

Data Sheet

USAID Mission:	ANE Regional
Program Title:	Tsunami Reconstruction
Pillar:	Democracy, Conflict and Humanitarian Assistance
Strategic Objective:	498-045
Status:	New in FY 2005
Planned FY 2005 Obligation:	\$3,522,000 CSH; \$10,157,000 DA
Prior Year Unobligated:	\$0
Proposed FY 2006 Obligation:	\$0
Year of Initial Obligation:	2005
Estimated Year of Final Obligation:	2007

Summary: On December 26, 2004, a magnitude 9.0 earthquake off the west coast of Northern Sumatra, Indonesia triggered a destructive tsunami that caused massive loss of life and damage in many countries in South and Southeast Asia. Initially, USAID has worked with the U.S. Military, other U.S. Government agencies, and international non-governmental organizations (NGOs) to provide for the basic human needs of the survivors. In the next phase of the response, USAID will continue to deliver basic humanitarian assistance to survivors and begin the work of recovery and reconstruction. FY 2005 funding for the Tsunami Recovery and Reconstruction represents an initial USAID commitment of funds.

Inputs, Outputs, Activities:

FY 2005 Program: Provide Emergency Assistance (\$10,157,000 DA). Rehabilitation and reconstruction activities must begin in the first 90 days to avoid a break between relief and reconstruction. Reconstruction of village and community infrastructure will be key to helping restart the local economy. The most pressing and immediate needs are to: 1) restore water and sanitation systems, such as wells, water control and transportation systems, latrines, and solid waste cleanup; 2) rehabilitate and rebuild shelters, schools, health clinics, roads, bridges, and fishing infrastructure; and 3) restore telecommunications and energy infrastructure. USAID will use cash-for-work programs, block grants to communities, revolving funds, loans, and other creative mechanisms to infuse money into local economies, restart critical public services, restore livelihoods, and help small and medium business recover. Wherever possible and appropriate, USAID will encourage U.S. private sector participation and contributions to the reconstruction.

To meet the special needs of the most vulnerable, USAID will help restart the education system by providing emergency classroom kits and any other materials needed to conduct multigrade teaching. USAID will support psycho-social counseling programs for traumatized children, parents, and teachers. Trafficking in persons is already a significant problem in four of the countries (Indonesia, India, Sri Lanka, and Thailand) most affected by the Asian tsunami, and in the aftermath of displacement and shock, an increase of abuse and violence against women and children is anticipated. Expanded USAID anti-trafficking activities in the tsunami-affected zones will include assessment of trafficking, awareness campaigns for Internally Displaced Persons and refugees, support to NGOs and faith-based organizations, special attention to women and child headed households, and training of officials in refugee camps regarding the dangers of trafficking.

Prevent and Control Infectious Diseases of Major Importance (\$3,522,000 CSH). USAID will provide assistance for emergency health services including management of the following: trauma and injury management (including infectious complications and gangrene); urgent obstetric care; identification and treatment of moderate and severe malnutrition; urgent child health care; and other emergency medical care and management of acute infections. A minimum package of services also includes provision of clean delivery kits, midwife delivery kits, as well as procurement, distribution, and storage of essential vaccines, drugs, and medical supplies.

Poor nutrition and trauma, exposure to vector borne diseases (living in outdoor settings without proper protection), risk of communicable diseases (due to crowded living conditions), and increased vulnerability

to water-borne infections (poor water and sanitation conditions) all increase the risk of an infectious disease outbreak. USAID will provide assistance to improve surveillance and response through: data collection and analysis for programming purposes; training and deployment of rapid response outbreak teams; communication systems (radios, cell phones, etc); enhancing laboratory capacity; and commodity support (vaccines, pharmaceuticals, etc).

USAID will assist with the rapid rehabilitation and reestablishment of essential health services and facilities disrupted by the disasters. Activities may include an analysis of health worker staffing needs and training; physical rehabilitation or reconstruction of health facilities; establishment of temporary health facilities; replacement of medical and laboratory equipment, health supplies, and restocking of essential drugs and vaccines; and reestablishment of basic services such as immunizations. USAID will also implement hygiene promotion, point of use water supply, and other health-led water and sanitation initiatives. To the extent possible, USAID will use existing contracts and agreements, but specific implementing partners have not yet been chosen.

FY 2006 Program: No funds are requested for FY 2006.

Performance and Results: This is a new strategic objective. No performance data or results information is available.

US Financing in Thousands of Dollars

ANE Regional

	CSH	DA
498-045 Tsunami Reconstruction		
Through September 30, 2003		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Unliquidated	0	0
Fiscal Year 2004		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Through September 30, 2004		
Obligations	0	0
Expenditures	0	0
Unliquidated	0	0
Prior Year Unobligated Funds		
Obligations	0	0
Planned Fiscal Year 2005 NOA		
Obligations	3,522	10,157
Total Planned Fiscal Year 2005		
Obligations	3,522	10,157
Proposed Fiscal Year 2006 NOA		
Obligations	0	0
Future Obligations	0	0
Est. Total Cost	3,522	10,157