

Foodborne Diseases Active Surveillance Network (FoodNet) Emerging Infections Program Report on Foodborne Pathogens, 2003



What is FoodNet?

As the principal foodborne disease component of CDC's Emerging Infections Program (EIP), FoodNet is a collaborative project among CDC, the EIP sites, the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS) of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), and the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition of the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA). It augments longstanding activities at CDC, USDA, FDA, and in states to identify, control, and prevent foodborne disease hazards. FoodNet produces national estimates of the burden, trends and sources of specific foodborne diseases in the United States through active surveillance and epidemiologic studies.

FoodNet Areas

Connecticut, Georgia, Maryland, Minnesota, Oregon, and Tennessee and select counties in California (3 county San Francisco Bay area), Colorado (7 county Denver area) and New York (27 county Rochester/Albany areas).

FoodNet Population

The surveillance areas represent 42 million persons; 14% of the U.S. population. (Source: U.S. Census Bureau)

FoodNet Case Definition

A case is defined as a laboratory-confirmed *Campylobacter*, *Cryptosporidium*, *Cyclospora*, Shiga toxin-producing *Escherichia coli*, *Listeria*, *Salmonella*, *Shigella*, *Vibrio*, or *Yersinia* infection in a resident of the surveillance area.

FoodNet Methods

FoodNet personnel within each site contact clinical laboratories within that site's catchment area at least once a month to ascertain all laboratory-confirmed cases of infection. A case report form is completed for each case, which includes information on demographics, clinical outcomes, and the pathogen. Laboratory audits to assess completeness of data and to ascertain additional cases are conducted. All rates are calculated using population estimates for the appropriate years.

For more information, visit our web site

http://www.cdc.gov/FoodNet
2003 FoodNet Annual Report
http://www.cdc.gov/foodnet/reports.htm

Table 1. Incidence and death rate by organism, FoodNet 2003

	Cases	Deaths		
Organism	No. (Rate*)	No. (Rate [†])		
Campylobacter	5273 (12.60)	9 (0.22)		
Cryptosporidium	481 (1.09)	3 (0.68)		
Cyclospora	15 (0.03)	0 (0)		
E. coli O157	444 (1.06)	4 (0.94)		
Listeria	139 (0.33)	22 (16.54)		
Salmonella	6043 (14.43)	34 (0.68)		
Shigella	3041 (7.27)	2 (0.08)		
Vibrio	110 (0.26)	7 (7.69)		
Yersinia	162 (0.39)	2 (1.53)		

^{*} Cases per 100,000 population for FoodNet areas

Table 2. Incidence in 2003 of FoodNet organisms and their respective Healthy People 2010 objective incidence

Objective: A 50% reduction from the 1997 baseline in the incidence of selected bacterial foodborne diseases among all age groups.

	Cases per 100,000 population in FoodNet			
Organism	2003	2010 Objective		
Campylobacter	12.6	12.3		
Salmonella	14.4	6.8		
E. coli O157	1.06	1.0		
Hemolytic uremic syndror (HUS)^	me 1.75	0.9		

[^] HUS rate is for children <5 years old and this rate is for 2002

Table 3. Incidence in 2003 of *Listeria* and the respective *Listeria* Action Plan incidence

Objective: A 50% reduction from the 1997 baseline in the incidence of *Listeria* among all age groups.

	Cases per 100,000 population in FoodNet				
Organism	2003 Rate	2005 Objective			
Listeria	0.33	0.25			

Figure 1. FoodNet Surveillance Area



Table 4. Incidence of infection by age group and organism, FoodNet 2003

	Age group and cases per 100,000 population in FoodNet					
Organism	<1yr	1-9 yr	10-19 yr	20-39 yr	40-59 yr	>60 yr
Campylobacter	27.21	15.54	7.75	13.69	13.6	9.59
Cryptosporidium	1.84	2.27	1.1	1.2	0.82	0.39
Cyclospora	0	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.01
E. coli O157	1.6	3.2	1.24	0.7	0.52	0.85
Listeria	2.31	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.21	1.33
Salmonella	131.94	33.49	9.93	9.94	9.06	11.38
Shigella	9.78	33.19	4.01	5.45	2.89	1.32
Vibrio	0	0.04	0.14	0.27	0.35	0.41
Yersinia	9.6	0.8	0.17	0.13	0.18	0.33

[†] Deaths per 100 cases with known outcome