Burlington, WI, Burlington Muni, RNAV (GPS) RWY 29, Orig

Burlington, WI, Burlington Muni, VOR RWY 29, Amdt 8

The FAA published an Amendment in Docket No. 30591, Amdt No. 3254 to Part 97 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (Vol 73, FR No. 27, Page 7462 dated Friday, February 08, 2008) under section 97.33, effective March 13, 2008 which is hereby rescinded: Las Cruces, NM, Las Cruces Intl, ILS OR

LOC RWY 30, Amdt 2A

[FR Doc. 08-933 Filed 3-7-08: 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Bureau of Customs and Border Protection

19 CFR Part 4

[CBP Dec. 08-02]

Addition of Lithuania to the List of Nations Entitled to Special Tonnage Tax Exemption

AGENCY: Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to information provided by the Department of State, Customs and Border Protection has found that no discriminating or countervailing duties are imposed by the government of Lithuania on vessels owned by citizens of the United States. Accordingly, vessels of Lithuania are exempt from special tonnage taxes and light money in ports of the United States. This document amends title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations by adding Lithuania to the list of nations whose vessels are exempt from payment of any higher tonnage duties than are applicable to vessels of the United States and from the payment of light money.

DATES: This amendment is effective March 10, 2008. The exemption from special tonnage taxes and light money for vessels registered in Lithuania became applicable on February 13, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Glen Vereb, Regulations and Rulings, Office of International Trade, (202) 572-8724.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Generally, the United States imposes regular and special tonnage taxes, and a duty of a specified amount per ton,

called "light money," on all foreign vessels which enter U.S. ports (46 U.S.C. 60301-60303). However, vessels of a foreign country may be exempted from the payment of special tonnage taxes and light money upon presentation of satisfactory proof that the government of that foreign country does not impose discriminatory or countervailing duties to the disadvantage of the United States (46 U.S.C. 60304).

Section 4.22, Customs and Border Protection (CBP) regulations (19 CFR 4.22), lists those countries whose vessels have been found to be exempt from the payment of any higher tonnage duties than are applicable to vessels of the United States and from the payment of light money. The authority to amend this section of the CBP regulations has been delegated to the Chief, Trade and Commercial Regulations Branch, Regulations and Rulings, Office of International Trade.

By letter dated April 13, 2007, the Department of State informed CBP that the government of Lithuania does not impose discriminating or countervailing duties on vessels owned by citizens of the United States. Accordingly, the Department of State recommended that Lithuania be added to the list of countries whose vessels are exempt from special tonnage taxes and light money in ports of the United States, effective February 13, 2002.

Finding

On the basis of the above-mentioned information from the Department of State regarding the absence of discriminating or countervailing duties imposed by the government of Lithuania on vessels owned by citizens of the United States, CBP has determined that vessels of Lithuania are exempt from the payment of special tonnage tax and light money, effective February 13, 2002. The CBP regulations are amended accordingly.

Inapplicability of Notice and Delayed Effective Date

Because this amendment merely implements a statutory requirement and confers a benefit upon the public, CBP has determined that notice and public procedure are unnecessary pursuant to section 553(b)(B) of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B)). Further, for the same reasons, good cause exists for dispensing with a delayed effective date under section 553(d)(3) of the APA (5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3)).

Regulatory Flexibility Act and Executive Order 12866

Because no notice of proposed rulemaking is required, the provisions of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) do not apply. This amendment does not meet the criteria for a "significant regulatory action" as specified in Executive Order 12866.

Signing Authority

This document is being issued by CBP in accordance with § 0.1(b)(1) of the CBP regulations (19 CFR 0.1(b)(1)).

List of Subjects in 19 CFR Part 4

Cargo vessels, Customs duties and inspection, Maritime carriers, Vessels.

Amendment to the CBP Regulations

■ For the reasons set forth above, part 4 of title of the Code of Federal Regulations (19 CFR part 4) is amended as set forth below.

PART 4-VESSELS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC TRADES

■ 1. The general authority citation for part 4 and the specific authority for § 4.22 are revised to read as follows:

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 301: 19 U.S.C. 66. 1431, 1433, 1434, 1624, 2071 note; 46 U.S.C. 501.60105.

Section 4.22 also issued under 46 U.S.C. 60301, 60302, 60303, 60304, 60305, 60306, 60312, 60503;

§4.22 [Amended]

■ 2. Section 4.22 is amended by adding "Lithuania" in appropriate alphabetical order.

Dated: March 5, 2008.

Craig A. Walker

Acting Chief, Trade and Commercial Regulations Branch, Regulations and Rulings, Office of International Trade. [FR Doc. E8-4641 Filed 3-7-08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND **HUMAN SERVICES**

Food and Drug Administration

21 CFR Part 522

Implantation or Injectable Dosage Form New Animal Drugs; Change of Sponsor; Ferric Oxide Injection; **Gleptoferron Injection; Iron Dextran Complex Injection; Iron Hydrogenated Dextran Injection**

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Final rule; technical amendment.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is amending the animal drug regulations to reflect a change of sponsor for two new animal drug applications (NADAs) for injectable iron supplements used in baby pigs from Boehringer Ingelheim Vetmedica, Inc., to Animal Health Pharmaceuticals, LLC. In addition, FDA is taking this opportunity to consolidate injectable iron supplements in a single section of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). This is being done to simplify and clarify the regulations. **DATES:** This rule is effective March 10, 2008.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David R. Newkirk, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–100), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 240–276–8307, email: *david.newkirk@fda.hhs.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Boehringer Ingelheim Vetmedica, Inc., 2621 North Belt Highway, St. Joseph, MO 64506–2002, has informed FDA that it has transferred ownership of, and all rights and interest in, NADA 106–772 for Iron-GARD Injection 100 milligrams/ milliliter (mg/mL) and NADA 134–708 for Iron-GARD Injection 200 mg/mL to Animal Health Pharmaceuticals, LLC, 1805 Oak Ridge Circle, suite 101, St. Joseph, MO 64506. Accordingly, the regulations are amended in 21 CFR 522.1182 to reflect these changes of sponsorship.

In addition, FDA is taking this opportunity to consolidate such injectable iron supplements in a single section of the CFR. This is being done to simplify and clarify the regulations.

This rule does not meet the definition of "rule" in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of "particular applicability." Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801–808.

List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 522

Animal drugs.

■ Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 522 is amended as follows:

PART 522—IMPLANTATION OR INJECTABLE DOSAGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

■ 1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 522 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b.

§522.940 [Removed]

■ 2. Remove § 522.940.

§522.1055 [Removed]

■ 3. Remove § 522.1055.

■ 4. Revise § 522.1182 to read as follows:

§522.1182 Iron injection.

(a) *Specifications*. See § 510.440 of this chapter. Each milliliter (mL) of solution contains the equivalent of:

(1) 100 milligrams (mg) of elemental iron derived from:

(i) Ferric hydroxide;

(ii) Ferric oxide; or

(iii) Elemental iron.

(2) 200 mg of elemental iron derived from ferric hydroxide.

(b) *Sponsors and conditions of use*. It is used in baby pigs by sponsors in § 510.600(c) of this chapter as follows:

(1) Nos. 059130 and 068718 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section as follows:

(i) For prevention of iron deficiency anemia, inject 100 mg (1 mL) by intramuscular injection at 2 to 4 days of age.

(ii) For treatment of iron deficiency anemia, inject 100 mg (1 mL) by intramuscular injection. Dosage may be repeated in approximately 10 days.

(2) No. 000856 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section as follows:

(i) For the prevention of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer an initial intramuscular injection of 100 mg at 2 to 4 days of age. Dosage may be repeated in 14 to 21 days.

(ii) For the treatment of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer an intramuscular injection of 200 mg.

(3) Nos. 000061 and 062408 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section as follows:

(i) For the prevention of iron deficiency anemia, administer intramuscularly an amount of drug containing 100 to 150 mg of elemental iron to animals from 1 to 3 days of age.

(ii) For the treatment of iron deficiency anemia, administer intramuscularly an amount of drug containing 100 to 200 mg of elemental iron per animal. Dosage may be repeated in 10 days to 2 weeks.

(4) Nos. 051311 and 053501 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section as follows:

(i) For prevention of iron deficiency anemia, administer 1 mL by intramuscular injection at 2 to 5 days of age. Dosage may be repeated at 2 weeks of age.

(ii) For treatment of iron deficiency anemia, administer 1 to 2 mL by intramuscular injection at 5 to 28 days of age.

(5) No. 053501 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section as follows:

(i) For prevention of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer 100 mg by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection at 2 to 4 days of age.

(ii) For treatment of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer 100 mg by intramuscular or subcutaneous injection up to 4 weeks of age.

(6) Nos. 058005 and 059130 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this section as follows:

(i) For prevention of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer 100 mg by intramuscular injection at 2 to 4 days of age.

(ii) For treatment of anemia due to iron deficiency, administer 100 mg by intramuscular injection. Treatment may be repeated in 10 days.

(7) Nos. 059130 and 068718 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section as follows:

(i) For prevention of baby pig anemia due to iron deficiency, intramuscularly inject 200 mg of elemental iron (1 mL) at 1 to 3 days of age.

(ii) For treatment of baby pig anemia due to iron deficiency, intramuscularly inject 200 mg of elemental iron at the first sign of anemia.

(8) No. 062408 for use of product described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section as follows:

(i) For prevention of iron deficiency anemia, administer 200 mg intramuscularly on or before 3 days of age.

(ii) For treatment of iron deficiency anemia, administer 200 mg intramuscularly.

§522.1183 [Removed]

■ 5. Remove § 522.1183.

Dated: February 27, 2008.

Bernadette Dunham,

Director, Center for Veterinary Medicine. [FR Doc. E8–4603 Filed 3–7–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4160–01–S

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

United States Parole Commission

28 CFR Part 2

Paroling, Recommitting, and Supervising Federal Prisoners: Prisoners Serving Sentences Under the United States and District of Columbia Codes

AGENCY: United States Parole Commission, Justice.