

# Large Spark-Ignited Workshop

April 10, 2003







# Background

- EPA Final rule published November 8, 2002
- Certification requirements start for new engines produced after January 1, 2004
- California ARB standards adopted in 1998
  - Phase-in before 2004 introduces technology without useful life requirements
  - California ARB requirements, nearly identical to EPA, also start in 2004





## **EPA Contacts**

Responsibility	Contact	EPA Organization	Phone	e-mail
Program design	Alan Stout	Assessment and Standards Division	734-214-4805	stout.alan@epa.gov
Certification	Greg Orehowsky	Certification and Compliance Division	202-564-9292	orehowsky.gregory@epa.gov
Enforcement	Rich Ackerman	Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance	202-564-1301	ackerman.richard@epa.gov





# **Engines Not Covered**

- Stationary
- Competition
- Motor vehicles
- Diesel engines
- Recreational vehicles
- Engines under 19 kW
- Marine propulsion engines





# **Opt-Out Engines**

- Nonroad spark-ignition engines under 1 liter, with power between 19 and 30 kW
  - meet Small SI standards instead
- Natural gas engines over 250 kW
  - meet nonroad diesel standards instead





# Covered Engines

- Nonroad spark-ignition engines over 19 kW used in all other applications
- This includes marine auxiliary engines
- Standards apply with special provisions for:
  - Severe-duty engines
  - High-load engines
  - Engines using noncommercial fuels





# 2004 Requirements

- Certify engines to CO and THC+NOx standards over full useful life
  - NMHC measurements ok for 2004 standards
- Measure emissions using C2 and/or D2 steadystate test cycles
- Closed crankcase
- Limit adjustable parameters
- Warranty
- Maintenance instructions
- Emission-related installation instructions
- Engine label



# Additional Requirements for 2007

- More stringent standards for CO and THC+NOx
- Measure emissions over transient duty cycle
- Standards also apply for "field testing" without defined duty cycle
- Evaporative standards
  - Low-permeation fuel lines
  - Tank venting
  - Fuel boiling
- Diagnostics





### **CERTIFICATION**

- Required by CAA before engine is sold, offered for sale, or introduced into commerce. Yearly.
- Streamlined process provides information we need to issue a certificate
- Mfrs required to comply with all requirements
- Certificate is issued based on the info in the application and statements made. We don't give up authority to review later, other required info



# United States Environmental Protection Agency

#### Overview of Certification Process

- New mfrs must register to establish EPA's manufacturer code
  - Mfr code used in engine family name
- Manufacturer Code Entry Form is attached & available at:
  - http://www.epa.gov/otaq/cfeis.htm (see "New Manufacturer Information")
  - Fax or email form to: Pete Petersen
  - email: Petersen.Pete@epa.gov
  - fax: 734-214-4869
- The Code is usually assigned within 2 or 3 days
- EPA cert rep will be assigned to each mfr





#### California Harmony

#### General

- EPA cert'n is required for engines mfr'd on or after 1/1/2004
- EPA cert'n is required before intro in commerce in any State
- Early certification is available now

#### For 2004 MY

- May choose CA standards (instead of tier 1) and requirements
- Send EPA the CA application, instead of 1048.205

#### CA-only family

- Send approved CA Exec Order to EPA
- Expect minimal additional review for EPA certification

#### • 50-state family

Must get both CA + EPA certifications

#### • 49-state family

Apply to EPA per §1048 using EPA's template





#### For 2005 MY and later

- Follow EPA application requirements per §1048
  - (e.g., use EPA's application template)
- We expect mfrs will conduct both C2 and D2 cycles (and transient testing after 2006)
  - If not, then use unique engine labels
- Unique engines (e.g., carbureted vs injection) are expected to be different families, have different DF determinations & emissions data





#### Develop engine families

- Is the basis for certification
- Is the basis for issues related to compliance
- Eng Fam = groups expected to have similar emissions
  - §1048.230 lists design features that apply to separate families
  - May divide further depending upon ...
- Name families using attached format





## Develop cert'n emissions data:

- Test data developed by testing engine(s) data and durability
  - Test Engine Selection: mfr must test configuration most likely to exceed standards emissions
  - EPA may choose to measure emissions
- Deterioration factors (DF) must be: (§1048.240)
  - Based on emission measurement
  - Consistent with good engineering judgement (§1068.5)
  - Consistent with any available testing data





## Develop cert'n emissions data (cont'd):

- EPA will accept DFs that are approved by CARB
  - Must be based on 3500 hr of operation (for tier 1)
  - Multiplicative for aftertreatment. Minimum = 1.000
  - Additive for non-aftertreatment. Minimum = 0.000
- Apply the DFs to the emission test data to determine certification level
  - Round result to the same # of decimal places as the emission standard
  - Compare rounded result with standard





## Develop cert'n emissions data (cont'd):

#### Useful life (UL)

- Is the period during which the engine is designed to properly function without being reman'd
- Defined in units of hrs of operation or cal years
- Basic minimum for LSI is 7 yr/5000 hr
- Mfr must specify longer UL if
  - you make/market the engine to last longer or
  - the basic mechanical warranty is > 7/5000
- Mfr can request shorter UL if it has docu from in-use engines rarely operate longer





#### Pay the Certification fee

- Final rule is currently being developed
  - Estimated publication = August 2003. Actual effective date
     60 days thereafter
  - Expected to be based on the date of receipt of a <u>complete</u> application
- We project: all applications received after 10/01/03 will require fee payment
  - Fee is not based on model year but on application date
  - Projection for LSI: \$827 per engine family
- Filing form on web has instructions & will be updated for LSI
  - http://www.epa.gov/otaq/fees.htm
- Pay fee before our review process





## Complete the certification application

- Our application template supplies a min amount of necessary info and data
- Filemaker® software: Template is a guide to the limited info we need
  - Filemaker is not required, but others currently use it ...
  - Facilitates processing & allows a database ...

#### Also:

- Describe the emission control system
- Describe the evap emission controls (starting 2007)





### Complete the cert'n app (cont'd)

- Describe the diagnostic system
- Installation instructions for OEMs (§1048.130)
  - Placement of catalyst, evap system requirements ....
  - In 2007, state steps necessary to prevent activation of engine protection modes (§1048.101 d)
- Describe any special or alternate test procedures
- Identify any high-cost warranty parts
- Statements required in §1048.205
  - Some are in our sample statement of compliance
  - Others can be provided in the application





### Complete the cert'n app (cont'd)

- Submit the info we ask for in our template. We have authority to acquire & review other info later
- Confidential Business Information (§1068.10)
  - Mfr must clearly identify information that is CBI
  - We handle CBI in accordance with 40 CFR Part 2
  - Info not labeled CBI may be released
- Regarding the Cert Application:
  - Before certification, we hold the complete cert app as CBI
  - After certification, info not labeled as CBI may be released
  - EPA's cert app has provisions for marking items "CBI"





### Include a statement of compliance

- States mfr compliance wrt reqrmts & commitments to future actions ...
- Signed by authorized company official
- See sample language attached
- Statements required in §1048.205
  - Some are in our sample statement of compliance
  - Others can be provided in the application



# Send all certification application documents (including electronic or hardcopy) to:

- Mr. Richard Deadwyler
  - Engine Programs Group (Mail code 6403J)
  - Certification and Compliance Division
  - Environmental Protection Agency
  - Deadwyler.Richard@EPA.GOV
  - Phone: (202) 564-9294
- Office/Express Mail (before late 2003\*):
  - (Mail Code 6403J)
  - 501 3rd Street, NW
  - Washington, DC 20001

- Office/Express Mail (after late 2003\*):
  - (Mail Code 6403J)
  - 1310 "L" Street, NW
  - Washington, DC 20005
- Mailing Address:
  - (Mail Code 6403J)
  - 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW
  - Washington, DC 20460
  - \* Stay tuned for our re-location



## EPA's Review



- EPA will review
  - cert app, statement, AECD descriptions & other necessary info for compliance w/requirements
- Certificate issued upon compliance
  - See attached sample draft
- Changes after certification:
  - Called "running changes" during the production year
- Subsequent-year certifications
  - Certification is required on yearly basis
  - New families require new test data
  - Can "carry-over" data + information when no changes made to engine design that affects emissions
- Current process for other industries may take up to 1 to 2
   months depending upon issues
   4/10/03
   Large Spark-Ignited Workshop





## FileMaker Pro Forms

- Files
  - Base file (Family and Test info)
  - Models file
  - Parts file
  - Base file DATABASE
  - Models file DATABASE
  - Parts file DATABASE

Use these to prepare your application

Use these to setup your database







## FileMaker Pro Forms

- Data entry
  - -Fill out all 3 forms
  - Data in the Models and Parts files is copied to the appropriate pages of the base file
  - Function buttons included to minimize data entry: automatically create Carryover applications, delete records, check for errors, etc.



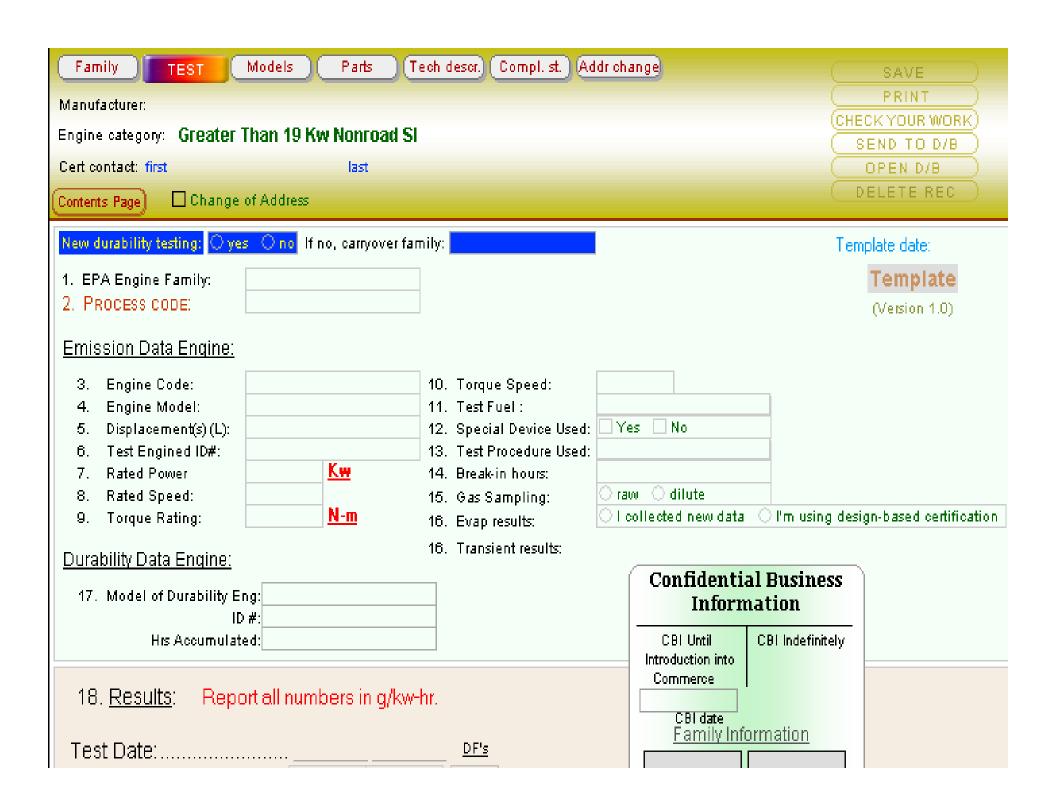


## FileMaker Pro Forms

#### Using files

- Use the Application files for creating new records; use the DATABASE files for storage only
- Never change the names of the files. When you're finished preparing a new record, use the "Save a copy as" command to save the copy you'll send to EPA.
- The files provide a means to submit the whole application electronically
   EXCEPT the compliance statement; you have to sign/submit this on paper.
- We're trying to coordinate with CARB so you don't have to fill out a separate application for CARB certification.
- If anyone would like to take a copy of the template home and experiment/comment on it, please let me know. This would help me identify any problems prior to sending it out.

FAMILY Test Models Parts Tech	Descr.	SAVE
Manufacturer:		PRINT
Engine category: Greater Than 19 Kw Nonroad SI	9	HECK YOUR WORK) Results
Cert contact: first last		SEND TO D/B
		OPEN D/B  DELETE REC
Contents Page Date EPA Fee Paid:		( DELETE KEC )
1. EPA Engine Family: 2. Family name on label: 3. Trade name (eg, Vortec): 4. PROCESS CODE: 5. Are you carrying over	16. Engine cooling fluid:  17. # cylinders:  (Fill in as many as needed)  18. Cylinder arrangement:	Template date: Template (Version 1.0)
test data?	19. Fuel sys type: 20. Fuel:	
8. Equipment applications: Fork lift Refrig<50hp Turf care Tractor Generator Pre-empted Sweeper Other Compressor  7. Sales area	21. Fuel metering device:  22. Number of devices:  23. Emission Control	
for family:  8. Projected sales:  49 Cal Tot	24. O <sub>2</sub> sensor: 25. Aspiration type:	
9. Production engine	26. Aftercooling type:	
description:  10. Family displacement(s) (L):	27. Send cert to: First name Last name	
11. Power ratings (kw): lowest model in family:	Title Address (street #,	
highest model in family:  12. 2-stroke/4-stroke:  13. Engine type:  14. Valve type:  15. Number of valves:  Intake exhaust	street name, city, state, zip):  Phone Fax	





4 Displace.

2. Process code:

### Fill out the CBI box below this table

6 Rated

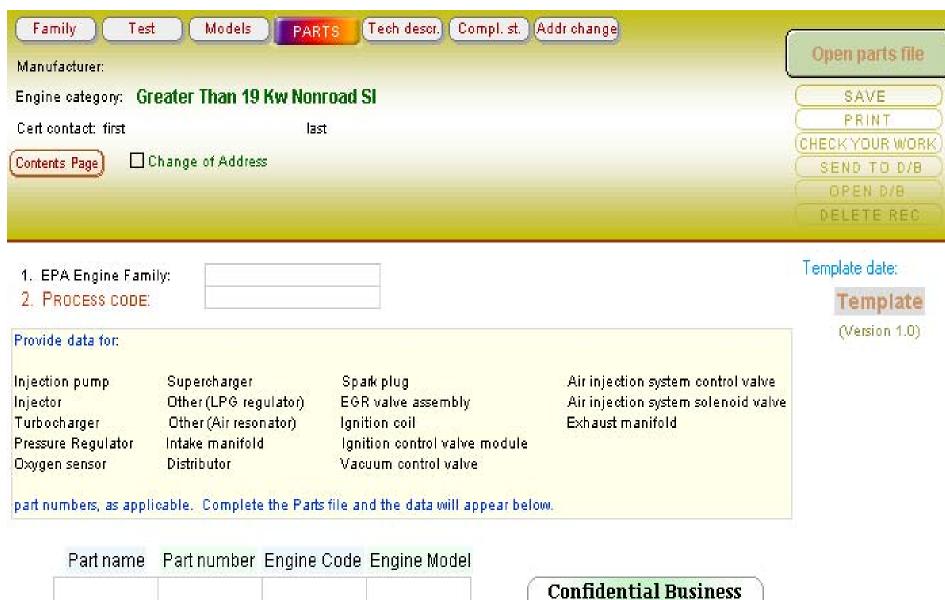
7 Rated

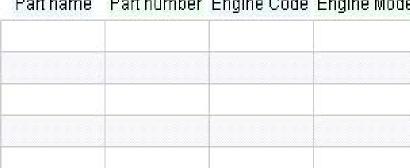
8 Tomue

9 Emission Contr.

x.Fuel rate per 5 Rated

1.Engine Code	2.Engine Model	3.Sales Codes	ment (L)	stroke (mm²)	power	speed	torque	speed	Device Per SAE J1





Confidential Business Information				
CBI Until Introduction into Commerce	CBI Indefinitely			
CBINTA				

Family Test Mode  Manufacturer:  Engine category: <b>Greater That</b> Cert contact: first  Contents Page	n 19 Kw Nonroad SI last	CH DESCR Compl. st. Addr change	SAVE PRINT CHECK YOUR WORK) SEND TO D/B OPEN D/B DELETE REC
1. EPA Engine Family: 2. PROCESS CODE:  3. E	ingine Sensor	Information and Software	Template date:  Template  (Version 1.0)
Sensed Parameter:	Sensor used:	Outputs controlled by t	Confider Info  CBI Until Introduction in Commerce  CBI date Family

Family: Test Models Parts Tech descr. Compl. st. | Addr change Manufacturer:

Engine category: Greater Than 19 Kw Nonroad SI

Cert contact: first last

SAVE PRINT CHECK YOUR WORK SEND TO D/B OPEN D/B DELETE REC

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Template date:

Template

(Version 1.0)

HER CONTACT INFO

April 9, 2003

DATE

TO SEE THE SAMPLE LANGUAGE

Certification Team Leader Engine Compliance Programs Group U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Mail Code: 6403-J 1200 Pennsylvania Ave.

Washington, DC 20460

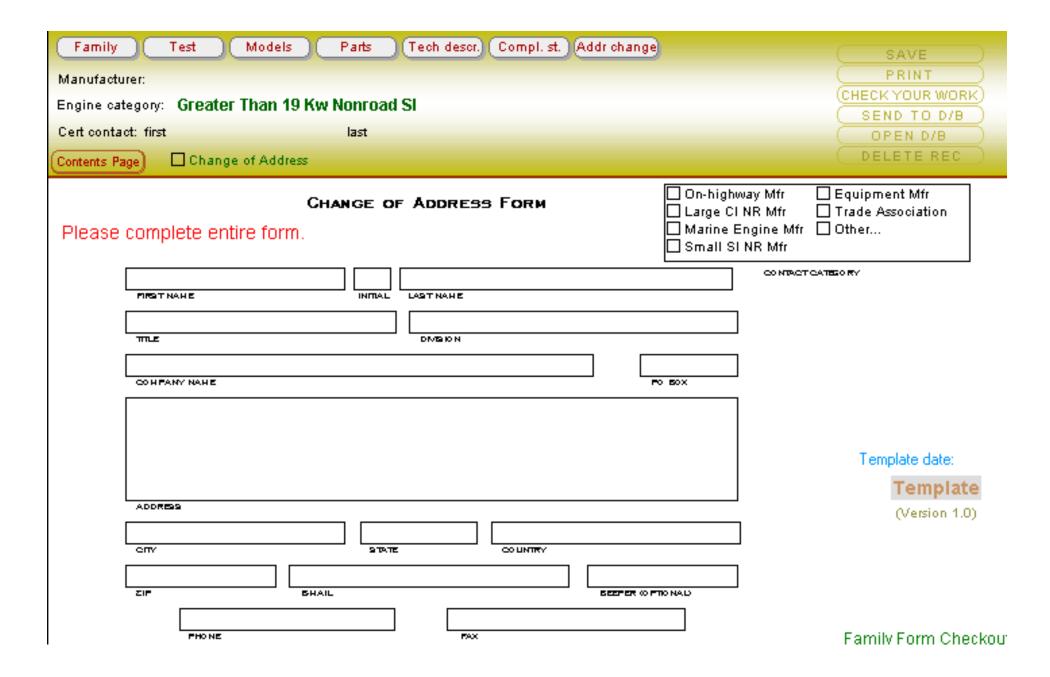
NOTES:

1) To Tab: You must use ctrl-tab. Simply using tab will move you to the next field.

2) Modify the sample language as necessary (i.e., alternative fuels, alternate or special test procedures, etc.

Dear Certification Team Leader:

Please find enclosed the model year <XXXX> application for engine family <XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX. On behalf of the <XY Engine Company>, I hereby certify that the test engine(s), as described in







# Production Line Testing (PLT)

- PLT verifies that a manufacturer can mass produce Cert engine
  - Minimum test rate from formula
    - Test 2 engines per quarter to determine sample size
    - Maybe 1 engine for carry-over families as early as 2006
    - Manufacturer may request an alternative program under1048.301(d)
  - Maximum test rate not to exceed:
    - 30 engines
    - 1% of U.S. directed annual production
    - Testing on steady state or transient cycle
  - CARB
    - May use CARB data for 50 state families





# Production Line Testing (PLT)

- Pass/Fail
  - Fail if action limit exceeded for two consecutive tests
- Engine families which fail PLT have certificate suspended
- Any failed engines must be brought into compliance before sale
- Reporting Requirements
  - Required quarterly
  - No approved electronic format yet
- Selective Enforcement Audits (SEAs)
  - EPA may conduct SEAs as necessary





# Manufacturer In-Use Testing

- In-use testing by the manufacturer
  - Effective for 2004 model year engines
  - EPA identifies up to 25% of engines families in any model year
  - Manufacturer has one year to develop test plan, two years to complete testing
  - Minimum sample is 4 engines per family
    - Minimum sample is 2 engines if:
      - Selected engine family is less than 500 or
      - Total production for all families is 2000 or fewer



# Manufacturer In-Use Testing United Environ

- In-use testing on the dynamometer
  - Test over applicable test cycle(s)
    - For Tier1 engines, compare results to in-use standards
    - For Tier 2 engines, compare results to duty cycle standards
- Field testing
  - May be done instead of dyno testing
  - Testing done in equipment
  - Use procedures in §1048-515
    - Meet in-use testing standards for Tier 1
    - Meet field testing standards for Tier 2
  - If all of selected engines meet the standards, testing is complete
    - For each engine which fails, test two additional engines up to a maximum of 10 per family





# Manufacturer In-Use Testing

- Failing engines
  - If the average emissions level for the engine family exceeds the standard, report results within 15 days.
  - Otherwise report results with 3 months.
  - Determine the reason each engine exceeds emissions standard.
  - Any defect which causes a failure must be corrected during future production.
- EPA will consider the following information to determine if remedial action is necessary:
  - Failure rates
  - Average emission level
  - Defects
  - Other information





# Defect Reporting and Recall

- Manufacturers analyze available data to determine if a defect exists in an engine family
  - Defect investigations are triggered by:
    - Warranty claims
    - Parts shipments for unscheduled maintenance
    - Defects discovered before engine reaches ultimate purchaser
    - Other information such as hot line complaints or dealer feedback
  - Thresholds for conducting an investigation differ for :
    - Engines rated above 560 kW have lower thresholds
    - Catalytic converters and aftertreatment devices
    - Other emissions related components





# Defect Reporting and Recall

- During the investigation phase, manufacturer determines if defect reporting threshold is reached.
  - Not all warranty claims or parts replacements are defects
  - Defects corrected before engine reaches ultimate purchaser do not count towards defect reporting threshold.
- Defect reporting thresholds are lower than investigation thresholds.
  - Thresholds vary by rated power and component





# Defect Reporting and Recall

- Reports on investigations must be sent mid-year and end of year even if they don't trigger defect reports.
- Recall
  - If EPA determines a substantial number of properly maintained and used engines do not conform to regulations, the manufacturer submits a plan to remedy the nonconformity.
    - EPA has 15 days to approve/disapprove remedial plan
    - Owner notification requirements
    - Manufacturer must label recalled engines
  - Manufacturer can request hearing to contest need for recall





# Rebuilding Requirements

- A rebuild is a major overhaul which replaces pistons or power assemblies or makes other changes which significantly increases service life of the engine.
- A certified engine must be rebuilt to have the same emissions performance
  - Based on reasonable technical basis
  - Rebuild to original certified configuration





# Rebuilding Requirements

- All emissions related components must be checked, cleaned, adjusted, repaired, or replaced according to manufacturers recommended practice.
  - O2 sensors
  - Catalysts
  - Clean or replace fuel system components
- Rebuilder is required to keep records for two years after rebuild.





# **Exemptions and Exclusions**

#### Exemptions

- Testing used for research, investigations, studies, demonstrations, or training.
- Manufacturer-owned used for product development, asses production methods, or promote products
- Display
- National Security
  - Armored or equipment with permanently attached weapons are exempt
  - Other equipment may be exempted. The request must be endorsed by a federal agency.





# Exemptions and Exclusions

- Exemptions
  - Export engines meant for use out side the U.S.
  - Competition
  - Replacement engine exemption allows building new uncertified engine.
    - Must be a certificate holder
    - No certified engine will fit in the equipment
    - Certificate holder must take possession of the old engine
  - Hardship exemptions
  - Equipment manufacturer exemption
    - Engine exempted under this provision
- Most exemptions have labeling requirements





## **Imports**

- Imported may take the previously discussed exemptions plus:
  - Identical configuration exemption
    - Own engine for one year
    - Do not transfer ownership
    - Evidence to show engine is in same configuration as a certified engine
  - Repairs and alterations exemption allows temporary importation
  - Diplomatic or military exemption allows temporary importation while holding either status
- Most temporary exemptions require a bond