

\$910,198,959

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE®

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-058

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 which highlights some of these risks.

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the inside front cover.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be August 30, 2005.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Bear, Stearns & Co., Inc. Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is August 23, 2005

Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-058

The Trust will issue the classes of securities listed in the table below. If you own exchangeable securities identified in the table, you can exchange them for the corresponding MX Securities, and vice

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	Final Distribution Date(4)	CUSIP Number
AF(1)	\$ 75,000,000	(5)	TAC/AD	FLT	August 2035	38374L L4 1
AS(1)	75,000,000	(5)	NTL (TAC/AD)	INV/IO	August 2035	38374L L5 8
FB(1)	123,578,326	(5)	SUP/AD	SP(6)	August 2035	38374L L6 6
GF	199,064,000	(5)	TAC/AD	FLT	August 2035	38374L L7 4
GS	199,064,000	(5)	NTL (TAC/AD)	INV/IO	August 2035	38374L L8 2
Ю	47,806,545	5.5%	NTL (TAC/AD)	FIX/IO	August 2035	38374L L9 0
$MA(1) \dots$	16,201,000	2.956885377	PAC/AD	FIX	August 2035	38374L M2 4
$MF(1) \ldots$	150,000,000	(5)	TAC/AD	FLT	August 2035	38374L M3 2
$MS(1) \ldots$	150,000,000	(5)	NTL (TAC/AD)	INV/IO	August 2035	38374L M4 0
$MZ \dots \dots$	100,000	5.5	SEQ	FIX/Z	August 2035	38374L M5 7
NF(1)	95,343,000	(5)	TAC/AD	FLT	August 2035	38374L M6 5
NI(1)	13,481,271	(5)	NTL (SUP/AD)	SP(6)	August 2035	38374L M7 3
NS(1)	95,343,000	(5)	NTL (TAC/AD)	INV/IO	August 2035	38374L M8 1
NW	50,000,000	5.0	PAC/AD	FIX	August 2035	38374L M9 9
NX	188,000	4.5	PAC/AD	FIX	August 2035	38374L N2 3
PA(1)	132,332,000	4.5	PAC/AD	FIX	November 2034	38374L N3 1
PB(1)	24,310,000	4.5	PAC/AD	FIX	April 2035	38374L N4 9
PC(1)	18,064,000	4.5	PAC/AD	FIX	August 2035	38374L N5 6
SA(1)	24,715,665	(5)	SUP/AD	SP(6)	August 2035	38374L N6 4
ZA	1,208,968	5.5	TAC/AD	FIX/Z	August 2035	38374L N7 2
ZB	94,000	4.5	PAC/AD	FIX/Z	August 2035	38374L N8 0
Residual						
RR	0	0.0	NPR	NPR	August 2035	38374L N9 8

⁽¹⁾ These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I.

⁽²⁾ Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.

⁽³⁾ As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.

⁽⁴⁾ See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
(5) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.
(6) Each of these Securities has an Interest Type designation of "SP" because the interest rate will be determined on each Distribution Date based on whether the Class ZA has been retired as described in "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. Prior to the retirement of Class ZA, each of Class FB and SA will constitute Fixed Rate Accrual Classes. After Class ZA is retired, Class FB and Class SA will constitute a Floating Rate Delay Class and an Inverse Floating Rate Delay Class, respectively. Prior to the retirement of Class ZA, Class NI will bear no interest. After Class ZA is retired, Class NI will constitute a Fixed Rate Interest Only Class.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement") and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

Sponsor: Bear, Stearns & Co., Inc.

Trustee: U.S. Bank National Association

Tax Administrator: The Trustee Closing Date: August 30, 2005

Distribution Date: The 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first

Business Day thereafter, commencing in September 2005.

Trust Assets:

Trust Asset Type	Certificate Rate	To Maturity (in years)
Ginnie Mae II	5.5%	30

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets(1):

	Weighted Average	Weighted Average	Weighted
Principal Balance(2)	Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Loan Age (in months)	Average Mortgage Rate(3)
\$910,198,959	354	5	5.95%

⁽¹⁾ As of August 1, 2005.

(2) Does not include the Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the weighted average shown above, perhaps significantly. See "The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans" in this Supplement.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement*.

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes a Principal Only, Interest Only, Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate or Special Class. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

NI will bear interest at a rate equal to 0.0% as long as ZA is outstanding. After ZA is retired, NI will bear interest at 5.5%.

⁽³⁾ The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets may bear interest at rates ranging from 0.25% to 1.50% per annum above the related Certificate Rate.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as "LIBOR") as follows:

Class	Interest Rate Formula(1)	Initial Interest Rate(2)	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Delay (in days)	LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate
AF	LIBOR + 0.35%	3.92125%	0.35%	4.50%	0	0.0000%
AS	4.15% – LIBOR	0.57875%	0.00%	4.15%	0	4.1500%
FB	LIBOR + 1.20%	5.50000%(3)	1.20%	6.00%	19	0.0000%
GF	LIBOR + 0.2%	3.58000%	0.20%	7.00%	0	0.0000%
GS	6.80% – LIBOR	3.42000%	0.00%	6.80%	0	6.8000%
MF	LIBOR + 0.40%	3.97125%	0.40%	4.50%	0	0.0000%
MS	4.10% – LIBOR	0.52875%	0.00%	4.10%	0	4.1000%
NF	LIBOR + 0.41%	3.98125%	0.41%	4.50%	0	0.0000%
NS	4.09% – LIBOR	0.51875%	0.00%	4.09%	0	4.0900%
SA	$24.0\% - (LIBOR \times 5.0)$	5.50000%(3)	0.00%	24.00%	19	4.8000%

⁽¹⁾ LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Distributions — Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes" in this Supplement.

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") and the FB, SA, MZ, ZA and ZB Accrual Amounts will be allocated as follows:

- The ZB Accrual Amount, in the following order of priority:
 - 1. To MA and NW, pro rata, until retired
 - 2. To ZB, until retired
- The MZ Accrual Amount, in the following order of priority:
 - 1. While ZA is outstanding, to MZ, until retired
 - 2. To FB and SA, pro rata, until retired
 - 3. To MZ, until retired
- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the ZA Accrual Amount, and while ZA is outstanding, the FB Accrual Amount and the SA Accrual Amount, in the following order of priority:
 - 1. To AF, GF, MA, MF, NF, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, concurrently, as follows:
 - A. 26.1721071370% to GF, until retired
 - B. 73.8278928630% in the following order of priority:
 - (1) To the PAC Classes, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, in the following order of priority:
 - a. To PA, PB, PC, and NX, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - b. To MA and NW, pro rata, until retired
 - c. To ZB, until retired
 - d. To PA, PB, PC and NX, in that order, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
 - (2) To AF, MF and NF, pro rata, until retired
 - (3) To the PAC Classes, in the same manner and order of priority described in Step 1.B(1) above without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
 - 2. To ZA, until reduced to its Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - 3. To FB and SA, pro rata, until retired

⁽²⁾ The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period and in the case of FB and SA, each Accrual Period until ZA has retired; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.

⁽³⁾ FB and SA will bear interest at a rate equal to 5.5% as long as ZA is outstanding. After ZA is retired, FB and SA will bear interest in accordance with their Interest Rate Formulas subject to the applicable Minimum and Maximum Rates.

- 4. To ZA, without regard to its Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired
- 5. To AF, GF, MA, MF, NF, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB, in the same manner and order of priority described in Step 1 above without regard to the their Aggregate Schedule Principal Balance, until retired
- 6. To MZ, until retired

Scheduled Principal Balances: The Scheduled Principal Balances or Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule II to this Supplement. They were calculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Ranges or Rate:

Class	Structuring Ranges or Rate
MA, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB (in the aggregate)	100% PSA through 350% PSA(1)
AF, GF, MA, MF, NF, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB	
(in the aggregate)	331% PSA(2)
NX, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	100% PSA through 350% PSA
ZA	20% CPR

⁽¹⁾ Effective Range is 101% PSA to 273% PSA.

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Accrual Classes: Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the inside front cover and Schedule I of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes, other than Classes FB and SA, as interest. No interest will be distributed to Classes FB and SA until the Distribution Date following the Distribution Date on which the Class ZA Principal Balance has been reduced to zero. The MZ Accrual Amount will be distributed to the Class MZ until the Distribution Date following the Distribution Date on which the Class ZA Principal Balance has been reduced to zero. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal." After interest distributions commence on the Class FB and Class SA, interest distributions will continue until the Class Principal Balances of such Classes are reduced to zero.

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents Approximately
AS	\$ 75,000,000	100% of AF (TAC/AD Class)
GS	199,064,000	100% of GF (TAC/AD Class)
IO	47,806,545	24.015665816% of GF (TAC/AD Class)
MS	150,000,000	100% of MF (TAC/AD Class)
NI	13,481,271*	9.090909090% of FB and SA (SUP/AD Classes)
NS	95,343,000	(in the aggregate) 100% of NF (TAC/AD Class)

^{*} The notional balance also will accrete based on 9.0909090909% of the accretion of FB and SA in the aggregate.

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and includes the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

⁽²⁾ Does not have an Effective Rate.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount (principal only securities, for example) and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Under certain circumstances, a Ginnie Mae issuer has the right to repurchase a defaulted mortgage loan from the related pool of mortgage loans underlying a particular Ginnie Mae MBS Certificate, the effect of which would be comparable to a prepayment of such mortgage loan. At its option and without Ginnie Mae's prior consent, a Ginnie Mae issuer may repurchase any mortgage loan at an amount equal to par less any amounts previously advanced by such issuer in connection with its responsibilities as servicer of such mortgage loan to the extent that (i) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS Certificate issued on or before December 1, 2002, such mortgage loan has been

delinquent for four consecutive months, and at least one delinquent payment remains uncured or (ii) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS Certificate issued on or after January 1, 2003, no payment has been made on such mortgage loan for three consecutive months. Any such repurchase will result in prepayment of the principal balance or reduction in the notional balance of the securities ultimately backed by such mortgage loan. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of such repurchases.

The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities. If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It is doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities. If principal prepayments result in principal

distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and TAC classes, the support classes will not receive any principal distribution on that date (other than from any applicable accrual amounts). If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC and TAC classes for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the related support classes.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the special, the support, interest only, principal only, inverse floating rate, interest only inverse floating rate, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and prepayment tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS

The Trust MBS are either:

- 1. Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
- 2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate issued prior to July 1, 2003 bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% to 1.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate issued on or after July 1, 2003 bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.25% to 0.75% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. Ginnie Mae receives a fee (the "Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee") for its guaranty of each Ginnie Mae II MBS Certificate of 0.06% per annum of the outstanding principal balance of each related Mortgage Loan. The difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the sum of the Certificate Rate and the Ginnie Mae Certificate Guaranty Fee is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee.

The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, the Rural Housing Service or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). See "The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General" in the Base Offering Circular.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. See "Risk Factors" and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Trust Assets in payment of its fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Base Offering Circular.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial principal or notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See "— Class Factors" below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Periods

The Accrual Period for each Class is set forth in the table below:

Class Accrual Period

Fixed Rate Classes and the Special Classes The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date

Floating Rate and

From the 20th day of the month preceding the month of the related Distribution
Rate Date through the 19th day of the month of that Distribution Date

Inverse Floating Rate Classes other than the Special Classes

Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

Special Classes

Each Special Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate as described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see "Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Trustee's determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final, except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae's Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae's website ("e-Access") or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Classes

Each of Class MZ, ZA and ZB is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes" in this Supplement.

Until Class ZA retires, each of Class FB and SA will accrue interest that will be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes" in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the FB, MZ, SA, ZA and ZB Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See "— Class Factors" below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the inside cover page of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the inside cover page, in the Terms Sheet and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the inside cover page of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced, and in the case of Class NI also be increased, as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Classes" in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to

be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of an Accrual Class or any reduction of Class Notional Balance (and any addition to the Class Notional Balance of Class NI) on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance (or addition to Class Notional Balance of Class NI) on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class or Class NI) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in an Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal and interest to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) and investors in the Class NI can calculate the total amount of interest to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Notional Balance of) that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the inside cover page may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class or Classes shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class or Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Class or Classes of REMIC Securities and, in the case of Combination 2, other related MX Classes. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

In the case of Combination 2, Class MA may be exchanged for proportionate interests in various subcombinations of MX Classes. Similarly, all or a portion of these MX Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in Class MA or in other subcombinations of the MX Classes. Each subcombination may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered. See the example under "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book-Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts, 02110, Attention: Corporate Trust Services. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 603-6451 and by fax at (617) 603-6644.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000). The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See "Description of the Securities — Termination" in this Supplement.

Accretion Directed Classes

Each principal bearing Class (other than MZ) is an Accretion Directed Class. The related Accrual Amount will be applied to making principal distributions on those Classes as described in this Supplement. Each of Class AS, GS, IO, MS and NS is a Notional Class whose Class Notional Balance is determined by reference to the Class Principal Balance of a TAC Class or Classes, and Class NI is a Notional Class whose Class Notional Balance is determined by reference to the Class Principal Balance of support classes.

Each Accretion Directed Class has the AD designation in the suffix position, rather than the prefix position, in its class principal type because it does not have principal payment stability through the applicable pricing prepayment assumption. Although each of the Accretion Directed Classes is entitled to receive payments from the related Accrual Amounts, they do not have principal payment stability through any prepayment rate significantly higher than 0% PSA.

Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules

As described in this Supplement, each PAC and TAC Class will receive principal payments in accordance with a schedule calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range or Rate. See "Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances." However, whether any such Class will adhere to its schedule and receive "Scheduled Payments" on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the Mortgage Loans.

Each PAC and TAC Class (other than AF, GF, MF and NF) exhibits an Effective Range or Rate of constant prepayment rates at which such Class will receive Scheduled Payments. That range or rate may differ from the Structuring Range or Rate used to create the related principal balance schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the initial Effective Ranges or Rates for the PAC and TAC Classes are as follows:

PAC Classes	Initial Effective Ranges
MA, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB (in the aggregate)	101% PSA through 273% PSA
NX, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	80% PSA through 409% PSA
PAC and TAC Classes	Initial Effective Rate
AF, GF, MA, MF, NF, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC	
and ZB (in the aggregate)	*
ZA	20% CPR

^{*} No Effective Rate

- The principal payment stability of the PAC Classes will be supported in part by the related, TAC and Support Classes.
- The principal payment stability of the TAC Classes will be supported by the related Support Classes.

If all of the Classes supporting a given Class are retired before the Class being supported is retired, the outstanding Class will no longer have an Effective Range or Rate and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

There is no assurance that the Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Ranges or Rates. If the initial Effective Ranges or Rates were calculated using the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Ranges or Rates could differ from those shown in the above tables or an initial Effective Rate might not exist. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range or at the initial Effective Rate shown for any Class in the above tables, that Class could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC or TAC Class not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range (or if prepayment rates average the Effective Rate), if any, for that Class. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC or Class can narrow, shift over time or cease to exist and the Effective Rate for any TAC Class can change or cease to exist depending on the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range or Rate for any PAC or TAC Class, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on such PAC or TAC Class, if any, and its Weighted Average Life may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range or Rate for any PAC or TAC Class, its supporting Classes may be retired earlier than that PAC or TAC Class, and its Weighted Average Life may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans" in the Base Offering Circular.

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the inside cover page of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

The tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

- 1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under "Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months a Mortgage Rate of 1.50% per annum higher than the Certificate Rate.
- 2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.

- 3. Distributions on the Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in September 2005.
- 4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
- 5. The Closing Date for the Securities is August 30, 2005.
- 6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.
- 7. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 20th of the month, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Base Offering Circular.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement ("PSA") is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Bond Market Association. PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the "PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates"). As used in the table, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of any Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date.
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

	Classes AF, AS, AW, MF, MG, MS, NF, NG and NS					Classes FB, NA, NI and SA					Classes GF, GS and IO				
Distribution Date	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2006	96	91	89	80	80	106	106	106	103	83	98	95	94	89	88
August 2007	92	76	72	46	45	112	112	112	103	50	95	87	84	69	69
August 2008	90	70	62	21	19	118	118	118	103	30	93	77	73	50	49
August 2009	90	70	60	9	6	125	125	125	103	27	90	68	63	34	32
August 2010	90	70	58	3	0	132	132	132	103	27	87	60	53	22	21
August 2011	90	70	56	1	0	139	139	139	103	27	84	52	44	13	12
August 2012	90	69	54	1	0	147	147	147	103	27	80	44	36	5	7
August 2013	90	64	49	0	0	155	155	155	100	27	77	37	28	0	3
August 2014	90	51	36	0	0	164	164	164	77	27	73	29	20	0	0
August 2015	90	39	23	0	0	173	173	173	59	20	69	22	13	0	0
August 2016	90	27	11	0	0	183	183	183	45	13	64	16	6	0	0
August 2017	90	16	0	0	0	193	193	193	35	9	60	9	0	0	0
August 2018	90	4	0	0	0	204	204	173	26	6	55	2	0	0	0
August 2019	87	0	0	0	0	216	198	153	20	4	49	0	0	0	0
August 2020	77	0	0	0	0	228	178	136	15	3	44	0	0	0	0
August 2021	66	0	0	0	0	241	160	120	11	2	38	0	0	0	0
August 2022	55	0	0	0	0	254	143	105	9	1	31	0	0	0	0
August 2023	43	0	0	0	0	269	127	91	6	1	25	0	0	0	0
August 2024	30	0	0	0	0	284	112	79	5	0	17	0	0	0	0
August 2025	17	0	0	0	0	300	98	67	3	0	10	0	0	0	0
August 2026	2	0	0	0	0	317	84	57	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
August 2027	0	0	0	0	0	299	72	48	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2028	0	0	0	0	0	270	60	39	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2029	0	0	0	0	0	239	49	31	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2030	0	0	0	0	0	206	39	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2031	0	0	0	0	0	170	29	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2032	0	0	0	0	0	132	20	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2033	0	0	0	0	0	91	12	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2034	0	0	0	0	0	47	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	16.0	7.7	6.2	2.1	2.0	26.1	20.2	18.5	11.6	4.3	12.9	6.5	5.7	3.3	3.3

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

Classes MA, NB, NO, NW and NY					Class MZ					Class NJ					
Distribution Date	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	103	105	100	100	100	100	100
August 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	109	111	100	100	100	100	100
August 2008	100	94	94	94	94	100	100	100	115	117	95	85	85	85	85
August 2009	100	83	83	83	83	100	100	100	121	123	86	61	61	61	61
August 2010	100	71	71	71	71	100	100	100	128	130	76	38	38	38	38
August 2011	100	59	59	59	61	100	100	100	135	138	66	17	17	17	17
August 2012	100	41	41	41	59	100	100	100	143	145	55	0	0	0	0
August 2013	100	0	0	0	26	100	100	100	151	154	44	0	0	0	0
August 2014	100	0	0	0	4	100	100	100	159	162	31	0	0	0	0
August 2015	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	168	172	18	0	0	0	0
August 2016	100	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	178	181	4	0	0	0	0
August 2017	72	0	0	0	0	100	100	100	188	191	0	0	0	0	0
August 2018	30	0	0	0	0	100	100	105	199	202	0	0	0	0	0
August 2019	0	0	0	0	0	100	103	111	210	214	0	0	0	0	0
August 2020	0	0	0	0	0	100	109	117	222	226	0	0	0	0	0
August 2021	0	0	0	0	0	100	115	124	234	238	0	0	0	0	0
August 2022	0	0	0	0	0	100	121	131	247	252	0	0	0	0	0
August 2023	0	0	0	0	0	100	128	138	261	266	0	0	0	0	0
August 2024	0	0	0	0	0	100	135	146	276	281	0	0	0	0	0
August 2025	0	0	0	0	0	100	143	154	292	297	0	0	0	0	0
August 2026	0	0	0	0	0	100	151	163	308	314	0	0	0	0	0
August 2027	0	0	0	0	0	104	159	172	325	213	0	0	0	0	0
August 2028	0	0	0	0	0	110	168	182	344	133	0	0	0	0	0
August 2029	0	0	0	0	0	116	178	192	363	81	0	0	0	0	0
August 2030	0	0	0	0	0	123	188	203	384	48	0	0	0	0	0
August 2031	0	0	0	0	0	130	199	215	405	27	0	0	0	0	0
August 2032	0	0	0	0	0	137	210	227	322	14	0	0	0	0	0
August 2033	0	0	0	0	0	145	222	240	157	6	0	0	0	0	0
August 2034	0	0	0	0	0	153	234	253	43	1	0	0	0	0	0
August 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	12.5	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.5	30.0	29.5	29.5	27.8	23.2	7.3	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5

DC A	Prepayment	Accumption	Dotoc

	Class NX						Class PB								
Distribution Date	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2006	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2007	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2008	100	100	100	100	100	93	80	80	80	80	100	100	100	100	100
August 2009	100	100	100	100	100	81	48	48	48	48	100	100	100	100	100
August 2010	100	100	100	100	100	69	18	18	18	18	100	100	100	100	100
August 2011	100	100	100	100	100	55	0	0	0	0	100	46	46	46	46
August 2012	100	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
August 2013	100	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
August 2014	100	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
August 2015	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	0	0	0	0
August 2016	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	11.3	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	10.1	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0

PSA	Prepayment	Assumption	Rates
100	1 i cpayment	Assumption	ixates

			Class PC					Class ZA					Class ZB		
Distribution Date	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%	0%	100%	130%	350%	500%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2006	100	100	100	100	100	106	106	106	0	0	105	105	105	105	105
August 2007	100	100	100	100	100	112	112	112	0	0	109	109	109	109	109
August 2008	100	100	100	100	100	118	118	118	0	0	114	114	114	114	114
August 2009	100	100	100	100	100	125	125	125	0	0	120	120	120	120	120
August 2010	100	100	100	100	100	132	132	132	0	0	125	125	125	125	125
August 2011	100	100	100	100	100	139	139	139	0	0	131	131	131	131	131
August 2012	100	0	0	0	0	147	147	147	0	0	137	137	137	137	137
August 2013	100	0	0	0	0	155	155	155	0	0	143	0	0	0	143
August 2014	100	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	0	0	150	0	0	0	150
August 2015	100	0	0	0	0	173	173	173	0	0	157	0	0	0	0
August 2016	40	0	0	0	0	183	183	183	0	0	164	0	0	0	0
August 2017	0	0	0	0	0	193	193	92	0	0	171	0	0	0	0
August 2018	0	0	0	0	0	204	204	0	0	0	179	0	0	0	0
August 2019	0	0	0	0	0	216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2020	0	0	0	0	0	228	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2021	0	0	0	0	0	241	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2022	0	0	0	0	0	254	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2023	0	0	0	0	0	269	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2024	0	0	0	0	0	284	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2025	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2026	0	0	0	0	0	317	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	10.9	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	21.2	13.4	12.0	0.3	0.1	13.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	9.2

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios and, in the case of a Floating Rate or an Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Class, the investor's own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a discount (especially the Principal Only Class), slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Classes. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes. In addition, the Floating Rate Classes will not benefit from a higher yield at high levels of LIBOR because the rate on such Classes is capped at a maximum rate described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes and Delay Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate or Delay Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 50 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Classes, at various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest (in the case of interest-bearing Classes), and
 - 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to the Class SA and each Inverse Floating Rate Class for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR, if applicable, and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest (in the case of the interest-bearing Classes) is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class AS to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.25%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
LIBOR	100%	130%	350%	500%		
2.57125%	1596.1%	1588.2%	1535.5%	1534.8%		
3.57125%	350.3%	346.5%	320.7%	319.8%		
4.00000%	62.5%	58.8%	26.3%	23.8%		
4.15000% and above	**	**	**	**		

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

^{**} Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

Sensitivity of Class GS to Prepayments Assumed Price 7.65625%*

	PSA	Prepayment A	Assumption Ra	ites
LIBOR	100%	130%	350%	500%
2.38%	53.9%	51.8%	37.5%	37.0%
3.38%	37.9%	35.6%	20.3%	20.0%
5.38%	4.9%	1.7%	(17.4)%	(16.8)%
6.80% and above	**	**	**	**

Sensitivity of Class IO to Prepayments Assumed Price 19.203125%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

100%	130%	<u>278%</u>	350%	500%
17.3%	14.6%	0.1%	(2.7)%	(2.7)%

Sensitivity of Class MS to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.316406%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
LIBOR	100%	130%	350%	500%		
2.57125%	983.8%	978.0%	938.9%	938.1%		
3.57125%	216.6%	213.0%	188.1%	187.1%		
4.00000%	25.8%	21.9%	(18.8)%	(23.7)%		
4.10000% and above	**	**	**	**		

Sensitivity of Class NI to Prepayments Assumed Price 11.041667%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates

100%	130%	350%	<u>500%</u>	<u>546%</u>
11.2%	11.5%	45.1%	21.5%	0.3%
	Sensitivity	of Class NO to Prej	payments	
	Assu	med Price 78.84375	5%	
	PSA I	Prepayment Assumption Ra	ates	
100%	130%		350%	500%
4.0%	4.0%	4	4.0%	3.8%

Sensitivity of Class NS to Prepayments Assumed Price 0.25%*

	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
LIBOR	100%	130%	350%	500%		
2.57125%	1470.3%	1462.8%	1412.8%	1412.1%		
3.57125%	296.9%	293.3%	268.0%	267.1%		
4.00000%	32.0%	28.2%	(10.7)%	(15.1)%		
4.09000% and above	**	**	**	**		

Sensitivity of Class SA to Prepayments Assumed Price 89.0%*

	PSA	Prepayment A	Assumption Ra	ites
LIBOR	100%	130%	350%	500%
2.50%	7.7%	7.9%	13.2%	16.1%
3.50%	6.5%	6.5%	8.0%	10.4%
4.50%	4.9%	4.9%	2.8%	4.7%
4.80% and above	4.4%	4.3%	1.2%	3.1%

^{*} The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

^{**} Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The discussion contained in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular as to certain federal tax consequences is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. Such discussion is written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular. Each taxpayer to whom such transaction or matters are being promoted, marketed or recommended should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Stroock, Stroock & Lavan LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class AS, GS, IO, MS, NI and NS Securities are "Interest Weighted Securities" as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the original issue discount ("OID") rules based on the expected payments on these securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

The Class MZ, ZA and ZB Securities are Accrual Securities. Because the Class FB and SA Securities do not require unconditional payments of interest at least annually, the Class FB and SA Securities will be treated as Accrual Securities for purposes of this paragraph. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumption described below.

In addition to the Regular Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics, the prepayment assumption described below and, in the case of the Floating Rate Classes, the constant LIBOR value described below, Classes MA, NX, PB and PC are expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Regular Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 130% PSA

(as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). In the case of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, the constant value of LIBOR to be used for these determinations is 3.5% in the case of Classes FB and SA, 3.38% in the case of Classes GF and GS and 3.57125% for all other Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets actually will occur or the level of LIBOR at any time after the date of this Supplement. See "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. It is not expected that the Pooling REMIC will have a substantial amount of taxable income or loss in any period. However, even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities the Issuing REMIC may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see "Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities", "—Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes" and "— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities" in the Base Offering Circular.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest, if any, from (1) August 1, 2005 on the Fixed Rate Classes and the Special Classes, and (2) August 20, 2005 on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes other than the Special Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance), and (2) the Scheduled Principal Balances and Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances of each Class receiving principal distributions or interest distributions based upon a notional balance will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton & Williams LLP, for the Trust by Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., and for the Trustee By Nixon Peabody LLC.

Available Combinations(1)

MG \$150,000,000	24,310,000 18,064,000 \$ 95,343,000 95,343,000 150,000,000
00 00	
\$150,000,000 \$150,000,000 \$75,000,000 \$75,000,000	

All exchanges must comply with minimum denomination restrictions.
 The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.
 As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.
 See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
 In the case of Combination 2, various subcombinations are permitted. See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular for a discussion of subcombinations.

Schedule II

SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES

Initial Balance	Distribution Date	Classes AF, GF, MA, MF, NF, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB (in the aggregate)	Classes MA, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB (in the aggregate)	Classes NX, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)	Class ZA
September 2005	Initial Ralance	\$760 596 000 00	\$241 189 000 00		\$1.208.968.00
October 2005 750.685.623.56 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 November 2005 744,968.029.59 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 January 2006 732,033,049.20 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 January 2006 724,828,261.39 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 March 2006 717,141,762.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 May 2006 708,981,996.52 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 June 2006 691,280,264.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 681,759,235.66 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 671,806,653.76 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 671,806,653.76 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 August 2006 671,806,653.76 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 Corber 2006 652,938,019.79 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 December 2006 627,938					
November 2005	*				
December 2006					
Fabruary 2006 732,033,049.20 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 March 2006 71,141,762.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 April 2006 708,981,969,52 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 May 2006 691,280,264.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 691,280,264.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 681,759,235.66 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 661,434,810,38 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2006 661,434,810,38 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 Cotober 2006 650,656,821.94 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 O.00 O.					
February 2006					
March 2006 717,141,762.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 April 2006 708,981,969.52 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 May 2006 700,358,121.19 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 691,280,264.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 681,759,235.66 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 August 2006 671,806,635.76 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2006 661,434,810.38 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 November 2006 639,486,421.78 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 December 2006 627,938,019.79 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 January 2007 616,026,651.99 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 January 2007 616,026,651.99 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 April 2007 591,178,085.25 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 April 2007 556,					
April 2006 708,981,969,52 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 June 2006 691,280,264.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 June 2006 691,280,264.84 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2006 681,759,235,66 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 August 2006 671,806,635,76 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2006 661,434,810.38 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2006 650,656,821.94 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 November 2006 639,486,421.78 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 December 2006 627,938,019.79 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 January 2007 616,026,651.99 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 January 2007 603,767,946.10 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 March 2007 591,178,085.25 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 April 2007 578,273,769,97 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 June 2007 551,590,925.59 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 June 2007 551,590,925.59 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 June 2007 553,861,820.77 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 July 2007 523,861,820.77 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 August 2007 523,861,820.77 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 August 2007 596,650,992.08 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2007 495,693,408.03 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2007 486,584,820.30 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2007 485,863,785 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2007 485,818,637.75 241,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2008 345,833,33 241 241,890,000 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2008 345,853,312,21 241,890,000 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2008 392,585,312,21 241,890,000 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2008 392,585,312,21 24,189,000.00 174,894,000.00 0.00 September 2008 392,585,312,21 24,189,000.00 174,894,000.					
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June 2006					
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Distribution Date	Classes AF, GF, MA, MF, NF, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB (in the aggregate)	Classes MA, NW, NX, PA, PB, PC and ZB (in the aggregate)	Classes NX, PA, PB and PC (in the aggregate)		Class ZA
December 2009	\$207,471,353.80	\$145,405,006.77	\$ 93,096,359.88	\$	0.00
January 2010	198,780,118.33	141,423,617.24	89,757,079.62	-	0.00
February 2010	190,235,386.35	137,456,611.18	86,435,125.87		0.00
March 2010	181,834,287.82	133,503,885.94	83,130,409.49		0.00
April 2010	173,574,006.15	129,565,339.29	79,842,841.80		0.00
May 2010	165,451,777.11	125,640,869.40	76,572,334.57		0.00
June 2010	157,464,887.91	121,730,374.82	73,318,800.01		0.00
July 2010	149,610,676.24	117,833,754.48	70,082,150.82		0.00
August 2010	141,886,529.30	113,950,907.71	66,862,300.12		0.00
September 2010	134,289,882.87	110,081,734.21	63,659,161.47		0.00
October 2010	126,818,220.45	106,226,134.09	60,472,648.91		0.00
November 2010	119,469,072.32	102,384,007.80	57,302,676.88		0.00
December 2010	112,240,014.71	98,555,256.19	54,149,160.29		0.00
January 2011	105,128,668.90	94,739,780.49	51,012,014.47		0.00
February 2011	98,132,700.39	90,937,482.27	47,891,155.21		0.00
March 2011	91,249,818.11	87,148,263.50	44,786,498.70		0.00
April 2011	84,477,773.56	83,372,026.49	41,697,961.58		0.00
May 2011	77,814,360.02	79,608,673.93	38,625,460.91		0.00
June 2011	71,257,411.82	75,858,108.87	35,568,914.19		0.00
July 2011	64,804,803.50	72,120,234.72	32,528,239.33		0.00
August 2011	58,454,449.11	68,394,955.22	29,503,354.68		0.00
September 2011	52,204,301.46	64,682,174.50	26,494,179.00		0.00
October 2011	46,052,351.36	60,981,797.01	23,500,631.46		0.00
November 2011	39,996,626.99	57,293,727.58	20,522,631.65		0.00
December 2011	34,035,193.09	53,676,338.22	17,560,099.57		0.00
January 2012	28,166,150.38	50,133,404.57	14,612,955.66		0.00
February 2012	22,387,634.82	46,663,418.64	11,681,120.72		0.00
March 2012	16,697,816.98	43,264,902.66	8,764,516.01		0.00
April 2012	11,094,901.38	39,936,408.44	5,863,063.14		0.00
May 2012	5,577,125.86	36,676,516.82	2,976,684.17		0.00
June 2012	142,760.95	33,483,837.09	105,173.96		0.00
July 2012	0.00	30,357,006.37	0.00		0.00
August 2012	0.00	27,294,689.15	0.00		0.00
September 2012	0.00	24,295,576.67	0.00		0.00
October 2012	0.00	21,358,386.41	0.00		0.00
November 2012	0.00	18,481,861.59	0.00		0.00
December 2012	0.00	15,664,770.62	0.00		0.00
January 2013	0.00	12,905,906.62	0.00		0.00
February 2013	0.00	10,204,086.95	0.00		0.00
March 2013	0.00	7,558,152.68	0.00		0.00
April 2013	0.00	4,966,968.15	0.00		0.00
May 2013	0.00	2,429,420.50	0.00		0.00
June 2013 and thereafter	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00



\$910,198,959

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE®

Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2005-058

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT August 23, 2005

Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.
Utendahl Capital Partners, L.P.