

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	El Salvador
Program Title:	Investing in People
Pillar:	Global Health
Strategic Objective:	519-023
Status:	New in FY 2005
Planned FY 2006 Obligation:	\$8,144,000 CSH; \$4,257,000 DA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$0
Proposed FY 2007 Obligation:	\$7,348,000 CSH; \$3,534,000 DA
Year of Initial Obligation:	2005
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2008

Summary: The new investing in people program, which builds on previous USAID efforts, focuses on improving maternal, child and infant health, and student basic competencies in language and math in primary schools. This is being achieved by assisting the Government of El Salvador (GOES) to increase social sector investment and transparency, and expand access to and improve the quality of child and reproductive health services and basic education. USAID's program also aims to reduce HIV transmission among high-risk groups by promoting behavior change. USAID anticipates awarding all of its contracts and grants for the program by March 2006.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2006 Program:

Achieve Equitable Access to Quality Basic Education (\$4,257,000 DA). USAID is training 50 officials from the Ministry of Education (MINED) to analyze and report on education investments and indicators, and over 1,000 teachers and principals in reading and writing instruction, student evaluation and civic education. USAID's Global Development Alliance project with Save the Children is assisting MINED to improve the transition between kindergarten and first grade in selected rural schools. Results expected include: an increase in public expenditures in primary education as a percentage of gross domestic product, an increase in the fifth grade completion rate, the establishment of alliances with the private sector, and the application of effective reading and writing instruction in USAID-assisted schools. Principal contractors and grantees: Academy for Educational Development, Save the Children, and others to be determined through a competitive process.

Improve Child Survival, Health and Nutrition (\$1,970,000 CSH). USAID is providing assistance to the Ministry of Health (MOH) to reduce maternal and perinatal deaths by improving the MOH community health program in 67 targeted rural communities. About 200 MOH personnel are being trained in perinatal information systems, community health, nutrition monitoring of children less than five years of age, and integrated management of childhood illness. USAID is helping the MOH to establish nutrition monitoring sites, promote breastfeeding, and improve staff supervision. USAID expects to reduce the malnutrition rate in children under five, raise the DPT3 coverage rate, and increase the percentage of children exclusively breastfed through the first six months. USAID activities to support a transparent and efficient process to increase health sector expenditures, both from GOES and through the formation of public-private alliances, are contributing to this component. Implementer to be determined through a competitive process.

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$1,000,000 CSH). USAID is training more than 50 MOH personnel in the use of the maternal mortality surveillance system. Quality standards for prenatal, obstetrical, neonatal and postpartum care, emphasizing patient-friendly services are being developed and up to 60 MOH personnel trained in these areas. USAID expects to increase the percentage of births attended by a skilled birth attendant. USAID activities to support a transparent and efficient process to increase health sector expenditures, both from GOES and through the formation of public-private alliances, contribute to this component. Implementer to be determined through a competitive process.

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$1,115,000 CSH). To reduce maternal and

neonatal deaths due to hospital acquired infections, USAID is training more than 50 MOH staff in infection prevention. USAID is also working with the MOH to create committees that track the prevention and reduction of hospital acquired infections. USAID supports avian flu preparedness activities. USAID activities to support a transparent and efficient process to increase health sector expenditures, both from GOES and through the formation of public-private alliances, will contribute to this component. Implementer to be determined through a competitive process.

Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$1,089,000 CSH). USAID is implementing prevention activities designed to reach more than 23,000 high-risk individuals, including men who have sex with men and prostitutes. USAID is also playing an active role in the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria country coordinating mechanism. Implementer to be determined through a competitive process.

Support Family Planning (\$2,970,000 CSH). USAID is supporting establishment of community outreach programs and training of up to 30 MOH staff to reach adolescents with reproductive health messages. At least 30 health care providers will receive training in contraceptive technology. The measure of contraceptive use, couple years of protection, is expected to increase to approximately 372,000. USAID activities to support a transparent and efficient process to increase health sector expenditures, both from GOES and through the formation of public-private alliances, contribute to this component. Implementer to be determined through a competitive process.

FY 2007 Program:

Achieve Equitable Access to Quality Basic Education (\$3,534,000 DA). USAID will continue to support efforts to increase public expenditures for education; to increase the number of students that will successfully complete fifth grade; to ensure that all first graders nationally and first through third graders in 380 schools will have benefited from USAID-sponsored education policy reforms; create 10 new private sector alliances and 2,000 teachers to be trained to improve student learning. USAID expects that 70% of teachers will effectively apply reading and writing instruction. Same partners as above.

Improve Child Survival, Health and Nutrition (\$1,500,000 CSH). USAID expects to continue to address issues associated with global malnutrition for young children, maintain effective DPT3 immunization coverage, and to expand coverage of breastfeeding programs. Same partners as above.

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$1,500,000 CSH). Assistance will focus on improving access to and use of pre-natal care. Assistance will also be provided to improve the quality of obstetrical care in all MOH maternity hospitals. USAID expects that the program interventions will lead to more births to be attended by a trained birth attendant. Same partners as above.

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$1,115,000 CSH). USAID plans to assist the MOH to develop and approve infection prevention and urinary tract infection protocols and disseminate them nationwide to MOH health facilities. Same partners as above.

Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$1,089,000 CSH). HIV/AIDS prevention interventions will continue to target high-risk groups with behavior change interventions. Materials for HIV/AIDS prevention and education will also be developed. Same partners as above.

Support Family Planning (\$2,144,000 CSH). USAID plans on maintaining its focus on expanding access to high quality family planning services. Same partners as above.

Performance and Results: The SO was started in FY 2005 and no data is yet available. By the end of the program in 2009, USAID expects to have achieved the following results: public expenditures made by the GOES in health as of percentage of GDP increased from 1.6% to 3% and from 1.92% to 2.54% in primary education; 81% of students successfully completing fifth grade; all first through third graders nationwide benefit from USAID-sponsored education policy reforms; malnutrition in children under five reduced to 7%; DPT3 vaccination coverage maintained at least at 95%; HIV prevalence among prostitutes reduced from 3.2% to 2.7%; and from 15.9% to 12.4% among men who have sex with men.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

El Salvador

	CSH	DA
519-023 Investing in People		
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Unliquidated	0	0
Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	7,355	3,960
Expenditures	0	1
Through September 30, 2005		
Obligations	7,355	3,960
Expenditures	0	1
Unliquidated	7,355	3,959
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	8,144	4,257
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2006		
Obligations	8,144	4,257
Proposed Fiscal Year 2007 NOA		
Obligations	7,348	3,534
Future Obligations	10,953	4,249
Est. Total Cost	33,800	16,000