U.S. Department of Labor

Employment Standards Administration Wage and Hour Division



Fact Sheet #2: Restaurants and Fast Food Establishments Under the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)

This fact sheet provides general information concerning the application of the <u>FLSA</u> to employees of restaurants and fast food establishments.

Characteristics

The restaurant/fast food industry includes establishments which are primarily engaged in selling and serving to purchasers prepared food and beverages for consumption on or off the premises.

Coverage

Restaurants/fast food businesses with annual gross sales from one or more establishments that total at least \$500,000 are subject to the FLSA. Also, any person who works on or otherwise handles goods that are moving in interstate commerce is individually subject to the minimum wage and overtime protection of the FLSA. For example, a waitress or cashier who handles a credit card transaction would likely be subject to the Act.

Requirements

Minimum Wage: Covered non-exempt workers are entitled to a <u>federal minimum wage</u> of not less than \$6.55 per hour effective July 24, 2008; and \$7.25 per hour effective July 24, 2009. Wages are due on the regular payday for the pay period covered. Deductions made from wages for items such as cash shortages, required uniforms, or customer walk-outs are illegal if the deduction reduces the employee's wages below the <u>minimum wage</u> or cuts into overtime pay. Deductions made for items other than board, lodging, or other recognized facilities normally cannot be made in an overtime workweek. Tips may be considered as part of wages, but the employer must pay not less than \$2.13 an hour in direct wages and make sure that the amount of tips received is enough to meet the remainder of the <u>minimum wage</u>.

Food Credit: The employer may take credit for food which is provided at cost. This typically is an <u>hourly</u> <u>deduction</u> from an employee's pay. However, the employer cannot take credit for discounts given employees on food (menu) prices.

<u>Tips</u>: Tipped employees are those who customarily and regularly receive more than \$30 a month in tips. Employees must be informed in advance if the employer elects to use the tip credit, the amount of tip credit to be claimed, and the employer must be able to show that employees receive at least the applicable <u>minimum</u> <u>wage</u> when wages and tips are combined. Also, employees must retain all of their tips, except to the extent that they participate in a valid tip pooling or sharing arrangement.

Overtime: Overtime must be paid at a rate of at least one and one-half times the employee's regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of 40 hours per week. Tipped employees who receive \$2.13 per hour in direct wages are also subject to overtime at one and one-half times the applicable minimum wage, not one and one-half times \$2.13.

<u>Youth Minimum Wage</u>: The 1996 Amendments to the FLSA allow employers to pay a youth minimum wage of not less than \$4.25 an hour to employees who are under 20 years of age during the first 90 consecutive calendar days after initial employment by their employer. The law contains certain protections for employees that prohibit employers from displacing any employee in order to hire someone at the youth minimum wage.

Youth Employment

Youths 14 and 15 years old may work outside school hours in various non-hazardous jobs only under the following conditions: no more than 3 hours on a school day, 18 hours in a school week, 8 hours on a non-school day, or 40 hours in a non-school week. Also, work may not begin before 7 a.m., nor end after 7 p.m., except from June 1 through Labor Day, when evening hours are extended to 9 p.m. Permitted occupations for 14 and 15 year old employees include those such as cashier, office/clerical work, bagging orders, cleanup work, hand-cleaning vegetables, etc. Cooking and baking cannot generally be performed by minors under age 16.

Youths 16 and 17 years old may perform any non-hazardous job, for unlimited hours. Examples of equipment declared hazardous in restaurants include power-driven meat processing machines (saws, patty forming machines, grinding, chopping or slicing machines), commercial mixers, and certain power-driven bakery machines. Employees under 18 are not permitted to operate, feed, set-up, adjust, repair or clean such machines. Generally, no employee under 18 years of age may drive or serve as an outside-helper on a motor vehicle on a public road; but 17-year-olds who meet certain specific requirements may drive automobiles and trucks that do not exceed 6,000 pounds gross vehicle weight for limited amounts of time as part of their job. Such minors are, however, prohibited from making time sensitive deliveries (such as pizza deliveries or other trips where time is of essence) and from driving at night.

Typical Problems

If uniforms are required by the employer the cost of the uniform is considered to be a business expense of the employer. If the employer requires the employee to bear the cost, such cost may not reduce the employee's wages below the <u>minimum wage</u> or cut into <u>overtime compensation</u>.

Exemptions from Overtime: Section 13(a)(1) of the FLSA provides an exemption from FLSA monetary requirements for an employee employed in a bona fide executive, administrative or professional capacity or as an outside salesperson. An employee will qualify for exemption if all pertinent tests relating to duties, responsibilities and salary, as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR Part 541, are met. The salary and duties tests for the exemptions are fully described in Regulations Part 541.

Where to Obtain Additional Information

For additional information, visit our Wage and Hour Division Website: http://www.wagehour.dol.gov and/or call our toll-free information and helpline, available 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. in your time zone, 1-866-4USWAGE (1-866-487-9243).

This publication is for general information and is not to be considered in the same light as official statements of position contained in the regulations.

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