

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	Pakistan
Program Title:	Emergency Economic Assistance
Pillar:	Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
Strategic Objective:	391-005
Status:	Continuing
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$200,000,000 ESF
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$0
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$200,000,000 ESF
Year of Initial Obligation:	2003
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2005

Summary: The overall goal of U.S. assistance to Pakistan is to support peace and stability in South Asia over the long-term and fight terrorism. Continued, broad-based economic progress is essential to maintain and enhance Pakistan's political and economic stability. The aftermath of the September 11, 2001, events in the United States, and the Government of Pakistan's overt support to the United States in its efforts to eliminate terrorism has had a tremendous economic impact on Pakistan. The drop in revenue due to the war severely affected the Government of Pakistan's budget, particularly its ability to sustain spending in key social development areas like health, education, and the construction of critical local infrastructure (rural farm-to-market roads, small-scale irrigation, and potable water systems).

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Improve Economic Policy and Governance (\$200,000,000 ESF). USAID will provide a grant to the Government of Pakistan to enable Pakistan to invest against growth and macroeconomic stability objectives as well as human capital and private sector development objectives. The program will support the Government of Pakistan during this time of economic hardship and political strain associated with its participation in the war on terror. The budget support will be provided through a cash transfer agreement. Principal Grantee: Government of Pakistan.

FY 2006 Program: Improve Economic Policy and Governance (\$200,000,000 ESF). USAID will provide continued assistance to the Government of Pakistan in FY 2006 for budget support. Principal Grantee: Government of Pakistan. USAID/Islamabad has requested that this SO be extended through FY 2006.

Performance and Results: The FY 2004 ESF funds were utilized to help the Government of Pakistan meet critical foreign exchange needs and to repay debts to multilateral institutions. The availability of U.S. dollars to meet these costs enabled the Government of Pakistan to reallocate domestic resources within its budget to specific poverty reduction and social development activities.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

Pakistan

391-005 Emergency Economic Assistance	ESF
Through September 30, 2003	
Obligations	800,000
Expenditures	800,000
Unliquidated	0
Fiscal Year 2004	
Obligations	200,000
Expenditures	0
Through September 30, 2004	
Obligations	1,000,000
Expenditures	800,000
Unliquidated	200,000
Prior Year Unobligated Funds	
Obligations	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA	
Obligations	200,000
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005	
Obligations	200,000
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA	
Obligations	200,000
Future Obligations	0
Est. Total Cost	1,400,000