State and county	Location and case No.	Date and name of newspaper where notice was published	Chief executive officer of community	Effective date of modification	Community No.
Tarrant (FEMA Docket No. B-7761).	City of Fort Worth (07–06–2141P).	November 8, 2007; November 15, 2007; Fort Worth Star-Telegram.	The Honorable Michael Moncrief, Mayor, City of Fort Worth, City Hall, 1000 Throckmorton Street, Fort Worth, TX 76102.	February 14, 2008	480596
Tarrant (FEMA Docket No. B-7761).	City of Fort Worth (07–06–2202P).	October 11, 2007; October 18, 2007; Fort Worth Star-Telegram.	The Honorable Michael Moncrief, Mayor, City of Fort Worth, City Hall, 1000 Throckmorton Street, Fort Worth, TX 76102.	January 17, 2008	480596
Tarrant (FEMA Docket No. B-7761).	Unincorporated areas of Tarrant County (07-06- 1254P).	November 8, 2007; November 15, 2007; Fort Worth Star-Telegram.	The Honorable Glen Whitley, Tarrant County Judge, 100 East Weatherford, Suite 501, Fort Worth, TX 76196.	February 14, 2008	480582
Tarrant (FEMA Docket No. B-7761).	Unincorporated areas of Tarrant County (07–06– 2141P).	November 8, 2007; November 15, 2007; Fort Worth Star-Telegram.	The Honorable Glen Whitley, Tarrant County Judge, 100 East Weatherford Street, Suite 501, Fort Worth, TX 76196.	February 14, 2008	480582
Travis (FEMA Docket No. B-7754).	Unincorporated areas of Travis County (07–06– 0940P).	October 18, 2007; October 25, 2007; Austin American-Statesman.	The Honorable Samuel T. Biscoe, Travis County Judge, 314 West 11th Street, Suite 520, Austin, TX 78701.	January 24, 2008	481026
Williamson (FEMA Dock- et No. B- 7750).	City of Round Rock (07–06–2615P).	September 18, 2007; September 25, 2007; Round Rock Leader.	The Honorable Nyle Maxwell, Mayor, City of Round Rock, 221 East Main Street, Round Rock, TX 78664.	December 26, 2007	481048
Williamson (FEMA Docket No. B-7750). Virginia:	Unincorporated areas of Williamson County (07-06-2615P).	September 18, 2007; September 25, 2007; Round Rock Leader.	The Honorable Dan A. Gattis, Williamson County Judge, 301 Southeast Inner Loop, Suite 109, Georgetown, TX 78626.	December 26, 2007	481079
Fauquier (FEMA Docket No. B-7750).	Unincorporated areas of Fauquier County (07–03– 1036P).	September 12, 2007; September 19, 2007; Fauquier Times Democrat.	Mr. Harry Atherton, Chairman, Fauquier County Board of Supervisors, Ten Hotel Street, Suite 208, Warrenton, VA 20186.	February 7, 2008	510055
Independent City (FEMA Docket No. B–7754).	City of Winchester (07–03–1291P).	October 18, 2007; October 25, 2007; The Winchester Star.	The Honorable Elizabeth Minor, Mayor, City of Winchester, 422 National Ave- nue, Winchester, VA 22601.	January 24, 2008	510173
Montgomery (FEMA Dock- et No. B- 7761).	Unincorporated areas of Mont- gomery County (07–03–1077P).	November 8, 2007; November 15, 2007; Roanoke Times.	The Honorable Steve L. Spradlin, Chair, Montgomery County Board of Super- visors, 1553 Oilwell Road, Blacksburg, VA 24060.	February 14, 2008	510099
Wise (FEMA Docket No. B-7761).	Town of Wise (07– 03–1197P).	November 8, 2007; November 15, 2007; <i>The Coalfield Progress</i> .	The Honorable Clifton Carson, Mayor, Town of Wise, P.O. Box 1100, Wise, VA 24293.	February 14, 2008	510179
West Virginia: Jefferson (FEMA Docket No. B–7754).	Unincorporated areas of Jefferson County (07–03– 0242P).	October 18, 2007; October 25, 2007; <i>The Journal</i> .	The Honorable Frances Morgan, President, Jefferson County Commission, Post Office Box 250, Charles Town, WV 25414.	January 24, 2008	540065
Wisconsin: Mil- waukee (FEMA Docket No. B- 7761).	City of West Allis (07–05–4106P).	November 1, 2007; November 8, 2007; <i>Milwaukee Journal Sentinel</i> .	The Honorable Jeannette Bell, Mayor, City of West Allis, City Hall, Room 123, 7525 West Greenfield Avenue, West Allis, WI 53214.	October 18, 2007	550285

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance No. 97.022, "Flood Insurance.")

Dated: March 31, 2008.

David I. Maurstad,

Federal Insurance Administrator of the National Flood Insurance Program, Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency. [FR Doc. E8–8332 Filed 4–17–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9110–12–P

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES

45 CFR Part 1160

RIN 3134-AA01

Technical Amendments To Reflect the New Authorization for a Domestic Indemnity Program

AGENCY: Federal Council on the Arts and the Humanities.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Federal Council on the Arts and the Humanities is adopting as a final rule, without change, the amendments which were published in the **Federal Register** as a proposed rule on March 4, 2008. The amendments reflect Congress's authorization of a Domestic Indemnity Program under

section 426 of The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, Public Law 110–161 (December 26, 2007), and provide examples to guide applicants considering applying for indemnification of exhibitions with domestic or foreign-owned objects.

DATES: This rule is effective April 18, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Heather C. Gottry, Counsel to the Federal Council on Arts and the Humanities, 1100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Room 529, Washington, DC 20506. (Phone: (202) 606–8322, facsimile (202) 606–8600, or e-mail to gencounsel@neh.gov.) Hearing-impaired individuals are advised that information on this matter may be obtained by contacting the TDD terminal on (202) 606–8282.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background on Domestic Indemnity Program Technical Amendments

In 1975, the United States Congress enacted the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act, 20 U.S.C. 971–977, as amended, which established the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Program administered by the Federal Council on the Arts and the Humanities (Federal Council). Under the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Program, the United States Government guarantees to pay claims for loss or damage, subject to certain limitations, arising from exhibitions of foreign and domestic-owned objects determined by the Federal Council to be of educational, cultural, historical or scientific value. The Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Program is administered by the Museum Program at the National Endowment for the Arts, on behalf of the Federal Council, per "Indemnities Under the Arts and Artifacts Act" regulations (hereinafter "the Regulations"), which are set forth at 45 CFR part 1160.

Since 1975, the Regulations have been promulgated and amended by the Federal Council pursuant to the express and implied rulemaking authorities granted by Congress to make and amend rules needed for the effective administration of the Indemnity Program. On December 26, 2007, through section 426 of The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, Public Law 110–161, the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity Act was amended in part to expand coverage of the Arts and Artifacts Indemnity program to up to \$5,000,000,000 at any one time for domestic exhibitions. (20 U.S.C. 974(b).) On March 4, 2008, a proposed rule was published by the Federal Council in the Federal Register (73 FR 11577) and public comment was solicited on technical amendments to the Regulations to reflect the authorization of a Domestic Indemnity Program.

II. Public Comments on the Proposed Rule

The Federal Council's March 4, 2008 proposed rule in the **Federal Register** at 73 FR 11577 provided a 30-day public comment period which ended on April 3, 2008. No comments were submitted in response to the proposed rulemaking.

III. Matters of Regulatory Procedure

Regulatory Planning and Review (E.O. 12866)

Under Executive Order 12866, the Federal Council on the Arts and the Humanities must determine whether the regulatory action is "significant" and

therefore subject to OMB review and the requirements of the Executive Order. The Order defines a "significant regulatory action" as one that is likely to result in a rule that may: (1) Have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more or adversely affect in a material way the economy, a sector of the economy, productivity, competition, jobs, the environment, public health or safety, or State, local, or tribal governments or communities; (2) create a serious inconsistency or otherwise interfere with an action taken or planned by another agency; (3) materially alter the budgetary impact of entitlements, grants, user fees, or loan programs or the rights and obligations of recipients thereof; or (4) raise novel legal or policy issues arising out of legal mandates, the President's priorities, or the principles set forth in the Executive Order.

The final rule makes technical amendments to reflect Congress' authorization of a Domestic Indemnity Program under section 426 of The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, Public Law 110–161 (December 26, 2007)). As such, it does not impose a compliance burden on the economy generally or on any person or entity. Accordingly, this final rule is not a "significant regulatory action" from an economic standpoint, and it does not otherwise create any inconsistencies or budgetary impacts to any other agency or Federal Program.

Regulatory Flexibility Act

Because this final rule makes certain technical amendments, the Federal Council has determined in Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) review that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

Paperwork Reduction Act

This final rule is exempt from the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act, since it makes only technical amendments to reflect Congress' authorization of a Domestic Indemnity Program under Section 426 of The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, Public Law 110–161 (December 26, 2007). An OMB form 83–1 is not required.

Unfunded Mandates Reform Act

For purposes of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C. chapter 25, subchapter II), this final rule will not significantly or uniquely affect State, local, and tribal governments and will not result in increased expenditures by State, local, and tribal governments, or by the private sector, of \$100 million or more as adjusted for inflation in any one year.

Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (SBREFA)

This final rule is not a major rule under 5 U.S.C. 804(2), the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act. This final rule:

- a. Does not have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more.
- b. Will not cause a major increase in costs or prices for consumers, individual industries, Federal, State, or local government agencies, or geographic regions.
- c. Does not have significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of U.S.-based enterprises to compete with foreign-based enterprises.

Takings (E.O. 12630)

In accordance with Executive Order 12630, the final rule does not have significant takings implications. No rights, property or compensation has been, or will be, taken. A takings implication assessment is not required.

Federalism (E.O. 13132)

In accordance with Executive Order 13132, this final rule does not have federalism implications that warrant the preparation of a federalism assessment.

Civil Justice Reform (E.O. 12988)

In accordance with Executive Order 12988, the Federal Council has determined that this final rule does not unduly burden the judicial system and meets the requirements of sections 3(a) and 3(b)(2) of the Order.

Consultation With Indian Tribes (E.O. 13175)

In accordance with Executive Order 13175, the Federal Council has evaluated this final rule and determined that it has no potential negative effects on federally recognized Indian tribes.

National Environmental Policy Act

This final rule does not constitute a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment.

List of Subjects in 45 CFR Part 1160

Administrative practice and procedure, Art, Indemnity payments, Museums, Nonprofit organizations.

Dated: April 11, 2008.

Heather C. Gottry,

Counsel to the Federal Council on the Arts and the Humanities.

■ For the reasons stated in the preamble and under the authority of section 426 of The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, Public Law 110-161 (December 26, 2007), the Federal Council on the Arts and the Humanities amends 45 CFR Part 1160 as follows:

PART 1160—INDEMNITIES UNDER THE ARTS AND ARTIFACTS **INDEMNITY ACT**

- 1. The authority citation for 45 CFR Part 1160 continues to read as follows:
 - Authority: 20 U.S.C. 971-977.
- 2. Revise § 1160.4 to read as follows:

§ 1160.4 Eligibility for international exhibitions.

An indemnity agreement for an international exhibition made under these regulations shall cover:

(a) Eligible items from outside the United States while on exhibition in the United States:

(b) Eligible items from the United States while on exhibition outside this country, preferably when they are part of an exchange of exhibitions; and

(c) Eligible items from the United States while on exhibition in the United States, in connection with other eligible items from outside the United States which are integral to the exhibition as a whole.

(d)(1) Example. An American art museum is organizing a retrospective exhibition which will include more than 150 works of art by Impressionist painter Auguste Renoir. Museums in Paris and London have agreed to lend 125 works of art, covering every aspect of his career, many of which have not been seen together since the artist's death in 1919. The organizer is planning to include 25 masterpieces by Renoir from American public and private collections. The show will open in Chicago and travel to San Francisco and

Washington.

(2) Discussion. This example is a common application for coverage of both foreign- and domestic-owned objects in an international exhibition. The foreign-owned objects are eligible for indemnity coverage under paragraph (a) of this section, and the domesticowned objects may be eligible for indemnity coverage under paragraph (c) of this section if the foreign-owned objects are integral to the purposes of the exhibition as a whole. In reviewing this application, the Federal Council would evaluate the exhibition as a whole and determine whether the loans of 125 foreign-owned objects are integral to the educational, cultural, historical, or scientific significance of the exhibition on Renoir. It would also be necessary for the U.S. Department of State to determine whether or not the exhibition was in the national interest.

§§ 1160.5 through 1160.12 [Redesignated as §§ 1160.6 through 1160.13]

- **3**. Sections 1160.5 through 1160.12 are redesignated as §§ 1160.6 through 1160.13.
- 4. A new § 1160.5 is added to read as follows:

§1160.5 Eligibility for domestic exhibitions.

An indemnity agreement for a domestic exhibition made under these regulations shall cover eligible items from the United States while on Exhibition in the United States.

- (a)(1) Example 1. An American museum is undergoing renovation and will be closed to the public for one year. During that time, masterpieces from the collection will go on tour to three other museums in the United States. Many of these works have never been lent for travel, and this will be a unique and the last opportunity for museum visitors in other parts of the country to see them exhibited together. Once the new building opens, they will be permanently installed and dispersed throughout the museum's galleries.
- (2) *Discussion.* (i) This is a straightforward example of a domestic exhibition which would be eligible for consideration for indemnity coverage. Under the previous regulations, eligibility was limited to:
- (A) Exhibitions in the United States of entirely foreign-owned objects;
- (B) Exhibitions outside of the United States of domestic-owned objects; or
- (C) Exhibitions in the United States of both foreign- and domestic-owned objects, with the foreign-owned objects having integral importance to the exhibition.
- (ii) In this example, the Federal Council will consider the educational. cultural, historical, or scientific significance of the proposed domestic exhibition of the domestic-owned objects. It would not be necessary for the U.S. Department of State to determine whether or not the exhibition was in the national interest.
- (b)(1) Example 2. An American museum is organizing an exhibition of works by 20th century American artists, which will travel to one other U.S. museum. There are more than 100 objects in the exhibition. The majority of the paintings, drawings and sculpture, valued at more than \$500,000,000, are from galleries, museums and private collections in the United States. The organizing curator has selected ten works of art, mostly drawings and preparatory sketches relating to paintings in the exhibition,

valued at less than \$5,000,000, which will be borrowed from foreign lenders.

(2) Discussion. (i) This example raises the question of whether this applicant should submit an application for indemnity coverage for a domestic exhibition or an international exhibition. If the applicant submitted an application for an international exhibition requesting coverage for only the foreign-owned objects eligible under Section 1160.4(a), the Federal Council would evaluate whether the ten foreignowned objects further the exhibition's educational, cultural, historical, or scientific purposes. It would also be necessary for the U.S. Department of State to determine whether or not the exhibition was in the national interest. In this case, the applicant would have to insure the loans of the domesticowned objects by other means.

(ii) In the case of an application for an international exhibition requesting coverage for both domestic-owned and foreign-owned objects eligible under section 1160.4(a) and (c), the Federal Council would evaluate the exhibition as a whole to determine if the ten foreign-owned objects are integral to achieving the exhibition's educational, cultural, historical, or scientific purposes. It would also be necessary for the U.S. Department of State to determine whether or not the exhibition

was in the national interest.

(iii) If the applicant submitted an application for a domestic exhibition, however, only the loans of domesticowned objects, the highest valued part of the exhibition, would be eligible for coverage. The Federal Council would consider if the U.S. loans were of educational, cultural or historic interest. It would not be necessary for the U.S. Department of State to determine whether or not the exhibition was in the national interest. In this case, the applicant would have to insure the loans of the foreign-owned objects by other means.

§1160.6 [Amended]

■ 5. Amend paragraph (j)(2) of newly redesignated § 1160.6 by removing "Director of the United States Information Agency that the exhibition" and adding in its place "Secretary of State or his designee that the international exhibition with eligible items under § 1160.4".

§1160.7 [Amended]

■ 6. Amend newly redesignated § 1160.7 by removing "the application will be submitted to the Director of the United States Information Agency" and adding in its place "applications for international exhibitions with eligible

items under § 1160.4 will be submitted to the Secretary of State or his designee."

[FR Doc. E8–8224 Filed 4–17–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7036–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 660

[Docket No. 060824226-6322-02]

RIN 0648-AW58

Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions; Fisheries Off West Coast States; Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery; Biennial Specifications and Management Measures; Inseason Adjustments

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule; inseason adjustments to biennial groundfish management measures; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This final rule announces inseason changes to management measures in the commercial and recreational Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries. These actions, which are authorized by the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (FMP), are intended to allow fisheries to access more abundant groundfish stocks while protecting overfished and depleted stocks.

DATES: Effective 0001 hours (local time) May 1, 2008. Comments on this final rule must be received no later than 5 p.m., local time on May 19, 2008.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments, identified by RIN 0648–AW58 by any one of the following methods:

- Electronic Submissions: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal eRulemaking Portal http://www.regulations.gov.
- Fax: 206–526–6736, Attn: Gretchen Arentzen
- Mail: D. Robert Lohn,
 Administrator, Northwest Region,
 NMFS, 7600 Sand Point Way NE,
 Seattle, WA 98115–0070, Attn: Gretchen Arentzen.

Instructions: All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted to http://www.regulations.gov without change. All Personal Identifying Information (for example, name, address, etc.) voluntarily submitted by the commenter

may be publicly accessible. Do not submit Confidential Business Information or otherwise sensitive or protected information.

NMFS will accept anonymous comments. Attachments to electronic comments will be accepted in Microsoft Word, Excel, WordPerfect, or Adobe PDF file formats only.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Gretchen Arentzen (Northwest Region, NMFS), phone: 206–526–6147, fax: 206–526–6736 and e-mail gretchen.arentzen@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic Access

This final rule is accessible via the Internet at the Office of the Federal Register's Website at http://www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/index.html. Background information and documents are available at the Pacific Fishery Management Council's website at http://www.pcouncil.org/.

Background

The Pacific Coast Groundfish FMP and its implementing regulations at title 50 in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), part 660, subpart G, regulate fishing for over 90 species of groundfish off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. Groundfish specifications and management measures are developed by the Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council), and are implemented by NMFS. A proposed rule to implement the 2007-2008 specifications and management measures for the Pacific Coast groundfish fishery and Amendment 16-4 of the FMP was published on September 29, 2006 (71 FR 57764). The final rule to implement the 2007-2008 specifications and management measures for the Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery was published on December 29, 2006 (71 FR 78638). These specifications and management measures were codified in the CFR (50 CFR part 660, subpart G). The final rule was subsequently amended on: March 20, 2007 (71 FR 13043); April 18, 2007 (72 FR 19390); July 5, 2007 (72 FR 36617); August 3, 2007 (72 FR 43193); September 18, 2007 (72 FR 53165); October 4, 2007 (72 FR 56664); December 4, 2007 (72 FR 68097); and December 18, 2007 (72 FR 71583).

Changes to current groundfish management measures implemented by this action were recommended by the Council, in consultation with Pacific Coast Treaty Indian Tribes and the States of Washington, Oregon, and California, at its March 10–14, 2008, meeting in Sacramento, California. The

Council recommended adjustments to current groundfish management measures to respond to updated fishery information and other inseason management needs.

Limited Entry Non-Whiting Trawl Fishery Management Measures

At its March 2008 meeting, the Council received new data and analyses on the catch of groundfish in the limited entry trawl fishery. The Council's recommendations for revising 2008 trawl fishery management measures focused on modifying the RCA boundary lines and trip limits to move vessels away from areas where canary rockfish most commonly co-occur with more abundant groundfish stocks, and considered the resulting effects of the movement of the fleet on darkblotched rockfish.

According to the most recently available West Coast Groundfish Observer Program (WCGOP) data, released in late January, 2008, bycatch rates for canary rockfish using selective flatfish trawl gear north of 40°10.00' N. lat. were much higher in 2006 than had been anticipated. By applying these new bycatch rates to landings of target species in the existing fishery bycatch model, NMFS concluded that the 2006 canary rockfish OY had been exceeded by approximately 10 mt. While estimated 2007 total catch of canary rockfish has yet to be determined, higher than anticipated bycatch rates in the north by selective flatfish trawls would be expected to continue in 2008. Based on 2006 WCGOP data indicating higher canary rockfish bycatch rates using selective flatfish trawls north of 40°10.00' N. lat., NMFS believes that the canary rockfish OY could be exceeded in 2008 under status quo regulations. The 2008 regulatory measures were developed assuming a canary rockfish bycatch rate that now has been determined to be too low, which results in an underestimate in the predicted impacts to canary rockfish. In order to keep catch levels within the canary rockfish OY, inseason adjustments are necessary to constrain incidental canary rockfish catch in the limited entry nonwhiting trawl fishery.

The Council considered several options available to reduce impacts on canary rockfish in the non-whiting limited entry trawl fishery north of 40°10.00' N. lat. closer to harvest levels initially projected for the fisheries during development of the 2008 management measures: (1) the modification of trawl cumulative limits; and (2) modifications of the trawl RCA boundaries using some of the management area boundaries and