

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Egypt
Program Title:	Healthier, Planned Families
Pillar:	Global Health
Strategic Objective:	263-020
Status:	Continuing
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$26,900,000 ESF
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$0
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$17,200,000 ESF
Year of Initial Obligation:	2000
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2009

Summary: USAID Egypt's Healthier, Planned Families objective improves the quality, availability and management of primary health care in Egypt, focusing on maternal and child health, family planning and infectious disease control. It will fund HIV/AIDS prevention and other infectious disease activities, safe birthing, child health interventions including polio eradication efforts, family planning and reproductive health services, and health information campaigns.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$1,770,000 ESF). USAID will fund three HIV/AIDS Voluntary Counseling and Testing (VCT) Centers and two pilot sites for the management of sexually transmitted diseases. Two faith-based organizations that conduct outreach programs with intravenous drug users will be funded. USAID will continue upgrading the technical capacity of health providers through training in the diagnosis and treatment of HIV/AIDS; blood safety in blood banks in Minya, Aswan and Cairo, and infection control in renal dialysis centers in seven governorates. Principal grantee: Family Health International.

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$1,590,000 ESF). USAID completed the establishment of Epidemiology and Surveillance Units nationwide. To ensure their sustainability, USAID will fund technical assistance and training in quality control for governorate-level laboratories, data collection validation/analysis, and results dissemination. USAID will fund the expansion of infection control standards to 10 additional hospitals. Principal grantees: U.S. Naval Medical Research Unit No. 3 (NAMRU3), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Improve Child Survival, Health and Nutrition (\$2,000,000 ESF). USAID will continue to fund technical assistance and local costs for the national polio campaign to help the GOE reach its goal of polio eradication. To further decrease child mortality, USAID will fund the expansion of the integrated management of childhood illnesses approach for early diagnosis and treatment of critical childhood diseases into 30 new districts in twelve governorates. Principal contractor/grantee to be determined (TBD).

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$2,495,000 ESF). USAID will fund safe birthing interventions, including hospital/clinic renovations, equipment, training, supervision, and community education in ten districts to improve pregnancy-related maternal health outcomes. USAID will expand the National Maternal Mortality Surveillance System to collect accurate nationwide data for establishment of program priorities. Principal contractor TBD.

Reduce Unintended Pregnancy and Improve Healthy Reproductive Behavior (\$16,133,700 ESF). USAID will continue to make family planning information and services available nationwide to 17.2 million women in reproductive age. It will fund renovations and equipment in 100 rural and urban slum clinics, and train staff to provide family planning information and services to 24,000 new mothers. Communities will be informed on reproductive health through non-governmental organization (NGO) grants, plays and puppet shows reaching 150,000 people, training of agriculture extension agents, health outreach workers, and youth leaders. USAID will also fund contraceptives. The sustainability of Egypt's largest NGO-affiliated network of 88 family planning clinics will be improved, and 15 corporate partnerships worth \$600,000 will be developed. Principal contractor/grantee: TBD.

Communicating health information to the public and changing unhealthy behaviors is an integral part of all programs under this objective. The communication program will strengthen local capacity to conduct health information campaigns. Quarterly, about 20 million adults will be reached with health messages through TV, radio, and press, and about 10,000 through community events and training for journalists, religious and community leaders. Private sector involvement will be increased by training pharmacists and private physicians to promote good health practices. Principal grantee: Johns Hopkins University.

Build Health Systems Capacity (\$2,911,300 ESF). USAID will equip 10 medical schools and 11 nursing schools with updated curricula and teaching methodologies to improve the skills of graduates. The program will train 100 professors in up-to-date teaching techniques and clinical training skills. Twenty skills development labs will be established to provide hands-on training for the students. Principal contractor/grantee: TBD

FY 2006 Program: Reduce Transmission and Impact of HIV/AIDS (\$2,110,000 ESF). USAID plans to fund three HIV/AIDS Voluntary Counseling and Testing Centers and NGOs working with high risk groups, and train providers in preventive measures and care of HIV/AIDS patients. Implementer TBD.

Improve Child Survival, Health and Nutrition (\$2,260,000 ESF). USAID plans to fund campaign costs for polio eradication; expansion of the integrated management of childhood illnesses approach to improve child health outcomes in an additional 30 districts; and technical assistance, renovations, and training for interventions to increase newborn survival rates. Implementer TBD.

Improve Maternal Health and Nutrition (\$2,500,000 ESF). USAID plans to fund the expansion of essential services for safe birthing into an additional ten districts with high maternal and child mortality in Lower Egypt in order to decrease maternal morbidity and mortality. Implementer TBD.

Reduce Unintended Pregnancy and Improve Healthy Reproductive Behavior (\$8,802,200 ESF). USAID plans to make family planning and reproductive health information and services available nationwide; increase availability to high priority groups (poor rural and urban women and newlyweds); and increase spacing between births to improve the survival of mothers and infants. Implementer TBD. The health communication program plans to continue behavior change programs, both at the national and community level. The program plans to increase the involvement of the private sector pharmacists and physicians in providing health education to clients. Implementer: Johns Hopkins University.

Build Health Systems Capacity (\$1,527,800 ESF). USAID plans to expand updated curricula and teaching techniques to an additional six medical schools, reaching the goal of competent teaching staff in all medical and nursing schools in Egypt using the updated curricula. Implementer: TBD.

Performance and Results: By utilizing the infectious disease surveillance system supported by USAID, recent disease outbreaks (Rift Valley Fever and lead poisoning) were quickly identified and controlled, averting a serious situation. The first-ever anonymous HIV/AIDS Voluntary Counseling and Testing (VCT) center in Egypt began receiving clients, thanks to USAID support. USAID-funded maternal and child health programs provide services to nearly 60% of women and children in Egypt. The treatment of childhood illness approach, supported by USAID, provides life saving services to nearly 59% of Egyptian children. USAID's contributions to improve the curricula and teaching methodologies in medical and nursing schools resulted in more hands-on training and a higher caliber of doctors and nurses. Quality family planning information and services reach nearly all 17.2 million women of reproductive age, thus helping to save the lives and improve the health of mothers, infants and young children. USAID's health communication activities reach about 28 million adults per year with various family health messages through multimedia channels, thus helping the Egyptian people improve their health status by adopting healthy behaviors.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Egypt

263-020 Healthier, Planned Families	ESF
Through September 30, 2003	
Obligations	540,562
Expenditures	454,636
Unliquidated	85,926
Fiscal Year 2004	
Obligations	29,350
Expenditures	39,633
Through September 30, 2004	
Obligations	569,912
Expenditures	494,269
Unliquidated	75,643
Prior Year Unobligated Funds	
Obligations	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA	
Obligations	26,900
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005	
Obligations	26,900
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA	
Obligations	17,200
Future Obligations	49,800
Est. Total Cost	663,812