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- (1) To the structure involved wherever it is located, and
- (2) To any other structure subsequently constructed on or moved to the parcel of land on which the structure involved was located when the claim under section 1306(c) of the Act arose.
- (b) In addition, any structures relocated under section 1306 of the Act must comply with the flood plain management criteria set forth in §60.3 of this chapter.

Subpart B—State Certification of Structures Subject to Imminent Collapse

§63.13 Purpose of subpart.

The purpose of this subpart is to establish criteria under the provisions of section 1306(c) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, as amended, by which States can obtain approval from the Administrator to certify that structures are subject to imminent collapse or subsidence as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels. The subpart also sets forth the procedures and data requirements to be utilized by those States in certifying structures as subject to imminent collapse. The State certification procedure represents an option to the use of the procedure whereby a structure is condemned by a State or local authority as a prerequisite to consideration for imminent collapse insurance benefits.

§ 63.14 Criteria for State qualification to perform imminent collapse certifications.

In order to qualify under this subpart, the State must be administering a coastal zone management program which includes the following components, as a minimum:

- (a) A state-wide requirement that prohibits new construction and the relocation of structures seaward of an adopted erosion setback. Such setback must be based in whole or in part on some multiple of the local mean annual erosion (recession) rate; and
- (b) An established, complete and functional data base of mean annual erosion rates for all reaches of coastal shorelines subject to erosion in the

State, which is used as the basis to enforce these setback requirements.

§ 63.15 State application for eligibility to certify structures subject to imminent collapse.

- (a) Application pursuant to this part shall be made by the Governor or other duly authorized official of the State.
- (b) The application must be submitted to the Federal Emergency Management Agency, Federal Insurance Administration, 500 C Street SW., Washington, DC 20472.
- (c) Documents to be included in the application are as follows:
- (1) Copies of all applicable State statutes and regulations verifying the existence of a coastal zone management program including setback requirements for new and relocated construction which are based in whole or in part on mean annual erosion rates established for the State's shorelines.
- (2) A copy of the State's mean annual erosion rate data base, if not already provided, showing such rates for all reaches of coastal shorelines subject to erosion within the State.
- (3) The title, address and phone number of a contact person within the State agency having authority for administering the coastal zone management program.
- (4) A statement that adequate resources are available to carry out the certification services, and that certifications will be performed in accordance with the procedures described in §63.17.

§ 63.16 Review of State application by the Administrator.

- (a) The Administrator may return the application for eligibility upon finding it incomplete or upon finding that additional information is required in order to make a determination as to the adequacy of the coastal zone management program and erosion rate data base.
- (b) Upon determining that the State's program and/or data base does not meet the criteria set forth in §63.14, the Administrator shall in writing reject the application for eligibility and indicate in what respects the State program and/or data base fails to comply with the criteria.