the Secretary.

*Qualified person.* As the context requires:

(1) An individual deemed qualified by the Secretary and designated by the operator to make tests and examinations required by this part 75; and

(2) An individual deemed, in accordance with minimum requirements to be established by the Secretary, qualified by training, education, and experience, to perform electrical work, to maintain electrical equipment, and to conduct examinations and tests of all electrical equipment.

*Respirable dust.* Dust collected with a sampling device approved by the Secretary and the Secretary of Health and Human Services in accordance with part 74—Coal Mine Dust Personal Sampler Units of this title. Sampling device approvals issued by the Secretary of the Interior and Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare are continued in effect.

*Rock dust.* Pulverized limestone, dolomite, gypsum, anhydrite, shale,

adobe, or other inert material, preferably light colored, 100 percent of which will pass through a sieve having 20 meshes per linear inch and 70 percent or more of which will pass through a sieve having 200 meshes per linear inch; the particles of which when wetted and dried will not cohere to form a cake which will not be dispersed into separate particles by a light blast of air; and which does not contain more than 5 percent combustible matter or more than a total of 4 percent free and combined silica (SiO<sub>2</sub>), or, where the Secretary finds that such silica concentrations are not available, which does not contain more than 5 percent of free and combined silica.

*Secretary.* The Secretary of Labor or the Secretary's delegate.

*Self-Contained Self-Rescuer (SCSR).* A type of closed-circuit, self-contained breathing apparatus approved by MSHA and NIOSH under 42 CFR part 84 for escape only from underground mines.

*Short circuit.* An abnormal connection of relatively low impedance, whether made accidentally or intentionally, between two points of different potential.

*Working face.* Any place in a coal mine in which work of extracting coal from its natural deposit in the earth is performed during the mining cycle.

*Working place.* The area of a coal mine inby the last open crosscut.

*Working section.* All areas of the coal mine from the loading point of the section to and including the working faces.

[57 FR 20913, May 15, 1992, as amended at 60 FR 30401, June 8, 1995; 67 FR 11001, Mar. 11, 2002]

## Subpart B—Qualified and Certified Persons

### § 75.100 Certified person.

(a) The provisions of Subpart D—Ventilation of this part 75 require that certain examinations and tests be made by a certified person. A certified person within the meaning of those provisions is a person who has been certified as a mine foreman (mine manager), an assistant mine foreman (section foreman), or a preshift examiner (mine examiner). A person who has been so certified is also a qualified per-

son within the meaning of those provisions of subpart D of this part which require that certain tests be made by a qualified person and within the meaning of § 75.1106.

(b) A person who is certified as a mine foreman, an assistant mine foreman, or a preshift examiner by the State in which the coal mine is located is, to the extent of the State's certification, a certified person within the meaning of the provisions of subpart D of this part and § 75.1106 referred to in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c)(1) The Secretary may certify persons in the categories of mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, and preshift examiner whenever the State in which persons are presently employed in these categories does not provide for such certification. A person's initial certification by MSHA is valid for as long as the person continues to satisfy the requirements necessary to obtain the certification and is employed at the same coal mine or by the same independent contractor. The mine operator or independent contractor shall make an application which satisfactorily shows that each such person has had at least 2 years underground experience in a coal mine, and has held the position of mine foreman, assistant mine foreman, or preshift examiner for a period of 6 months immediately preceding the filing of the application, and is qualified to test for methane and for oxygen deficiency. Applications for Secretarial certification should be submitted in writing to the Health and Safety Activity, Mine Safety and Health Administration, Certification and Qualification Center, P.O. Box 25367, Denver Federal Center, Denver, Colorado 80225.

(2) A person certified by the Secretary under this paragraph will be a certified person, within the meaning of the provisions for subpart D of this part and § 75.1106 referred to in paragraph (a) of this section, as long as that person continues to satisfy the requirements for qualification or certification and is employed at the same coal mine or by the same independent contractor.

[35 FR 17890, Nov. 20, 1970, as amended at 43 FR 12320, Mar. 24, 1978; 54 FR 30514, July 20, 1989]